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(54) Title: COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS FOR THERAPY AND DIAGNOSIS OF PROSTATE CANCER			
(57) Abstract			
<p>Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of cancer, such as prostate cancer, are disclosed. Compositions may comprise one or more prostate tumor proteins, immunogenic portions thereof, or polynucleotides that encode such portions. Alternatively, a therapeutic composition may comprise an antigen presenting cell that expresses a prostate tumor protein, or a T cell that is specific for cells expressing such a protein. Such compositions may be used, for example, for the prevention and treatment of diseases such as prostate cancer. Diagnostic methods based on detecting a prostate tumor protein, or mRNA encoding such a protein, in a sample are also provided.</p>			

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COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS FOR THERAPY AND DIAGNOSIS OF PROSTATE CANCER

TECHNICAL FIELD

The present invention relates generally to therapy and diagnosis of cancer, such as prostate cancer. The invention is more specifically related to polypeptides comprising at least a portion of a prostate tumor protein, and to polynucleotides encoding such polypeptides. Such polypeptides and polynucleotides may be used in vaccines and pharmaceutical compositions for prevention and treatment of prostate cancer, and for the diagnosis and monitoring of such cancers.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Prostate cancer is the most common form of cancer among males, with an estimated incidence of 30% in men over the age of 50. Overwhelming clinical evidence shows that human prostate cancer has the propensity to metastasize to bone, and the disease appears to progress inevitably from androgen dependent to androgen refractory status, leading to increased patient mortality. This prevalent disease is currently the second leading cause of cancer death among men in the U.S.

In spite of considerable research into therapies for the disease, prostate cancer remains difficult to treat. Commonly, treatment is based on surgery and/or radiation therapy, but these methods are ineffective in a significant percentage of cases. Two previously identified prostate specific proteins - prostate specific antigen (PSA) and prostatic acid phosphatase (PAP) - have limited therapeutic and diagnostic potential. For example, PSA levels do not always correlate well with the presence of prostate cancer, being positive in a percentage of non-prostate cancer cases, including benign prostatic hyperplasia (BPH). Furthermore, PSA measurements correlate with prostate volume, and do not indicate the level of metastasis.

In spite of considerable research into therapies for these and other cancers, prostate cancer remains difficult to diagnose and treat effectively. Accordingly, there is a need in the art for improved methods for detecting and treating such cancers. The present invention fulfills these needs and further provides other related advantages.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Briefly stated, the present invention provides compositions and methods for the diagnosis and therapy of cancer, such as prostate cancer. In one aspect, the present

invention provides polypeptides comprising at least a portion of a prostate tumor protein, or a variant thereof. Certain portions and other variants are immunogenic, such that the ability of the variant to react with antigen-specific antisera is not substantially diminished. Within certain embodiments, the polypeptide comprises at least an immunogenic portion of a prostate tumor protein, or a variant thereof, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of: (a) sequences recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472; (b) sequences that hybridize to any of the foregoing sequences under moderately stringent conditions; and (c) complements of any of the sequence of (a) or (b). In certain specific embodiments, such a polypeptide comprises at least a portion, or variant thereof, of a tumor protein that includes an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of sequences recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 112-114, 172, 176, 178, 327, 329, 331, 336, 339, 376-380 and 383.

The present invention further provides polynucleotides that encode a polypeptide as described above, or a portion thereof (such as a portion encoding at least 15 amino acid residues of a prostate tumor protein), expression vectors comprising such polynucleotides and host cells transformed or transfected with such expression vectors.

Within other aspects, the present invention provides pharmaceutical compositions comprising a polypeptide or polynucleotide as described above and a physiologically acceptable carrier.

Within a related aspect of the present invention, vaccines are provided. Such vaccines comprise a polypeptide or polynucleotide as described above and a non-specific immune response enhancer.

The present invention further provides pharmaceutical compositions that comprise: (a) an antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof that specifically binds to a prostate tumor protein; and (b) a physiologically acceptable carrier.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides pharmaceutical compositions comprising: (a) an antigen presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide as described above and (b) a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient. Antigen presenting cells include dendritic cells, macrophages, monocytes, fibroblasts and B cells.

Within related aspects, vaccines are provided that comprise: (a) an antigen presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide as described above and (b) a non-specific immune response enhancer.

The present invention further provides, in other aspects, fusion proteins that comprise at least one polypeptide as described above, as well as polynucleotides encoding such fusion proteins.

Within related aspects, pharmaceutical compositions comprising a fusion protein, or a polynucleotide encoding a fusion protein, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier are provided.

Vaccines are further provided, within other aspects, that comprise a fusion protein, or a polynucleotide encoding a fusion protein, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides methods for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient a pharmaceutical composition or vaccine as recited above.

The present invention further provides, within other aspects, methods for removing tumor cells from a biological sample, comprising contacting a biological sample with T cells that specifically react with a prostate tumor protein, wherein the step of contacting is performed under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the removal of cells expressing the protein from the sample.

Within related aspects, methods are provided for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient a biological sample treated as described above.

Methods are further provided, within other aspects, for stimulating and/or expanding T cells specific for a prostate tumor protein, comprising contacting T cells with one or more of: (i) a polypeptide as described above; (ii) a polynucleotide encoding such a polypeptide; and/or (iii) an antigen presenting cell that expresses such a polypeptide; under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the stimulation and/or expansion of T cells. Isolated T cell populations comprising T cells prepared as described above are also provided.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides methods for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a T cell population as described above.

The present invention further provides methods for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of: (a) incubating CD4⁺ and/or CD8⁺ T cells isolated from a patient with one or more of: (i) a polypeptide comprising at least an immunogenic portion of a prostate tumor protein; (ii) a polynucleotide encoding such a polypeptide; and (iii) an antigen-presenting cell that expressed such a polypeptide; and (b) administering to the patient an effective amount of the proliferated T cells, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient. Proliferated cells may, but need not, be cloned prior to administration to the patient.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides methods for determining the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient, comprising: (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with a binding agent that binds to a polypeptide as recited

above; (b) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent; and (c) comparing the amount of polypeptide with a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining the presence or absence of a cancer in the patient. Within preferred embodiments, the binding agent is an antibody, more preferably a monoclonal antibody. The cancer may be prostate cancer.

The present invention also provides, within other aspects, methods for monitoring the progression of a cancer in a patient. Such methods comprise the steps of: (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient at a first point in time with a binding agent that binds to a polypeptide as recited above; (b) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent; (c) repeating steps (a) and (b) using a biological sample obtained from the patient at a subsequent point in time; and (d) comparing the amount of polypeptide detected in step (c) with the amount detected in step (b) and therefrom monitoring the progression of the cancer in the patient.

The present invention further provides, within other aspects, methods for determining the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of: (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor protein; (b) detecting in the sample a level of a polynucleotide, preferably mRNA, that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide; and (c) comparing the level of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide with a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining the presence or absence of a cancer in the patient. Within certain embodiments, the amount of mRNA is detected via polymerase chain reaction using, for example, at least one oligonucleotide primer that hybridizes to a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide as recited above, or a complement of such a polynucleotide. Within other embodiments, the amount of mRNA is detected using a hybridization technique, employing an oligonucleotide probe that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a polypeptide as recited above, or a complement of such a polynucleotide.

In related aspects, methods are provided for monitoring the progression of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of: (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor protein; (b) detecting in the sample an amount of a polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide; (c) repeating steps (a) and (b) using a biological sample obtained from the patient at a subsequent point in time; and (d) comparing the amount of polynucleotide detected in step (c) with the amount detected in step (b) and therefrom monitoring the progression of the cancer in the patient.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides antibodies, such as monoclonal antibodies, that bind to a polypeptide as described above, as well as diagnostic

kits comprising such antibodies. Diagnostic kits comprising one or more oligonucleotide probes or primers as described above are also provided.

These and other aspects of the present invention will become apparent upon reference to the following detailed description and attached drawings. All references disclosed herein are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety as if each was incorporated individually.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS AND SEQUENCE IDENTIFIERS

Figure 1 illustrates the ability of T cells to kill fibroblasts expressing the representative prostate tumor polypeptide P502S, as compared to control fibroblasts. The percentage lysis is shown as a series of effector:target ratios, as indicated.

Figures 2A and 2B illustrate the ability of T cells to recognize cells expressing the representative prostate tumor polypeptide P502S. In each case, the number of γ -interferon spots is shown for different numbers of responders. In Figure 2A, data is presented for fibroblasts pulsed with the P2S-12 peptide, as compared to fibroblasts pulsed with a control E75 peptide. In Figure 2B, data is presented for fibroblasts expressing P502S, as compared to fibroblasts expressing HER-2/*neu*.

Figure 3 represents a peptide competition binding assay showing that the P1S#10 peptide, derived from P501S, binds HLA-A2. Peptide P1S#10 inhibits HLA-A2 restricted presentation of fluM58 peptide to CTL clone D150M58 in TNF release bioassay. D150M58 CTL is specific for the HLA-A2 binding influenza matrix peptide fluM58.

Figure 4 illustrates the ability of T cell lines generated from P1S#10 immunized mice to specifically lyse P1S#10-pulsed Jurkat A2Kb targets and P501S-transduced Jurkat A2Kb targets, as compared to EGFP-transduced Jurkat A2Kb. The percent lysis is shown as a series of effector to target ratios, as indicated.

Figure 5 illustrates the ability of a T cell clone to recognize and specifically lyse Jurkat A2Kb cells expressing the representative prostate tumor polypeptide P501S, thereby demonstrating that the P1S#10 peptide may be a naturally processed epitope of the P501S polypeptide.

Figures 6A and 6B are graphs illustrating the specificity of a CD8⁺ cell line (3A-1) for a representative prostate tumor antigen (P501S). Figure 6A shows the results of a ⁵¹Cr release assay. The percent specific lysis is shown as a series of effector:target ratios, as indicated. Figure 6B shows the production of interferon-gamma by 3A-1 cells stimulated with autologous B-LCL transduced with P501S, at varying effector:target ratios as indicated.

SEQ ID NO: 1 is the determined cDNA sequence for F1-13

SEQ ID NO: 2 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for F1-12

SEQ ID NO: 3 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for F1-12
SEQ ID NO: 4 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for F1-16
SEQ ID NO: 5 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for H1-1
SEQ ID NO: 6 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for H1-9
SEQ ID NO: 7 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for H1-4
SEQ ID NO: 8 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-17
SEQ ID NO: 9 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for J1-17
SEQ ID NO: 10 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for L1-12
SEQ ID NO: 11 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for L1-12
SEQ ID NO: 12 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for N1-1862
SEQ ID NO: 13 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for N1-1862
SEQ ID NO: 14 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-13
SEQ ID NO: 15 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for J1-13
SEQ ID NO: 16 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-19
SEQ ID NO: 17 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for J1-19
SEQ ID NO: 18 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-25
SEQ ID NO: 19 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for J1-25
SEQ ID NO: 20 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for J1-24
SEQ ID NO: 21 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-24
SEQ ID NO: 22 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for K1-58
SEQ ID NO: 23 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for K1-58
SEQ ID NO: 24 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for K1-63
SEQ ID NO: 25 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for K1-63
SEQ ID NO: 26 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for L1-4
SEQ ID NO: 27 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for L1-4
SEQ ID NO: 28 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for L1-14
SEQ ID NO: 29 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for L1-14
SEQ ID NO: 30 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-12
SEQ ID NO: 31 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-16
SEQ ID NO: 32 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-21
SEQ ID NO: 33 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for K1-48
SEQ ID NO: 34 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for K1-55
SEQ ID NO: 35 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for L1-2
SEQ ID NO: 36 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for L1-6
SEQ ID NO: 37 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for N1-1858
SEQ ID NO: 38 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for N1-1860
SEQ ID NO: 39 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for N1-1861

SEQ ID NO: 40 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for N1-1864
SEQ ID NO: 41 is the determined cDNA sequence for P5
SEQ ID NO: 42 is the determined cDNA sequence for P8
SEQ ID NO: 43 is the determined cDNA sequence for P9
SEQ ID NO: 44 is the determined cDNA sequence for P18
SEQ ID NO: 45 is the determined cDNA sequence for P20
SEQ ID NO: 46 is the determined cDNA sequence for P29
SEQ ID NO: 47 is the determined cDNA sequence for P30
SEQ ID NO: 48 is the determined cDNA sequence for P34
SEQ ID NO: 49 is the determined cDNA sequence for P36
SEQ ID NO: 50 is the determined cDNA sequence for P38
SEQ ID NO: 51 is the determined cDNA sequence for P39
SEQ ID NO: 52 is the determined cDNA sequence for P42
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SEQ ID NO: 55 is the determined cDNA sequence for P50
SEQ ID NO: 56 is the determined cDNA sequence for P53
SEQ ID NO: 57 is the determined cDNA sequence for P55
SEQ ID NO: 58 is the determined cDNA sequence for P60
SEQ ID NO: 59 is the determined cDNA sequence for P64
SEQ ID NO: 60 is the determined cDNA sequence for P65
SEQ ID NO: 61 is the determined cDNA sequence for P73
SEQ ID NO: 62 is the determined cDNA sequence for P75
SEQ ID NO: 63 is the determined cDNA sequence for P76
SEQ ID NO: 64 is the determined cDNA sequence for P79
SEQ ID NO: 65 is the determined cDNA sequence for P84
SEQ ID NO: 66 is the determined cDNA sequence for P68
SEQ ID NO: 67 is the determined cDNA sequence for P80
SEQ ID NO: 68 is the determined cDNA sequence for P82
SEQ ID NO: 69 is the determined cDNA sequence for U1-3064
SEQ ID NO: 70 is the determined cDNA sequence for U1-3065
SEQ ID NO: 71 is the determined cDNA sequence for V1-3692
SEQ ID NO: 72 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1A-3905
SEQ ID NO: 73 is the determined cDNA sequence for V1-3686
SEQ ID NO: 74 is the determined cDNA sequence for R1-2330
SEQ ID NO: 75 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1B-3976
SEQ ID NO: 76 is the determined cDNA sequence for V1-3679

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SEQ ID NO: 79 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1G-4741
SEQ ID NO: 80 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1G-4744
SEQ ID NO: 81 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1G-4734
SEQ ID NO: 82 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1H-4774
SEQ ID NO: 83 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1H-4781
SEQ ID NO: 84 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1H-4785
SEQ ID NO: 85 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1H-4787
SEQ ID NO: 86 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1H-4796
SEQ ID NO: 87 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1I-4807
SEQ ID NO: 88 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1I-4810
SEQ ID NO: 89 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1I-4811
SEQ ID NO: 90 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1J-4876
SEQ ID NO: 91 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1K-4884
SEQ ID NO: 92 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1K-4896
SEQ ID NO: 93 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1G-4761
SEQ ID NO: 94 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1G-4762
SEQ ID NO: 95 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1H-4766
SEQ ID NO: 96 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1H-4770
SEQ ID NO: 97 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1H-4771
SEQ ID NO: 98 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1H-4772
SEQ ID NO: 99 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1D-4297
SEQ ID NO: 100 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1D-4309
SEQ ID NO: 101 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1D.1-4278
SEQ ID NO: 102 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1D-4288
SEQ ID NO: 103 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1D-4283
SEQ ID NO: 104 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1D-4304
SEQ ID NO: 105 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1D-4296
SEQ ID NO: 106 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1D-4280
SEQ ID NO: 107 is the determined full length cDNA sequence for F1-12 (also referred to as P504S)
SEQ ID NO: 108 is the predicted amino acid sequence for F1-12
SEQ ID NO: 109 is the determined full length cDNA sequence for J1-17
SEQ ID NO: 110 is the determined full length cDNA sequence for L1-12
SEQ ID NO: 111 is the determined full length cDNA sequence for N1-1862
SEQ ID NO: 112 is the predicted amino acid sequence for J1-17

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SEQ ID NO: 122 is the determined cDNA sequence for P111
SEQ ID NO: 123 is the determined cDNA sequence for P114
SEQ ID NO: 124 is the determined cDNA sequence for P115
SEQ ID NO: 125 is the determined cDNA sequence for P116
SEQ ID NO: 126 is the determined cDNA sequence for P124
SEQ ID NO: 127 is the determined cDNA sequence for P126
SEQ ID NO: 128 is the determined cDNA sequence for P130
SEQ ID NO: 129 is the determined cDNA sequence for P133
SEQ ID NO: 130 is the determined cDNA sequence for P138
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SEQ ID NO: 132 is the determined cDNA sequence for P151
SEQ ID NO: 133 is the determined cDNA sequence for P156
SEQ ID NO: 134 is the determined cDNA sequence for P157
SEQ ID NO: 135 is the determined cDNA sequence for P166
SEQ ID NO: 136 is the determined cDNA sequence for P176
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SEQ ID NO: 149 is the determined cDNA sequence for P248

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SEQ ID NO: 173 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703P-DE2
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SEQ ID NO: 175 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703P-DE13
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SEQ ID NO: 185 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1H-4785
SEQ ID NO: 186 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1H-4787

SEQ ID NO: 187 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1H-4796
SEQ ID NO: 188 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1I-4807
SEQ ID NO: 189 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for 1I-4810
SEQ ID NO: 190 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for 1I-4811
SEQ ID NO: 191 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1J-4876
SEQ ID NO: 192 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1K-4884
SEQ ID NO: 193 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1K-4896
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SEQ ID NO: 212 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-b5fwd
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SEQ ID NO: 218 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-g3fwd
SEQ ID NO: 219 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-g3rev
SEQ ID NO: 220 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-h11rev
SEQ ID NO: 221 is the determined cDNA sequence for g-f12fwd
SEQ ID NO: 222 is the determined cDNA sequence for g-f3rev
SEQ ID NO: 223 is the determined cDNA sequence for P509S

SEQ ID NO: 224 is the determined cDNA sequence for P510S
SEQ ID NO: 225 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703DE5
SEQ ID NO: 226 is the determined cDNA sequence for 9-A11
SEQ ID NO: 227 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-C6
SEQ ID NO: 228 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-H7
SEQ ID NO: 229 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN13
SEQ ID NO: 230 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN14
SEQ ID NO: 231 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN23
SEQ ID NO: 232 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN24
SEQ ID NO: 233 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN25
SEQ ID NO: 234 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN30
SEQ ID NO: 235 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN34
SEQ ID NO: 236 is the determined cDNA sequence for PTPN35
SEQ ID NO: 237 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN36
SEQ ID NO: 238 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN38
SEQ ID NO: 239 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN39
SEQ ID NO: 240 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN40
SEQ ID NO: 241 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN41
SEQ ID NO: 242 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN42
SEQ ID NO: 243 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN45
SEQ ID NO: 244 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN46
SEQ ID NO: 245 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN51
SEQ ID NO: 246 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN56
SEQ ID NO: 247 is the determined cDNA sequence for PTPN64
SEQ ID NO: 248 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN65
SEQ ID NO: 249 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN67
SEQ ID NO: 250 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN76
SEQ ID NO: 251 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN84
SEQ ID NO: 252 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN85
SEQ ID NO: 253 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN86
SEQ ID NO: 254 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN87
SEQ ID NO: 255 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN88
SEQ ID NO: 256 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1F1
SEQ ID NO: 257 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1F2
SEQ ID NO: 258 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1C2
SEQ ID NO: 259 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1B1
SEQ ID NO: 260 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1B2

SEQ ID NO: 261 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1D3
SEQ ID NO: 262 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1A4
SEQ ID NO: 263 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1F5
SEQ ID NO: 264 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1E6
SEQ ID NO: 265 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1D6
SEQ ID NO: 266 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1B5
SEQ ID NO: 267 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1A6
SEQ ID NO: 268 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1E8
SEQ ID NO: 269 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1D7
SEQ ID NO: 270 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1D9
SEQ ID NO: 271 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1C10
SEQ ID NO: 272 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1A9
SEQ ID NO: 273 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1F12
SEQ ID NO: 274 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1E12
SEQ ID NO: 275 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1D11
SEQ ID NO: 276 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1C11
SEQ ID NO: 277 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1C12
SEQ ID NO: 278 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1B12
SEQ ID NO: 279 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1A12
SEQ ID NO: 280 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8G2
SEQ ID NO: 281 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8H1
SEQ ID NO: 282 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8H2
SEQ ID NO: 283 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8A3
SEQ ID NO: 284 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8A4
SEQ ID NO: 285 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8C3
SEQ ID NO: 286 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8G4
SEQ ID NO: 287 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8B6
SEQ ID NO: 288 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8D6
SEQ ID NO: 289 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8F5
SEQ ID NO: 290 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8A8
SEQ ID NO: 291 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8C7
SEQ ID NO: 292 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8D7
SEQ ID NO: 293 is the determined cDNA sequence for P8D8
SEQ ID NO: 294 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8E7
SEQ ID NO: 295 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8F8
SEQ ID NO: 296 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8G8
SEQ ID NO: 297 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8B10

SEQ ID NO: 298 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8C10
SEQ ID NO: 299 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8E9
SEQ ID NO: 300 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8E10
SEQ ID NO: 301 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8F9
SEQ ID NO: 302 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8H9
SEQ ID NO: 303 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8C12
SEQ ID NO: 304 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8E11
SEQ ID NO: 305 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8E12
SEQ ID NO: 306 is the amino acid sequence for the peptide PS2#12
SEQ ID NO: 307 is the determined cDNA sequence for P711P
SEQ ID NO: 308 is the determined cDNA sequence for P712P
SEQ ID NO: 309 is the determined cDNA sequence for CLONE23
SEQ ID NO: 310 is the determined cDNA sequence for P774P
SEQ ID NO: 311 is the determined cDNA sequence for P775P
SEQ ID NO: 312 is the determined cDNA sequence for P715P
SEQ ID NO: 313 is the determined cDNA sequence for P710P
SEQ ID NO: 314 is the determined cDNA sequence for P767P
SEQ ID NO: 315 is the determined cDNA sequence for P768P
SEQ ID NO: 316-325 are the determined cDNA sequences of previously isolated genes
SEQ ID NO: 326 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703PDE5
SEQ ID NO: 327 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P703PDE5
SEQ ID NO: 328 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703P6.26
SEQ ID NO: 329 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P703P6.26
SEQ ID NO: 330 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703PX-23
SEQ ID NO: 331 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P703PX-23
SEQ ID NO: 332 is the determined full length cDNA sequence for P509S
SEQ ID NO: 333 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for P707P (also referred to as 11-C9)
SEQ ID NO: 334 is the determined cDNA sequence for P714P
SEQ ID NO: 335 is the determined cDNA sequence for P705P (also referred to as 9-F3)
SEQ ID NO: 336 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P705P
SEQ ID NO: 337 is the amino acid sequence of the peptide P1S#10
SEQ ID NO: 338 is the amino acid sequence of the peptide p5
SEQ ID NO: 339 is the predicted amino acid sequence of P509S
SEQ ID NO: 340 is the determined cDNA sequence for P778P
SEQ ID NO: 341 is the determined cDNA sequence for P786P
SEQ ID NO: 342 is the determined cDNA sequence for P789P

SEQ ID NO: 343 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Homo sapiens MM46 mRNA

SEQ ID NO: 344 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Homo sapiens TNF-alpha stimulated ABC protein (ABC50) mRNA

SEQ ID NO: 345 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Homo sapiens mRNA for E-cadherin

SEQ ID NO: 346 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Human nuclear-encoded mitochondrial serine hydroxymethyltransferase (SHMT)

SEQ ID NO: 347 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Homo sapiens natural resistance-associated macrophage protein2 (NRAMP2)

SEQ ID NO: 348 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Homo sapiens phosphoglucomutase-related protein (PGMRP)

SEQ ID NO: 349 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Human mRNA for proteosome subunit p40

SEQ ID NO: 350 is the determined cDNA sequence for P777P

SEQ ID NO: 351 is the determined cDNA sequence for P779P

SEQ ID NO: 352 is the determined cDNA sequence for P790P

SEQ ID NO: 353 is the determined cDNA sequence for P784P

SEQ ID NO: 354 is the determined cDNA sequence for P776P

SEQ ID NO: 355 is the determined cDNA sequence for P780P

SEQ ID NO: 356 is the determined cDNA sequence for P544S

SEQ ID NO: 357 is the determined cDNA sequence for P745S

SEQ ID NO: 358 is the determined cDNA sequence for P782P

SEQ ID NO: 359 is the determined cDNA sequence for P783P

SEQ ID NO: 360 is the determined cDNA sequence for unknown 17984

SEQ ID NO: 361 is the determined cDNA sequence for P787P

SEQ ID NO: 362 is the determined cDNA sequence for P788P

SEQ ID NO: 363 is the determined cDNA sequence for unknown 17994

SEQ ID NO: 364 is the determined cDNA sequence for P781P

SEQ ID NO: 365 is the determined cDNA sequence for P785P

SEQ ID NO: 366-375 are the determined cDNA sequences for splice variants of B305D.

SEQ ID NO: 376 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 366.

SEQ ID NO: 377 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 372.

SEQ ID NO: 378 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 373.

SEQ ID NO: 379 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 374.

SEQ ID NO: 380 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 375.

SEQ ID NO: 381 is the determined cDNA sequence for B716P.

SEQ ID NO: 382 is the determined full-length cDNA sequence for P711P.

SEQ ID NO: 383 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P711P.

SEQ ID NO: 384 is the cDNA sequence for P1000C.

SEQ ID NO: 385 is the cDNA sequence for CGI-82.

SEQ ID NO:386 is the cDNA sequence for 23320.

SEQ ID NO:387 is the cDNA sequence for CGI-69.

SEQ ID NO:388 is the cDNA sequence for L-idoitol-2-dehydrogenase.

SEQ ID NO:389 is the cDNA sequence for 23379.

SEQ ID NO:390 is the cDNA sequence for 23381.

SEQ ID NO:391 is the cDNA sequence for KIAA0122.

SEQ ID NO:392 is the cDNA sequence for 23399.

SEQ ID NO:393 is the cDNA sequence for a previously identified gene.

SEQ ID NO:394 is the cDNA sequence for HCLBP.

SEQ ID NO:395 is the cDNA sequence for transglutaminase.

SEQ ID NO:396 is the cDNA sequence for a previously identified gene.

SEQ ID NO:397 is the cDNA sequence for PAP.

SEQ ID NO:398 is the cDNA sequence for Ets transcription factor PDEF.

SEQ ID NO:399 is the cDNA sequence for hTGR.

SEQ ID NO:400 is the cDNA sequence for KIAA0295.

SEQ ID NO:401 is the cDNA sequence for 22545.

SEQ ID NO:402 is the cDNA sequence for 22547.

SEQ ID NO:403 is the cDNA sequence for 22548.

SEQ ID NO:404 is the cDNA sequence for 22550.

SEQ ID NO:405 is the cDNA sequence for 22551.

SEQ ID NO:406 is the cDNA sequence for 22552.

SEQ ID NO:407 is the cDNA sequence for 22553.

SEQ ID NO:408 is the cDNA sequence for 22558.

SEQ ID NO:409 is the cDNA sequence for 22562.

SEQ ID NO:410 is the cDNA sequence for 22565.

SEQ ID NO:411 is the cDNA sequence for 22567.

SEQ ID NO:412 is the cDNA sequence for 22568.

SEQ ID NO:413 is the cDNA sequence for 22570.

SEQ ID NO:414 is the cDNA sequence for 22571.
SEQ ID NO:415 is the cDNA sequence for 22572.
SEQ ID NO:416 is the cDNA sequence for 22573.
SEQ ID NO:417 is the cDNA sequence for 22573.
SEQ ID NO:418 is the cDNA sequence for 22575.
SEQ ID NO:419 is the cDNA sequence for 22580.
SEQ ID NO:420 is the cDNA sequence for 22581.
SEQ ID NO:421 is the cDNA sequence for 22582.
SEQ ID NO:422 is the cDNA sequence for 22583.
SEQ ID NO:423 is the cDNA sequence for 22584.
SEQ ID NO:424 is the cDNA sequence for 22585.
SEQ ID NO:425 is the cDNA sequence for 22586.
SEQ ID NO:426 is the cDNA sequence for 22587.
SEQ ID NO:427 is the cDNA sequence for 22588.
SEQ ID NO:428 is the cDNA sequence for 22589.
SEQ ID NO:429 is the cDNA sequence for 22590.
SEQ ID NO:430 is the cDNA sequence for 22591.
SEQ ID NO:431 is the cDNA sequence for 22592.
SEQ ID NO:432 is the cDNA sequence for 22593.
SEQ ID NO:433 is the cDNA sequence for 22594.
SEQ ID NO:434 is the cDNA sequence for 22595.
SEQ ID NO:435 is the cDNA sequence for 22596.
SEQ ID NO:436 is the cDNA sequence for 22847.
SEQ ID NO:437 is the cDNA sequence for 22848.
SEQ ID NO:438 is the cDNA sequence for 22849.
SEQ ID NO:439 is the cDNA sequence for 22851.
SEQ ID NO:440 is the cDNA sequence for 22852.
SEQ ID NO:441 is the cDNA sequence for 22853.
SEQ ID NO:442 is the cDNA sequence for 22854.
SEQ ID NO:443 is the cDNA sequence for 22855.
SEQ ID NO:444 is the cDNA sequence for 22856.
SEQ ID NO:445 is the cDNA sequence for 22857.
SEQ ID NO:446 is the cDNA sequence for 23601.
SEQ ID NO:447 is the cDNA sequence for 23602.
SEQ ID NO:448 is the cDNA sequence for 23605.
SEQ ID NO:449 is the cDNA sequence for 23606.
SEQ ID NO:450 is the cDNA sequence for 23612.

SEQ ID NO:451 is the cDNA sequence for 23614.
SEQ ID NO:452 is the cDNA sequence for 23618.
SEQ ID NO:453 is the cDNA sequence for 23622.
SEQ ID NO:454 is the cDNA sequence for folate hydrolase.
SEQ ID NO:455 is the cDNA sequence for LIM protein.
SEQ ID NO:456 is the cDNA sequence for a known gene.
SEQ ID NO:457 is the cDNA sequence for a known gene.
SEQ ID NO:458 is the cDNA sequence for a previously identified gene.
SEQ ID NO:459 is the cDNA sequence for 23045.
SEQ ID NO:460 is the cDNA sequence for 23032.
SEQ ID NO:461 is the cDNA sequence for 23054.
SEQ ID NOs:462-467 are cDNA sequences for known genes.
SEQ ID NOs:468-471 are cDNA sequences for P710P.
SEQ ID NO:472 is a cDNA sequence for P1001C.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

As noted above, the present invention is generally directed to compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of cancer, such as prostate cancer. The compositions described herein may include prostate tumor polypeptides, polynucleotides encoding such polypeptides, binding agents such as antibodies, antigen presenting cells (APCs) and/or immune system cells (*e.g.*, T cells). Polypeptides of the present invention generally comprise at least a portion (such as an immunogenic portion) of a prostate tumor protein or a variant thereof. A "prostate tumor protein" is a protein that is expressed in prostate tumor cells at a level that is at least two fold, and preferably at least five fold, greater than the level of expression in a normal tissue, as determined using a representative assay provided herein. Certain prostate tumor proteins are tumor proteins that react detectably (within an immunoassay, such as an ELISA or Western blot) with antisera of a patient afflicted with prostate cancer. Polynucleotides of the subject invention generally comprise a DNA or RNA sequence that encodes all or a portion of such a polypeptide, or that is complementary to such a sequence. Antibodies are generally immune system proteins, or antigen-binding fragments thereof, that are capable of binding to a polypeptide as described above. Antigen presenting cells include dendritic cells, macrophages, monocytes, fibroblasts and B-cells that express a polypeptide as described above. T cells that may be employed within such compositions are generally T cells that are specific for a polypeptide as described above.

The present invention is based on the discovery of human prostate tumor proteins. Sequences of polynucleotides encoding certain tumor proteins, or portions thereof, are provided in SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472. Sequences of polypeptides comprising at least a portion of a tumor protein are provided in SEQ ID NOs:112-114, 172, 176, 178, 327, 329, 331, 336, 339, 376-380 and 383.

PROSTATE TUMOR PROTEIN POLYNUCLEOTIDES

Any polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor protein or a portion or other variant thereof as described herein is encompassed by the present invention. Preferred polynucleotides comprise at least 15 consecutive nucleotides, preferably at least 30 consecutive nucleotides and more preferably at least 45 consecutive nucleotides, that encode a portion of a prostate tumor protein. More preferably, a polynucleotide encodes an immunogenic portion of a prostate tumor protein. Polynucleotides complementary to any such sequences are also encompassed by the present invention. Polynucleotides may be single-stranded (coding or antisense) or double-stranded, and may be DNA (genomic, cDNA or synthetic) or RNA molecules. RNA molecules include HnRNA molecules, which contain introns and correspond to a DNA molecule in a one-to-one manner, and mRNA molecules, which do not contain introns. Additional coding or non-coding sequences may, but need not, be present within a polynucleotide of the present invention, and a polynucleotide may, but need not, be linked to other molecules and/or support materials.

Polynucleotides may comprise a native sequence (*i.e.*, an endogenous sequence that encodes a prostate tumor protein or a portion thereof) or may comprise a variant of such a sequence. Polynucleotide variants may contain one or more substitutions, additions, deletions and/or insertions such that the immunogenicity of the encoded polypeptide is not diminished, relative to a native tumor protein. The effect on the immunogenicity of the encoded polypeptide may generally be assessed as described herein. Variants preferably exhibit at least about 70% identity, more preferably at least about 80% identity and most preferably at least about 90% identity to a polynucleotide sequence that encodes a native prostate tumor protein or a portion thereof.

Two polynucleotide or polypeptide sequences are said to be "identical" if the sequence of nucleotides or amino acids in the two sequences is the same when aligned for maximum correspondence as described below. Comparisons between two sequences are typically performed by comparing the sequences over a comparison window to identify and compare local regions of sequence similarity. A "comparison window" as used herein, refers to a segment of at least about 20 contiguous positions, usually 30 to about 75, 40 to about 50,

in which a sequence may be compared to a reference sequence of the same number of contiguous positions after the two sequences are optimally aligned.

Optimal alignment of sequences for comparison may be conducted using the Megalign program in the Lasergene suite of bioinformatics software (DNASTAR, Inc., Madison, WI), using default parameters. This program embodies several alignment schemes described in the following references: Dayhoff, M.O. (1978) A model of evolutionary change in proteins – Matrices for detecting distant relationships. In Dayhoff, M.O. (ed.) *Atlas of Protein Sequence and Structure*, National Biomedical Research Foundation, Washington DC Vol. 5, Suppl. 3, pp. 345-358; Hein J. (1990) *Unified Approach to Alignment and Phylogenies* pp. 626-645 *Methods in Enzymology* vol. 183, Academic Press, Inc., San Diego, CA; Higgins, D.G. and Sharp, P.M. (1989) *CABIOS* 5:151-153; Myers, E.W. and Muller W. (1988) *CABIOS* 4:11-17; Robinson, E.D. (1971) *Comb. Theor* 11:105; Santou, N. Nes, M. (1987) *Mol. Biol. Evol.* 4:406-425; Sneath, P.H.A. and Sokal, R.R. (1973) *Numerical Taxonomy – the Principles and Practice of Numerical Taxonomy*, Freeman Press, San Francisco, CA; Wilbur, W.J. and Lipman, D.J. (1983) *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 80:726-730.

Preferably, the “percentage of sequence identity” is determined by comparing two optimally aligned sequences over a window of comparison of at least 20 positions, wherein the portion of the polynucleotide or polypeptide sequence in the comparison window may comprise additions or deletions (*i.e.*, gaps) of 20 percent or less, usually 5 to 15 percent, or 10 to 12 percent, as compared to the reference sequences (which does not comprise additions or deletions) for optimal alignment of the two sequences. The percentage is calculated by determining the number of positions at which the identical nucleic acid bases or amino acid residue occurs in both sequences to yield the number of matched positions, dividing the number of matched positions by the total number of positions in the reference sequence (*i.e.*, the window size) and multiplying the results by 100 to yield the percentage of sequence identity.

Variants may also, or alternatively, be substantially homologous to a native gene, or a portion or complement thereof. Such polynucleotide variants are capable of hybridizing under moderately stringent conditions to a naturally occurring DNA sequence encoding a native prostate tumor protein (or a complementary sequence). Suitable moderately stringent conditions include prewashing in a solution of 5 X SSC, 0.5% SDS, 1.0 mM EDTA (pH 8.0); hybridizing at 50°C-65°C, 5 X SSC, overnight; followed by washing twice at 65°C for 20 minutes with each of 2X, 0.5X and 0.2X SSC containing 0.1% SDS.

It will be appreciated by those of ordinary skill in the art that, as a result of the degeneracy of the genetic code, there are many nucleotide sequences that encode a polypeptide as described herein. Some of these polynucleotides bear minimal homology to

the nucleotide sequence of any native gene. Nonetheless, polynucleotides that vary due to differences in codon usage are specifically contemplated by the present invention. Further, alleles of the genes comprising the polynucleotide sequences provided herein are within the scope of the present invention. Alleles are endogenous genes that are altered as a result of one or more mutations, such as deletions, additions and/or substitutions of nucleotides. The resulting mRNA and protein may, but need not, have an altered structure or function. Alleles may be identified using standard techniques (such as hybridization, amplification and/or database sequence comparison).

Polynucleotides may be prepared using any of a variety of techniques. For example, a polynucleotide may be identified, as described in more detail below, by screening a microarray of cDNAs for tumor-associated expression (*i.e.*, expression that is at least five fold greater in a prostate tumor than in normal tissue, as determined using a representative assay provided herein). Such screens may be performed using a Synteni microarray (Palo Alto, CA) according to the manufacturer's instructions (and essentially as described by Schena et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 93:10614-10619, 1996 and Heller et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 94:2150-2155, 1997). Alternatively, polypeptides may be amplified from cDNA prepared from cells expressing the proteins described herein, such as prostate tumor cells. Such polynucleotides may be amplified via polymerase chain reaction (PCR). For this approach, sequence-specific primers may be designed based on the sequences provided herein, and may be purchased or synthesized.

An amplified portion may be used to isolate a full length gene from a suitable library (*e.g.*, a prostate tumor cDNA library) using well known techniques. Within such techniques, a library (cDNA or genomic) is screened using one or more polynucleotide probes or primers suitable for amplification. Preferably, a library is size-selected to include larger molecules. Random primed libraries may also be preferred for identifying 5' and upstream regions of genes. Genomic libraries are preferred for obtaining introns and extending 5' sequences.

For hybridization techniques, a partial sequence may be labeled (*e.g.*, by nick-translation or end-labeling with ^{32}P) using well known techniques. A bacterial or bacteriophage library is then screened by hybridizing filters containing denatured bacterial colonies (or lawns containing phage plaques) with the labeled probe (*see* Sambrook et al., *Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratories, Cold Spring Harbor, NY, 1989). Hybridizing colonies or plaques are selected and expanded, and the DNA is isolated for further analysis. cDNA clones may be analyzed to determine the amount of additional sequence by, for example, PCR using a primer from the partial sequence and a primer from the vector. Restriction maps and partial sequences may be generated to identify one or more overlapping clones. The complete sequence may then be determined using

standard techniques, which may involve generating a series of deletion clones. The resulting overlapping sequences are then assembled into a single contiguous sequence. A full length cDNA molecule can be generated by ligating suitable fragments, using well known techniques.

Alternatively, there are numerous amplification techniques for obtaining a full length coding sequence from a partial cDNA sequence. Within such techniques, amplification is generally performed via PCR. Any of a variety of commercially available kits may be used to perform the amplification step. Primers may be designed using, for example, software well known in the art. Primers are preferably 22-30 nucleotides in length, have a GC content of at least 50% and anneal to the target sequence at temperatures of about 68°C to 72°C. The amplified region may be sequenced as described above, and overlapping sequences assembled into a contiguous sequence.

One such amplification technique is inverse PCR (*see* Triglia et al., *Nucl. Acids Res.* 16:8186, 1988), which uses restriction enzymes to generate a fragment in the known region of the gene. The fragment is then circularized by intramolecular ligation and used as a template for PCR with divergent primers derived from the known region. Within an alternative approach, sequences adjacent to a partial sequence may be retrieved by amplification with a primer to a linker sequence and a primer specific to a known region. The amplified sequences are typically subjected to a second round of amplification with the same linker primer and a second primer specific to the known region. A variation on this procedure, which employs two primers that initiate extension in opposite directions from the known sequence, is described in WO 96/38591. Another such technique is known as "rapid amplification of cDNA ends" or RACE. This technique involves the use of an internal primer and an external primer, which hybridizes to a polyA region or vector sequence, to identify sequences that are 5' and 3' of a known sequence. Additional techniques include capture PCR (Lagerstrom et al., *PCR Methods Applic.* 1:111-19, 1991) and walking PCR (Parker et al., *Nucl. Acids. Res.* 19:3055-60, 1991). Other methods employing amplification may also be employed to obtain a full length cDNA sequence.

In certain instances, it is possible to obtain a full length cDNA sequence by analysis of sequences provided in an expressed sequence tag (EST) database, such as that available from GenBank. Searches for overlapping ESTs may generally be performed using well known programs (*e.g.*, NCBI BLAST searches), and such ESTs may be used to generate a contiguous full length sequence.

Certain nucleic acid sequences of cDNA molecules encoding at least a portion of a prostate tumor protein are provided in SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472. Isolation of these

polynucleotides is described below. Each of these prostate tumor proteins was overexpressed in prostate tumor tissue.

Polynucleotide variants may generally be prepared by any method known in the art, including chemical synthesis by, for example, solid phase phosphoramidite chemical synthesis. Modifications in a polynucleotide sequence may also be introduced using standard mutagenesis techniques, such as oligonucleotide-directed site-specific mutagenesis (*see* Adelman et al., *DNA* 2:183, 1983). Alternatively, RNA molecules may be generated by *in vitro* or *in vivo* transcription of DNA sequences encoding a prostate tumor protein, or portion thereof, provided that the DNA is incorporated into a vector with a suitable RNA polymerase promoter (such as T7 or SP6). Certain portions may be used to prepare an encoded polypeptide, as described herein. In addition, or alternatively, a portion may be administered to a patient such that the encoded polypeptide is generated *in vivo* (e.g., by transfecting antigen-presenting cells, such as dendritic cells, with a cDNA construct encoding a prostate tumor polypeptide, and administering the transfected cells to the patient).

A portion of a sequence complementary to a coding sequence (*i.e.*, an antisense polynucleotide) may also be used as a probe or to modulate gene expression. cDNA constructs that can be transcribed into antisense RNA may also be introduced into cells of tissues to facilitate the production of antisense RNA. An antisense polynucleotide may be used, as described herein, to inhibit expression of a tumor protein. Antisense technology can be used to control gene expression through triple-helix formation, which compromises the ability of the double helix to open sufficiently for the binding of polymerases, transcription factors or regulatory molecules (*see* Gee et al., *In Huber and Carr, Molecular and Immunologic Approaches*, Futura Publishing Co. (Mt. Kisco, NY; 1994)). Alternatively, an antisense molecule may be designed to hybridize with a control region of a gene (e.g., promoter, enhancer or transcription initiation site), and block transcription of the gene; or to block translation by inhibiting binding of a transcript to ribosomes.

A portion of a coding sequence, or of a complementary sequence, may also be designed as a probe or primer to detect gene expression. Probes may be labeled with a variety of reporter groups, such as radionuclides and enzymes, and are preferably at least 10 nucleotides in length, more preferably at least 20 nucleotides in length and still more preferably at least 30 nucleotides in length. Primers, as noted above, are preferably 22-30 nucleotides in length.

Any polynucleotide may be further modified to increase stability *in vivo*. Possible modifications include, but are not limited to, the addition of flanking sequences at the 5' and/or 3' ends; the use of phosphorothioate or 2' O-methyl rather than phosphodiesterase linkages in the backbone; and/or the inclusion of nontraditional bases such

as inosine, queosine and wybutosine, as well as acetyl- methyl-, thio- and other modified forms of adenine, cytidine, guanine, thymine and uridine.

Nucleotide sequences as described herein may be joined to a variety of other nucleotide sequences using established recombinant DNA techniques. For example, a polynucleotide may be cloned into any of a variety of cloning vectors, including plasmids, phagemids, lambda phage derivatives and cosmids. Vectors of particular interest include expression vectors, replication vectors, probe generation vectors and sequencing vectors. In general, a vector will contain an origin of replication functional in at least one organism, convenient restriction endonuclease sites and one or more selectable markers. Other elements will depend upon the desired use, and will be apparent to those of ordinary skill in the art.

Within certain embodiments, polynucleotides may be formulated so as to permit entry into a cell of a mammal, and expression therein. Such formulations are particularly useful for therapeutic purposes, as described below. Those of ordinary skill in the art will appreciate that there are many ways to achieve expression of a polynucleotide in a target cell, and any suitable method may be employed. For example, a polynucleotide may be incorporated into a viral vector such as, but not limited to, adenovirus, adeno-associated virus, retrovirus, or vaccinia or other pox virus (*e.g.*, avian pox virus). Techniques for incorporating DNA into such vectors are well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. A retroviral vector may additionally transfer or incorporate a gene for a selectable marker (to aid in the identification or selection of transduced cells) and/or a targeting moiety, such as a gene that encodes a ligand for a receptor on a specific target cell, to render the vector target specific. Targeting may also be accomplished using an antibody, by methods known to those of ordinary skill in the art.

Other formulations for therapeutic purposes include colloidal dispersion systems, such as macromolecule complexes, nanocapsules, microspheres, beads, and lipid-based systems including oil-in-water emulsions, micelles, mixed micelles, and liposomes. A preferred colloidal system for use as a delivery vehicle *in vitro* and *in vivo* is a liposome (*i.e.*, an artificial membrane vesicle). The preparation and use of such systems is well known in the art.

PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES

Within the context of the present invention, polypeptides may comprise at least an immunogenic portion of a prostate tumor protein or a variant thereof, as described herein. As noted above, a "prostate tumor protein" is a protein that is expressed by prostate tumor cells. Proteins that are prostate tumor proteins also react detectably within an immunoassay (such as an ELISA) with antisera from a patient with prostate cancer. Polypeptides as described herein may be of any length. Additional sequences derived from

the native protein and/or heterologous sequences may be present, and such sequences may (but need not) possess further immunogenic or antigenic properties.

An "immunogenic portion," as used herein is a portion of a protein that is recognized (*i.e.*, specifically bound) by a B-cell and/or T-cell surface antigen receptor. Such immunogenic portions generally comprise at least 5 amino acid residues, more preferably at least 10, and still more preferably at least 20 amino acid residues of a prostate tumor protein or a variant thereof. Certain preferred immunogenic portions include peptides in which an N-terminal leader sequence and/or transmembrane domain have been deleted. Other preferred immunogenic portions may contain a small N- and/or C-terminal deletion (*e.g.*, 1-30 amino acids, preferably 5-15 amino acids), relative to the mature protein.

Immunogenic portions may generally be identified using well known techniques, such as those summarized in Paul, *Fundamental Immunology*, 3rd ed., 243-247 (Raven Press, 1993) and references cited therein. Such techniques include screening polypeptides for the ability to react with antigen-specific antibodies, antisera and/or T-cell lines or clones. As used herein, antisera and antibodies are "antigen-specific" if they specifically bind to an antigen (*i.e.*, they react with the protein in an ELISA or other immunoassay, and do not react detectably with unrelated proteins). Such antisera and antibodies may be prepared as described herein, and using well known techniques. An immunogenic portion of a native prostate tumor protein is a portion that reacts with such antisera and/or T-cells at a level that is not substantially less than the reactivity of the full length polypeptide (*e.g.*, in an ELISA and/or T-cell reactivity assay). Such immunogenic portions may react within such assays at a level that is similar to or greater than the reactivity of the full length polypeptide. Such screens may generally be performed using methods well known to those of ordinary skill in the art, such as those described in Harlow and Lane, *Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 1988. For example, a polypeptide may be immobilized on a solid support and contacted with patient sera to allow binding of antibodies within the sera to the immobilized polypeptide. Unbound sera may then be removed and bound antibodies detected using, for example, ¹²⁵I-labeled Protein A.

As noted above, a composition may comprise a variant of a native prostate tumor protein. A polypeptide "variant," as used herein, is a polypeptide that differs from a native prostate tumor protein in one or more substitutions, deletions, additions and/or insertions, such that the immunogenicity of the polypeptide is not substantially diminished. In other words, the ability of a variant to react with antigen-specific antisera may be enhanced or unchanged, relative to the native protein, or may be diminished by less than 50%, and preferably less than 20%, relative to the native protein. Such variants may generally be identified by modifying one of the above polypeptide sequences and evaluating the reactivity of the modified polypeptide with antigen-specific antibodies or antisera as described herein.

Preferred variants include those in which one or more portions, such as an N-terminal leader sequence or transmembrane domain, have been removed. Other preferred variants include variants in which a small portion (*e.g.*, 1-30 amino acids, preferably 5-15 amino acids) has been removed from the N- and/or C-terminal of the mature protein. Polypeptide variants preferably exhibit at least about 70%, more preferably at least about 90% and most preferably at least about 95% identity (determined as described above) to the identified polypeptides.

Preferably, a variant contains conservative substitutions. A "conservative substitution" is one in which an amino acid is substituted for another amino acid that has similar properties, such that one skilled in the art of peptide chemistry would expect the secondary structure and hydropathic nature of the polypeptide to be substantially unchanged. Amino acid substitutions may generally be made on the basis of similarity in polarity, charge, solubility, hydrophobicity, hydrophilicity and/or the amphipathic nature of the residues. For example, negatively charged amino acids include aspartic acid and glutamic acid; positively charged amino acids include lysine and arginine; and amino acids with uncharged polar head groups having similar hydrophilicity values include leucine, isoleucine and valine; glycine and alanine; asparagine and glutamine; and serine, threonine, phenylalanine and tyrosine. Other groups of amino acids that may represent conservative changes include: (1) ala, pro, gly, glu, asp, gln, asn, ser, thr; (2) cys, ser, tyr, thr; (3) val, ile, leu, met, ala, phe; (4) lys, arg, his; and (5) phe, tyr, trp, his. A variant may also, or alternatively, contain nonconservative changes. In a preferred embodiment, variant polypeptides differ from a native sequence by substitution, deletion or addition of five amino acids or fewer. Variants may also (or alternatively) be modified by, for example, the deletion or addition of amino acids that have minimal influence on the immunogenicity, secondary structure and hydropathic nature of the polypeptide.

As noted above, polypeptides may comprise a signal (or leader) sequence at the N-terminal end of the protein which co-translationally or post-translationally directs transfer of the protein. The polypeptide may also be conjugated to a linker or other sequence for ease of synthesis, purification or identification of the polypeptide (*e.g.*, poly-His), or to enhance binding of the polypeptide to a solid support. For example, a polypeptide may be conjugated to an immunoglobulin Fc region.

Polypeptides may be prepared using any of a variety of well known techniques. Recombinant polypeptides encoded by DNA sequences as described above may be readily prepared from the DNA sequences using any of a variety of expression vectors known to those of ordinary skill in the art. Expression may be achieved in any appropriate host cell that has been transformed or transfected with an expression vector containing a DNA molecule that encodes a recombinant polypeptide. Suitable host cells include prokaryotes, yeast and higher eukaryotic cells. Preferably, the host cells employed are

E. coli, yeast or a mammalian cell line such as COS or CHO. Supernatants from suitable host/vector systems which secrete recombinant protein or polypeptide into culture media may be first concentrated using a commercially available filter. Following concentration, the concentrate may be applied to a suitable purification matrix such as an affinity matrix or an ion exchange resin. Finally, one or more reverse phase HPLC steps can be employed to further purify a recombinant polypeptide.

Portions and other variants having fewer than about 100 amino acids, and generally fewer than about 50 amino acids, may also be generated by synthetic means, using techniques well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. For example, such polypeptides may be synthesized using any of the commercially available solid-phase techniques, such as the Merrifield solid-phase synthesis method, where amino acids are sequentially added to a growing amino acid chain. See Merrifield, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 85:2149-2146, 1963. Equipment for automated synthesis of polypeptides is commercially available from suppliers such as Perkin Elmer/Applied BioSystems Division (Foster City, CA), and may be operated according to the manufacturer's instructions.

Within certain specific embodiments, a polypeptide may be a fusion protein that comprises multiple polypeptides as described herein, or that comprises at least one polypeptide as described herein and an unrelated sequence, such as a known tumor protein. A fusion partner may, for example, assist in providing T helper epitopes (an immunological fusion partner), preferably T helper epitopes recognized by humans, or may assist in expressing the protein (an expression enhancer) at higher yields than the native recombinant protein. Certain preferred fusion partners are both immunological and expression enhancing fusion partners. Other fusion partners may be selected so as to increase the solubility of the protein or to enable the protein to be targeted to desired intracellular compartments. Still further fusion partners include affinity tags, which facilitate purification of the protein.

Fusion proteins may generally be prepared using standard techniques, including chemical conjugation. Preferably, a fusion protein is expressed as a recombinant protein, allowing the production of increased levels, relative to a non-fused protein, in an expression system. Briefly, DNA sequences encoding the polypeptide components may be assembled separately, and ligated into an appropriate expression vector. The 3' end of the DNA sequence encoding one polypeptide component is ligated, with or without a peptide linker, to the 5' end of a DNA sequence encoding the second polypeptide component so that the reading frames of the sequences are in phase. This permits translation into a single fusion protein that retains the biological activity of both component polypeptides.

A peptide linker sequence may be employed to separate the first and the second polypeptide components by a distance sufficient to ensure that each polypeptide folds into its secondary and tertiary structures. Such a peptide linker sequence is incorporated into

the fusion protein using standard techniques well known in the art. Suitable peptide linker sequences may be chosen based on the following factors: (1) their ability to adopt a flexible extended conformation; (2) their inability to adopt a secondary structure that could interact with functional epitopes on the first and second polypeptides; and (3) the lack of hydrophobic or charged residues that might react with the polypeptide functional epitopes. Preferred peptide linker sequences contain Gly, Asn and Ser residues. Other near neutral amino acids, such as Thr and Ala may also be used in the linker sequence. Amino acid sequences which may be usefully employed as linkers include those disclosed in Maratea et al., *Gene* 40:39-46, 1985; Murphy et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 83:8258-8262, 1986; U.S. Patent No. 4,935,233 and U.S. Patent No. 4,751,180. The linker sequence may generally be from 1 to about 50 amino acids in length. Linker sequences are not required when the first and second polypeptides have non-essential N-terminal amino acid regions that can be used to separate the functional domains and prevent steric interference.

The ligated DNA sequences are operably linked to suitable transcriptional or translational regulatory elements. The regulatory elements responsible for expression of DNA are located only 5' to the DNA sequence encoding the first polypeptides. Similarly, stop codons required to end translation and transcription termination signals are only present 3' to the DNA sequence encoding the second polypeptide.

Fusion proteins are also provided that comprise a polypeptide of the present invention together with an unrelated immunogenic protein. Preferably the immunogenic protein is capable of eliciting a recall response. Examples of such proteins include tetanus, tuberculosis and hepatitis proteins (*see*, for example, Stoute et al. *New Engl. J. Med.*, 336:86-91, 1997).

Within preferred embodiments, an immunological fusion partner is derived from protein D, a surface protein of the gram-negative bacterium *Haemophilus influenza B* (WO 91/18926). Preferably, a protein D derivative comprises approximately the first third of the protein (*e.g.*, the first N-terminal 100-110 amino acids), and a protein D derivative may be lipidated. Within certain preferred embodiments, the first 109 residues of a Lipoprotein D fusion partner is included on the N-terminus to provide the polypeptide with additional exogenous T-cell epitopes and to increase the expression level in *E. coli* (thus functioning as an expression enhancer). The lipid tail ensures optimal presentation of the antigen to antigen presenting cells. Other fusion partners include the non-structural protein from influenzae virus, NS1 (hemagglutinin). Typically, the N-terminal 81 amino acids are used, although different fragments that include T-helper epitopes may be used.

In another embodiment, the immunological fusion partner is the protein known as LYTA, or a portion thereof (preferably a C-terminal portion). LYTA is derived from *Streptococcus pneumoniae*, which synthesizes an N-acetyl-L-alanine amidase known as

amidase LYTA (encoded by the *LytA* gene; *Gene* 43:265-292, 1986). LYTA is an autolysin that specifically degrades certain bonds in the peptidoglycan backbone. The C-terminal domain of the LYTA protein is responsible for the affinity to the choline or to some choline analogues such as DEAE. This property has been exploited for the development of *E. coli* C-LYTA expressing plasmids useful for expression of fusion proteins. Purification of hybrid proteins containing the C-LYTA fragment at the amino terminus has been described (*see Biotechnology* 10:795-798, 1992). Within a preferred embodiment, a repeat portion of LYTA may be incorporated into a fusion protein. A repeat portion is found in the C-terminal region starting at residue 178. A particularly preferred repeat portion incorporates residues 188-305.

In general, polypeptides (including fusion proteins) and polynucleotides as described herein are isolated. An "isolated" polypeptide or polynucleotide is one that is removed from its original environment. For example, a naturally-occurring protein is isolated if it is separated from some or all of the coexisting materials in the natural system. Preferably, such polypeptides are at least about 90% pure, more preferably at least about 95% pure and most preferably at least about 99% pure. A polynucleotide is considered to be isolated if, for example, it is cloned into a vector that is not a part of the natural environment.

BINDING AGENTS

The present invention further provides agents, such as antibodies and antigen-binding fragments thereof, that specifically bind to a prostate tumor protein. As used herein, an antibody, or antigen-binding fragment thereof, is said to "specifically bind" to a prostate tumor protein if it reacts at a detectable level (within, for example, an ELISA) with a prostate tumor protein, and does not react detectably with unrelated proteins under similar conditions. As used herein, "binding" refers to a noncovalent association between two separate molecules such that a complex is formed. The ability to bind may be evaluated by, for example, determining a binding constant for the formation of the complex. The binding constant is the value obtained when the concentration of the complex is divided by the product of the component concentrations. In general, two compounds are said to "bind," in the context of the present invention, when the binding constant for complex formation exceeds about 10^3 L/mol. The binding constant may be determined using methods well known in the art.

Binding agents may be further capable of differentiating between patients with and without a cancer, such as prostate cancer, using the representative assays provided herein. In other words, antibodies or other binding agents that bind to a prostate tumor protein will generate a signal indicating the presence of a cancer in at least about 20% of patients with the disease, and will generate a negative signal indicating the absence of the disease in at least about 90% of individuals without the cancer. To determine whether a binding agent satisfies this requirement, biological samples (e.g., blood, sera, urine and/or tumor biopsies) from

patients with and without a cancer (as determined using standard clinical tests) may be assayed as described herein for the presence of polypeptides that bind to the binding agent. It will be apparent that a statistically significant number of samples with and without the disease should be assayed. Each binding agent should satisfy the above criteria; however, those of ordinary skill in the art will recognize that binding agents may be used in combination to improve sensitivity.

Any agent that satisfies the above requirements may be a binding agent. For example, a binding agent may be a ribosome, with or without a peptide component, an RNA molecule or a polypeptide. In a preferred embodiment, a binding agent is an antibody or an antigen-binding fragment thereof. Antibodies may be prepared by any of a variety of techniques known to those of ordinary skill in the art. *See, e.g., Harlow and Lane, Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 1988. In general, antibodies can be produced by cell culture techniques, including the generation of monoclonal antibodies as described herein, or via transfection of antibody genes into suitable bacterial or mammalian cell hosts, in order to allow for the production of recombinant antibodies. In one technique, an immunogen comprising the polypeptide is initially injected into any of a wide variety of mammals (*e.g., mice, rats, rabbits, sheep or goats*). In this step, the polypeptides of this invention may serve as the immunogen without modification. Alternatively, particularly for relatively short polypeptides, a superior immune response may be elicited if the polypeptide is joined to a carrier protein, such as bovine serum albumin or keyhole limpet hemocyanin. The immunogen is injected into the animal host, preferably according to a predetermined schedule incorporating one or more booster immunizations, and the animals are bled periodically. Polyclonal antibodies specific for the polypeptide may then be purified from such antisera by, for example, affinity chromatography using the polypeptide coupled to a suitable solid support.

Monoclonal antibodies specific for an antigenic polypeptide of interest may be prepared, for example, using the technique of Kohler and Milstein, *Eur. J. Immunol.* 6:511-519, 1976, and improvements thereto. Briefly, these methods involve the preparation of immortal cell lines capable of producing antibodies having the desired specificity (*i.e., reactivity with the polypeptide of interest*). Such cell lines may be produced, for example, from spleen cells obtained from an animal immunized as described above. The spleen cells are then immortalized by, for example, fusion with a myeloma cell fusion partner, preferably one that is syngeneic with the immunized animal. A variety of fusion techniques may be employed. For example, the spleen cells and myeloma cells may be combined with a nonionic detergent for a few minutes and then plated at low density on a selective medium that supports the growth of hybrid cells, but not myeloma cells. A preferred selection technique uses HAT (hypoxanthine, aminopterin, thymidine) selection. After a sufficient

time, usually about 1 to 2 weeks, colonies of hybrids are observed. Single colonies are selected and their culture supernatants tested for binding activity against the polypeptide. Hybridomas having high reactivity and specificity are preferred.

Monoclonal antibodies may be isolated from the supernatants of growing hybridoma colonies. In addition, various techniques may be employed to enhance the yield, such as injection of the hybridoma cell line into the peritoneal cavity of a suitable vertebrate host, such as a mouse. Monoclonal antibodies may then be harvested from the ascites fluid or the blood. Contaminants may be removed from the antibodies by conventional techniques, such as chromatography, gel filtration, precipitation, and extraction. The polypeptides of this invention may be used in the purification process in, for example, an affinity chromatography step.

Within certain embodiments, the use of antigen-binding fragments of antibodies may be preferred. Such fragments include Fab fragments, which may be prepared using standard techniques. Briefly, immunoglobulins may be purified from rabbit serum by affinity chromatography on Protein A bead columns (Harlow and Lane, *Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 1988) and digested by papain to yield Fab and Fc fragments. The Fab and Fc fragments may be separated by affinity chromatography on protein A bead columns.

Monoclonal antibodies of the present invention may be coupled to one or more therapeutic agents. Suitable agents in this regard include radionuclides, differentiation inducers, drugs, toxins, and derivatives thereof. Preferred radionuclides include ^{90}Y , ^{123}I , ^{125}I , ^{131}I , ^{186}Re , ^{188}Re , ^{211}At , and ^{212}Bi . Preferred drugs include methotrexate, and pyrimidine and purine analogs. Preferred differentiation inducers include phorbol esters and butyric acid. Preferred toxins include ricin, abrin, diphtheria toxin, cholera toxin, gelonin, *Pseudomonas* exotoxin, *Shigella* toxin, and pokeweed antiviral protein.

A therapeutic agent may be coupled (*e.g.*, covalently bonded) to a suitable monoclonal antibody either directly or indirectly (*e.g.*, via a linker group). A direct reaction between an agent and an antibody is possible when each possesses a substituent capable of reacting with the other. For example, a nucleophilic group, such as an amino or sulfhydryl group, on one may be capable of reacting with a carbonyl-containing group, such as an anhydride or an acid halide, or with an alkyl group containing a good leaving group (*e.g.*, a halide) on the other.

Alternatively, it may be desirable to couple a therapeutic agent and an antibody via a linker group. A linker group can function as a spacer to distance an antibody from an agent in order to avoid interference with binding capabilities. A linker group can also serve to increase the chemical reactivity of a substituent on an agent or an antibody, and

thus increase the coupling efficiency. An increase in chemical reactivity may also facilitate the use of agents, or functional groups on agents, which otherwise would not be possible.

It will be evident to those skilled in the art that a variety of bifunctional or polyfunctional reagents, both homo- and hetero-functional (such as those described in the catalog of the Pierce Chemical Co., Rockford, IL), may be employed as the linker group. Coupling may be effected, for example, through amino groups, carboxyl groups, sulfhydryl groups or oxidized carbohydrate residues. There are numerous references describing such methodology, *e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,671,958, to Rodwell et al.

Where a therapeutic agent is more potent when free from the antibody portion of the immunoconjugates of the present invention, it may be desirable to use a linker group which is cleavable during or upon internalization into a cell. A number of different cleavable linker groups have been described. The mechanisms for the intracellular release of an agent from these linker groups include cleavage by reduction of a disulfide bond (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,489,710, to Spitler), by irradiation of a photolabile bond (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,625,014, to Senter et al.), by hydrolysis of derivatized amino acid side chains (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,638,045, to Kohn et al.), by serum complement-mediated hydrolysis (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,671,958, to Rodwell et al.), and acid-catalyzed hydrolysis (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,569,789, to Blattler et al.).

It may be desirable to couple more than one agent to an antibody. In one embodiment, multiple molecules of an agent are coupled to one antibody molecule. In another embodiment, more than one type of agent may be coupled to one antibody. Regardless of the particular embodiment, immunoconjugates with more than one agent may be prepared in a variety of ways. For example, more than one agent may be coupled directly to an antibody molecule, or linkers which provide multiple sites for attachment can be used. Alternatively, a carrier can be used.

A carrier may bear the agents in a variety of ways, including covalent bonding either directly or via a linker group. Suitable carriers include proteins such as albumins (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,507,234, to Kato et al.), peptides and polysaccharides such as aminodextran (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,699,784, to Shih et al.). A carrier may also bear an agent by noncovalent bonding or by encapsulation, such as within a liposome vesicle (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent Nos. 4,429,008 and 4,873,088). Carriers specific for radionuclide agents include radiohalogenated small molecules and chelating compounds. For example, U.S. Patent No. 4,735,792 discloses representative radiohalogenated small molecules and their synthesis. A radionuclide chelate may be formed from chelating compounds that include those containing nitrogen and sulfur atoms as the donor atoms for binding the metal, or metal oxide, radionuclide. For example, U.S. Patent No. 4,673,562, to Davison et al. discloses representative chelating compounds and their synthesis.

A variety of routes of administration for the antibodies and immunoconjugates may be used. Typically, administration will be intravenous, intramuscular, subcutaneous or in the bed of a resected tumor. It will be evident that the precise dose of the antibody/immunoconjugate will vary depending upon the antibody used, the antigen density on the tumor, and the rate of clearance of the antibody.

T CELLS

Immunotherapeutic compositions may also, or alternatively, comprise T cells specific for a prostate tumor protein. Such cells may generally be prepared *in vitro* or *ex vivo*, using standard procedures. For example, T cells may be isolated from bone marrow, peripheral blood, or a fraction of bone marrow or peripheral blood of a patient, using a commercially available cell separation system, such as the CEPRATE™ system, available from CellPro Inc., Bothell WA (*see also* U.S. Patent No. 5,240,856; U.S. Patent No. 5,215,926; WO 89/06280; WO 91/16116 and WO 92/07243). Alternatively, T cells may be derived from related or unrelated humans, non-human mammals, cell lines or cultures.

T cells may be stimulated with a prostate tumor polypeptide, polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor polypeptide and/or an antigen presenting cell (APC) that expresses such a polypeptide. Such stimulation is performed under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the generation of T cells that are specific for the polypeptide. Preferably, a prostate tumor polypeptide or polynucleotide is present within a delivery vehicle, such as a microsphere, to facilitate the generation of specific T cells.

T cells are considered to be specific for a prostate tumor polypeptide if the T cells kill target cells coated with the polypeptide or expressing a gene encoding the polypeptide. T cell specificity may be evaluated using any of a variety of standard techniques. For example, within a chromium release assay or proliferation assay, a stimulation index of more than two fold increase in lysis and/or proliferation, compared to negative controls, indicates T cell specificity. Such assays may be performed, for example, as described in Chen et al., *Cancer Res.* 54:1065-1070, 1994. Alternatively, detection of the proliferation of T cells may be accomplished by a variety of known techniques. For example, T cell proliferation can be detected by measuring an increased rate of DNA synthesis (*e.g.*, by pulse-labeling cultures of T cells with tritiated thymidine and measuring the amount of tritiated thymidine incorporated into DNA). Contact with a prostate tumor polypeptide (100 ng/ml - 100 µg/ml, preferably 200 ng/ml - 25 µg/ml) for 3 - 7 days should result in at least a two fold increase in proliferation of the T cells. Contact as described above for 2-3 hours should result in activation of the T cells, as measured using standard cytokine assays in which a two fold increase in the level of cytokine release (*e.g.*, TNF or IFN-γ) is indicative of T cell activation (*see* Coligan et al., *Current Protocols in Immunology*, vol. 1, Wiley Interscience

(Greene 1998)). T cells that have been activated in response to a prostate tumor polypeptide, polynucleotide or polypeptide-expressing APC may be CD4⁺ and/or CD8⁺. Prostate tumor protein-specific T cells may be expanded using standard techniques. Within preferred embodiments, the T cells are derived from either a patient or a related, or unrelated, donor and are administered to the patient following stimulation and expansion.

For therapeutic purposes, CD4⁺ or CD8⁺ T cells that proliferate in response to a prostate tumor polypeptide, polynucleotide or APC can be expanded in number either *in vitro* or *in vivo*. Proliferation of such T cells *in vitro* may be accomplished in a variety of ways. For example, the T cells can be re-exposed to a prostate tumor polypeptide, or a short peptide corresponding to an immunogenic portion of such a polypeptide, with or without the addition of T cell growth factors, such as interleukin-2, and/or stimulator cells that synthesize a prostate tumor polypeptide. Alternatively, one or more T cells that proliferate in the presence of a prostate tumor protein can be expanded in number by cloning. Methods for cloning cells are well known in the art, and include limiting dilution.

PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITIONS AND VACCINES

Within certain aspects, polypeptides, polynucleotides, T cells and/or binding agents disclosed herein may be incorporated into pharmaceutical compositions or immunogenic compositions (*i.e.*, vaccines). Pharmaceutical compositions comprise one or more such compounds and a physiologically acceptable carrier. Vaccines may comprise one or more such compounds and a non-specific immune response enhancer. A non-specific immune response enhancer may be any substance that enhances an immune response to an exogenous antigen. Examples of non-specific immune response enhancers include adjuvants, biodegradable microspheres (*e.g.*, polylactic galactide) and liposomes (into which the compound is incorporated; *see e.g.*, Fullerton, U.S. Patent No. 4,235,877). Vaccine preparation is generally described in, for example, M.F. Powell and M.J. Newman, eds., "Vaccine Design (the subunit and adjuvant approach)," Plenum Press (NY, 1995). Pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines within the scope of the present invention may also contain other compounds, which may be biologically active or inactive. For example, one or more immunogenic portions of other tumor antigens may be present, either incorporated into a fusion polypeptide or as a separate compound, within the composition or vaccine.

A pharmaceutical composition or vaccine may contain DNA encoding one or more of the polypeptides as described above, such that the polypeptide is generated *in situ*. As noted above, the DNA may be present within any of a variety of delivery systems known to those of ordinary skill in the art, including nucleic acid expression systems, bacteria and viral expression systems. Numerous gene delivery techniques are well known in the art, such as those described by Rolland, *Crit. Rev. Therap. Drug Carrier Systems* 15:143-198, 1998,

and references cited therein. Appropriate nucleic acid expression systems contain the necessary DNA sequences for expression in the patient (such as a suitable promoter and terminating signal). Bacterial delivery systems involve the administration of a bacterium (such as *Bacillus-Calmette-Guerrin*) that expresses an immunogenic portion of the polypeptide on its cell surface or secretes such an epitope. In a preferred embodiment, the DNA may be introduced using a viral expression system (*e.g.*, vaccinia or other pox virus, retrovirus, or adenovirus), which may involve the use of a non-pathogenic (defective), replication competent virus. Suitable systems are disclosed, for example, in Fisher-Hoch et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 86:317-321, 1989; Flexner et al., *Ann. N.Y. Acad. Sci.* 569:86-103, 1989; Flexner et al., *Vaccine* 8:17-21, 1990; U.S. Patent Nos. 4,603,112, 4,769,330, and 5,017,487; WO 89/01973; U.S. Patent No. 4,777,127; GB 2,200,651; EP 0,345,242; WO 91/02805; Berkner, *Biotechniques* 6:616-627, 1988; Rosenfeld et al., *Science* 252:431-434, 1991; Kolls et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 91:215-219, 1994; Kass-Eisler et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 90:11498-11502, 1993; Guzman et al., *Circulation* 88:2838-2848, 1993; and Guzman et al., *Cir. Res.* 73:1202-1207, 1993. Techniques for incorporating DNA into such expression systems are well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. The DNA may also be "naked," as described, for example, in Ulmer et al., *Science* 259:1745-1749, 1993 and reviewed by Cohen, *Science* 259:1691-1692, 1993. The uptake of naked DNA may be increased by coating the DNA onto biodegradable beads, which are efficiently transported into the cells.

While any suitable carrier known to those of ordinary skill in the art may be employed in the pharmaceutical compositions of this invention, the type of carrier will vary depending on the mode of administration. Compositions of the present invention may be formulated for any appropriate manner of administration, including for example, topical, oral, nasal, intravenous, intracranial, intraperitoneal, subcutaneous or intramuscular administration. For parenteral administration, such as subcutaneous injection, the carrier preferably comprises water, saline, alcohol, a fat, a wax or a buffer. For oral administration, any of the above carriers or a solid carrier, such as mannitol, lactose, starch, magnesium stearate, sodium saccharine, talcum, cellulose, glucose, sucrose, and magnesium carbonate, may be employed. Biodegradable microspheres (*e.g.*, polylactate polyglycolate) may also be employed as carriers for the pharmaceutical compositions of this invention. Suitable biodegradable microspheres are disclosed, for example, in U.S. Patent Nos. 4,897,268 and 5,075,109.

Such compositions may also comprise buffers (*e.g.*, neutral buffered saline or phosphate buffered saline), carbohydrates (*e.g.*, glucose, mannose, sucrose or dextrans), mannitol, proteins, polypeptides or amino acids such as glycine, antioxidants, chelating agents such as EDTA or glutathione, adjuvants (*e.g.*, aluminum hydroxide) and/or

preservatives. Alternatively, compositions of the present invention may be formulated as a lyophilizate. Compounds may also be encapsulated within liposomes using well known technology.

Any of a variety of non-specific immune response enhancers may be employed in the vaccines of this invention. For example, an adjuvant may be included. Most adjuvants contain a substance designed to protect the antigen from rapid catabolism, such as aluminum hydroxide or mineral oil, and a stimulator of immune responses, such as lipid A, *Bordetella pertussis* or *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* derived proteins. Suitable adjuvants are commercially available as, for example, Freund's Incomplete Adjuvant and Complete Adjuvant (Difco Laboratories, Detroit, MI); Merck Adjuvant 65 (Merck and Company, Inc., Rahway, NJ); aluminum salts such as aluminum hydroxide gel (alum) or aluminum phosphate; salts of calcium, iron or zinc; an insoluble suspension of acylated tyrosine; acylated sugars; cationically or anionically derivatized polysaccharides; polyphosphazenes; biodegradable microspheres; monophosphoryl lipid A and quil A. Cytokines, such as GM-CSF or interleukin-2, -7, or -12, may also be used as adjuvants.

Within the vaccines provided herein, the adjuvant composition is preferably designed to induce an immune response predominantly of the Th1 type. High levels of Th1-type cytokines (e.g., IFN- γ , IL-2 and IL-12) tend to favor the induction of cell mediated immune responses to an administered antigen. In contrast, high levels of Th2-type cytokines (e.g., IL-4, IL-5, IL-6, IL-10 and TNF- β) tend to favor the induction of humoral immune responses. Following application of a vaccine as provided herein, a patient will support an immune response that includes Th1- and Th2-type responses. Within a preferred embodiment, in which a response is predominantly Th1-type, the level of Th1-type cytokines will increase to a greater extent than the level of Th2-type cytokines. The levels of these cytokines may be readily assessed using standard assays. For a review of the families of cytokines, see Mosmann and Coffman, *Ann. Rev. Immunol.* 7:145-173, 1989.

Preferred adjuvants for use in eliciting a predominantly Th1-type response include, for example, a combination of monophosphoryl lipid A, preferably 3-de-O-acylated monophosphoryl lipid A (3D-MPL), together with an aluminum salt. MPL adjuvants are available from Ribi ImmunoChem Research Inc. (Hamilton, MT; see US Patent Nos. 4,436,727; 4,877,611; 4,866,034 and 4,912,094). CpG-containing oligonucleotides (in which the CpG dinucleotide is unmethylated) also induce a predominantly Th1 response. Such oligonucleotides are well known and are described, for example, in WO 96/02555. Another preferred adjuvant is a saponin, preferably QS21, which may be used alone or in combination with other adjuvants. For example, an enhanced system involves the combination of a monophosphoryl lipid A and saponin derivative, such as the combination of QS21 and 3D-MPL as described in WO 94/00153, or a less reactogenic composition where the QS21 is

quenched with cholesterol, as described in WO 96/33739. Other preferred formulations comprises an oil-in-water emulsion and tocopherol. A particularly potent adjuvant formulation involving QS21, 3D-MPL and tocopherol in an oil-in-water emulsion is described in WO 95/17210. Any vaccine provided herein may be prepared using well known methods that result in a combination of antigen, immune response enhancer and a suitable carrier or excipient.

The compositions described herein may be administered as part of a sustained release formulation (*i.e.*, a formulation such as a capsule or sponge that effects a slow release of compound following administration). Such formulations may generally be prepared using well known technology and administered by, for example, oral, rectal or subcutaneous implantation, or by implantation at the desired target site. Sustained-release formulations may contain a polypeptide, polynucleotide or antibody dispersed in a carrier matrix and/or contained within a reservoir surrounded by a rate controlling membrane. Carriers for use within such formulations are biocompatible, and may also be biodegradable; preferably the formulation provides a relatively constant level of active component release. The amount of active compound contained within a sustained release formulation depends upon the site of implantation, the rate and expected duration of release and the nature of the condition to be treated or prevented.

Any of a variety of delivery vehicles may be employed within pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines to facilitate production of an antigen-specific immune response that targets tumor cells. Delivery vehicles include antigen presenting cells (APCs), such as dendritic cells, macrophages, B cells, monocytes and other cells that may be engineered to be efficient APCs. Such cells may, but need not, be genetically modified to increase the capacity for presenting the antigen, to improve activation and/or maintenance of the T cell response, to have anti-tumor effects *per se* and/or to be immunologically compatible with the receiver (*i.e.*, matched HLA haplotype). APCs may generally be isolated from any of a variety of biological fluids and organs, including tumor and peritumoral tissues, and may be autologous, allogeneic, syngeneic or xenogeneic cells.

Certain preferred embodiments of the present invention use dendritic cells or progenitors thereof as antigen-presenting cells. Dendritic cells are highly potent APCs (Banchereau and Steinman, *Nature* 392:245-251, 1998) and have been shown to be effective as a physiological adjuvant for eliciting prophylactic or therapeutic antitumor immunity (*see* Timmerman and Levy, *Ann. Rev. Med.* 50:507-529, 1999). In general, dendritic cells may be identified based on their typical shape (stellate *in situ*, with marked cytoplasmic processes (dendrites) visible *in vitro*) and based on the lack of differentiation markers of B cells (CD19 and CD20), T cells (CD3), monocytes (CD14) and natural killer cells (CD56), as determined using standard assays. Dendritic cells may, of course, be engineered to express specific cell-

surface receptors or ligands that are not commonly found on dendritic cells *in vivo* or *ex vivo*, and such modified dendritic cells are contemplated by the present invention. As an alternative to dendritic cells, secreted vesicles antigen-loaded dendritic cells (called exosomes) may be used within a vaccine (see Zitvogel et al., *Nature Med.* 4:594-600, 1998).

Dendritic cells and progenitors may be obtained from peripheral blood, bone marrow, tumor-infiltrating cells, peritumoral tissues-infiltrating cells, lymph nodes, spleen, skin, umbilical cord blood or any other suitable tissue or fluid. For example, dendritic cells may be differentiated *ex vivo* by adding a combination of cytokines such as GM-CSF, IL-4, IL-13 and/or TNF α to cultures of monocytes harvested from peripheral blood. Alternatively, CD34 positive cells harvested from peripheral blood, umbilical cord blood or bone marrow may be differentiated into dendritic cells by adding to the culture medium combinations of GM-CSF, IL-3, TNF α , CD40 ligand, LPS, flt3 ligand and/or other compound(s) that induce maturation and proliferation of dendritic cells.

Dendritic cells are conveniently categorized as "immature" and "mature" cells, which allows a simple way to discriminate between two well characterized phenotypes. However, this nomenclature should not be construed to exclude all possible intermediate stages of differentiation. Immature dendritic cells are characterized as APC with a high capacity for antigen uptake and processing, which correlates with the high expression of Fc γ receptor, mannose receptor and DEC-205 marker. The mature phenotype is typically characterized by a lower expression of these markers, but a high expression of cell surface molecules responsible for T cell activation such as class I and class II MHC, adhesion molecules (*e.g.*, CD54 and CD11) and costimulatory molecules (*e.g.*, CD40, CD80 and CD86).

APCs may generally be transfected with a polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein (or portion or other variant thereof) such that the prostate tumor polypeptide, or an immunogenic portion thereof, is expressed on the cell surface. Such transfection may take place *ex vivo*, and a composition or vaccine comprising such transfected cells may then be used for therapeutic purposes, as described herein. Alternatively, a gene delivery vehicle that targets a dendritic or other antigen presenting cell may be administered to a patient, resulting in transfection that occurs *in vivo*. *In vivo* and *ex vivo* transfection of dendritic cells, for example, may generally be performed using any methods known in the art, such as those described in WO 97/24447, or the gene gun approach described by Mahvi et al., *Immunology and cell Biology* 75:456-460, 1997. Antigen loading of dendritic cells may be achieved by incubating dendritic cells or progenitor cells with the prostate tumor polypeptide, DNA (naked or within a plasmid vector) or RNA; or with antigen-expressing recombinant bacterium or viruses (*e.g.*, vaccinia, fowlpox, adenovirus or lentivirus vectors). Prior to loading, the polypeptide may be covalently conjugated to an immunological partner that

provides T cell help (e.g., a carrier molecule). Alternatively, a dendritic cell may be pulsed with a non-conjugated immunological partner, separately or in the presence of the polypeptide.

CANCER THERAPY

In further aspects of the present invention, the compositions described herein may be used for immunotherapy of cancer, such as prostate cancer. Within such methods, pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines are typically administered to a patient. As used herein, a "patient" refers to any warm-blooded animal, preferably a human. A patient may or may not be afflicted with cancer. Accordingly, the above pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines may be used to prevent the development of a cancer or to treat a patient afflicted with a cancer. A cancer may be diagnosed using criteria generally accepted in the art, including the presence of a malignant tumor. Pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines may be administered either prior to or following surgical removal of primary tumors and/or treatment such as administration of radiotherapy or conventional chemotherapeutic drugs.

Within certain embodiments, immunotherapy may be active immunotherapy, in which treatment relies on the *in vivo* stimulation of the endogenous host immune system to react against tumors with the administration of immune response-modifying agents (such as polypeptides and polynucleotides disclosed herein).

Within other embodiments, immunotherapy may be passive immunotherapy, in which treatment involves the delivery of agents with established tumor-immune reactivity (such as effector cells or antibodies) that can directly or indirectly mediate antitumor effects and does not necessarily depend on an intact host immune system. Examples of effector cells include T cells as discussed above, T lymphocytes (such as CD8⁺ cytotoxic T lymphocytes and CD4⁺ T-helper tumor-infiltrating lymphocytes), killer cells (such as Natural Killer cells and lymphokine-activated killer cells), B cells and antigen-presenting cells (such as dendritic cells and macrophages) expressing a polypeptide provided herein. T cell receptors and antibody receptors specific for the polypeptides recited herein may be cloned, expressed and transferred into other vectors or effector cells for adoptive immunotherapy. The polypeptides provided herein may also be used to generate antibodies or anti-idiotypic antibodies (as described above and in U.S. Patent No. 4,918,164) for passive immunotherapy.

Effector cells may generally be obtained in sufficient quantities for adoptive immunotherapy by growth *in vitro*, as described herein. Culture conditions for expanding single antigen-specific effector cells to several billion in number with retention of antigen recognition *in vivo* are well known in the art. Such *in vitro* culture conditions typically use intermittent stimulation with antigen, often in the presence of cytokines (such as IL-2) and non-dividing feeder cells. As noted above, immunoreactive polypeptides as provided herein

may be used to rapidly expand antigen-specific T cell cultures in order to generate a sufficient number of cells for immunotherapy. In particular, antigen-presenting cells, such as dendritic, macrophage, monocyte, fibroblast or B cells, may be pulsed with immunoreactive polypeptides or transfected with one or more polynucleotides using standard techniques well known in the art. For example, antigen-presenting cells can be transfected with a polynucleotide having a promoter appropriate for increasing expression in a recombinant virus or other expression system. Cultured effector cells for use in therapy must be able to grow and distribute widely, and to survive long term *in vivo*. Studies have shown that cultured effector cells can be induced to grow *in vivo* and to survive long term in substantial numbers by repeated stimulation with antigen supplemented with IL-2 (*see, for example, Cheever et al., Immunological Reviews 157:177, 1997*).

Alternatively, a vector expressing a polypeptide recited herein may be introduced into antigen presenting cells taken from a patient and clonally propagated *ex vivo* for transplant back into the same patient. Transfected cells may be reintroduced into the patient using any means known in the art, preferably in sterile form by intravenous, intracavitary, intraperitoneal or intratumor administration.

Routes and frequency of administration of the therapeutic compositions disclosed herein, as well as dosage, will vary from individual to individual, and may be readily established using standard techniques. In general, the pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines may be administered by injection (*e.g.*, intracutaneous, intramuscular, intravenous or subcutaneous), intranasally (*e.g.*, by aspiration) or orally. Preferably, between 1 and 10 doses may be administered over a 52 week period. Preferably, 6 doses are administered, at intervals of 1 month, and booster vaccinations may be given periodically thereafter. Alternate protocols may be appropriate for individual patients. A suitable dose is an amount of a compound that, when administered as described above, is capable of promoting an anti-tumor immune response, and is at least 10-50% above the basal (*i.e.*, untreated) level. Such response can be monitored by measuring the anti-tumor antibodies in a patient or by vaccine-dependent generation of cytolytic effector cells capable of killing the patient's tumor cells *in vitro*. Such vaccines should also be capable of causing an immune response that leads to an improved clinical outcome (*e.g.*, more frequent remissions, complete or partial or longer disease-free survival) in vaccinated patients as compared to non-vaccinated patients. In general, for pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines comprising one or more polypeptides, the amount of each polypeptide present in a dose ranges from about 100 μ g to 5 mg per kg of host. Suitable dose sizes will vary with the size of the patient, but will typically range from about 0.1 mL to about 5 mL.

In general, an appropriate dosage and treatment regimen provides the active compound(s) in an amount sufficient to provide therapeutic and/or prophylactic benefit. Such

a response can be monitored by establishing an improved clinical outcome (e.g., more frequent remissions, complete or partial, or longer disease-free survival) in treated patients as compared to non-treated patients. Increases in preexisting immune responses to a prostate tumor protein generally correlate with an improved clinical outcome. Such immune responses may generally be evaluated using standard proliferation, cytotoxicity or cytokine assays, which may be performed using samples obtained from a patient before and after treatment.

METHODS FOR DETECTING CANCER

In general, a cancer may be detected in a patient based on the presence of one or more prostate tumor proteins and/or polynucleotides encoding such proteins in a biological sample (for example, blood, sera, urine and/or tumor biopsies) obtained from the patient. In other words, such proteins may be used as markers to indicate the presence or absence of a cancer such as prostate cancer. In addition, such proteins may be useful for the detection of other cancers. The binding agents provided herein generally permit detection of the level of antigen that binds to the agent in the biological sample. Polynucleotide primers and probes may be used to detect the level of mRNA encoding a tumor protein, which is also indicative of the presence or absence of a cancer. In general, a prostate tumor sequence should be present at a level that is at least three fold higher in tumor tissue than in normal tissue

There are a variety of assay formats known to those of ordinary skill in the art for using a binding agent to detect polypeptide markers in a sample. See, e.g., Harlow and Lane, *Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 1988. In general, the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient may be determined by (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with a binding agent; (b) detecting in the sample a level of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent; and (c) comparing the level of polypeptide with a predetermined cut-off value.

In a preferred embodiment, the assay involves the use of binding agent immobilized on a solid support to bind to and remove the polypeptide from the remainder of the sample. The bound polypeptide may then be detected using a detection reagent that contains a reporter group and specifically binds to the binding agent/polypeptide complex. Such detection reagents may comprise, for example, a binding agent that specifically binds to the polypeptide or an antibody or other agent that specifically binds to the binding agent, such as an anti-immunoglobulin, protein G, protein A or a lectin. Alternatively, a competitive assay may be utilized, in which a polypeptide is labeled with a reporter group and allowed to bind to the immobilized binding agent after incubation of the binding agent with the sample. The extent to which components of the sample inhibit the binding of the labeled polypeptide to the binding agent is indicative of the reactivity of the sample with the immobilized binding

agent. Suitable polypeptides for use within such assays include full length prostate tumor proteins and portions thereof to which the binding agent binds, as described above.

The solid support may be any material known to those of ordinary skill in the art to which the tumor protein may be attached. For example, the solid support may be a test well in a microtiter plate or a nitrocellulose or other suitable membrane. Alternatively, the support may be a bead or disc, such as glass, fiberglass, latex or a plastic material such as polystyrene or polyvinylchloride. The support may also be a magnetic particle or a fiber optic sensor, such as those disclosed, for example, in U.S. Patent No. 5,359,681. The binding agent may be immobilized on the solid support using a variety of techniques known to those of skill in the art, which are amply described in the patent and scientific literature. In the context of the present invention, the term "immobilization" refers to both noncovalent association, such as adsorption, and covalent attachment (which may be a direct linkage between the agent and functional groups on the support or may be a linkage by way of a cross-linking agent). Immobilization by adsorption to a well in a microtiter plate or to a membrane is preferred. In such cases, adsorption may be achieved by contacting the binding agent, in a suitable buffer, with the solid support for a suitable amount of time. The contact time varies with temperature, but is typically between about 1 hour and about 1 day. In general, contacting a well of a plastic microtiter plate (such as polystyrene or polyvinylchloride) with an amount of binding agent ranging from about 10 ng to about 10 μ g, and preferably about 100 ng to about 1 μ g, is sufficient to immobilize an adequate amount of binding agent.

Covalent attachment of binding agent to a solid support may generally be achieved by first reacting the support with a bifunctional reagent that will react with both the support and a functional group, such as a hydroxyl or amino group, on the binding agent. For example, the binding agent may be covalently attached to supports having an appropriate polymer coating using benzoquinone or by condensation of an aldehyde group on the support with an amine and an active hydrogen on the binding partner (*see, e.g.*, Pierce Immunotechnology Catalog and Handbook, 1991, at A12-A13).

In certain embodiments, the assay is a two-antibody sandwich assay. This assay may be performed by first contacting an antibody that has been immobilized on a solid support, commonly the well of a microtiter plate, with the sample, such that polypeptides within the sample are allowed to bind to the immobilized antibody. Unbound sample is then removed from the immobilized polypeptide-antibody complexes and a detection reagent (preferably a second antibody capable of binding to a different site on the polypeptide) containing a reporter group is added. The amount of detection reagent that remains bound to the solid support is then determined using a method appropriate for the specific reporter group.

More specifically, once the antibody is immobilized on the support as described above, the remaining protein binding sites on the support are typically blocked. Any suitable blocking agent known to those of ordinary skill in the art, such as bovine serum albumin or Tween 20™ (Sigma Chemical Co., St. Louis, MO). The immobilized antibody is then incubated with the sample, and polypeptide is allowed to bind to the antibody. The sample may be diluted with a suitable diluent, such as phosphate-buffered saline (PBS) prior to incubation. In general, an appropriate contact time (*i.e.*, incubation time) is a period of time that is sufficient to detect the presence of polypeptide within a sample obtained from an individual with prostate cancer. Preferably, the contact time is sufficient to achieve a level of binding that is at least about 95% of that achieved at equilibrium between bound and unbound polypeptide. Those of ordinary skill in the art will recognize that the time necessary to achieve equilibrium may be readily determined by assaying the level of binding that occurs over a period of time. At room temperature, an incubation time of about 30 minutes is generally sufficient.

Unbound sample may then be removed by washing the solid support with an appropriate buffer, such as PBS containing 0.1% Tween 20™. The second antibody, which contains a reporter group, may then be added to the solid support. Preferred reporter groups include those groups recited above.

The detection reagent is then incubated with the immobilized antibody-polypeptide complex for an amount of time sufficient to detect the bound polypeptide. An appropriate amount of time may generally be determined by assaying the level of binding that occurs over a period of time. Unbound detection reagent is then removed and bound detection reagent is detected using the reporter group. The method employed for detecting the reporter group depends upon the nature of the reporter group. For radioactive groups, scintillation counting or autoradiographic methods are generally appropriate. Spectroscopic methods may be used to detect dyes, luminescent groups and fluorescent groups. Biotin may be detected using avidin, coupled to a different reporter group (commonly a radioactive or fluorescent group or an enzyme). Enzyme reporter groups may generally be detected by the addition of substrate (generally for a specific period of time), followed by spectroscopic or other analysis of the reaction products.

To determine the presence or absence of a cancer, such as prostate cancer, the signal detected from the reporter group that remains bound to the solid support is generally compared to a signal that corresponds to a predetermined cut-off value. In one preferred embodiment, the cut-off value for the detection of a cancer is the average mean signal obtained when the immobilized antibody is incubated with samples from patients without the cancer. In general, a sample generating a signal that is three standard deviations above the predetermined cut-off value is considered positive for the cancer. In an alternate preferred

embodiment, the cut-off value is determined using a Receiver Operator Curve, according to the method of Sackett et al., *Clinical Epidemiology: A Basic Science for Clinical Medicine*, Little Brown and Co., 1985, p. 106-7. Briefly, in this embodiment, the cut-off value may be determined from a plot of pairs of true positive rates (*i.e.*, sensitivity) and false positive rates (100%-specificity) that correspond to each possible cut-off value for the diagnostic test result. The cut-off value on the plot that is the closest to the upper left-hand corner (*i.e.*, the value that encloses the largest area) is the most accurate cut-off value, and a sample generating a signal that is higher than the cut-off value determined by this method may be considered positive. Alternatively, the cut-off value may be shifted to the left along the plot, to minimize the false positive rate, or to the right, to minimize the false negative rate. In general, a sample generating a signal that is higher than the cut-off value determined by this method is considered positive for a cancer.

In a related embodiment, the assay is performed in a flow-through or strip test format, wherein the binding agent is immobilized on a membrane, such as nitrocellulose. In the flow-through test, polypeptides within the sample bind to the immobilized binding agent as the sample passes through the membrane. A second, labeled binding agent then binds to the binding agent-polypeptide complex as a solution containing the second binding agent flows through the membrane. The detection of bound second binding agent may then be performed as described above. In the strip test format, one end of the membrane to which binding agent is bound is immersed in a solution containing the sample. The sample migrates along the membrane through a region containing second binding agent and to the area of immobilized binding agent. Concentration of second binding agent at the area of immobilized antibody indicates the presence of a cancer. Typically, the concentration of second binding agent at that site generates a pattern, such as a line, that can be read visually. The absence of such a pattern indicates a negative result. In general, the amount of binding agent immobilized on the membrane is selected to generate a visually discernible pattern when the biological sample contains a level of polypeptide that would be sufficient to generate a positive signal in the two-antibody sandwich assay, in the format discussed above. Preferred binding agents for use in such assays are antibodies and antigen-binding fragments thereof. Preferably, the amount of antibody immobilized on the membrane ranges from about 25 ng to about 1 μ g, and more preferably from about 50 ng to about 500 ng. Such tests can typically be performed with a very small amount of biological sample.

Of course, numerous other assay protocols exist that are suitable for use with the tumor proteins or binding agents of the present invention. The above descriptions are intended to be exemplary only. For example, it will be apparent to those of ordinary skill in the art that the above protocols may be readily modified to use prostate tumor polypeptides to

detect antibodies that bind to such polypeptides in a biological sample. The detection of such prostate tumor protein specific antibodies may correlate with the presence of a cancer.

A cancer may also, or alternatively, be detected based on the presence of T cells that specifically react with a prostate tumor protein in a biological sample. Within certain methods, a biological sample comprising CD4⁺ and/or CD8⁺ T cells isolated from a patient is incubated with a prostate tumor polypeptide, a polynucleotide encoding such a polypeptide and/or an APC that expresses at least an immunogenic portion of such a polypeptide, and the presence or absence of specific activation of the T cells is detected. Suitable biological samples include, but are not limited to, isolated T cells. For example, T cells may be isolated from a patient by routine techniques (such as by Ficoll/Hypaque density gradient centrifugation of peripheral blood lymphocytes). T cells may be incubated *in vitro* for 2-9 days (typically 4 days) at 37°C with prostate tumor polypeptide (e.g., 5 - 25 µg/ml). It may be desirable to incubate another aliquot of a T cell sample in the absence of prostate tumor polypeptide to serve as a control. For CD4⁺ T cells, activation is preferably detected by evaluating proliferation of the T cells. For CD8⁺ T cells, activation is preferably detected by evaluating cytolytic activity. A level of proliferation that is at least two fold greater and/or a level of cytolytic activity that is at least 20% greater than in disease-free patients indicates the presence of a cancer in the patient.

As noted above, a cancer may also, or alternatively, be detected based on the level of mRNA encoding a prostate tumor protein in a biological sample. For example, at least two oligonucleotide primers may be employed in a polymerase chain reaction (PCR) based assay to amplify a portion of a prostate tumor cDNA derived from a biological sample, wherein at least one of the oligonucleotide primers is specific for (*i.e.*, hybridizes to) a polynucleotide encoding the prostate tumor protein. The amplified cDNA is then separated and detected using techniques well known in the art, such as gel electrophoresis. Similarly, oligonucleotide probes that specifically hybridize to a polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein may be used in a hybridization assay to detect the presence of polynucleotide encoding the tumor protein in a biological sample.

To permit hybridization under assay conditions, oligonucleotide primers and probes should comprise an oligonucleotide sequence that has at least about 60%, preferably at least about 75% and more preferably at least about 90%, identity to a portion of a polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein that is at least 10 nucleotides, and preferably at least 20 nucleotides, in length. Preferably, oligonucleotide primers and/or probes will hybridize to a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide disclosed herein under moderately stringent conditions, as defined above. Oligonucleotide primers and/or probes which may be usefully employed in the diagnostic methods described herein preferably are at least 10-40 nucleotides in length. In a preferred embodiment, the oligonucleotide primers

comprise at least 10 contiguous nucleotides, more preferably at least 15 contiguous nucleotides, of a DNA molecule having a sequence recited in SEQ ID NO: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375 and 381. Techniques for both PCR based assays and hybridization assays are well known in the art (*see*, for example, Mullis et al., *Cold Spring Harbor Symp. Quant. Biol.*, 51:263, 1987; Erlich ed., *PCR Technology*, Stockton Press, NY, 1989).

One preferred assay employs RT-PCR, in which PCR is applied in conjunction with reverse transcription. Typically, RNA is extracted from a biological sample, such as biopsy tissue, and is reverse transcribed to produce cDNA molecules. PCR amplification using at least one specific primer generates a cDNA molecule, which may be separated and visualized using, for example, gel electrophoresis. Amplification may be performed on biological samples taken from a test patient and from an individual who is not afflicted with a cancer. The amplification reaction may be performed on several dilutions of cDNA spanning two orders of magnitude. A two-fold or greater increase in expression in several dilutions of the test patient sample as compared to the same dilutions of the non-cancerous sample is typically considered positive.

In another embodiment, the disclosed compositions may be used as markers for the progression of cancer. In this embodiment, assays as described above for the diagnosis of a cancer may be performed over time, and the change in the level of reactive polypeptide(s) or polynucleotide evaluated. For example, the assays may be performed every 24-72 hours for a period of 6 months to 1 year, and thereafter performed as needed. In general, a cancer is progressing in those patients in whom the level of polypeptide or polynucleotide detected increases over time. In contrast, the cancer is not progressing when the level of reactive polypeptide or polynucleotide either remains constant or decreases with time.

Certain *in vivo* diagnostic assays may be performed directly on a tumor. One such assay involves contacting tumor cells with a binding agent. The bound binding agent may then be detected directly or indirectly via a reporter group. Such binding agents may also be used in histological applications. Alternatively, polynucleotide probes may be used within such applications.

As noted above, to improve sensitivity, multiple prostate tumor protein markers may be assayed within a given sample. It will be apparent that binding agents specific for different proteins provided herein may be combined within a single assay. Further, multiple primers or probes may be used concurrently. The selection of tumor protein markers may be based on routine experiments to determine combinations that results in optimal sensitivity. In addition, or alternatively, assays for tumor proteins provided herein may be combined with assays for other known tumor antigens.

DIAGNOSTIC KITS

The present invention further provides kits for use within any of the above diagnostic methods. Such kits typically comprise two or more components necessary for performing a diagnostic assay. Components may be compounds, reagents, containers and/or equipment. For example, one container within a kit may contain a monoclonal antibody or fragment thereof that specifically binds to a prostate tumor protein. Such antibodies or fragments may be provided attached to a support material, as described above. One or more additional containers may enclose elements, such as reagents or buffers, to be used in the assay. Such kits may also, or alternatively, contain a detection reagent as described above that contains a reporter group suitable for direct or indirect detection of antibody binding.

Alternatively, a kit may be designed to detect the level of mRNA encoding a prostate tumor protein in a biological sample. Such kits generally comprise at least one oligonucleotide probe or primer, as described above, that hybridizes to a polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein. Such an oligonucleotide may be used, for example, within a PCR or hybridization assay. Additional components that may be present within such kits include a second oligonucleotide and/or a diagnostic reagent or container to facilitate the detection of a polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein.

The following Examples are offered by way of illustration and not by way of limitation.

EXAMPLES

EXAMPLE 1

ISOLATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES

This Example describes the isolation of certain prostate tumor polypeptides from a prostate tumor cDNA library.

A human prostate tumor cDNA expression library was constructed from prostate tumor poly A⁺ RNA using a Superscript Plasmid System for cDNA Synthesis and Plasmid Cloning kit (BRL Life Technologies, Gaithersburg, MD 20897) following the manufacturer's protocol. Specifically, prostate tumor tissues were homogenized with polytron (Kinematica, Switzerland) and total RNA was extracted using Trizol reagent (BRL Life Technologies) as directed by the manufacturer. The poly A⁺ RNA was then purified using a Qiagen oligotex spin column mRNA purification kit (Qiagen, Santa Clarita, CA 91355) according to the manufacturer's protocol. First-strand cDNA was synthesized using the NotI/Oligo-dT18 primer. Double-stranded cDNA was synthesized, ligated with EcoRI/BAXI adaptors (Invitrogen, San Diego, CA) and digested with NotI. Following size fractionation with Chroma Spin-1000 columns (Clontech, Palo Alto, CA), the cDNA was ligated into the EcoRI/NotI site of pCDNA3.1 (Invitrogen) and transformed into ElectroMax *E. coli* DH10B cells (BRL Life Technologies) by electroporation.

Using the same procedure, a normal human pancreas cDNA expression library was prepared from a pool of six tissue specimens (Clontech). The cDNA libraries were characterized by determining the number of independent colonies, the percentage of clones that carried insert, the average insert size and by sequence analysis. The prostate tumor library contained 1.64×10^7 independent colonies, with 70% of clones having an insert and the average insert size being 1745 base pairs. The normal pancreas cDNA library contained 3.3×10^6 independent colonies, with 69% of clones having inserts and the average insert size being 1120 base pairs. For both libraries, sequence analysis showed that the majority of clones had a full length cDNA sequence and were synthesized from mRNA, with minimal rRNA and mitochondrial DNA contamination.

cDNA library subtraction was performed using the above prostate tumor and normal pancreas cDNA libraries, as described by Hara *et al.* (*Blood*, 84:189-199, 1994) with some modifications. Specifically, a prostate tumor-specific subtracted cDNA library was generated as follows. Normal pancreas cDNA library (70 μ g) was digested with EcoRI, NotI, and SfuI, followed by a filling-in reaction with DNA polymerase Klenow fragment. After phenol-chloroform extraction and ethanol precipitation, the DNA was dissolved in 100 μ l of

H₂O, heat-denatured and mixed with 100 μ l (100 μ g) of Photoprobe biotin (Vector Laboratories, Burlingame, CA). As recommended by the manufacturer, the resulting mixture was irradiated with a 270 W sunlamp on ice for 20 minutes. Additional Photoprobe biotin (50 μ l) was added and the biotinylation reaction was repeated. After extraction with butanol five times, the DNA was ethanol-precipitated and dissolved in 23 μ l H₂O to form the driver DNA.

To form the tracer DNA, 10 μ g prostate tumor cDNA library was digested with BamHI and XhoI, phenol chloroform extracted and passed through Chroma spin-400 columns (Clontech). Following ethanol precipitation, the tracer DNA was dissolved in 5 μ l H₂O. Tracer DNA was mixed with 15 μ l driver DNA and 20 μ l of 2 x hybridization buffer (1.5 M NaCl/10 mM EDTA/50 mM HEPES pH 7.5/0.2% sodium dodecyl sulfate), overlaid with mineral oil, and heat-denatured completely. The sample was immediately transferred into a 68 °C water bath and incubated for 20 hours (long hybridization [LH]). The reaction mixture was then subjected to a streptavidin treatment followed by phenol/chloroform extraction. This process was repeated three more times. Subtracted DNA was precipitated, dissolved in 12 μ l H₂O, mixed with 8 μ l driver DNA and 20 μ l of 2 x hybridization buffer, and subjected to a hybridization at 68 °C for 2 hours (short hybridization [SH]). After removal of biotinylated double-stranded DNA, subtracted cDNA was ligated into BamHI/XhoI site of chloramphenicol resistant pBCSK⁺ (Stratagene, La Jolla, CA 92037) and transformed into ElectroMax *E. coli* DH10B cells by electroporation to generate a prostate tumor specific subtracted cDNA library (referred to as "prostate subtraction 1").

To analyze the subtracted cDNA library, plasmid DNA was prepared from 100 independent clones, randomly picked from the subtracted prostate tumor specific library and grouped based on insert size. Representative cDNA clones were further characterized by DNA sequencing with a Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems Division Automated Sequencer Model 373A (Foster City, CA). Six cDNA clones, hereinafter referred to as F1-13, F1-12, F1-16, H1-1, H1-9 and H1-4, were shown to be abundant in the subtracted prostate-specific cDNA library. The determined 3' and 5' cDNA sequences for F1-12 are provided in SEQ ID NO: 2 and 3, respectively, with determined 3' cDNA sequences for F1-13, F1-16, H1-1, H1-9 and H1-4 being provided in SEQ ID NO: 1 and 4-7, respectively.

The cDNA sequences for the isolated clones were compared to known sequences in the gene bank using the EMBL and GenBank databases (release 96). Four of the prostate tumor cDNA clones, F1-13, F1-16, H1-1, and H1-4, were determined to encode the following previously identified proteins: prostate specific antigen (PSA), human glandular kallikrein, human tumor expression enhanced gene, and mitochondria cytochrome C oxidase subunit II. H1-9 was found to be identical to a previously identified human

autonomously replicating sequence. No significant homologies to the cDNA sequence for F1-12 were found.

Subsequent studies led to the isolation of a full-length cDNA sequence for F1-12. This sequence is provided in SEQ ID NO: 107, with the corresponding predicted amino acid sequence being provided in SEQ ID NO: 108.

To clone less abundant prostate tumor specific genes, cDNA library subtraction was performed by subtracting the prostate tumor cDNA library described above with the normal pancreas cDNA library and with the three most abundant genes in the previously subtracted prostate tumor specific cDNA library: human glandular kallikrein, prostate specific antigen (PSA), and mitochondria cytochrome C oxidase subunit II. Specifically, 1 µg each of human glandular kallikrein, PSA and mitochondria cytochrome C oxidase subunit II cDNAs in pCDNA3.1 were added to the driver DNA and subtraction was performed as described above to provide a second subtracted cDNA library hereinafter referred to as the "subtracted prostate tumor specific cDNA library with spike".

Twenty-two cDNA clones were isolated from the subtracted prostate tumor specific cDNA library with spike. The determined 3' and 5' cDNA sequences for the clones referred to as J1-17, L1-12, N1-1862, J1-13, J1-19, J1-25, J1-24, K1-58, K1-63, L1-4 and L1-14 are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 8-9, 10-11, 12-13, 14-15, 16-17, 18-19, 20-21, 22-23, 24-25, 26-27 and 28-29, respectively. The determined 3' cDNA sequences for the clones referred to as J1-12, J1-16, J1-21, K1-48, K1-55, L1-2, L1-6, N1-1858, N1-1860, N1-1861, N1-1864 are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 30-40, respectively. Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank as described above, revealed no significant homologies to three of the five most abundant DNA species, (J1-17, L1-12 and N1-1862; SEQ ID NOS: 8-9, 10-11 and 12-13, respectively). Of the remaining two most abundant species, one (J1-12; SEQ ID NO:30) was found to be identical to the previously identified human pulmonary surfactant-associated protein, and the other (K1-48; SEQ ID NO:33) was determined to have some homology to *R. norvegicus* mRNA for 2-arylpropionyl-CoA epimerase. Of the 17 less abundant cDNA clones isolated from the subtracted prostate tumor specific cDNA library with spike, four (J1-16, K1-55, L1-6 and N1-1864; SEQ ID NOS:31, 34, 36 and 40, respectively) were found to be identical to previously identified sequences, two (J1-21 and N1-1860; SEQ ID NOS: 32 and 38, respectively) were found to show some homology to non-human sequences, and two (L1-2 and N1-1861; SEQ ID NOS: 35 and 39, respectively) were found to show some homology to known human sequences. No significant homologies were found to the polypeptides J1-13, J1-19, J1-24, J1-25, K1-58, K1-63, L1-4, L1-14 (SEQ ID NOS: 14-15, 16-17, 20-21, 18-19, 22-23, 24-25, 26-27, 28-29, respectively).

Subsequent studies led to the isolation of full length cDNA sequences for J1-17, L1-12 and N1-1862 (SEQ ID NOS: 109-111, respectively). The corresponding predicted

amino acid sequences are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 112-114. L1-12 is also referred to as P501S.

In a further experiment, four additional clones were identified by subtracting a prostate tumor cDNA library with normal prostate cDNA prepared from a pool of three normal prostate poly A+ RNA (referred to as "prostate subtraction 2"). The determined cDNA sequences for these clones, hereinafter referred to as U1-3064, U1-3065, V1-3692 and 1A-3905, are provided in SEQ ID NO: 69-72, respectively. Comparison of the determined sequences with those in the gene bank revealed no significant homologies to U1-3065.

A second subtraction with spike (referred to as "prostate subtraction spike 2") was performed by subtracting a prostate tumor specific cDNA library with spike with normal pancreas cDNA library and further spiked with PSA, J1-17, pulmonary surfactant-associated protein, mitochondrial DNA, cytochrome c oxidase subunit II, N1-1862, autonomously replicating sequence, L1-12 and tumor expression enhanced gene. Four additional clones, hereinafter referred to as V1-3686, R1-2330, 1B-3976 and V1-3679, were isolated. The determined cDNA sequences for these clones are provided in SEQ ID NO: 73-76, respectively. Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank revealed no significant homologies to V1-3686 and R1-2330.

Further analysis of the three prostate subtractions described above (prostate subtraction 2, subtracted prostate tumor specific cDNA library with spike, and prostate subtraction spike 2) resulted in the identification of sixteen additional clones, referred to as 1G-4736, 1G-4738, 1G-4741, 1G-4744, 1G-4734, 1H-4774, 1H-4781, 1H-4785, 1H-4787, 1H-4796, 1I-4810, 1I-4811, 1J-4876, 1K-4884 and 1K-4896. The determined cDNA sequences for these clones are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 77-92, respectively. Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank as described above, revealed no significant homologies to 1G-4741, 1G-4734, 1I-4807, 1J-4876 and 1K-4896 (SEQ ID NOS: 79, 81, 87, 90 and 92, respectively). Further analysis of the isolated clones led to the determination of extended cDNA sequences for 1G-4736, 1G-4738, 1G-4741, 1G-4744, 1H-4774, 1H-4781, 1H-4785, 1H-4787, 1H-4796, 1I-4807, 1J-4876, 1K-4884 and 1K-4896, provided in SEQ ID NOS: 179-188 and 191-193, respectively, and to the determination of additional partial cDNA sequences for 1I-4810 and 1I-4811, provided in SEQ ID NOS: 189 and 190, respectively.

Additional studies with prostate subtraction spike 2 resulted in the isolation of three more clones. Their sequences were determined as described above and compared to the most recent GenBank. All three clones were found to have homology to known genes, which are Cysteine-rich protein, KIAA0242, and KIAA0280 (SEQ ID NO: 317, 319, and 320, respectively). Further analysis of these clones by Synteni microarray (Synteni, Palo Alto, CA) demonstrated that all three clones were over-expressed in most prostate tumors and

prostate BPH, as well as in the majority of normal prostate tissues tested, but low expression in all other normal tissues.

An additional subtraction was performed by subtracting a normal prostate cDNA library with normal pancreas cDNA (referred to as "prostate subtraction 3"). This led to the identification of six additional clones referred to as 1G-4761, 1G-4762, 1H-4766, 1H-4770, 1H-4771 and 1H-4772 (SEQ ID NOS: 93-98). Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank revealed no significant homologies to 1G-4761 and 1H-4771 (SEQ ID NOS: 93 and 97, respectively). Further analysis of the isolated clones led to the determination of extended cDNA sequences for 1G-4761, 1G-4762, 1H-4766 and 1H-4772 provided in SEQ ID NOS: 194-196 and 199, respectively, and to the determination of additional partial cDNA sequences for 1H-4770 and 1H-4771, provided in SEQ ID NOS: 197 and 198, respectively.

Subtraction of a prostate tumor cDNA library, prepared from a pool of polyA+ RNA from three prostate cancer patients, with a normal pancreas cDNA library (prostate subtraction 4) led to the identification of eight clones, referred to as 1D-4297, 1D-4309, 1D.1-4278, 1D-4288, 1D-4283, 1D-4304, 1D-4296 and 1D-4280 (SEQ ID NOS: 99-107). These sequences were compared to those in the gene bank as described above. No significant homologies were found to 1D-4283 and 1D-4304 (SEQ ID NOS: 103 and 104, respectively). Further analysis of the isolated clones led to the determination of extended cDNA sequences for 1D-4309, 1D.1-4278, 1D-4288, 1D-4283, 1D-4304, 1D-4296 and 1D-4280, provided in SEQ ID NOS: 200-206, respectively.

cDNA clones isolated in prostate subtraction 1 and prostate subtraction 2, described above, were colony PCR amplified and their mRNA expression levels in prostate tumor, normal prostate and in various other normal tissues were determined using microarray technology (Synteni, Palo Alto, CA). Briefly, the PCR amplification products were dotted onto slides in an array format, with each product occupying a unique location in the array. mRNA was extracted from the tissue sample to be tested, reverse transcribed, and fluorescent-labeled cDNA probes were generated. The microarrays were probed with the labeled cDNA probes, the slides scanned and fluorescence intensity was measured. This intensity correlates with the hybridization intensity. Two clones (referred to as P509S and P510S) were found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor and normal prostate and expressed at low levels in all other normal tissues tested (liver, pancreas, skin, bone marrow, brain, breast, adrenal gland, bladder, testes, salivary gland, large intestine, kidney, ovary, lung, spinal cord, skeletal muscle and colon). The determined cDNA sequences for P509S and P510S are provided in SEQ ID NO: 223 and 224, respectively. Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank as described above, revealed some homology to previously identified ESTs.

Additional, studies led to the isolation of the full-length cDNA sequence for P509S. This sequence is provided in SEQ ID NO: 332, with the corresponding predicted amino acid sequence being provided in SEQ ID NO: 339.

EXAMPLE 2

DETERMINATION OF TISSUE SPECIFICITY OF PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES

Using gene specific primers, mRNA expression levels for the representative prostate tumor polypeptides F1-16, H1-1, J1-17 (also referred to as P502S), L1-12 (also referred to as P501S), F1-12 (also referred to as P504S) and N1-1862 (also referred to as P503S) were examined in a variety of normal and tumor tissues using RT-PCR.

Briefly, total RNA was extracted from a variety of normal and tumor tissues using Trizol reagent as described above. First strand synthesis was carried out using 1-2 μ g of total RNA with SuperScript II reverse transcriptase (BRL Life Technologies) at 42 °C for one hour. The cDNA was then amplified by PCR with gene-specific primers. To ensure the semi-quantitative nature of the RT-PCR, β -actin was used as an internal control for each of the tissues examined. First, serial dilutions of the first strand cDNAs were prepared and RT-PCR assays were performed using β -actin specific primers. A dilution was then chosen that enabled the linear range amplification of the β -actin template and which was sensitive enough to reflect the differences in the initial copy numbers. Using these conditions, the β -actin levels were determined for each reverse transcription reaction from each tissue. DNA contamination was minimized by DNase treatment and by assuring a negative PCR result when using first strand cDNA that was prepared without adding reverse transcriptase.

mRNA Expression levels were examined in four different types of tumor tissue (prostate tumor from 2 patients, breast tumor from 3 patients, colon tumor, lung tumor), and sixteen different normal tissues, including prostate, colon, kidney, liver, lung, ovary, pancreas, skeletal muscle, skin, stomach, testes, bone marrow and brain. F1-16 was found to be expressed at high levels in prostate tumor tissue, colon tumor and normal prostate, and at lower levels in normal liver, skin and testes, with expression being undetectable in the other tissues examined. H1-1 was found to be expressed at high levels in prostate tumor, lung tumor, breast tumor, normal prostate, normal colon and normal brain, at much lower levels in normal lung, pancreas, skeletal muscle, skin, small intestine, bone marrow, and was not detected in the other tissues tested. J1-17 (P502S) and L1-12 (P501S) appear to be specifically over-expressed in prostate, with both genes being expressed at high levels in prostate tumor and normal prostate but at low to undetectable levels in all the other tissues examined. N1-1862 (P503S) was found to be over-expressed in 60% of prostate tumors and detectable in normal colon and kidney. The RT-PCR results thus indicate that

F1-16, H1-1, J1-17 (P502S), N1-1862 (P503S) and L1-12 (P501S) are either prostate specific or are expressed at significantly elevated levels in prostate.

Further RT-PCR studies showed that F1-12 (P504S) is over-expressed in 60% of prostate tumors, detectable in normal kidney but not detectable in all other tissues tested. Similarly, R1-2330 was shown to be over-expressed in 40% of prostate tumors, detectable in normal kidney and liver, but not detectable in all other tissues tested. U1-3064 was found to be over-expressed in 60% of prostate tumors, and also expressed in breast and colon tumors, but was not detectable in normal tissues.

RT-PCR characterization of R1-2330, U1-3064 and 1D-4279 showed that these three antigens are over-expressed in prostate and/or prostate tumors.

Northern analysis with four prostate tumors, two normal prostate samples, two BPH prostates, and normal colon, kidney, liver, lung, pancreas, skeletal muscle, brain, stomach, testes, small intestine and bone marrow, showed that L1-12 (P501S) is over-expressed in prostate tumors and normal prostate, while being undetectable in other normal tissues tested. J1-17 (P502S) was detected in two prostate tumors and not in the other tissues tested. N1-1862 (P503S) was found to be over-expressed in three prostate tumors and to be expressed in normal prostate, colon and kidney, but not in other tissues tested. F1-12 (P504S) was found to be highly expressed in two prostate tumors and to be undetectable in all other tissues tested.

The microarray technology described above was used to determine the expression levels of representative antigens described herein in prostate tumor, breast tumor and the following normal tissues: prostate, liver, pancreas, skin, bone marrow, brain, breast, adrenal gland, bladder, testes, salivary gland, large intestine, kidney, ovary, lung, spinal cord, skeletal muscle and colon. L1-12 (P501S) was found to be over-expressed in normal prostate and prostate tumor, with some expression being detected in normal skeletal muscle. Both J1-12 and F1-12 (P504S) were found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor, with expression being lower or undetectable in all other tissues tested. N1-1862 (P503S) was found to be expressed at high levels in prostate tumor and normal prostate, and at low levels in normal large intestine and normal colon, with expression being undetectable in all other tissues tested. R1-2330 was found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor and normal prostate, and to be expressed at lower levels in all other tissues tested. 1D-4279 was found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor and normal prostate, expressed at lower levels in normal spinal cord, and to be undetectable in all other tissues tested.

Further microarray analysis to specifically address the extent to which P501S (SEQ ID NO: 110) was expressed in breast tumor revealed moderate over-expression not only in breast tumor, but also in metastatic breast tumor (2/31), with negligible to low expression

in normal tissues. This data suggests that P501S may be over-expressed in various breast tumors as well as in prostate tumors.

The expression levels of 32 ESTs (expressed sequence tags) described by Vasmatzis *et al.* (*Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 95:300-304, 1998) in a variety of tumor and normal tissues were examined by microarray technology as described above. Two of these clones (referred to as P1000C and P1001C) were found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor and normal prostate, and expressed at low to undetectable levels in all other tissues tested (normal aorta, thymus, resting and activated PBMC, epithelial cells, spinal cord, adrenal gland, fetal tissues, skin, salivary gland, large intestine, bone marrow, liver, lung, dendritic cells, stomach, lymph nodes, brain, heart, small intestine, skeletal muscle, colon and kidney. The determined cDNA sequences for P1000C and P1001C are provided in SEQ ID NO: 384 and 472, respectively. The sequence of P1001C was found to show some homology to the previously isolated Human mRNA for JM27 protein. No significant homologies were found to the sequence of P1000C.

The expression of the polypeptide encoded by the full length cDNA sequence for F1-12 (also referred to as P504S; SEQ ID NO: 108) was investigated by immunohistochemical analysis. Rabbit-anti-P504S polyclonal antibodies were generated against the full length P504S protein by standard techniques. Subsequent isolation and characterization of the polyclonal antibodies were also performed by techniques well known in the art. Immunohistochemical analysis showed that the P504S polypeptide was expressed in 100% of prostate carcinoma samples tested (n=5).

The rabbit-anti-P504S polyclonal antibody did not appear to label benign prostate cells with the same cytoplasmic granular staining, but rather with light nuclear staining. Analysis of normal tissues revealed that the encoded polypeptide was found to be expressed in some, but not all normal human tissues. Positive cytoplasmic staining with rabbit-anti-P504S polyclonal antibody was found in normal human kidney, liver, brain, colon and lung-associated macrophages, whereas heart and bone marrow were negative.

This data indicates that the P504S polypeptide is present in prostate cancer tissues, and that there are qualitative and quantitative differences in the staining between benign prostatic hyperplasia tissues and prostate cancer tissues, suggesting that this polypeptide may be detected selectively in prostate tumors and therefore be useful in the diagnosis of prostate cancer.

EXAMPLE 3

ISOLATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES BY PCR-BASED SUBTRACTION

A cDNA subtraction library, containing cDNA from normal prostate subtracted with ten other normal tissue cDNAs (brain, heart, kidney, liver, lung, ovary, placenta, skeletal muscle, spleen and thymus) and then submitted to a first round of PCR amplification, was purchased from Clontech. This library was subjected to a second round of PCR amplification, following the manufacturer's protocol. The resulting cDNA fragments were subcloned into the vector pT7 Blue T-vector (Novagen, Madison, WI) and transformed into XL-1 Blue MRF' *E. coli* (Stratagene). DNA was isolated from independent clones and sequenced using a Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems Division Automated Sequencer Model 373A.

Fifty-nine positive clones were sequenced. Comparison of the DNA sequences of these clones with those in the gene bank, as described above, revealed no significant homologies to 25 of these clones, hereinafter referred to as P5, P8, P9, P18, P20, P30, P34, P36, P38, P39, P42, P49, P50, P53, P55, P60, P64, P65, P73, P75, P76, P79 and P84. The determined cDNA sequences for these clones are provided in SEQ ID NO: 41-45, 47-52 and 54-65, respectively. P29, P47, P68, P80 and P82 (SEQ ID NO: 46, 53 and 66-68, respectively) were found to show some degree of homology to previously identified DNA sequences. To the best of the inventors' knowledge, none of these sequences have been previously shown to be present in prostate.

Further studies using the PCR-based methodology described above resulted in the isolation of more than 180 additional clones, of which 23 clones were found to show no significant homologies to known sequences. The determined cDNA sequences for these clones are provided in SEQ ID NO: 115-123, 127, 131, 137, 145, 147-151, 153, 156-158 and 160. Twenty-three clones (SEQ ID NO: 124-126, 128-130, 132-136, 138-144, 146, 152, 154, 155 and 159) were found to show some homology to previously identified ESTs. An additional ten clones (SEQ ID NO: 161-170) were found to have some degree of homology to known genes. Larger cDNA clones containing the P20 sequence represent splice variants of a gene referred to as P703P. The determined DNA sequence for the variants referred to as DE1, DE13 and DE14 are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 171, 175 and 177, respectively, with the corresponding predicted amino acid sequences being provided in SEQ ID NO: 172, 176 and 178, respectively. The determined cDNA sequence for an extended spliced form of P703 is provided in SEQ ID NO: 225. The DNA sequences for the splice variants referred to as DE2 and DE6 are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 173 and 174, respectively.

mRNA Expression levels for representative clones in tumor tissues (prostate (n=5), breast (n=2), colon and lung) normal tissues (prostate (n=5), colon, kidney, liver, lung (n=2), ovary (n=2), skeletal muscle, skin, stomach, small intestine and brain), and activated

and non-activated PBMC was determined by RT-PCR as described above. Expression was examined in one sample of each tissue type unless otherwise indicated.

P9 was found to be highly expressed in normal prostate and prostate tumor compared to all normal tissues tested except for normal colon which showed comparable expression. P20, a portion of the P703P gene, was found to be highly expressed in normal prostate and prostate tumor, compared to all twelve normal tissues tested. A modest increase in expression of P20 in breast tumor (n=2), colon tumor and lung tumor was seen compared to all normal tissues except lung (1 of 2). Increased expression of P18 was found in normal prostate, prostate tumor and breast tumor compared to other normal tissues except lung and stomach. A modest increase in expression of P5 was observed in normal prostate compared to most other normal tissues. However, some elevated expression was seen in normal lung and PBMC. Elevated expression of P5 was also observed in prostate tumors (2 of 5), breast tumor and one lung tumor sample. For P30, similar expression levels were seen in normal prostate and prostate tumor, compared to six of twelve other normal tissues tested. Increased expression was seen in breast tumors, one lung tumor sample and one colon tumor sample, and also in normal PBMC. P29 was found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor (5 of 5) and normal prostate (5 of 5) compared to the majority of normal tissues. However, substantial expression of P29 was observed in normal colon and normal lung (2 of 2). P80 was found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor (5 of 5) and normal prostate (5 of 5) compared to all other normal tissues tested, with increased expression also being seen in colon tumor.

Further studies resulted in the isolation of twelve additional clones, hereinafter referred to as 10-d8, 10-h10, 11-c8, 7-g6, 8-b5, 8-b6, 8-d4, 8-d9, 8-g3, 8-h11, 9-f12 and 9-f3. The determined DNA sequences for 10-d8, 10-h10, 11-c8, 8-d4, 8-d9, 8-h11, 9-f12 and 9-f3 are provided in SEQ ID NO: 207, 208, 209, 216, 217, 220, 221 and 222, respectively. The determined forward and reverse DNA sequences for 7-g6, 8-b5, 8-b6 and 8-g3 are provided in SEQ ID NO: 210 and 211; 212 and 213; 214 and 215; and 218 and 219, respectively. Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank revealed no significant homologies to the sequence of 9-f3. The clones 10-d8, 11-c8 and 8-h11 were found to show some homology to previously isolated ESTs, while 10-h10, 8-b5, 8-b6, 8-d4, 8-d9, 8-g3 and 9-f12 were found to show some homology to previously identified genes. Further characterization of 7-G6 and 8-G3 showed identity to the known genes PAP and PSA, respectively.

mRNA expression levels for these clones were determined using the micro-array technology described above. The clones 7-G6, 8-G3, 8-B5, 8-B6, 8-D4, 8-D9, 9-F3, 9-F12, 9-H3, 10-A2, 10-A4, 11-C9 and 11-F2 were found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor and normal prostate, with expression in other tissues tested being low or undetectable.

Increased expression of 8-F11 was seen in prostate tumor and normal prostate, bladder, skeletal muscle and colon. Increased expression of 10-H10 was seen in prostate tumor and normal prostate, bladder, lung, colon, brain and large intestine. Increased expression of 9-B1 was seen in prostate tumor, breast tumor, and normal prostate, salivary gland, large intestine and skin, with increased expression of 11-C8 being seen in prostate tumor, and normal prostate and large intestine.

An additional cDNA fragment derived from the PCR-based normal prostate subtraction, described above, was found to be prostate specific by both micro-array technology and RT-PCR. The determined cDNA sequence of this clone (referred to as 9-A11) is provided in SEQ ID NO: 226. Comparison of this sequence with those in the public databases revealed 99% identity to the known gene HOXB13.

Further studies led to the isolation of the clones 8-C6 and 8-H7. The determined cDNA sequences for these clones are provided in SEQ ID NO: 227 and 228, respectively. These sequences were found to show some homology to previously isolated ESTs.

PCR and hybridization-based methodologies were employed to obtain longer cDNA sequences for clone P20 (also referred to as P703P), yielding three additional cDNA fragments that progressively extend the 5' end of the gene. These fragments, referred to as P703PDE5, P703P6.26, and P703PX-23 (SEQ ID NO: 326, 328 and 330, with the predicted corresponding amino acid sequences being provided in SEQ ID NO: 327, 329 and 331, respectively) contain additional 5' sequence. P703PDE5 was recovered by screening of a cDNA library (#141-26) with a portion of P703P as a probe. P703P6.26 was recovered from a mixture of three prostate tumor cDNAs and P703PX_23 was recovered from cDNA library (#438-48). Together, the additional sequences include all of the putative mature serine protease along with part of the putative signal sequence. Further studies using a PCR-based subtraction library of a prostate tumor pool subtracted against a pool of normal tissues (referred to as JP: PCR subtraction) resulted in the isolation of thirteen additional clones, seven of which did not share any significant homology to known GenBank sequences. The determined cDNA sequences for these seven clones (P711P, P712P, novel 23, P774P, P775P, P710P and P768P) are provided in SEQ ID NO: 307-311, 313 and 315, respectively. The remaining six clones (SEQ ID NO: 316 and 321-325) were shown to share some homology to known genes. By microarray analysis, all thirteen clones showed three or more fold over-expression in prostate tissues, including prostate tumors, BPH and normal prostate as compared to normal non-prostate tissues. Clones P711P, P712P, novel 23 and P768P showed over-expression in most prostate tumors and BPH tissues tested (n=29), and in the majority of normal prostate tissues (n=4), but background to low expression levels in all normal tissues.

Clones P774P, P775P and P710P showed comparatively lower expression and expression in fewer prostate tumors and BPH samples, with negative to low expression in normal prostate.

The full-length cDNA for P711P was obtained by employing the partial sequence of SEQ ID NO: 307 to screen a prostate cDNA library. Specifically, a directionally cloned prostate cDNA library was prepared using standard techniques. One million colonies of this library were plated onto LB/Amp plates. Nylon membrane filters were used to lift these colonies, and the cDNAs which were picked up by these filters were denatured and cross-linked to the filters by UV light. The P711P cDNA fragment of SEQ ID NO: 307 was radio-labeled and used to hybridize with these filters. Positive clones were selected, and cDNAs were prepared and sequenced using an automatic Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems sequencer. The determined full-length sequence of P711P is provided in SEQ ID NO: 382, with the corresponding predicted amino acid sequence being provided in SEQ ID NO: 383.

Using PCR and hybridization-based methodologies, additional cDNA sequence information was derived for two clones described above, 11-C9 and 9-F3, herein after referred to as P707P and P714P, respectively (SEQ ID NO: 333 and 334). After comparison with the most recent GenBank, P707P was found to be a splice variant of the known gene HoxB13. In contrast, no significant homologies to P714P were found.

Clones 8-B3, P89, P98, P130 and P201 (as disclosed in U.S. Patent Application No. 09/020,956, filed February 9, 1998) were found to be contained within one contiguous sequence, referred to as P705P (SEQ ID NO: 335, with the predicted amino acid sequence provided in SEQ ID NO: 336), which was determined to be a splice variant of the known gene NKX 3.1.

EXAMPLE 4

SYNTHESIS OF POLYPEPTIDES

Polypeptides may be synthesized on a Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems 430A peptide synthesizer using Fmoc chemistry with HPTU (O-Benzotriazole-N,N,N',N'-tetramethyluronium hexafluorophosphate) activation. A Gly-Cys-Gly sequence may be attached to the amino terminus of the peptide to provide a method of conjugation, binding to an immobilized surface, or labeling of the peptide. Cleavage of the peptides from the solid support may be carried out using the following cleavage mixture: trifluoroacetic acid:ethanedithiol:thioanisole:water:phenol (40:1:2:2:3). After cleaving for 2 hours, the peptides may be precipitated in cold methyl-t-butyl-ether. The peptide pellets may then be dissolved in water containing 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid (TFA) and lyophilized prior to purification by C18 reverse phase HPLC. A gradient of 0%-60% acetonitrile (containing 0.1% TFA) in water (containing 0.1% TFA) may be used to elute the peptides. Following

lyophilization of the pure fractions, the peptides may be characterized using electrospray or other types of mass spectrometry and by amino acid analysis.

EXAMPLE 5

FURTHER ISOLATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES BY PCR-BASED SUBTRACTION

A cDNA library generated from prostate primary tumor mRNA as described above was subtracted with cDNA from normal prostate. The subtraction was performed using a PCR-based protocol (Clontech), which was modified to generate larger fragments. Within this protocol, tester and driver double stranded cDNA were separately digested with five restriction enzymes that recognize six-nucleotide restriction sites (MluI, MscI, PvuII, SalI and StuI). This digestion resulted in an average cDNA size of 600 bp, rather than the average size of 300 bp that results from digestion with RsaI according to the Clontech protocol. This modification did not affect the subtraction efficiency. Two tester populations were then created with different adapters, and the driver library remained without adapters.

The tester and driver libraries were then hybridized using excess driver cDNA. In the first hybridization step, driver was separately hybridized with each of the two tester cDNA populations. This resulted in populations of (a) unhybridized tester cDNAs, (b) tester cDNAs hybridized to other tester cDNAs, (c) tester cDNAs hybridized to driver cDNAs and (d) unhybridized driver cDNAs. The two separate hybridization reactions were then combined, and rehybridized in the presence of additional denatured driver cDNA. Following this second hybridization, in addition to populations (a) through (d), a fifth population (e) was generated in which tester cDNA with one adapter hybridized to tester cDNA with the second adapter. Accordingly, the second hybridization step resulted in enrichment of differentially expressed sequences which could be used as templates for PCR amplification with adaptor-specific primers.

The ends were then filled in, and PCR amplification was performed using adaptor-specific primers. Only population (e), which contained tester cDNA that did not hybridize to driver cDNA, was amplified exponentially. A second PCR amplification step was then performed, to reduce background and further enrich differentially expressed sequences.

This PCR-based subtraction technique normalizes differentially expressed cDNAs so that rare transcripts that are overexpressed in prostate tumor tissue may be recoverable. Such transcripts would be difficult to recover by traditional subtraction methods.

In addition to genes known to be overexpressed in prostate tumor, seventy-seven further clones were identified. Sequences of these partial cDNAs are provided in SEQ ID NO: 29 to 305. Most of these clones had no significant homology to database sequences. Exceptions were JPTPN23 (SEQ ID NO: 231; similarity to pig valosin-containing protein), JPTPN30 (SEQ ID NO: 234; similarity to rat mRNA for proteasome subunit), JPTPN45 (SEQ ID NO: 243; similarity to rat *norvegicus* cytosolic NADP-dependent isocitrate dehydrogenase), JPTPN46 (SEQ ID NO: 244; similarity to human subclone H8 4 d4 DNA sequence), JP1D6 (SEQ ID NO: 265; similarity to *G. gallus* dynein light chain-A), JP8D6 (SEQ ID NO: 288; similarity to human BAC clone RG016J04), JP8F5 (SEQ ID NO: 289; similarity to human subclone H8 3 b5 DNA sequence), and JP8E9 (SEQ ID NO: 299; similarity to human Alu sequence).

Additional studies using the PCR-based subtraction library consisting of a prostate tumor pool subtracted against a normal prostate pool (referred to as PT-PN PCR subtraction) yielded three additional clones. Comparison of the cDNA sequences of these clones with the most recent release of GenBank revealed no significant homologies to the two clones referred to as P715P and P767P (SEQ ID NO: 312 and 314). The remaining clone was found to show some homology to the known gene KIAA0056 (SEQ ID NO: 318). Using microarray analysis to measure mRNA expression levels in various tissues, all three clones were found to be over-expressed in prostate tumors and BPH tissues. Specifically, clone P715P was over-expressed in most prostate tumors and BPH tissues by a factor of three or greater, with elevated expression seen in the majority of normal prostate samples and in fetal tissue, but negative to low expression in all other normal tissues. Clone P767P was over-expressed in several prostate tumors and BPH tissues, with moderate expression levels in half of the normal prostate samples, and background to low expression in all other normal tissues tested.

Further analysis, by microarray as described above, of the PT-PN PCR subtraction library and of a DNA subtraction library containing cDNA from prostate tumor subtracted with a pool of normal tissue cDNAs, led to the isolation of 27 additional clones (SEQ ID NO: 340-365 and 381) which were determined to be over-expressed in prostate tumor. The clones of SEQ ID NO: 341, 342, 345, 347, 348, 349, 351, 355-359, 361, 362 and 364 were also found to be expressed in normal prostate. Expression of all 26 clones in a variety of normal tissues was found to be low or undetectable, with the exception of P544S (SEQ ID NO: 356) which was found to be expressed in small intestine. Of the 26 clones, 10 (SEQ ID NO: 340-349) were found to show some homology to previously identified sequences. No significant homologies were found to the clones of SEQ ID NO: 350-365.

EXAMPLE 6

PEPTIDE PRIMING OF MICE AND PROPAGATION OF CTL LINES

6.1. This Example illustrates the preparation of a CTL cell line specific for cells expressing the P502S gene.

Mice expressing the transgene for human HLA A2.1 (provided by Dr L. Sherman, The Scripps Research Institute, La Jolla, CA) were immunized with P2S#12 peptide (VLGWVAEL; SEQ ID NO: 306), which is derived from the P502S gene (also referred to herein as J1-17, SEQ ID NO: 8), as described by Theobald et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 92:11993-11997, 1995 with the following modifications. Mice were immunized with 100µg of P2S#12 and 120µg of an I-A^b binding peptide derived from hepatitis B Virus protein emulsified in incomplete Freund's adjuvant. Three weeks later these mice were sacrificed and using a nylon mesh single cell suspensions prepared. Cells were then resuspended at 6×10^6 cells/ml in complete media (RPMI-1640; Gibco BRL, Gaithersburg, MD) containing 10% FCS, 2mM Glutamine (Gibco BRL), sodium pyruvate (Gibco BRL), non-essential amino acids (Gibco BRL), 2×10^{-5} M 2-mercaptoethanol, 50U/ml penicillin and streptomycin, and cultured in the presence of irradiated (3000 rads) P2S#12-pulsed (5mg/ml P2S#12 and 10mg/ml β2-microglobulin) LPS blasts (A2 transgenic spleens cells cultured in the presence of 7µg/ml dextran sulfate and 25µg/ml LPS for 3 days). Six days later, cells (5×10^5 /ml) were restimulated with 2.5×10^6 /ml peptide pulsed irradiated (20,000 rads) EL4A2Kb cells (Sherman et al, *Science* 258:815-818, 1992) and 3×10^6 /ml A2 transgenic spleen feeder cells. Cells were cultured in the presence of 20U/ml IL-2. Cells continued to be restimulated on a weekly basis as described, in preparation for cloning the line.

P2S#12 line was cloned by limiting dilution analysis with peptide pulsed EL4 A2Kb tumor cells (1×10^4 cells/ well) as stimulators and A2 transgenic spleen cells as feeders (5×10^5 cells/ well) grown in the presence of 30U/ml IL-2. On day 14, cells were

restimulated as before. On day 21, clones that were growing were isolated and maintained in culture. Several of these clones demonstrated significantly higher reactivity (lysis) against human fibroblasts (HLA A2.1 expressing) transduced with P502S than against control fibroblasts. An example is presented in Figure 1.

This data indicates that P2S #12 represents a naturally processed epitope of the P502S protein that is expressed in the context of the human HLA A2.1 molecule.

6.2. This Example illustrates the preparation of murine CTL lines and CTL clones specific for cells expressing the P501S gene.

This series of experiments were performed similarly to that described above. Mice were immunized with the P1S#10 peptide (SEQ ID NO: 337), which is derived from the P501S gene (also referred to herein as L1-12, SEQ ID NO: 110). The P1S#10 peptide was derived by analysis of the predicted polypeptide sequence for P501S for potential HLA-A2 binding sequences as defined by published HLA-A2 binding motifs (Parker, KC, *et al*, *J. Immunol.*, 152:163, 1994). P1S#10 peptide was synthesized as described in Example 4, and empirically tested for HLA-A2 binding using a T cell based competition assay. Predicted A2 binding peptides were tested for their ability to compete HLA-A2 specific peptide presentation to an HLA-A2 restricted CTL clone (D150M58), which is specific for the HLA-A2 binding influenza matrix peptide fluM58. D150M58 CTL secretes TNF in response to self-presentation of peptide fluM58. In the competition assay, test peptides at 100-200 µg/ml were added to cultures of D150M58 CTL in order to bind HLA-A2 on the CTL. After thirty minutes, CTL cultured with test peptides, or control peptides, were tested for their antigen dose response to the fluM58 peptide in a standard TNF bioassay. As shown in Figure 3, peptide P1S#10 competes HLA-A2 restricted presentation of fluM58, demonstrating that peptide P1S#10 binds HLA-A2.

Mice expressing the transgene for human HLA A2.1 were immunized as described by Theobald et al. (*Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 92:11993-11997, 1995) with the following modifications. Mice were immunized with 62.5µg of P1S #10 and 120µg of an I-A^b binding peptide derived from Hepatitis B Virus protein emulsified in incomplete Freund's adjuvant. Three weeks later these mice were sacrificed and single cell suspensions prepared using a nylon mesh. Cells were then resuspended at 6×10^6 cells/ml in complete media (as described above) and cultured in the presence of irradiated (3000 rads) P1S#10-pulsed (2μ g/ml P1S#10 and 10mg/ml β 2-microglobulin) LPS blasts (A2 transgenic spleens cells cultured in the presence of 7µg/ml dextran sulfate and 25µg/ml LPS for 3 days). Six days later cells (5×10^5 /ml) were restimulated with 2.5×10^6 /ml peptide-pulsed irradiated (20,000 rads) EL4A2Kb cells, as described above, and 3×10^6 /ml A2 transgenic spleen feeder cells. Cells were cultured in the presence of 20 U/ml IL-2. Cells were restimulated on a weekly

basis in preparation for cloning. After three rounds of *in vitro* stimulations, one line was generated that recognized P1S#10-pulsed Jurkat A2Kb targets and P501S-transduced Jurkat targets as shown in Figure 4.

A P1S#10-specific CTL line was cloned by limiting dilution analysis with peptide pulsed EL4 A2Kb tumor cells (1×10^4 cells/ well) as stimulators and A2 transgenic spleen cells as feeders (5×10^5 cells/ well) grown in the presence of 30U/ml IL-2. On day 14, cells were restimulated as before. On day 21, viable clones were isolated and maintained in culture. As shown in Figure 5, five of these clones demonstrated specific cytolytic reactivity against P501S-transduced Jurkat A2Kb targets. This data indicates that P1S#10 represents a naturally processed epitope of the P501S protein that is expressed in the context of the human HLA-A2.1 molecule.

EXAMPLE 7

ABILITY OF HUMAN T CELLS TO RECOGNIZE PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES

This Example illustrates the ability of T cells specific for a prostate tumor polypeptide to recognize human tumor.

Human CD8⁺ T cells were primed *in vitro* to the P2S-12 peptide (SEQ ID NO: 306) derived from P502S (also referred to as J1-17) using dendritic cells according to the protocol of Van Tsai et al. (*Critical Reviews in Immunology* 18:65-75, 1998). The resulting CD8⁺ T cell microcultures were tested for their ability to recognize the P2S-12 peptide presented by autologous fibroblasts or fibroblasts which were transduced to express the P502S gene in a γ -interferon ELISPOT assay (see Lalvani et al., *J. Exp. Med.* 186:859-865, 1997). Briefly, titrating numbers of T cells were assayed in duplicate on 10^4 fibroblasts in the presence of 3 μ g/ml human β_2 -microglobulin and 1 μ g/ml P2S-12 peptide or control E75 peptide. In addition, T cells were simultaneously assayed on autologous fibroblasts transduced with the P502S gene or as a control, fibroblasts transduced with HER-2/*neu*. Prior to the assay, the fibroblasts were treated with 10 ng/ml γ -interferon for 48 hours to upregulate class I MHC expression. One of the microcultures (#5) demonstrated strong recognition of both peptide pulsed fibroblasts as well as transduced fibroblasts in a γ -interferon ELISPOT assay. Figure 2A demonstrates that there was a strong increase in the number of γ -interferon spots with increasing numbers of T cells on fibroblasts pulsed with the P2S-12 peptide (solid bars) but not with the control E75 peptide (open bars). This shows the ability of these T cells to specifically recognize the P2S-12 peptide. As shown in Figure 2B, this microculture also demonstrated an increase in the number of γ -interferon spots with increasing numbers of T

cells on fibroblasts transduced to express the P502S gene but not the HER-2/*neu* gene. These results provide additional confirmatory evidence that the P2S-12 peptide is a naturally processed epitope of the P502S protein. Furthermore, this also demonstrates that there exists in the human T cell repertoire, high affinity T cells which are capable of recognizing this epitope. These T cells should also be capable of recognizing human tumors which express the P502S gene.

EXAMPLE 8

PRIMING OF CTL *IN VIVO* USING NAKED DNA IMMUNIZATION WITH A PROSTATE ANTIGEN

The prostate tumor antigen L1-12, as described above, is also referred to as P501S. HLA A2Kb Tg mice (provided by Dr L. Sherman, The Scripps Research Institute, La Jolla, CA) were immunized with 100 µg VR10132-P501S either intramuscularly or intradermally. The mice were immunized three times, with a two week interval between immunizations. Two weeks after the last immunization, immune spleen cells were cultured with Jurkat A2Kb-P501S transduced stimulator cells. CTL lines were stimulated weekly. After two weeks of *in vitro* stimulation, CTL activity was assessed against P501S transduced targets. Two out of 8 mice developed strong anti-P501S CTL responses. These results demonstrate that P501S contains at least one naturally processed A2-restricted CTL epitope.

EXAMPLE 9

GENERATION OF HUMAN CTL *IN VITRO* USING WHOLE GENE PRIMING AND STIMULATION TECHNIQUES WITH PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGEN

Using *in vitro* whole-gene priming with P501S-retrovirally transduced autologous fibroblasts (see, for example, Yee et al, *The Journal of Immunology*, 157(9):4079-86, 1996), human CTL lines were derived that specifically recognize autologous fibroblasts transduced with P501S (also known as L1-12), as determined by interferon-γ ELISPOT analysis as described above. Using a panel of HLA-mismatched fibroblast lines transduced with P501S, these CTL lines were shown to be restricted HLA-A2 class I allele. Specifically, dendritic cells (DC) were differentiated from monocyte cultures derived from PBMC of normal human donors by growing for five days in RPMI medium containing 10% human serum, 50 ng/ml human GM-CSF and 30 ng/ml human IL-4. Following culture, DC were infected overnight with recombinant P501S vaccinia virus at a multiplicity of infection (M.O.I) of five, and matured overnight by the addition of 3 µg/ml CD40 ligand. Virus was inactivated by UV irradiation. CD8+ T cells were isolated using a magnetic bead system, and

priming cultures were initiated using standard culture techniques. Cultures were restimulated every 7-10 days using autologous primary fibroblasts retrovirally transduced with P501S. Following four stimulation cycles, CD8+ T cell lines were identified that specifically produced interferon- γ when stimulated with P501S-transduced autologous fibroblasts. The P501S-specific activity could be sustained by the continued stimulation of the cultures with P501S-transduced fibroblasts in the presence of IL-15. A panel of HLA-mismatched fibroblast lines transduced with P501S were generated to define the restriction allele of the response. By measuring interferon- γ in an ELISPOT assay, the P501S specific response was shown to be restricted by HLA-A2. These results demonstrate that a CD8+ CTL response to P501S can be elicited.

EXAMPLE 10

IDENTIFICATION OF A NATURALLY PROCESSED CTL EPITOPE CONTAINED WITHIN A PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGEN

The 9-mer peptide p5 (SEQ ID NO: 338) was derived from the P703P antigen (also referred to as P20). The p5 peptide is immunogenic in human HLA-A2 donors and is a naturally processed epitope. Antigen specific CD8+ T cells can be primed following repeated *in vitro* stimulations with monocytes pulsed with p5 peptide. These CTL specifically recognize p5-pulsed target cells in both ELISPOT (as described above) and chromium release assays. Additionally, immunization of HLA-A2 transgenic mice with p5 leads to the generation of CTL lines which recognize a variety of P703P transduced target cells expressing either HLA-A2Kb or HLA-A2. Specifically, HLA-A2 transgenic mice were immunized subcutaneously in the footpad with 100 μ g of p5 peptide together with 140 μ g of hepatitis B virus core peptide (a Th peptide) in Freund's incomplete adjuvant. Three weeks post immunization, spleen cells from immunized mice were stimulated *in vitro* with peptide-pulsed LPS blasts. CTL activity was assessed by chromium release assay five days after primary *in vitro* stimulation. Retrovirally transduced cells expressing the control antigen P703P and HLA-A2Kb were used as targets. CTL lines that specifically recognized both p5-pulsed targets as well as P703P-expressing targets were identified.

Human *in vitro* priming experiments demonstrated that the p5 peptide is immunogenic in humans. Dendritic cells (DC) were differentiated from monocyte cultures derived from PBMC of normal human donors by culturing for five days in RPMI medium containing 10% human serum, 50 ng/ml human GM-CSF and 30 ng/ml human IL-4. Following culture, the DC were pulsed with p5 peptide and cultured with GM-CSF and IL-4 together with CD8+ T cell enriched PBMC. CTL lines were restimulated on a weekly basis

with p5-pulsed monocytes. Five to six weeks after initiation of the CTL cultures, CTL recognition of p5-pulsed target cells was demonstrated.

EXAMPLE 11

EXPRESSION OF A BREAST TUMOR-DERIVED ANTIGEN IN PROSTATE

Isolation of the antigen B305D from breast tumor by differential display is described in US Patent Application No. 08/700,014, filed August 20, 1996. Several different splice forms of this antigen were isolated. The determined cDNA sequences for these splice forms are provided in SEQ ID NO: 366-375, with the predicted amino acid sequences corresponding to the sequences of SEQ ID NO: 292, 298 and 301-303 being provided in SEQ ID NO: 299-306, respectively.

The expression levels of B305D in a variety of tumor and normal tissues were examined by real time PCR and by Northern analysis. The results indicated that B305D is highly expressed in breast tumor, prostate tumor, normal prostate tumor and normal testes, with expression being low or undetectable in all other tissues examined (colon tumor, lung tumor, ovary tumor, and normal bone marrow, colon, kidney, liver, lung, ovary, skin, small intestine, stomach).

EXAMPLE 12

ELICITATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGEN-SPECIFIC CTL RESPONSES IN HUMAN BLOOD

This Example illustrates the ability of a prostate tumor antigen to elicit a CTL response in blood of normal humans.

Autologous dendritic cells (DC) were differentiated from monocyte cultures derived from PBMC of normal donors by growth for five days in RPMI medium containing 10% human serum, 50 ng/ml GMCSF and 30 ng/ml IL-4. Following culture, DC were infected overnight with recombinant P501S-expressing vaccinia virus at an M.O.I. of 5 and matured for 8 hours by the addition of 2 micrograms/ml CD40 ligand. Virus was inactivated by UV irradiation, CD8⁺ cells were isolated by positive selection using magnetic beads, and priming cultures were initiated in 24-well plates. Following five stimulation cycles, CD8⁺ lines were identified that specifically produced interferon-gamma when stimulated with autologous P501S-transduced fibroblasts. The P501S-specific activity of cell line 3A-1 could be maintained following additional stimulation cycles on autologous B-LCL transduced with P501S. Line 3A-1 was shown to specifically recognize autologous B-LCL transduced to

express P501S, but not EGFP-transduced autologous B-LCL, as measured by cytotoxicity assays (^{51}Cr release) and interferon-gamma production (Interferon-gamma Elispot; *see above* and Lalvani et al., *J. Exp. Med.* 186:859-865, 1997). The results of these assays are presented in Figures 6A and 6B.

EXAMPLE 13

IDENTIFICATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGENS BY MICROARRAY ANALYSIS

This Example describes the isolation of certain prostate tumor polypeptides from a prostate tumor cDNA library.

A human prostate tumor cDNA expression library as described above was screened using microarray analysis to identify clones that display at least a three fold over-expression in prostate tumor and/or normal prostate tissue, as compared to non-prostate normal tissues (not including testis). 372 clones were identified, and 319 were successfully sequenced. Table I presents a summary of these clones, which are shown in SEQ ID NOs:385-400. Of these sequences SEQ ID NOs:386, 389, 390 and 392 correspond to novel genes, and SEQ ID NOs: 393 and 396 correspond to previously identified sequences. The others (SEQ ID NOs:385, 387, 388, 391, 394, 395 and 397-400) correspond to known sequences, as shown in Table I.

Table I
Summary of Prostate Tumor Antigens

Known Genes	Previously identified Genes	Novel Genes
T-cell gamma chain	P504S	23379 (SEQ ID NO:389)
Kallikrein	P1000C	23399 (SEQ ID NO:392)
Vector	P501S	23320 (SEQ ID NO:386)
CGI-82 protein mRNA (23319; SEQ ID NO:385)	P503S	23381 (SEQ ID NO:390)
PSA	P510S	
Ald. 6 Dehyd.	P784P	
L-idoitol-2 dehydrogenase (23376; SEQ ID NO:388)	P502S	
Ets transcription factor PDEF (22672; SEQ ID NO:398)	P706P	
hTGR (22678; SEQ ID NO:399)	19142.2, bangur.seq (22621; SEQ ID NO:396)	
KIAA0295(22685; SEQ ID NO:400)	5566.1 Wang(23404; SEQ ID NO:393)	
Prostatic Acid Phosphatase(22655; SEQ ID NO:397)	P712P	

transglutaminase (22611; SEQ ID NO:395)	P778P	
HDLBP (23508; SEQ ID NO:394)		
CGI-69 Protein(23367; SEQ ID NO:387)		
KIAA0122(23383; SEQ ID NO:391)		
TEEG		

CGI-82 showed 4.06 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 43% of prostate tumors, 25% normal prostate, not detected in other normal tissues tested. L-iditol-2 dehydrogenase showed 4.94 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 90% of prostate tumors, 100% of normal prostate, and not detected in other normal tissues tested. Ets transcription factor PDEF showed 5.55 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 47% prostate tumors, 25% normal prostate and not detected in other normal tissues tested. hTGR1 showed 9.11 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 63% of prostate tumors and is not detected in normal tissues tested including normal prostate. KIAA0295 showed 5.59 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 47% of prostate tumors, low to undetectable in normal tissues tested including normal prostate tissues. Prostatic acid phosphatase showed 9.14 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 67% of prostate tumors, 50% of normal prostate, and not detected in other normal tissues tested. Transglutaminase showed 14.84 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 30% of prostate tumors, 50% of normal prostate, and is not detected in other normal tissues tested. High density lipoprotein binding protein (HDLBP) showed 28.06 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 97% of prostate tumors, 75% of normal prostate, and is undetectable in all other normal tissues tested. CGI-69 showed 3.56 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It is a low abundant gene, detected in more than 90% of prostate tumors, and in 75% normal prostate tissues. The expression of this gene in normal tissues was very low. KIAA0122 showed 4.24 fold over-expression in prostate

tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 57% of prostate tumors, it was undetectable in all normal tissues tested including normal prostate tissues. 19142.2 bangur showed 23.25 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 97% of prostate tumors and 100% of normal prostate. It was undetectable in other normal tissues tested. 5566.1 Wang showed 3.31 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 97% of prostate tumors, 75% normal prostate and was also over-expressed in normal bone marrow, pancreas, and activated PBMC. Novel clone 23379 showed 4.86 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was detectable in 97% of prostate tumors and 75% normal prostate and is undetectable in all other normal tissues tested. Novel clone 23399 showed 4.09 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 27% of prostate tumors and was undetectable in all normal tissues tested including normal prostate tissues. Novel clone 23320 showed 3.15 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was detectable in all prostate tumors and 50% of normal prostate tissues. It was also expressed in normal colon and trachea. Other normal tissues do not express this gene at high level.

EXAMPLE 14

IDENTIFICATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGENS BY ELECTRONIC SUBTRACTION

This Example describes the use of an electronic subtraction technique to identify prostate tumor antigens.

Potential prostate-specific genes present in the GenBank human EST database were identified by electronic subtraction (similar to that described by Vasmatizis et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 95:300-304, 1998). The sequences of EST clones (43,482) derived from various prostate libraries were obtained from the GenBank public human EST database. Each prostate EST sequence was used as a query sequence in a BLASTN (National Center for Biotechnology Information) search against the human EST database. All matches considered identical (length of matching sequence >100 base pairs, density of identical matches over this region > 70%) were grouped (aligned) together in a cluster. Clusters containing more than 200 ESTs were discarded since they probably represented repetitive elements or highly expressed genes such as those for ribosomal proteins. If two or more clusters shared common ESTs, those clusters were grouped together into a "supercluster," resulting in 4,345 prostate superclusters.

Records for the 479 human cDNA libraries represented in the GenBank release were downloaded to create a database of these cDNA library records. These 479 cDNA libraries were grouped into three groups, Plus (normal prostate and prostate tumor libraries, and breast cell lines, in which expression was desired), Minus (libraries from other normal adult tissues, in which expression was not desirable), and Other (fetal tissue, infant tissue, tissues found only in women, non-prostate tumors and cell lines other than prostate cell lines, in which expression was considered to be irrelevant). A summary of these library groups is presented in Table II.

Table II
Prostate cDNA Libraries and ESTs

Library	# of Libraries	# of ESTs
Plus	25	43,482
Normal	11	18,875
Tumor	11	21,769
Cell lines	3	2,838
Minus	166	
Other	287	

Each supercluster was analyzed in terms of the ESTs within the supercluster. The tissue source of each EST clone was noted and used to classify the superclusters into four groups: Type 1- EST clones found in the Plus group libraries only; no expression detected in Minus or Other group libraries; Type 2- EST clones found in the Plus and Other group libraries only; no expression detected in the Minus group; Type 3- EST clones found in the Plus, Minus and Other group libraries, but the expression in the Plus group is higher than in either the Minus or Other groups; and Type 4- EST clones found in Plus, Minus and Other group libraries, but the expression in the Plus group is higher than the expression in the Minus group. This analysis identified 4,345 breast clusters (*see* Table III). From these clusters, 3,172 EST clones were ordered from Research Genetics, Inc., and were received as frozen glycerol stocks in 96-well plates.

Table III
Prostate Cluster Summary

Type	# of Superclusters	# of ESTs Ordered
1	688	677
2	2899	2484
3	85	11
4	673	0
Total	4345	3172

The inserts were PCR-amplified using amino-linked PCR primers for Synteni microarray analysis. When more than one PCR product was obtained for a particular clone, that PCR product was not used for expression analysis. In total, 2,528 clones from the electronic subtraction method were analyzed by microarray analysis to identify electronic subtraction breast clones that had high tumor vs. normal tissue mRNA. Such screens were performed using a Synteni (Palo Alto, CA) microarray, according to the manufacturer's instructions (and essentially as described by Schena et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 93:10614-10619, 1996 and Heller et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 94:2150-2155, 1997). Within these analyses, the clones were arrayed on the chip, which was then probed with fluorescent probes generated from normal and tumor prostate cDNA, as well as various other normal tissues. The slides were scanned and the fluorescence intensity was measured.

Clones with an expression ratio greater than 3 (*i.e.*, the level in prostate tumor cDNA was at least three times the level in normal prostate cDNA) were identified as prostate tumor-specific sequences (Table IV). The sequences of these clones are provided in SEQ ID NOs:401-453, with certain novel sequences shown in SEQ ID NOs:407, 413, 416-419, 422, 426, 427 and 450.

Table IV
Prostate-tumor Specific Clones

SEQ ID NO.	Sequence Designation	Comments
401	22545	previously identified P1000C
402	22547	previously identified P704P

403	22548	known
404	22550	known
405	22551	PSA
406	22552	prostate secretory protein 94
407	22553	novel
408	22558	previously identified P509S
409	22562	glandular kallikrein
410	22565	previously identified P1000C
411	22567	PAP
412	22568	B1006C (breast tumor antigen)
413	22570	novel
414	22571	PSA
415	22572	previously identified P706P
416	22573	novel
417	22574	novel
418	22575	novel
419	22580	novel
420	22581	PAP
421	22582	prostatic secretory protein 94
422	22583	novel
423	22584	prostatic secretory protein 94
424	22585	prostatic secretory protein 94
425	22586	known
426	22587	novel
427	22588	novel
428	22589	PAP
429	22590	known
430	22591	PSA
431	22592	known
432	22593	Previously identified P777P
433	22594	T cell receptor gamma chain
434	22595	Previously identified P705P
435	22596	Previously identified P707P
436	22847	PAP
437	22848	known
438	22849	prostatic secretory protein 57

439	22851	PAP
440	22852	PAP
441	22853	PAP
442	22854	previously identified P509S
443	22855	previously identified P705P
444	22856	previously identified P774P
445	22857	PSA
446	23601	previously identified P777P
447	23602	PSA
448	23605	PSA
449	23606	PSA
450	23612	novel
451	23614	PSA
452	23618	previously identified P1000C
453	23622	previously identified P705P

EXAMPLE 15

FURTHER IDENTIFICATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGENS BY MICROARRAY ANALYSIS

This Example describes the isolation of additional prostate tumor polypeptides from a prostate tumor cDNA library.

A human prostate tumor cDNA expression library as described above was screened using microarray analysis to identify clones that display at least a three fold over-expression in prostate tumor and/or normal prostate tissue, as compared to non-prostate normal tissues (not including testis). 142 clones were identified and sequenced. Certain of these clones are shown in SEQ ID NOs:454-467. Of these sequences SEQ ID NOs:459-461 correspond to novel genes. The others (SEQ ID NOs:454-458 and 461-467) correspond to known sequences.

EXAMPLE 16

FURTHER CHARACTERIZATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGEN P710P

This Example describes the full length cloning of P710P.

The prostate cDNA library described above was screened with the P710P fragment described above. One million colonies were plated on LB/Ampicillin plates. Nylon membrane filters were used to lift these colonies, and the cDNAs picked up by these filters were then denatured and cross-linked to the filters by UV light. The P710P fragment was radiolabeled and used to hybridize with the filters. Positive cDNA clones were selected and their cDNAs recovered and sequenced by an automatic ABI Sequencer. Four sequences were obtained, and are presented in SEQ ID NOs:468-471.

From the foregoing, it will be appreciated that, although specific embodiments of the invention have been described herein for the purposes of illustration, various modifications may be made without deviating from the spirit and scope of the invention. Accordingly, the present invention is not limited except as by the appended claims.

CLAIMS

1. An isolated polypeptide comprising at least an immunogenic portion of a prostate tumor protein, or a variant thereof, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:

(a) sequences recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472;

(b) sequences that hybridize to any of the foregoing sequences under moderately stringent conditions; and

(c) complements of any of the sequence of (a) or (b).

2. An isolated polypeptide according to claim 1, wherein the polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472, or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotide sequences.

3. An isolated polypeptide comprising a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 108, 112, 113, 114, 172, 176, 178, 327, 329, 331, 339 and 383.

4. An isolated polynucleotide encoding at least 15 amino acid residues of a prostate tumor protein, or a variant thereof that differs in one or more substitutions, deletions, additions and/or insertions such that the ability of the variant to react with antigen-specific antisera is not substantially diminished, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434,

435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472, or a complement of any of the foregoing sequences.

5. An isolated polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein, or a variant thereof, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472, or a complement of any of the foregoing sequences.

6. An isolated polynucleotide comprising a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472.

7. An isolated polynucleotide comprising a sequence that hybridizes, under moderately stringent conditions, to a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472.

8. An isolated polynucleotide complementary to a polynucleotide according to any one of claims 4-7.

9. An expression vector comprising a polynucleotide according to any one of claims 4-7.

10. A host cell transformed or transfected with an expression vector according to claim 9.

11. An expression vector comprising a polynucleotide according claim 8.

12. A host cell transformed or transfected with an expression vector according to claim 11.
13. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a polypeptide according to claim 1, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier.
14. A vaccine comprising a polypeptide according to claim 1, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.
15. A vaccine according to claim 14, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.
16. A vaccine according to claim 14, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer induces a predominantly Type I response.
17. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a polynucleotide according to claim 4, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier.
18. A vaccine comprising a polynucleotide according to claim 4, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.
19. A vaccine according to claim 18, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.
20. A vaccine according to claim 18, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer induces a predominantly Type I response.
21. An isolated antibody, or antigen-binding fragment thereof, that specifically binds to a prostate tumor protein that comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472 or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotide sequences.

22. A pharmaceutical composition comprising an antibody or fragment thereof according to claim 18, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier.

23. A pharmaceutical composition comprising an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide according to claim 1, in combination with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient.

24. A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 23, wherein the antigen presenting cell is a dendritic cell or a macrophage.

25. A vaccine comprising an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide according to claim 1, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.

26. A vaccine according to claim 25, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.

27. A vaccine according to claim 25, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer induces a predominantly Type I response.

28. A vaccine according to claim 25, wherein the antigen-presenting cell is a dendritic cell.

29. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a polypeptide according to claim 1, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

30. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a polynucleotide according to claim 4, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

31. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of an antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof according to claim 21, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

32. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide according to claim 1, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.
33. A method according to claim 32, wherein the antigen-presenting cell is a dendritic cell.
34. A method according to any one of claims 29-32, wherein the cancer is prostate cancer.
35. A fusion protein comprising at least one polypeptide according to claim 1.
36. A fusion protein according to claim 35, wherein the fusion protein comprises an expression enhancer that increases expression of the fusion protein in a host cell transfected with a polynucleotide encoding the fusion protein.
37. A fusion protein according to claim 35, wherein the fusion protein comprises a T helper epitope that is not present within the polypeptide of claim 1.
38. A fusion protein according to claim 35, wherein the fusion protein comprises an affinity tag.
39. An isolated polynucleotide encoding a fusion protein according to claim 35.
40. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a fusion protein according to claim 32, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier.
41. A vaccine comprising a fusion protein according to claim 35, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.
42. A vaccine according to claim 41, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.

43. A vaccine according to claim 41, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer induces a predominantly Type I response.

44. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a polynucleotide according to claim 40, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier.

45. A vaccine comprising a polynucleotide according to claim 40, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.

46. A vaccine according to claim 45, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.

47. A vaccine according to claim 45, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer induces a predominantly Type I response.

48. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a pharmaceutical composition according to claim 40 or claim 44.

49. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a vaccine according to claim 41 or claim 45.

50. A method for removing tumor cells from a biological sample, comprising contacting a biological sample with T cells that specifically react with a prostate tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:

(i) polynucleotides recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472; and

(ii) complements of the foregoing polynucleotides;

wherein the step of contacting is performed under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the removal of cells expressing the prostate tumor protein from the sample.

51. A method according to claim 50, wherein the biological sample is blood or a fraction thereof.

52. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient a biological sample treated according to the method of claim 50.

53. A method for stimulating and/or expanding T cells specific for a prostate tumor protein, comprising contacting T cells with one or more of:

- (i) a polypeptide according to claim 1;
 - (ii) a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence provided in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472;
 - (iii) a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide of (i) or (ii); and/or
 - (iv) an antigen presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide of (i) or (ii);
- under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the stimulation and/or expansion of T cells.

54. An isolated T cell population, comprising T cells prepared according to the method of claim 53.

55. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a T cell population according to claim 54.

56. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

- (a) incubating CD4⁺ and/or CD8⁺ T cells isolated from a patient with at least one component selected from the group consisting of:
 - (i) a polypeptide according to claim 1;
 - (ii) a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence of any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472;
 - (iii) a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide of (i) or (ii); or
 - (iv) an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide of (i) or (ii);

such that T cells proliferate; and

- (b) administering to the patient an effective amount of the proliferated T cells, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

57. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

(a) incubating CD4⁺ and/or CD8⁺ T cells isolated from a patient with at least one component selected from the group consisting of:

- (i) a polypeptide according to claim 1;
- (ii) a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence of any one of SEQ ID NOs: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472;
- (iii) a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide of (i) or (ii); or
- (iv) an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide of (i) or (ii);

such that T cells proliferate;

- (b) cloning at least one proliferated cell; and
- (c) administering to the patient an effective amount of the cloned T cells, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

58. A method for determining the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

(a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with a binding agent that binds to a prostate tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:

(i) polynucleotides recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472; and

(ii) complements of the foregoing polynucleotides;

(b) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent; and

(c) comparing the amount of polypeptide to a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining the presence or absence of a cancer in the patient.

59. A method according to claim 58, wherein the binding agent is an antibody.

60. A method according to claim 59, wherein the antibody is a monoclonal antibody.

61. A method according to claim 58, wherein the cancer is prostate cancer.
62. A method for monitoring the progression of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:
- (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient at a first point in time with a binding agent that binds to a prostate tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472, or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotides;
 - (b) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent;
 - (c) repeating steps (a) and (b) using a biological sample obtained from the patient at a subsequent point in time; and
 - (d) comparing the amount of polypeptide detected in step (c) to the amount detected in step (b) and therefrom monitoring the progression of the cancer in the patient.
63. A method according to claim 62, wherein the binding agent is an antibody.
64. A method according to claim 63, wherein the antibody is a monoclonal antibody.
65. A method according to claim 62, wherein the cancer is a prostate cancer.
66. A method for determining the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:
- (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472, or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotides;
 - (b) detecting in the sample an amount of a polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide; and

(c) comparing the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide to a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining the presence or absence of a cancer in the patient.

67. A method according to claim 66, wherein the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a polymerase chain reaction.

68. A method according to claim 66, wherein the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a hybridization assay.

69. A method for monitoring the progression of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

(a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472, or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotides;

(b) detecting in the sample an amount of a polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide;

(c) repeating steps (a) and (b) using a biological sample obtained from the patient at a subsequent point in time; and

(d) comparing the amount of polynucleotide detected in step (c) to the amount detected in step (b) and therefrom monitoring the progression of the cancer in the patient.

70. A method according to claim 69, wherein the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a polymerase chain reaction.

71. A method according to claim 69, wherein the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a hybridization assay.

72. A diagnostic kit, comprising:

- (a) one or more antibodies according to claim 21; and
- (b) a detection reagent comprising a reporter group.

73. A kit according to claim 72, wherein the antibodies are immobilized on a solid support.

74. A kit according to claim 73, wherein the solid support comprises nitrocellulose, latex or a plastic material.

75. A kit according to claim 72, wherein the detection reagent comprises an anti-immunoglobulin, protein G, protein A or lectin.

76. A kit according to claim 72, wherein the reporter group is selected from the group consisting of radioisotopes, fluorescent groups, luminescent groups, enzymes, biotin and dye particles.

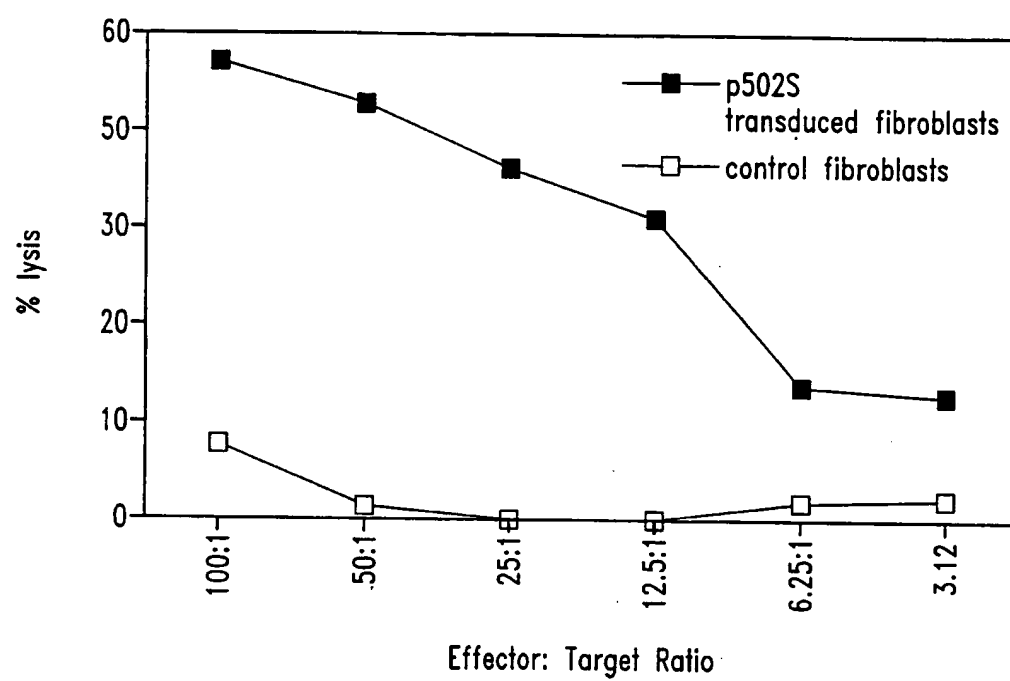
77. An oligonucleotide comprising 10 to 40 nucleotides that hybridize under moderately stringent conditions to a polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472, or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotides.

78. A oligonucleotide according to claim 77, wherein the oligonucleotide comprises 10-40 nucleotides recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472.

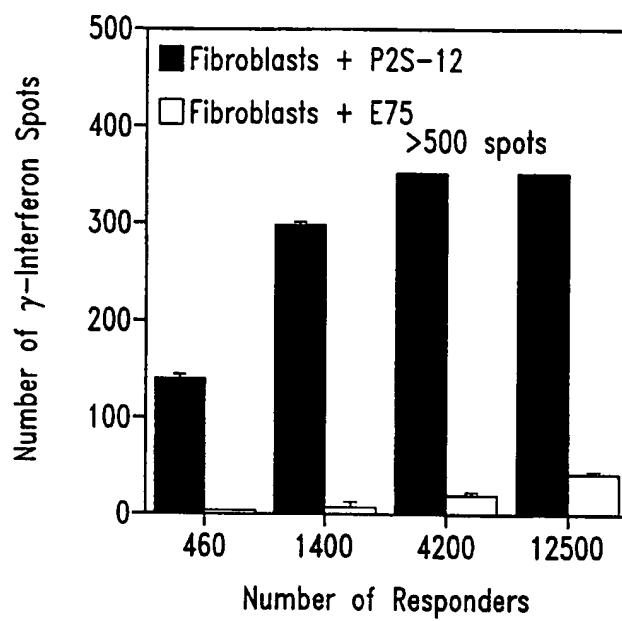
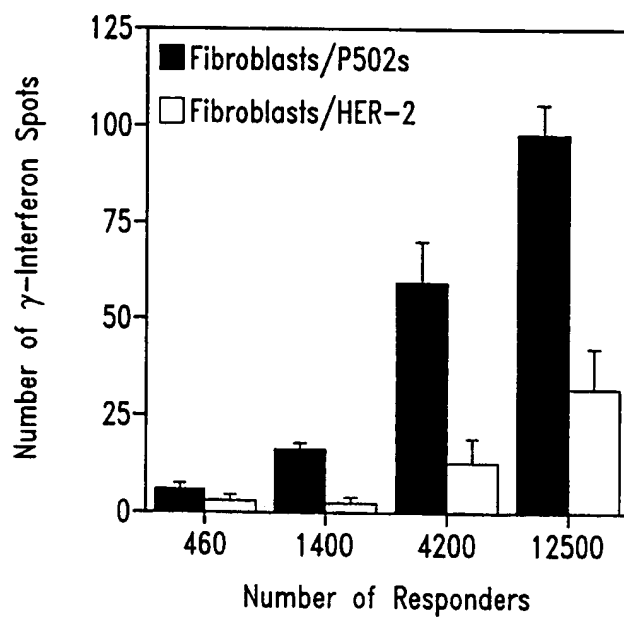
79. A diagnostic kit, comprising:

- (a) an oligonucleotide according to claim 77; and
- (b) a diagnostic reagent for use in a polymerase chain reaction or hybridization assay.

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*Fig. 1*

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*Fig. 2A**Fig. 2B*

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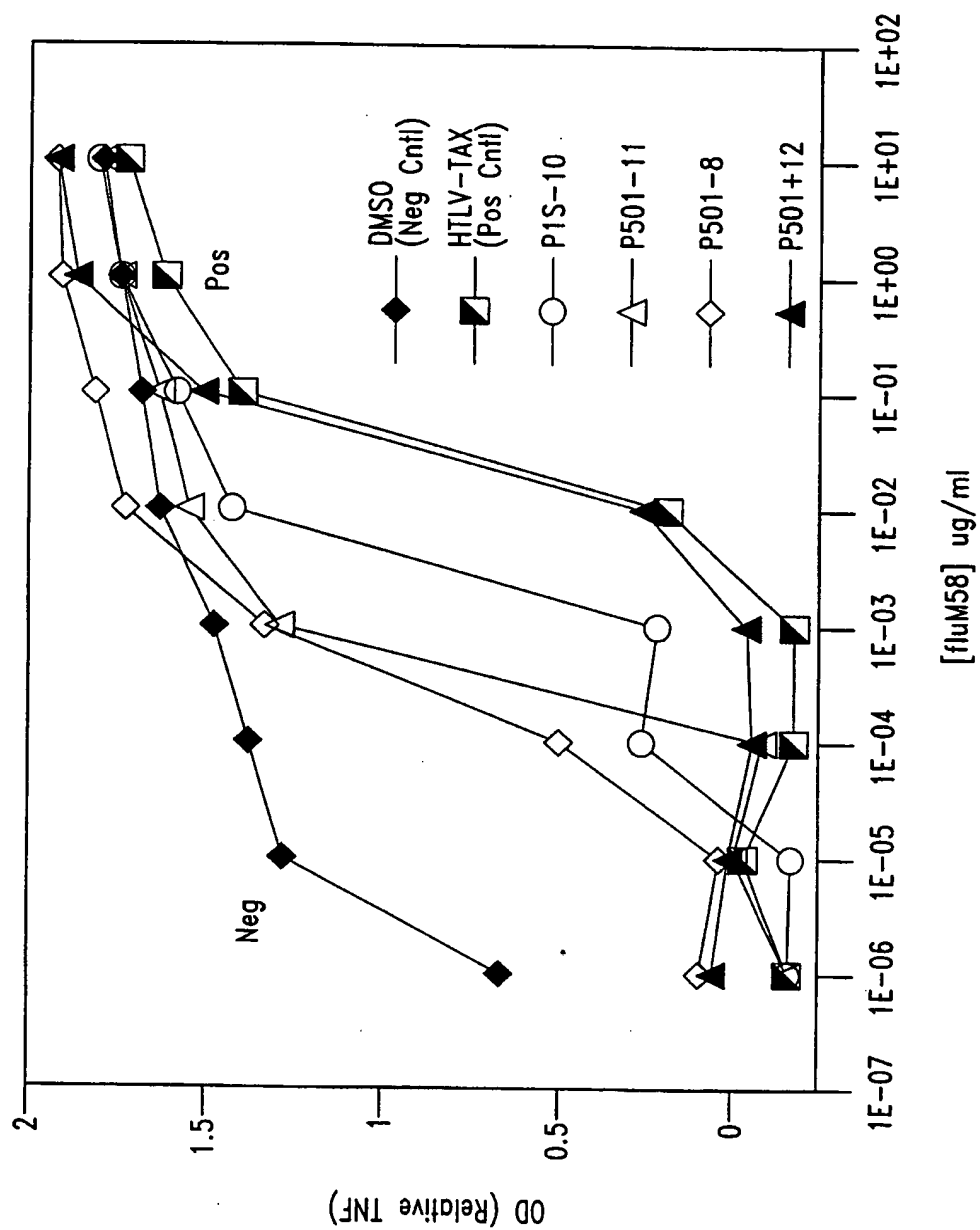
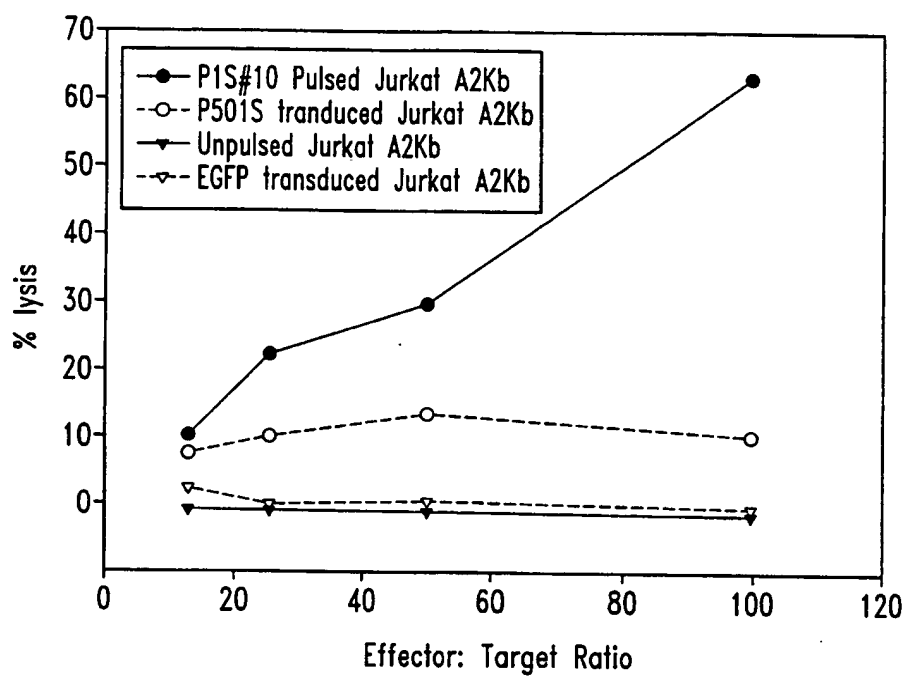
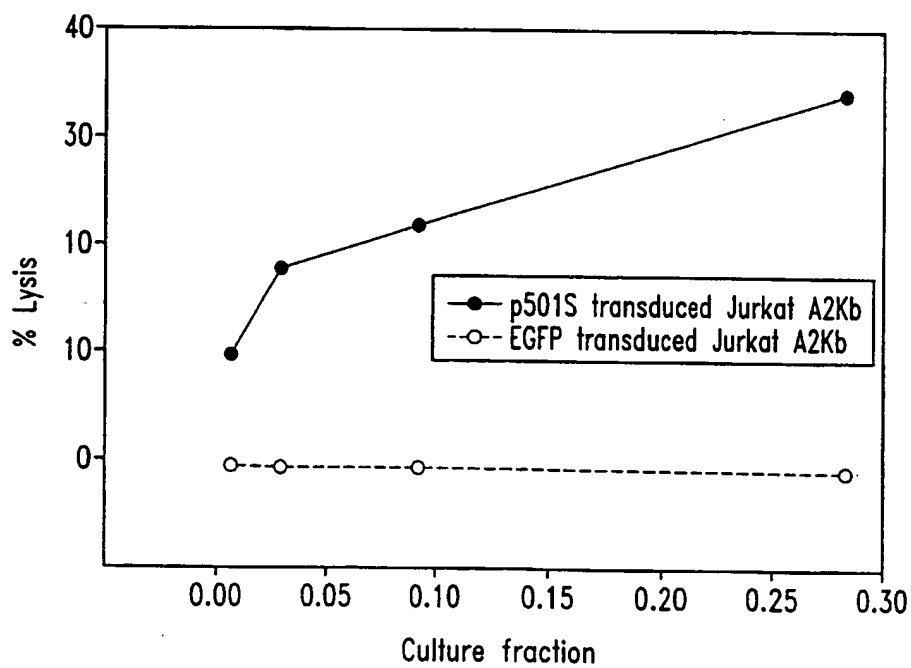
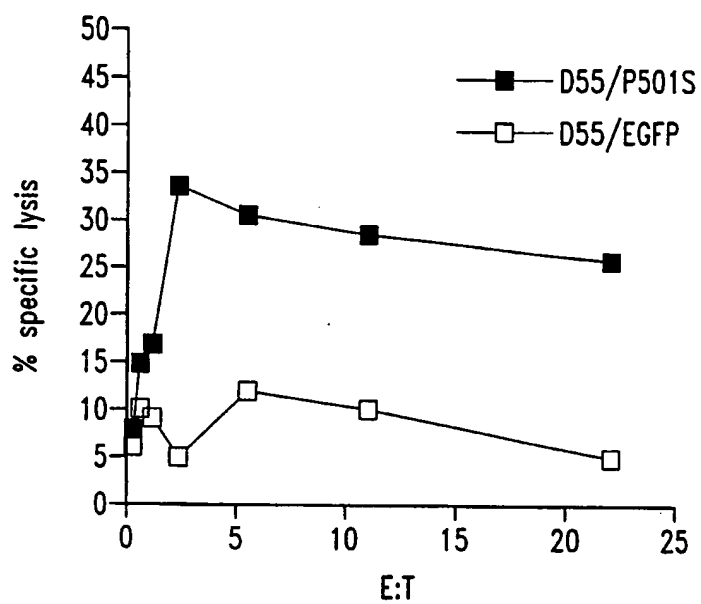
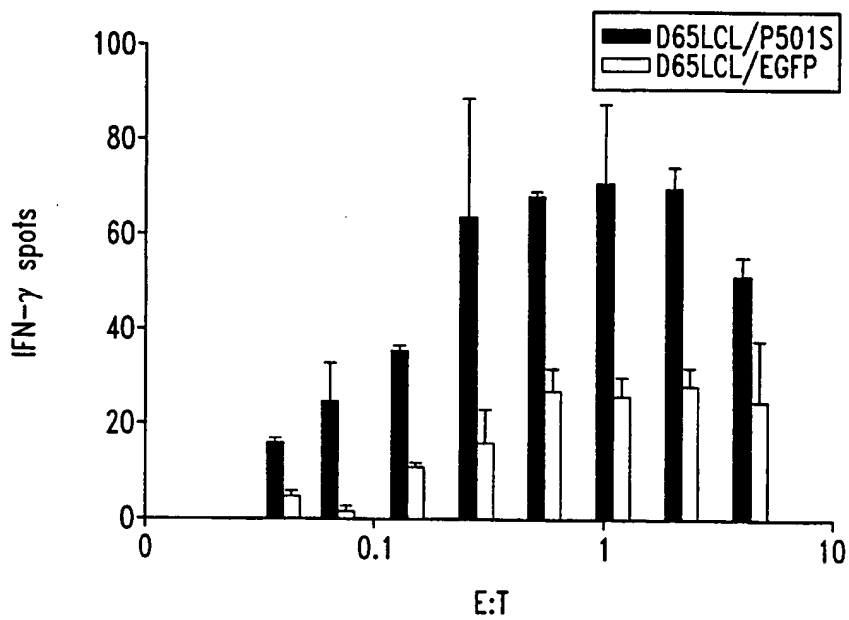


Fig. 3

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*Fig. 4**Fig. 5*

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*Fig. 6**Fig. 7*

SEQUENCE LISTING

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tccatgctca tctgattggg aagttcatca gacttttagt canntccttt gatcagcagc      300
tcgtagaact ggggttctat tgctccaaca gccatgaatt ccccatctgc tgcctgttaa      360
gtcgtataga aagggtgctc accatccaac atgttctgtc ctgcaggggg ggcccgggtac      420
ccaattcgcc ctatantgag tcgtattacg cgcgctcact ggccgtcgtt ttacaacgtc      480
gtgactggga aaaccctggg cgttaccaac ttaatcgctt tgcagcacat ccccttttcg      540
ccagctgggc gtaatanaga aaaggcccg cccgatcgcc cttccaacag ttgcgcacct      600
gaatgggnaa atgggacccc cctgttaccg cgcattnaac ccccgngggg tttngttgtt      660
acccccacnt nnaccgctta cactttgcca gcgccttanc gcccgctccc tttcnccttt      720
cttcccttcc tttcncncn ctttcccccg ggggttcccc cntcaaacc cna                                     773

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<210> 4

<211> 828

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(828)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 4

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cctcctgagt cctactgacc tgtgctttct ggtgtggagt ccagggtgc taggaaaagg      60
aatgggcaga cacaggtgta tgccaatgtt tctgaaatgg gtataatttc gtcctctcct      120
tcggaacact ggctgtctct gaagacttct cgctcagttt cagtgaggac acacacaaag      180
acgtgggtga ccatgttgtt tgtgggtgac agagatggga ggggtggggc ccaccctgga      240
agagtggaca gtgacacaag gtggacactc tctacagatc actgaggata agctggagcc      300
acaatgcatg aggcacacac acagcaagga tgacnctgta aacatagccc acgctgtcct      360

```

gnngggcactg	ggaagcctan	atnaggccgt	gagcanaaaag	aaggggagga	tccactagtt	420
ctanagcggc	cgccaccgcg	gtgganctcc	ancttttggt	cccttttagtg	aggggttaatt	480
gcgcgcttgg	cntaatcatg	gtcatanctn	tttctgtgt	gaaattgtta	tccgctcaca	540
attccacaca	acatacganc	cggaacata	aantgtaaac	ctgggggtgcc	taatgantga	600
ctaactcaca	ttaattgcgt	tgcgctcact	gcccgtttc	caatcnggaa	acctgtcttg	660
ccncttgc	tnatgaatcn	gccaaacccc	ggggaaaagc	gtttgcgttt	tgggcgctct	720
tccgcttcct	cnctcantta	ntccctncnc	tcggtcattc	cggctgcngc	aaaccgggtc	780
accnctcca	aagggggtat	tccggtttcc	ccnaatccgg	gganancc		828

<210> 5

<211> 834

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(834)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 5

tttttttttt	tttttactga	tagatggaat	ttattaagct	tttcacatgt	gatagcacat	60
agttttaatt	gcatccaaag	tactaacaaa	aactctagca	atcaagaatg	gcagcatggt	120
attttataac	aatcaacacc	tgtggctttt	aaaatttggt	tttcataaga	taattttatac	180
tgaagtaa	ctagccatgc	ttttaaaaaa	tgcttttaggt	cactccaagc	ttggcagtta	240
acatttgga	taaacaataa	taaaacaatc	acaattta	aaataacaaa	tacaacattg	300
tagggcataa	tcatatacag	tataaggaaa	aggtggtagt	gttgagtaag	cagttatttag	360
aatagaatac	cttggcctct	atgcaaata	gtctagacac	tttgattcac	tcagccctga	420
cattcagttt	tcaaagtagg	agacagggtc	tacagtatca	ttttacagtt	tccaacacat	480
tgaaaacaag	tagaaaatga	tgagttgatt	tttattaatg	cattacatcc	tcaagagtta	540
tcaccaaccc	ctcagttata	aaaaattttc	aagttatatt	agtcataata	cttgggtgtgc	600
ttatttttaa	ttagtgtctaa	atggattaag	tgaagacaac	aatgggtccc	taatgtgatt	660
gatattggtc	atttttacca	gcttctaaat	ctnaactttc	aggcttttga	actggaacat	720
tgnatnacag	tgttccanag	ttncaaccta	ctggaacatt	acagtgtgct	tgattcaaaa	780
tgttattttg	ttaaaaatta	aatttttaacc	tggtggaaaa	ataatttgaa	atna	834

<210> 6

<211> 818

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(818)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 6

tttttttttt	tttttttttt	aagaccctca	tcaatagatg	gagacataca	gaaatagtca	60
aaccacatct	acaaaatgcc	agtatcaggc	ggcggtctcg	aagccaaagt	gatgtttgga	120
tgtaaaagtga	aatattagtt	ggcggatgaa	gcagatagtg	aggaaagttg	agccaataat	180
gacgtgaagt	ccgtggaagc	ctgtggctac	aaaaaatggt	gagccgtaga	tgccgtcgga	240
aatgggtgaag	ggagactcga	agtactctga	ggcttgtagg	agggtaaaa	agagaccag	300
taaaattgta	ataagcagtg	cttgaattat	ttggtttcgg	ttgttttcta	ttagactatg	360
gtgagctcag	gtgattgata	ctcctgatgc	gagtaatacg	gatgtgttta	ggagtgggac	420
ttctagggga	tttagcgggg	tgatgcctgt	tggggggccag	tgccctccta	gttgggggggt	480
aggggctagg	ctggagtggg	aaaaggctca	gaaaaatcct	gcgaagaaaa	aaacttctga	540

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ggtaataaat aggattatcc cgtatcgaag gccttttttg acaggtgggtg tgtggtggcc 600
ttggtatgtg ctttctcgtg ttacatcgcg ccatcattgg tatatgggta gtgtgttggg 660
ttantanggc ctantatgaa gaacttttgg antggaatta aatcaatngc ttggccggaa 720
gtcattanga nggctnaaaa ggccctgtta ngggtctggg ctnggtttta cccnaccat 780
ggaatncncc ccccggaacna ntgnatccct attcttaa 818

```

<210> 7

<211> 817

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(817)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 7

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tttttttttt tttttttttt tggtctctaga gggggtagag ggggtgctat agggtaaata 60
cgggccctat ttcaaagatt tttaggggaa ttaattctag gacgatgggt atgaaactgt 120
ggtttgctcc acagatttca gagcattgac cgtagtatac ccccggtcgt gtagcgggta 180
aagtggtttg gtttagacgt ccgggaattg catctgtttt taagccta atgtggggacag 240
ctcatgagtg caagacgtct tgtgatgtaa ttattatacn aatgggggct tcaatcggga 300
gtactactcg attgtcaacg tcaaggagtc gcaggtcgcc tgggtctagg aataatgggg 360
gaagtatgta ggaattgaag attaatccgc cgtagtcggt gttctcctag gttcaatacc 420
attggtggcc aattgatttg atggtaaggg gagggatcgt tgaactcgtc tgttatgtaa 480
aggatncctt ngggatggga aggcnatnaa ggactangga tnaatggcgg gcangattt 540
tcaaacngtc tctanttcct gaaacgtctg aaatgttaat aanaattaan tttngttatt 600
gaatnttnng gaaaagggtc tacaggacta gaaaccaa atngaaaanta atnntaangg 660
cnttatcntn aaaggtmata accnctccta tnatccacc caatngnatt cccacncnn 720
acnattggat nccccanttc canaaanggc cccccccgg tgnannccnc cttttgttcc 780
cttnantgan ggttattcnc cctngcntt atcanc 817

```

<210> 8

<211> 799

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(799)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 8

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catttcggg tttactttct aaggaaagcc gagcgggaagc tgctaactgt ggaatcgggtg 60
cataaggaga actttctgct ggcacgcgct agggacaagc gggagagcga ctccgagcgt 120
ctgaagcgca cgtcccagaa ggtggacttg gcaactgaaac agctgggaca catccgagag 180
tacgaacagc gcctgaaagt gctggagcgg gaggtccagc agtgtagccg cgtcctgggg 240
tggtggccg angcctganc cgctctgcct tgctgcccc angtgggccg ccacccctg 300
acctgctgg gtccaaacac tgagccctgc tggcggactt caagganaac cccacangg 360
ggattttgct cctanantaa ggctcatctg ggccctcgcc cccccacctg gttggccttg 420
tctttgagtg gagcccatg tccatctggg ccaactgtcng gaccacctt ngggagtgtt 480
ctccttacia ccacannatg cccggctcct cccggaaacc antccancc tnggaaggat 540
caagnccnnt atccactnnt nctanaaccg gccnccncc cngtggaacc nccttntgt 600
tccttttcnt tnagggttaa tnnccgcttg gccttnccan ngctcctnnc nttttccnnt 660
gttnaaattg ttangcnccc nccnntcccn cnnennnnan cccgaccnnc annttnnann 720

```

ncctgggggt nccnnngat tgaccnnc nccctntant tgcnttnggg ncnntgccc 780
ctttccctct nggganncg 799

<210> 9

<211> 801

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(801)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 9

acgccttgat	cctcccaggc	tgggactggt	tctgggagga	gccgggcatg	ctgtgggttg	60
taangatgac	actcccaaag	gtggtcctga	cagtggccca	gatggacatg	gggctcacct	120
caaggacaag	gccaccagg	gcgggggccc	aagcccat	gacccctact	ctatgagcaa	180
aatccctgt	gggggcttct	ccttgaagtc	cgccancagg	gctcagtctt	tggaccang	240
caggatcatg	ggttgtngnc	caactggggg	ccncaacgca	aaanggcna	gggcctcngn	300
cacccatccc	angacgcggc	tacactnctg	gacctccnc	tccaccactt	tcatgcgctg	360
ttcntaccg	cgnatntgtc	ccanctgttt	cngtgccnac	tccancttct	nggacgtgcg	420
ctacatacgc	ccggantcnc	nctcccgtt	tgctccatc	cacgtncan	caacaaattt	480
cncntantg	caccnatcc	cacntttnc	agntttccnc	nncgngcttc	cttntaaaag	540
ggttganc	cggaaaatnc	cccaaagg	gggggccngg	tacccaactn	ccccctnata	600
gctgaantcc	ccatnaccnn	gnctcnatgg	ancntccnt	tttaannacn	ttctnaactt	660
gggaananc	ctcgnccntn	ccccnttaa	tccnccttg	cnangnncnt	ccccnntcc	720
nccnnntng	gcntntnann	cnaaaaaggc	ccnnnancaa	tctcctnnn	cctcanttcg	780
ccanccctcg	aaatcgccn	c				801

<210> 10

<211> 789

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(789)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 10

cagtctatnt	ggccagtgtg	gcagctttcc	ctgtggctgc	cggtgccaca	tgctgtccc	60
acagtgtggc	cgtggtgaca	gcttcagccg	ccctcacccg	gttcaccttc	tcagccctgc	120
agatcctgcc	ctacacactg	gcctccctct	accaccggga	gaagcagggtg	ttcctgcca	180
aataccgagg	ggacactgga	ggtgctagca	gtgaggacag	cctgatgacc	agcttcctgc	240
caggccctaa	gcctggagct	ccctcccta	atggacacgt	gggtgctgga	ggcagtggcc	300
tgctcccacc	tccaccgcg	ctctgcggg	cctctgcctg	tgatgtctcc	gtacgtgtgg	360
tggtgggtga	gcccaccgan	gccagggtgg	ttccgggccc	gggcatctgc	ctggacctcg	420
ccatcctgga	tagtgcttcc	tgctgtccca	ngtggcccca	tccctgttta	tgggctccat	480
tgtccagctc	agccagtctg	tactgccta	tatggtgtct	gccgcaggcc	tgggtctggt	540
cccatttact	ttgtacaca	ggtantattt	gacaagaacg	anttggccaa	atactcagcg	600
ttaaaaaatt	ccagcaacat	tgggggtgga	aggcctgcct	caactgggtcc	aactccccgc	660
tcctgttaac	cccatggggc	tgccggcttg	gccgccaatt	tctgtgtctg	ccaaantnat	720
gtggctctct	gctgccacct	gttgctggct	gaagtgcnta	cngcncanct	nggggggtng	780
gnggttccc						789

<210> 11
 <211> 772
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(772)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 11
 cccaccctac ccaaataatta gacaccaaca cagaaaagct agcaatggat tcccttctac 60
 tttgttaaataa aaataagtta aatatattaaa tgcctgtgtc tctgtgatgg caacagaagg 120
 accaacaggc cacatcctga taaaaggtaa gaggggggtg gatcagcaaa aagacagtgc 180
 tgtgggctga ggggacctg ttcttgtgtg ttgccctca ggactcttcc cctacaaata 240
 actttcatat gttcaaatcc catggaggag tgtttcatcc tagaaactcc catgcaagag 300
 ctacattaaa cgaagctgca ggtaagggg cttanagatg ggaaaccagg tgactgagtt 360
 tattcagctc ccaaaaaccc ttctctaggt gtgtctcaac taggaggcta gctgttaacc 420
 ctgagcctgg gtaatccacc tgcagagtc ccgcattcca gtgcatggaa ccttctggc 480
 ctccctgtat aagtccagac tgaaccccc ttggaaggnc tccagtcagg cagccctana 540
 aactggggaa aaaagaaaag gacgccccan ccccagctg tgcantacg cacctcaaca 600
 gcacaggggtg gcagcaaaaa aaccacttta ctttggcaca acaaaaaact ngggggggca 660
 accccggcac cccnangggg gttaacagga ancngggnaa cntggaaccc aattnaggca 720
 ggcccnccac cccnaatntt gctgggaaat ttttctccc ctaaattntt tc 772

<210> 12
 <211> 751
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(751)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 12
 gccccaatc cagctgccac accaccacg gtgactgcat tagttcggat gtcatacaaa 60
 agctgattga agcaaccctc tactttttgg tcgtgagcct tttgcttgg gcaggtttca 120
 ttggctgtgt tgggtgacgtt gtcattgcaa cagaatgggg gaaaggcact gttctctttg 180
 aagtanggtg agtcctcaaa atccgtatag ttggtgaagc cacagcactt gagcccttc 240
 atggtggtgt tccacacttg agtgaagtct tcttgggaac cataatcttt cttgatggca 300
 ggcactacca gcaacgtcag ggaagtgtc agccattgtg gtgtacacca aggcgaccac 360
 agcagctgcn acctcagcaa tgaagatgan gaggangatg aagaagaacg tcncgagggc 420
 acacttgctc tcagtcttan caccatanca gccntgaaa accaananca aagaccacna 480
 cncgggtgc gatgaagaaa tnacccnccg ttgacaaact tgcatggcac tggganccac 540
 agtggcccn aaaaatcttca aaaaggatgc cccatcnatt gacccccaa atgcccactg 600
 ccaacagggg ctgccccacn cncnnaacga tganccnatt gnacaagatc tncntggtct 660
 tnatnaacnt gaacctgcn tngtggctcc tgttcaggnc cnnggcctga cttctnaann 720
 aangaactcn gaagncccca cngganannc g 751

<210> 13
 <211> 729
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(729)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 13
 gagccaggcg tccctctgcc tgcccaactca gtggcaaacac ccgggagctg ttttgcctt 60
 tgtggancct cagcagtncc ctctttcaga actcantgcc aaganccctg aacaggagcc 120
 accatgcagt gcttcagctt cattaagacc atgatgatcc tcttcaattt gctcatcttt 180
 ctgtgtggtg cagccctgtt ggcagtgggc atctgggtgt caatcgatgg ggcacacctt 240
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 ctcatcgag cccggcgttgt ggtcttagct ctagggttcc tgggctgcta tgggtgctaag 360
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 gaggttgcaa tgctgtggtc gccttggtgt acaccacaat ggctgagcac tcctgacgt 480
 tgctggtaat gcctgccatc aanaaaagat tatgggttcc caggaanact tcactcaagt 540
 gttggaacac caccatgaaa gggctcaagt gctgtggctt cnnccaacta tacggatttt 600
 gaagantcac ctacttcaaa gaaaanagtg cctttccccc atttctgttg caattgacaa 660
 acgtccccaa cacagccaat tgaaaacctg caccacaacc aaanggggtcc ccaaccanaa 720
 attnaaggg 729

<210> 14
 <211> 816
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(816)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 14
 tgctcttcct caaagttggt cttgttgcca taacaaccac cataggtaaa gcgggcgcag 60
 tgttcgctga aggggttgta gtaccagcgc gggatgctct ccttgcagag tcctgtgtct 120
 ggcaggtcca cgcagtgcc tttgtcactg gggaaatgga tgcgctggag ctctgcaaag 180
 ccactcgtgt atttttcaca ggcagcctcg tccgacgcgt cggggcagtt gggggtgtct 240
 tcacactcca ggaaactgtc natgcagcag ccattgctgc agcggaaactg ggtgggctga 300
 cangtgccag agcacactgg atggcgccct tccatgnnan gggccctgng ggaaagtccc 360
 tgancccan anctgcctct caaangcccc accttgaca ccccgacagg ctagaatgga 420
 atcttcttcc cgaaaggtag ttnttcttgt tgcccaancc anccccntaa acaaactctt 480
 gcanatctgc tccgnggggg tcntantacc ancggtggaa aagaacccca ggcngcgaac 540
 caancttgtt tggatnecaa gcnataatct nctnttctgc ttggtggaca gcaccantna 600
 ctgtnnanct ttagnccttg gtcctcntgg gttgnncttg aacctaatcn ccnntcaact 660
 gggacaaggt aantngcct cctttnaatt cccnancntn cccctgggtt tggggttttn 720
 cncnctccta cccagaaan nccgtgttcc cccccaacta ggggccnaaa ccnntnttcc 780
 cacaacctn cccacccac ggggttcngt ggttng 816

<210> 15
 <211> 783
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(783)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 15

ccaaggcctg	ggcaggcata	nacttgaagg	tacaacccca	ggaacccctg	gtgctgaagg	60
atgtggaaaa	cacagattgg	cgcctactgc	ggggtgacac	ggatgtcagg	gtagagagga	120
aagacccaaa	ccaggtggaa	ctgtggggac	tcaaggaang	cacctacctg	ttccagctga	180
cagtgcactg	ctcagaccac	ccagaggaca	cggccaacgt	cacagtcact	gtgctgtcca	240
ccaagcagac	agaagactac	tgcctcgcac	ccaacaangt	gggtcgctgc	cggggctctt	300
tcccacgctg	gtactatgac	cccacggagc	agatctgcaa	gagtttcgtt	.tatggaggct	360
gcttgggcaa	caagaacaac	taccttcggg	aagaagagt	cattctancc	tgtcnggggtg	420
tgcaagggtg	gcctttgana	ngcanctctg	gggctcangc	gactttcccc	cagggccctt	480
ccatggaaa	gcgccatcca	ntgttctctg	gcacctgtca	gcccacccag	ttccgctgca	540
ncaatggctg	ctgcatcnac	antttcctng	aattgtgaca	acacccccca	ntgcccccaa	600
ccctcccaac	aaagcttccc	tgttnaaaaa	tacnccantt	ggcttttnac	aaacncccg	660
cncctccntt	ttccccnntn	aacaaagggc	nctngcnttt	gaactgcccn	aaccnnggaa	720
tctnccnngg	aaaaantncc	ccccctgggt	cctnnaancc	cctcccncaa	anctncccc	780
ccc						783

<210> 16

<211> 801

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(801)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 16

gccccaatc	gagctgccac	accacccacg	gtgactgcat	tagttcggat	gtcatacaaa	60
agctgattga	agcaaccctc	tactttttgg	tcgtgagcct	tttgcttggg	gcaggtttca	120
ttggctgtgt	tggtgacgtt	gtcattgcaa	cagaatgggg	gaaaggcact	gttctctttg	180
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atgggtgggtg	tccacacttg	agtgaagtct	tcctgggaac	cataatcttt	cttgatggca	300
ggcactacca	gcaacgtcag	gaagtgtctc	gccattgtgg	tgtacaccaa	ggcgaccaca	360
gcagctgcaa	cctcagcaat	gaagatgagg	aggaggatga	agaagaacgt	cncgagggca	420
cacttgctct	ccgtcttagc	accatagcag	cccangaaac	caagagcaaa	gaccacaacg	480
ccngctgcga	atgaaagaaa	ntacccacgt	tgacaaaactg	catggccact	ggacgacagt	540
tggcccgaan	atcttcagaa	aagggtatgcc	ccatcgattg	aacaccana	tgcccactgc	600
cnacaggggt	gcncncncn	gaaagaatga	gccattgaag	aaggatcntc	ntggtcttaa	660
tgaactgaaa	ccntgcatgg	tggccctgt	tcagggtctc	tggcagtga	ttctganaaa	720
aaggaacngc	ntnagcccc	ccaaangana	aaacaccccc	gggtgttgcc	ctgaattggc	780
ggccaaggan	ccctgccccn	g				801

<210> 17

<211> 740

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(740)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 17

gtgagagcca	ggcgccctc	tgccctgccca	ctcagtgcca	acacccggga	gctgttttgt	60
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cctttgtgga	gcctcagcag	ttccctcttt	cagaactcac	tgccaagagc	cctgaacagg	120
agccaccatg	cagtgtttca	gcttcattaa	gaccatgatg	atcctcttca	atttgctcat	180
ctttctgtgt	ggtgcagccc	tggtggcagt	gggcatctgg	gtgtcaatcg	atggggcatc	240
ctttctgaag	atcttcgggc	cactgtcgtc	cagtgccatg	cagtttgtca	acgtgggcta	300
cttcctcatc	gcagccggcg	ttgtggtctt	tgctcttggt	ttcctggggt	gctatggtgc	360
taagacggag	agcaagtgtg	ccctcgtgac	gttcttcttc	atcctcctcc	tcattctcat	420
tgctgaagtt	gcagctgctg	tggtcgctt	ggtgtacacc	acaatggctg	aaccattcct	480
gacgttgctg	gtantgcctg	ccatcaanaa	agattatggg	ttcccaggaa	aaattcactc	540
aantntggaa	caccnccatg	aaaagggctc	caatttctgn	tggttcccc	aactataccg	600
gaattttgaa	agantcncct	tacttccaaa	aaaaaanant	tgcttttnc	ccnttctgt	660
tgcaatgaaa	acntcccaan	acngccaatn	aaaacctgcc	cnnncaaaaa	ggntcncaaa	720
caaaaaaant	nnaagggttn					740

<210> 18

<211> 802

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(802)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 18

ccgctgggtg	cgctgggtcca	gngnagccac	gaagcacgtc	agcatcacaca	gcctcaatca	60
caaggtcttc	cagctgccgc	acattacgca	gggcaagagc	ctccagcaac	actgcatatg	120
ggatacactt	tacttttagca	gccaggggtga	caactgagag	gtgtcgaagc	ttattcttct	180
gagcctctgt	tagtggagga	agattccggg	cttcagctaa	gtagtacgag	tatgtcccat	240
aagcaaacac	tgtgagcagc	cggaaggtag	aggcaaatgc	actctcagcc	agctctctaa	300
cattgggcat	gtccagcagt	tctccaaaca	cgtagacacc	agnggcctcc	agcacctgat	360
ggatgagtgt	ggccagcgct	gcccccttgg	ccgacttggc	taggagcaga	aattgctcct	420
ggttctgccc	tgtcaccttc	acttccgcac	tcactactgc	actgagtgtg	ggggacttgg	480
gctcaggatg	tccagagacg	tggttccgcc	ccctcncctt	atgacaccgn	ccanncaacc	540
gtcggctccc	gccgantgng	ttcgtcgtnc	ctgggtcagg	gtctgctggc	cnctacttgc	600
aanttcctgc	nggccccatg	aattcaccnc	accggaactn	gtangatcca	ctnnttctat	660
aaccggnccg	caccgcnnnt	ggaactccac	tcttnttnc	tttacttgag	ggtaagggtc	720
acccttnncc	ttaccttggt	ccaaacctn	ccntgtgtcg	anatngtnaa	tcnggncna	780
tnccancnc	atangaagcc	ng				802

<210> 19

<211> 731

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(731)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 19

cnaagcttcc	aggtnacggg	ccgcnaance	tgacccnagg	tancanaang	cagnccgcgg	60
gagccaccg	tcacngggng	gngtctttat	nggagggggc	ggagccacat	cnctggacnt	120
cntgacccca	actcccncc	ncncantgca	gtgatgagt	cagaactgaa	ggtnacgtgg	180
caggaaccaa	gancaaannc	tgctccntc	caagtccgcn	nagggggcgg	ggctggccac	240
gcncatccnt	cnagtgtgn	aaagcccn	cctgtctact	tggttgaga	acngcnnga	300

```

catgcccagn gttanataac nggcngagag tnanntttgcc tctcccttcc ggctgcgean 360
cngntntgct tagnggacat aacctgacta cttactgaa cccnngaate tncnccccct 420
ccactaagct cagaacaaaa aacttcgaca ccactcantt gtcacctgnc tgctcaagta 480
aagtgtaccc catncccaat gtntgctnga ngetctgncc tgcnttangt tcggtccctgg 540
gaagacctat caattnaagc tatgtttctg actgcctctt gctccctgna acaancnacc 600
cnnnntcca aggggggggnc ggcccccaat ccccccaacc ntnaattnan tttancccn 660
ccccngggc cgcccttcta cnancntcnn nnaacnggna aaaccnngc tttncccaac 720
nnaatcncc t 731

```

<210> 20

<211> 754

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(754)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 20

```

tttttttttt tttttttttt taaaaacccc ctccattnaa tgnaaacttc cgaaattgtc 60
caacccccctc ntccaaatnn ccntttccgg gnggggggttc caaacccaan ttanntttgg 120
annttaaatt aaatnttntt tggnggnnna anccnaatgt nangaaagtt naaccanta 180
tnantctnaa tncctgaaa ccngtngntt ccaaaaatnt ttaaccctta antccctccg 240
aatngttna nggaaaaccc aanttctcnt aagggtgttt gaaggntnaa tnaaaanccc 300
nnccaattgt ttttngccac gcctgaatta attggnttcc gntgttttcc nttaaaanaa 360
ggnnancccc gggtantnaa tccccccnnc cccaattata ccganttttt ttngaattgg 420
ganccncgg gaattaacgg ggnnnntccc tnttgggggg cnggnncccc ccccntcggg 480
ggttngggnc aggncnnaat tgtttaaggg tccgaaaaat ccctccnaga aaaaaanctc 540
ccaggntgag nntngggttt ncccccccc canggccct ctcgnanagt tgggggttgg 600
ggggcctggg atttntttc ccctnttnc tcccccccc ccnggganag aggttngngt 660
ttgtntcnn ggccccnccn aagantttt ccganttnan ttaaatccnt gcctnggcga 720
agtcnttgn agggntaaan ggccccctnn cggg 754

```

<210> 21

<211> 755

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(755)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 21

```

atcancccat gacccnaac nngggaccnc tcancgggnc nnnnacccnc cggccnatca 60
nngtnagnnc actncnttn natcacccc cncnactac gccncnanc cnacgcnta 120
nncanatncc actganngcg cgangtngan ngagaaanct nataccanag ncaccanacn 180
ccagctgtcc nanaangcct nnnatacngg nnnatccaat ntgnancctc cnaagtattn 240
nncnncanat gattttcctn anccgattac ccntncccc tanccctcc cccccaaacna 300
cgaaggcnct ggncnaagg nngcgnccnc ccgctagntc ccnncaagt cncncncta 360
aactcancn nattacncgc ttcntgagta tcactcccc aatctcacc tactcaactc 420
aaaaanacn gatacaaat aatncaagcc tgnttatnac actntgactg ggtctctatt 480
ttagnngtcc ntnaancntc ctaatacttc cagctcncct tcnccaattt ccnaanggct 540
ctttcngaca gcatnttttg gttcccnntt ggggtcttan ngaattgcc ttcntngaac 600

```

```

gggctcttct tttccttcgg ttancctggn ttcnnccggc cagttattat ttcccntttt    660
aaattcttnc cntttanttt tggcnttcna aacccccggc cttgaaaacg gccccctggt    720
aaaaggttgt tttganaaaa tttttgtttt gttcc                                755

```

<210> 22

<211> 849

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(849)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 22

```

tttttttttt tttttangtg tngtcgtgca ggtagaggct tactacaant gtgaanacgt    60
acgctnggan taangcgacc cgantttctag ganncnccct aaaatcanac tgtgaagatn    120
atcctgnnna cggaanggtc accggnggat nntgctaggg tgnccnctcc cannnctttn    180
cataactcng nggccttgcc caccaccttc ggcggcceng ngnccgggcc cgggtcattn    240
gnnttaaccn cactnngcna ncggtttccn nccccnng acccnggcga tccggggtnc    300
tctgtcttcc cctgnagncn anaaantggg ccncgggcc cttaccct nnacaagcca    360
cngcentcta nccnngccc cccctccant nngggggact gccnanngt cgttntctng    420
nnaccccnnn gggtncctcg gttgtcgant cnaccgnang ccanggatc cnaaggaagg    480
tgcgttnttg gcccctaccc ttctgtncgg nncaccttc ccgacnanga nccgtcccg    540
cncnncgng cctcncctcg caacacccgc nctctcngt ncggnnccc cccacccgc    600
nccctcncn ngncgnancn ctccnccncc gtctcannca ccacccgcc ccgccaggcc    660
ntcanccacn ggnngaenn ngcncnntc gcncgcgcn gcgncnccct cgcncngaa    720
ctnctcngg ccantnncg tcaancenna cnaaacgcc ctgcgcggcc cgnagcgnc    780
ncctcncga gtcctccgcn ctccnacc angnttccn cgaggacacn nnacccgcc    840
nncangcgg                                849

```

<210> 23

<211> 872

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(872)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 23

```

gcgcaaacta tacttcgctc gnactcgtgc gcctcgtcnc tcttttctc cgcaaccatg    60
tctgacnanc ccgattnggc ngatatcnan aagntcganc agtccaaact gantaacaca    120
cacacncnan aganaaatcc nctgccttcc anagtanacn attgaacnng agaaccangc    180
nggcgaatcg taatnaggcg tgcgcgcga atntgtcnc gtttatntn ccagcncnc    240
ctnccnacc tacntcttcn nagctgtcnn acccctngtn cgnaccccc naggtcggga    300
tcgggtttnn nntgaccgng cnnccctcc cccntccat nacgancnc ccgcaccacc    360
nanngncgc nccccgnct ctgcgcnc ctgtcctntn cccctgtngc ctggcncngn    420
accgcattga cctcgcenn ctncnngaaa ncgnanacgt ccgggttggn annancgtg    480
tgggnnngcg tctgncgcg gttccttcn ncnncttcca ccatcttct tacnggggtc    540
ccnccgcntc tcnncacnc cctgggagc tntcctntgc ccccttnac tccccctt    600
cgncgtgncc cgnccccacc ntcatttnc nacgntctc acaannncet ggntnnctcc    660
cnancngcn gtcancnag ggaaggngg ggnncnntg nttgacgtg ngngangtc    720
cgaanantcc tcnccntcan cctaccct cgggcgnct ctngttnc aacttancaa    780

```

ntctcccccg ngngcncntc tcagcctenc ccnccccnct ctctgcantg tncctctgctc 840
tnaccnntac gantnttcgn cncctctttt cc 872

<210> 24

<211> 815

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(815)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 24

gcatgcaagc ttgagtattc tatagngtca cctaaatanc ttggcntaat catgggtcnta	60
nctgncttcc tgtgtcaaatt gtatacnaa tanatatgaa tctnatntga caagannnga	120
tctnccatta gtaacaantg tntgtgccat cctgtcngan canattccca tnnattncgn	180
cgcattcncn gcnccantatn taatngggaa ntcnnntnnn ncaccnncat ctatcctncc	240
gcnccttgac tggagagat ggatnattc tntntgacc nacatgttca tcttggattn	300
aananccccc cgcngnccac cggttngnng cnagcncntc ccaagacctc ctgtggaggt	360
aacctgcgtc aganncatca aacntgggaa acccgcncc angtnnaagt ngnnncanan	420
gatcccgctc aggnntnacc atcccttenc agcgccccct ttngtgccct anagnnagc	480
gtgtccnanc cncctcaacat ganacgcgcc agnccanccg caattnggca caatgtcngc	540
gaaccccccta gggggantna tncaaanccc caggattgtc cncncangaa atcccnanc	600
ccnccctac ccnctttgg gacngtgacc aantcccgga gtncagtcg gccngnctc	660
ccccaccggt nnccttggg ggggtgaant cngnntcanc cngncgaggn ntcgnaagga	720
accggnccn ggncgaanng ancntcnga agngcncnt cgtataacct cccctcncca	780
nccnacngnt agntcccccc cngggtncgg aangg	815

<210> 25

<211> 775

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(775)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 25

ccgagatgtc tcgctccgtg gccttagctg tgctcgcgt actctctctt tctggcctgg	60
aggctatcca gcgtactcca aagattcagg ttactcacg tcatccagca gagaatggaa	120
agtcaaattt cctgaattgc tatgtgtctg ggtttcatcc atccgacatt gaanttgact	180
tactgaagaa tgganagaga attgaaaaag tggagcattc agacttgtct ttcagcaagg	240
actggtcttt ctatctctg tactacactg aattcacccc cactgaaaaa gatgagtatg	300
cctgcccgtg gaaccatgtg actttgtcac agcccaagat agttaagtgg gatcgagaca	360
tgtaagcagn cnnatggaa gtttgaagat gccgcatttg gattggatga attccaaatt	420
ctgcttgctt gcnttttaant antgatatgc ntatacacc taccctttat gnceccaaat	480
tgtaggggtt acatnantgt tcnctnnga catgatctc ctttataant ccncnttcg	540
aattgcccgt cncncgttn ngaatgttt cnaaaccacg gttggctccc ccaggtcncc	600
tcttacggaa gggcctgggc cnccttncaa ggttggggga accnaaaatt tcncttntgc	660
ccnccncca cnccttngn nncncanttt ggaaccttc cnattcccc tggcctcnna	720
nccttnncta anaaaacttn aaancgtngc naaanntttn acttcccccc ttacc	775

<210> 26

<211> 820
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(820)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 26
 anattantac agtghtaatct tttcccagag gtgtgtanag ggaacggggc ctagaggcat 60
 cccanagata ncttatanca acagtgtctt gaccaagagc tgctggggcac atttcctgca 120
 gaaaagggtg cgggtcccat cactcctcct ctcccatagc catcccagag ggggtgagtag 180
 ccatcangcc ttcgggtggga gggagtcang gaaacaacan accacagagc anacagacca 240
 ntgatgacca tgggcgggag cgagcctctt cctgnaccg ggggtggcana nganagccta 300
 nctgaggggg cactactataa acgttaacga ccnagatnan cactgtctc aagtgcaccc 360
 ttcctacctg acnaccagn accnnnaact gcngcctggg gacagcctg ggancagcta 420
 acnnagcact cacctgcccc cccatggccg tncgctccc tggtcctgnc aaggggaagct 480
 cctgtgtgga attncgggga naccaaggga nccccctcct ccactgtga aggaaaaann 540
 gatggaattt tnccttccg gccntcccc tcttcttta cagccccct nntactctc 600
 tccctctntt ntcctgncn acttttnacc ccnnnatttc ccttnattga tcggannctn 660
 ganattccac tnnccctnc cntcnatcng naanacnaaa nactntctna ccnnggggat 720
 gggnnccctg ntcactctt cttttctcct accnccnntt ctttgctct ccttngatca
 780tccaacntc gntggcctn cccccnnn tcttttccc
 820

<210> 27
 <211> 818
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(818)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 27
 tctgggtgat ggcctcttcc tctcagggga cctctgactg ctctgggcca aagaatctct 60
 tgtttcttct ccgagcccca ggcagcggtg attcagccct gcccaacctg attctgatga 120
 ctgcggatgc tgtgacggac ccaaggggca aatagggtcc cagggtccag ggaggggagc 180
 ctgctgagca cttccgcccc tcacctgcc cagccctgc catgagctct gggtgggtc 240
 tccgcctcca ggggttctgct ctccangca ngccancaag tggcgtggg ccactggc 300
 ttcttctgc cccntccctg gctctganc tctgtcttcc tgtcctgtgc angccttg 360
 gatctcagtt tccctcctc anngaactct gttctgann tcttcantta actntgantt 420
 tatnaccnan tggnetgtnc tgtcnactt taatgggcn gaccggctaa tccctccctc 480
 nctcccttcc anttcnnna accngettnc cntctctcc cntancccg ccngggaanc 540
 ctctttgccc ctnaccang gccnnnaccg ccctnnctn ggggggcnng gtnnctnnc 600
 ctgntnnccc cctcncnt tncctgtcc cncnncgcn nngcannttc ncngtcccn 660
 tnnctctcn ngntcgnaa ngntcncnt tnnnnngcn ngntnntcn tccctctcnc 720
 cnnntgnang tnnntnnnc ncngncccc nnnnnnnn nggnntnnn tctnncngc 780
 cccnncccc ngnatgaag cctcncctc ccggcnc 818

<210> 28
 <211> 731
 <212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(731)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 28

aggaagggcg	gagggatatt	gtangggatt	gagggatagg	agnataangg	gggaggtgtg	60
tcccaacatg	anggtgnngt	tctcttttga	angaggggtg	ngtttttann	ccnggtgggt	120
gattnaaccc	cattgtatgg	agnnaaaggn	tttnagggat	ttttcggctc	ttatcagtat	180
ntanattcct	gtnaatcgga	aaatnatntt	tcnncnggaa	aatnttgctc	ccatccgnaa	240
attnctcccg	ggtagtgcac	nttngggggn	cngccangtt	tcccaggctg	ctanaatcgt	300
actaaagntt	naagtgggan	tncaaagaa	aacctnncac	agagnatccn	taccgcactg	360
tnnnttncct	tcgcctntg	actctgcnn	agcccaatac	ccnngnngnat	gtcncccnng	420
nnngcgnenc	tgaannnnnc	tcngngctnn	gancatcang	gggtttcgca	tcaaaagcnn	480
cgtttcncat	naaggcaact	tngcctcatc	caaccnctng	ccctcnncca	tttngccgtc	540
nggttcnctc	acgctnnntg	cncctnnntn	ganattttnc	ccgcctnggg	naancctcct	600
gnaatgggta	gggncttntc	tttnaccnnc	gnggtntact	aatcnctnnc	acgctncttt	660
tctcnacccc	cccccttttt	caatcccanc	ggcnaatggg	gtctccccnn	cgangggggg	720
nnccccann	c					731

<210> 29

<211> 822

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(822)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 29

actagtccag	tgtgggtggaa	ttccattgtg	ttggggncnc	ttctatgant	antnttagat	60
cgctcanacc	tcacancctc	ccnancngc	ctataangaa	nannaataga	nctgtncnnt	120
atntntacnc	tcatanncct	cnnnacccac	tccctcttaa	cccntactgt	gcctatngcn	180
tnnctantct	ntgccgcctn	cnanccaccn	gtggggccnac	cncnngnatt	ctcnatctcc	240
tcnccatntn	gcctananta	ngtncatacc	ctataacctac	nccaatgcta	nnnctaancn	300
tccatnantt	annntaacta	ccactgaent	ngactttcnc	atnanctcct	aatttgaatc	360
tactctgact	cccacngcct	annnattagc	ancntcccc	nacnatntct	caaccaaate	420
ntcaacaacc	tatctanctg	ttcnccaacc	nttncctccg	atccccnnac	aacccccctc	480
ccaaataacc	nccacctgac	ncctaaccnc	caccatcccg	gcaagccnan	ggncatttan	540
ccactggaat	cacnatngga	naaaaaaac	ccnaactctc	tancncnnat	ctccctaana	600
aatnctcctn	naatttactn	ncantnccat	caancccaac	tgaaacnnaa	ccccgttttt	660
tanatccctt	ctttcgaaaa	ccnacccttt	annncccaac	ctttngggcc	ccccnctnnc	720
ccnaatgaag	gncncccaat	cnangaaacg	nccntgaaaa	ancnaggcna	anannntccg	780
canatcctat	cccttanttn	ggggnccctt	nccnggggcc	cc		822

<210> 30

<211> 787

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(787)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 30

cgcccgctg	ctctggcaca	tgcctcctga	atggcatcaa	aagtgatgga	ctgcccattg	60
ctagagaaga	ccttctctcc	tactgtcatt	atggagccct	gcagactgag	ggctcccctt	120
gtctgcagga	tttgatgtct	gaagtcgtgg	agtgtggctt	ggagctcctc	atctacatna	180
gctggaagcc	ctggagggcc	tctctcgcca	gcctccccct	tctctccacg	ctctccangg	240
acaccagggg	ctccaggcag	cccattattc	ccagnangac	atggtgtttc	tccacgcgga	300
cccatggggc	ctgnaaggcc	aggggtctcct	ttgacaccat	ctctcccgtc	ctgcctggca	360
ggcctgggga	tccactantt	ctanaacggg	cgccaccncg	gtgggagctc	cagcttttgt	420
tcccnttaat	gaaggttaat	tgcncgcttg	gcgtaatcat	nggtcanaac	tntttcctgt	480
gtgaaattgt	ttntcccctc	ncnatccnc	ncnacatacn	aacccggaan	cataaagtgt	540
taaagcctgg	gggtngcctn	nngaataaac	tnaactcaat	taattgcgtt	ggctcatggc	600
ccgctttccn	ttcnggaaaa	ctgtcntccc	ctgcnttntt	gaatcgggca	ccccccnggg	660
aaaagcggtt	tgcnttttng	ggggntcctt	ccncttcccc	cctcnctaan	ccctncgcct	720
cggtcgttnc	nggtngcggg	gaangggnat	nnnctccnc	naagggggng	agnnngntat	780
ccccaaa						787

<210> 31

<211> 799

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(799)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 31

tttttttttt	tttttttggc	gatgctactg	tttaattgca	ggaggtgggg	gtgtgtgtac	60
catgtaccag	ggctattaga	agcaagaagg	aaggaggagg	ggcagagcgc	cctgctgagc	120
aacaaaggac	tcttgcagcc	ttctctgtct	gtctcttggc	gcaggcacat	ggggaggcct	180
cccgagggtt	ggggggccacc	agtccagggg	tgggagcact	acanggggtg	ggagtgggtg	240
gtggctggtn	cnaatggcct	gncacanatc	cctacgattc	ttgacacctg	gatttcacca	300
ggggaccttc	tgttctccca	nggnaacttc	ntnnatctcn	aaagaacaca	actgtttctt	360
cngcanttct	ggctgttcat	ggaaagcaca	ggtgtccnat	ttnggctggg	acttggtaca	420
tatggttccg	gcccacctct	cccntcnaa	aagtaattca	cccccccccn	ccntctnttg	480
cctgggcccct	taantaccca	caccggaact	canttantta	ttcatcttng	gntgggcttg	540
ntnatchcnc	cctgaangcg	ccaagttgaa	aggccacgcc	gtncncctc	cccatagnan	600
nttttntcnt	canctaattgc	ccccccnggc	aacnatccaa	tcccccccn	tgggggcccc	660
agcccanggc	ccccgnctcg	ggnnccngn	cncgnantcc	ccaggnctc	ccantcngnc	720
ccnnngcnc	cccgcacgca	gaacanaagg	ntngagccnc	cgcannnnnn	nggtnnncac	780
ctcgcccccc	ccnccgngg					799

<210> 32

<211> 789

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(789)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 32

tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttttt	60
tttttccnag	ggcagggttta	ttgacaacct	cncggggacac	aancagggtg	gggacaggac	120
ggcaacaggc	tccggcgggcg	gcggcgggcg	ccctacctgc	ggtaccaa	ntgcagcctc	180
cgtccccgt	tgatnttcct	ctgcagctgc	aggatgcent	aaaacagggc	ctcggccntn	240
ggtgggcacc	ctgggatttn	aatttccacg	ggcacaatgc	ggtcgcancc	cctcaccacc	300
nattagggaat	agtggtnnta	ccnccnccg	ttggcncact	cccctggaa	accacttntc	360
gcggctccgg	catctggtct	taaaccttgc	aaacnctggg	gccctctttt	tggttantnt	420
nccngccaca	atcatnactc	agactggcnc	gggctggccc	caaaaaancn	ccccaaaacc	480
ggnccatgtc	ttnnccgggt	tgtctgnatn	tncatcacct	cccgggcnca	ncaggncaac	540
ccaaaagtgc	ttgngggccn	caaaaaanct	ccggggggnc	ccagtttcaa	caaagtcac	600
ccccttggcc	cccaaatact	ccccccgntt	nctgggtttg	ggaacccacg	cctctnnctt	660
tggngggcaa	gntggntccc	ccttcggggc	cccgggtggc	ccnctctaa	ngaaaaacnc	720
ntcctnnnca	ccatcccccc	nngnnacgnc	tancaangna	tccctttttt	tanaaacggg	780
ccccccnccg						789

<210> 33

<211> 793

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(793)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 33

gacagaacat	ggtggatggt	ggagcacctt	tctatacgac	ttacaggaca	gcagatgggg	60
aattcatggc	tggtggagca	atanaacccc	agttctacga	gctgctgac	aaaggacttg	120
gactaaagtc	tgatgaactt	cccaatcaga	tgagcatgga	tgattggcca	gaaatgaana	180
agaagtttgc	agatgtat	gcaaagaaga	cgaaggcaga	gtggtgtcaa	atctttgacg	240
gcacagatgc	ctgtgtgact	ccggttctga	cttttgagga	ggttggtcat	catgatcaca	300
acaangaacg	gggctcgttt	atcaccantg	aggagcagga	cgtgagcccc	cgccctgcac	360
ctctgctgtt	aaacacccca	gccatccctt	ctttcaaaag	ggatccacta	cttctagagc	420
ggnccgccacc	gcgggtggagc	tccagctttt	gttcccttta	gtgaggggta	attgcgcgct	480
tggcgtaatc	atgggtcatan	ctgtttccctg	tgtgaaattg	ttatccgctc	acaattccac	540
acaacatacg	anccggaagc	atnaaatttt	aaagcctggg	ggtngcctaa	tgantgaact	600
nactcacatt	aattggcttt	gcgctcactg	cccgttttcc	agtccggaaa	acctgtcctt	660
gccagctgcc	nttaatgaat	cnggccaccc	cccggggaaa	aggcngtttg	cttnttgggg	720
cgcncttccc	gctttctcgc	ttcctgaant	ccttcccccc	ggtctttcgg	cttgcggnca	780
acggtatcna	cct					793

<210> 34

<211> 756

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(756)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 34

gccgcgaccg	gcagtacga	gcaactcaag	ggcgagtggg	accgtaaaag	ccccaatctt	60
ancaagtgcg	gggaanagct	gggtcgactc	aagctagttc	ttctggagct	caacttcttg	120

ccaaccacag	ggaccaagct	gaccaaacag	cagctaattc	tggcccgtga	catactggag	180
atcggggccc	aatggagcat	cctacgcaan	gacatcccc	ccttcgagcg	ctacatggcc	240
cagctcaa	gctactactt	tgattacaan	gagcagctcc	ccgagtcagc	ctatatgcac	300
cagctcttgg	gcctcaacct	cctcttccctg	ctgtcccaga	accgggtggc	tgantnccac	360
acgganttgg	ancggctgcc	tgcccaanga	catacanacc	aatgtctaca	tcnaccacca	420
gtgtcctgga	gcaatactga	tgganggcag	ctaccncaaa	gtnttcctgg	ccnagggtaa	480
catccccccg	cgagagctac	accttcttca	ttgacatcc	gctcgacact	atcagggatg	540
aaaatcgcn	ggttgctcca	gaaaggctnc	aanaanatcc	tttctnctga	aggcccccg	600
atnctnctagt	nctagaatcg	gccccccatc	gcggtgganc	ctccaacctt	tcgttnccct	660
ttactgaggg	tttattgccc	cccttggcgt	tatcatggtc	acnccngttn	cctgtgttga	720
aattnttaac	cccccaaat	tccacgccna	cattn			756

<210> 35

<211> 834

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (834)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 35

ggggatctct	anactnacct	gnatgcatgg	ttgtcggtgt	ggtcgctgtc	gatgaanatg	60
aacaggatct	tgcccttgaa	gctctcggt	gctgtnttta	agttgctcag	tctgccgtca	120
tagtcagaca	cnetcttggg	caaaaaacan	caggatntga	gtcttgattt	cacctccaat	180
aatcttcnng	gctgtctgct	cgggtgaactc	gatgaacnang	ggcagctggg	tgtgtntgat	240
aaantccanc	angttctcct	tgggtgacetc	cccttcaaag	ttgttccggc	cttcatcaaa	300
cttctnnaan	angannanc	canttttgtc	gagctggnat	ttgganaaca	cgtcaccgtt	360
ggaaactgat	cccaaatggg	atgtcatcca	tcgcctctgc	tgcttgcaaa	aaacttgctt	420
ggcncaaate	cgactcccn	tccttgaaag	aagccnatca	cacccccctc	cctggactcc	480
nncaangact	ctnccgctnc	cccntccnng	cagggttggg	ggcannccgg	gcccntgcgc	540
ttcttcagcc	agttcacnat	nttcacagc	ccctctgcca	gctgtntat	tccttggggg	600
ggaanccgtc	tctcccttcc	tgaannaact	ttgaccgtng	gaatagccgc	gcntcnccnt	660
acntnctggg	ccgggttcaa	antccctccn	ttgncnntcn	cctcgggcca	ttctggattt	720
nccnaacttt	ttccttcccc	cncctccnng	ngtttgntt	ttcatnggg	ccccactct	780
gctnttgccc	antcccttgg	gggcntntan	cncctccnt	ggtcctntng	ggcc	834

<210> 36

<211> 814

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (814)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 36

cggncgcttt	ccngccgcgc	cccgtttcca	tgacnaaggc	tcccttcang	ttaaatacn	60
cctagnaaac	attaatgggt	tgctctacta	atacatcata	cnaaccagta	agcctgccca	120
naacgccaac	tcaggccatt	cctaccaaag	gaagaaaggc	tggtctctcc	acccccgtga	180
ggaaaggcct	gccttgtaag	acaccacaat	ncggctgaat	ctnaagtctt	gtgttttact	240
aatggaaaaa	aaaaataaac	aanaggtttt	gttctcatgg	ctgccaccg	cagcctggca	300
ctaaaacanc	ccagcgctca	cttctgcttg	ganaaatatt	ctttgctctt	ttggacatca	360

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ggcttgatgg tatcactgcc acntttccac ccagctgggc ncccttcccc catntttgtc 420
antganctgg aaggcctgaa ncttagtctc caaaagtctc ngcccacaag accggccacc 480
aggggagntc ntttncagtg gatctgccaa anantaccn tatcatcnnt gaataaaaag 540
gccccgaac ganatgcttc cancancctt taagacccat aatcctngaa ccatgggtgcc 600
cttccgggtct gatccnaaag gaatgttctt gggctccant cctcctttg ttntttacgt 660
tgtnttggac cntgtctngn atnaccnaan tganatcccc ngaagcacc tnccttggc 720
atgtganttt cntaaattct ctgccctacn nctgaaagca cnattccctn ggcncnaa 780
ggngaactca agaagggtctn ngaaaaacca cncn 814

```

<210> 37

<211> 760

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(760)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 37

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gcatgctgct cttcctcaaa gttgttcttg ttgccataac aaccaccata ggtaaagcgg 60
gcgcagtggt cgctgaaggg gttgtagtac cagcgcgagg tgctctcctt gcagagtcct 120
gtgtctggca ggtccacgca atgccctttg tctactgggga aatggatgag ctggagctcg 180
tcnaanccac tcgtgtatctt ttacangca gcctcctccg aagcntccgg gcagttgggg 240
gtgtcgtcac actccactaa actgtcgatn cancagccca ttgctgcagc ggaactgggt 300
gggctgacag gtgccagaac aactggatn ggcttttcca tggaaagggc tgggggaaat 360
cncctnancc caaactgcct ctcaaaggcc acctgcaca ccccgacagg ctgaaatgc 420
actcttcttc ccaaaggtag ttgttcttgt tgcccaagca ncctccanca aaccaaanc 480
ttgcaaaatc tgctccgtgg gggtcattnn taccanggtt ggggaaanaa acccggcngn 540
ganccnctt ttttgaatgc naaggnaata atcctcctgt cttgcttggg tggaanagca 600
caattgaact gttaacnttg ggccnggttc cncnngggg gtctgaaact aatcacgctc 660
actggaaaaa ggtangtgcc ttccttgaat tcccaaantt cccctngntt tgggtntttt 720
ctcctctncc ctaaaaatcg tnttcccccc cntangggc 760

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<210> 38

<211> 724

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(724)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 38

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tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt ttttttaaaa cccctccat tgaatgaaaa 60
cttcnnaaat tgtccaaccc cctcnccaa atnnccattt cggggggggg gttccaaacc 120
caaattaatt ttgganttta aattaaant tnatnngggg aanaanccaa atgtnaagaa 180
aatttaaccc attatnaact taaatnccn gaaacccntg gnttccaaaa atttttaacc 240
cttaaatccc tccgaaattg ntaanggaaa accaaattcn cctaaggctn tttgaagggt 300
ngatttaaac ccccttnant tnttttnacc cngnctnaa ntatttngnt tccggtgttt 360
tctnttaan cntnggtaac tcccngtaac gaannnccct aanccaatta aaccgaattt 420
tttttgaatt ggaattccn ngggaattna cgggggtttt tccnttttg gggccatncc 480
ccnctttcg ggggttgggn ntaggttgaa tttttnnang ncccaaaaaa nccccaana 540
aaaaaactcc caagnnttaa ttngaanttc ccccttccca ggctttttgg gaaagnggg 600

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ttnttggggg ccngggantt cnttccccn ttncncccc cccccnggt aaanggttat	660
ngnntttggt ttttgggccc cttnanggac cttccggatn gaaattaaat ccccggnncg	720
gccg	724

<210> 39

<211> 751

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(751)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 39

tttttttttt tttttctttg ctcacattta atttttattt tgattttttt taatgctgca	60
caacacaata tttatttcat ttgtttcttt tatttccattt tatttggttg ctgctgctgt	120
tttatttatt tttactgaaa gtgagaggga acttttgttg ccttttttcc tttttctgta	180
ggccgcctta agctttctaa atttgaaca tctaagcaag ctgaanggaa aagggggtt	240
cgcaaatca ctcgggggaa nggaaagggt gctttgttaa tcatgcccta tggtaggtga	300
ttaactgctt gtacaattac ntttcacttt taattaattg tgctnaangc ttaattana	360
cttgggggtt ccttcccan accaaccn ctgacaaaaa gtgccngccc tcaaatnatg	420
tcccgcnnt cnttgaaaca cacngcngaa ngttctcatt ntcccnncnc caggtnaaaa	480
tgaagggtta ccatntttaa cncacctcc acntggcnnn gcctgaatcc tcnaaaancn	540
cctcaancn aattnctnng ccccggtcnc gcntnngtc cncgcgggt cgggaantn	600
cacccccnga annnntnnc naacnaaatt ccgaaaatat tccnntcnc tcaattcccc	660
cnnagactnt cctcnncnan cncaattttc tttntntcac gaacncgnnc cnnaaatgn	720
nnnnncctc cncnngtcn naatcnccan c	751

<210> 40

<211> 753

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(753)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 40

gtggtatttt ctgtaagatc aggtgttcct ccctcgtagg tttagaggaa acaccctcat	60
agatgaaaac ccccccgaga cagcagcact gcaactgcca agcagccggg gtaggagggg	120
cgccctatgc acagctgggc ccttgagaca gcagggttc gatgtcaggc tcgatgtcaa	180
tgggtctggaa gggcggtg tacctgcgta ggggcacacc gtcaggggcc accaggaact	240
tctcaaagt ccaggcaacn tcgttgcgac acaccggaga ccagggtgatn agcttggggt	300
cggtcataa cgcggtggcg tcgtcgctgg gagctggcag ggccctccgc aggaaggcna	360
ataaaagggt cgccccgca cgttcanct cgcacttctc naanaccatg angttgggct	420
cnaaccacc accannccgg acttccctga nggaattccc aaatctcttc gntcttgggc	480
ttctnctgat gccctanctg gttgcccn gncccaance ccggggtcct	540
aaancaccn cctctcntt tcattctgggt tntntcccc ggaccttggg tctctcaag	600
ggancccata tctcnaccn tactcacnt nccccccnt gnnaccanc cttctanngn	660
tccccnccg ncctctggc cntcaaan gcttnacna cctgggtctg cttcccccc	720
tncctatct gnacccn tttgtctcan tnt	753

<210> 41

<211> 341
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 41
 actatatcca tcacaacaga catgcttcat cccatagact tcttgacata gcttcaaagt 60
 agtgaaccca tccttgattt atatacatat atgttctcag tattttggga gcctttccac 120
 ttctttaaac cttgttcatt atgaacactg aaaataggaa tttgtgaaga gtaaaaaagt 180
 tatagcttgt ttacgtagta agtttttgaa gtctacattc aatccagaca cttagttgag 240
 tgttaaactg tgatttttaa aaaatatcat ttgagaatat tctttcagag gtattttcat 300
 ttttactttt tgattaattg tgttttatat attagggtag t 341

<210> 42
 <211> 101
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 42
 acttactgaa tttagtcttg tgctcttcct tatttagtgt tgtatcataa atactttgat 60
 gtttcaaaca ttctaaataa ataattttca gtggcttcat a 101

<210> 43
 <211> 305
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 43
 acatctttgt tacagtctaa gatgtgttct taaatcacca ttccttcctg gtcctcaccc 60
 tccagggtag tctcacactg taattagagc tattgaggag tctttacagc aaattaagat 120
 tcagatgcct tgctaagtct agagttctag agttatgttt cagaaagtct aagaaaccca 180
 cctcttgaga ggtcagttaa gaggacttaa tatttcatat ctacaaaatg accacaggat 240
 tggatacaga acgagagtta tcctggataa ctcagagctg agtacctgcc cgggggcccgc 300
 tcgaa 305

<210> 44
 <211> 852
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(852)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 44
 acataaatat cagagaaaag tagtctttga aatatttacg tccaggagtt ctttgtttct 60
 gattatttgg tgtgtgtttt ggtttggtgc caaagtattg gcagcttcag ttttcatttt 120
 ctctccatcc tcgggcattc ttcccaaatt tatataccag tcttcgtcca tccacacgct 180
 ccagaatttc tcttttgtag taatatctca tagctcggct gagcttttca taggtcatgc 240
 tgctgttggt cttcttttta ccccatagct gagccactgc ctctgatttc aagaacctga 300
 agacgccctc agatcggtct tcccatttta ttaatcctgg gttcttgtct gggttcaaga 360
 ggatgtcgcg gatgaattcc cataagttag tccctctcgg gttgtgcttt ttgggtgagg 420
 acttggcagg ggggtccttg tcctttttca tatcaggtga ctctgcaaca ggaaggtgac 480
 tggtgggtgt catggagatc tgagcccgcc agaaagtttt gctgtccaac aaatctactg 540
 tgctaccata gttggtgtca tataaatagt tctngtcttt ccagggtgtc atgatggaag 600

gctcagtttg	ttcagtccttg	acaatgacat	tgtgtgtgga	ctggaacagg	tcactactgc	660
actggccggt	ccacttcaga	tgetgcaagt	tgctgtagag	gagntgcccc	gccgtccctg	720
ccgcccgggt	gaactcctgc	aaactcatgc	tgcaaagggt	ctcgccggtg	atgtcgaact	780
cntggaaagg	gatacaattg	gcatccagct	ggttggtgtc	caggagggtga	tggagccact	840
cccacacctg	gt					852

<210> 45

<211> 234

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 45

acaacagacc	cttgctcgct	aacgacctca	tgctcatcaa	gttggaacgaa	tccgtgtccg	60
agtctgacac	catccggagc	atcagcattg	cttcgcagtg	ccctaccgcg	gggaactcct	120
gcctcgtttc	tggctgggggt	ctgctggcga	acggcagaat	gcctaccgtg	ctgcagtgcg	180
tgaacgtgtc	ggtggtgtct	gaggaggtct	gcagtaagct	ctatgaccgc	ctgt	234

<210> 46

<211> 590

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (590)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 46

actttttatt	taaatgttta	taaggcagat	ctatgagaat	gatagaaaac	atggtgtgta	60
atttgatagc	aatatttttg	agattacaga	gttttagtaa	ttaccaatta	cacagttaaa	120
aagaagataa	tatattccaa	gcanatacaa	aatatcta	gaaagatcaa	ggcaggaaaa	180
tgantataac	taattgacaa	tggaaaatca	attttaatgt	gaattgcaca	ttatccttta	240
aaagctttca	aaanaaanaa	ttattgcagt	ctanttaatt	caaacagtgt	taaatgggtat	300
caggataaan	aactgaaggg	canaaagaat	taattttcac	ttcatgtaac	ncacccanat	360
ttacaatggc	ttaaatgcan	ggaaaaagca	gtggaagtag	ggaagtantc	aaggtctttc	420
tggctcttaa	tctgccttac	tctttgggtg	tggctttgat	cctctggaga	cagctgccag	480
ggctcctgtt	atatccacaa	tcccagcagc	aagatgaagg	gatgaaaaag	gacacatgct	540
gccttccttt	gaggagactt	catctcactg	gccaacactc	agtcacatgt		590

<210> 47

<211> 774

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (774)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 47

acaagggggc	ataatgaagg	agtggggana	gattttaaag	aaggaaaaaa	aacgaggccc	60
tgaacagaat	tttctgnac	aacggggcct	caaaataatt	ttcttgggga	ggttcaagac	120
gcttcactgc	ttgaaactta	aatggatgtg	ggacanaatt	ttctgtaatg	accctgaggg	180
cattacagac	gggactctgg	gaggaaggat	aaacagaaag	gggacaaaag	ctaattcccaa	240
aacatcaaag	aaaggaagggt	ggcgtcatat	ctcccagcct	acacagttct	ccagggtctct	300

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cctcatccct ggaggacgac agtggaggaa caactgacca tgtccccagg ctctgtgtg 360
ctggctcctg gtcttcagcc cccagctctg gaagcccacc ctctgctgat cctgcgtggc 420
ccacactcct tgaacacaca tccccagggt atattcctgg acatggctga acctcctatt 480
cctacttccg agatgccttg ctccctgcag cctgtcaaaa tcccactcac cctccaaacc 540
acggcatggg aagcctttct gacttgctg attactccag catcttgga caatccctga 600
ttccccactc cttagaggca agataggggt gttaagagta gggctggacc acttgagacc 660
aggtgctgg cttcaaattn tggctcattt acgagctatg ggacctggg caagtnatct 720
tcacttctat gggcntcatt ttgttctacc tgcaaaatgg gggataataa tagt 774

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<210> 48

<211> 124

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(124)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 48

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canaaattga aattttataa aaaggcattt ttctcttata tccataaaat gatataattt 60
ttgcaantat anaaatgtgt cataaattat aatgttcctt aattacagct caacgcaact 120
tggt 124

```

<210> 49

<211> 147

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(147)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 49

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gccgatgcta ctattttatt gcaggaggtg ggggtgtttt tattattctc tcaacagctt 60
tgtggctaca ggtgggtgtc gactgcatna aaaantttt tacgggtgat tgcaaaaatt 120
ttagggcacc catatcccaa gcantgt 147

```

<210> 50

<211> 107

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 50

```

acattaaatt aataaaagga ctgttgggggt tctgctaaaa cacatggctt gatatttgc 60
atggtttgag gttaggagga gttaggcata tgttttggga gaggggt 107

```

<210> 51

<211> 204

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 51

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gtcctaggaa gtctagggga cacacgactc tggggtcacg gggccgacac acttgacgg 60

```



```

cggaaggaa aggcagagaa gtgacaccgt caggggggaaa tgacagaaag gaaaatcaag      120
gccttgcaag gtcagaaagg ggactcaggg cttccaccac agccctgccc cacttggcca      180
cctccctttt gggaccagca atgt                                           204

```

<210> 52

<211> 491

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(491)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 52

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acaaagataa catattatctt ataacaaaaa tttgatagtt ttaaagggtta gtattgtgta      60
gggtattttt caaaagacta aagagataac tcaggtaaaa agttagaaat gtataaaaca      120
ccatcagaca ggttttttaa aaacaacata ttacaaaatt agacaatcat ccttaaaaaa      180
aaaactttct gtatcaattt cttttgttca aaatgactga cttaantatt tttaaatatt      240
tcanaaacac ttcctcaaaa attttcaana tggtagcttt canatgtnc ctcagtccca      300
atgttgctca gataaataaa tctcgtgaga acttaccacc caccacaagc tttctggggc      360
atgcaacagt gtcttttctt tnccttttct tttttttttt ttacaggcac agaaactcat      420
caattttatt tggataacaa aggtgtctcca aatttatattg aaaaataaat ccaagttaat      480
atcactcttg t                                           491

```

<210> 53

<211> 484

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(484)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 53

```

acataattta gcagggtctaa ttaccataag atgctattta ttaanaggtn tatgatctga      60
gtattaacag ttgctgaagt ttggtatttt tatgcagcat tttctttttg ctttgataac      120
actacagaac ccttaaggac actgaaaatt agtaagtaaa gttcagaaac attagctgct      180
caatcaaadc tctacataac actatagtaa ttaaaacggt aaaaaaaagt gttgaaatct      240
gcactagtat anaccgctcc tgtcaggata anactgcttt ggaacagaaa gggaaaaanc      300
agctttgant ttctttgtgc tgatangagg aaaggctgaa ttaccttggt gcctctccct      360
aatgattggc aggtcnggta aatnccaaaa catattccaa ctcaacactt cttttccncg      420
tancttgant ctgtgtattc caggancagg cggatggaat gggccagccc ncggatgttc      480
cant                                           484

```

<210> 54

<211> 151

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 54

```

actaaacctc gtgcttgatg actccataca gaaaacgggt ccattccctga acacggctgg      60
ccactgggta tactgctgac aaccgcaaca caaaaaacac aaatccttgg cactggctag      120
tctatgtcct ctcaagtgcc tttttgtttg t                                           151

```

<210> 55
 <211> 91
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 55
 acctggcttg tctccgggtg gttcccggtg cccccacgg tccccagaac ggacactttc 60
 gccctccagt ggatactcga gccaaagtgg t 91

<210> 56
 <211> 133
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 56
 ggcggatgtg cgttgggttat atacaaatat gtcattttat gtaagggtact tgagtatact 60
 tggatttttg gtatctgtgg gttgggggga cgggccagga accaataccc catggatacc 120
 aagggaac tgt 133

<210> 57
 <211> 147
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1) ... (147)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 57
 actctggaga acctgagccg ctgctccgcc tctgggatga ggtgatgcan gcngtggcgc 60
 gactgggagc tgagcccttc cctttgcgcc tgccctcagag gattgttgcc gacntgcana 120
 tctcantggg ctggatncat gcagggt 147

<210> 58
 <211> 198
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1) ... (198)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 58
 acagggatat aggtttnaag ttattgtat tgtaaaatac attgaatttt ctgtatactc 60
 tgattacata catttatcct ttaaaaaaga tgtaaatctt aatttttatg ccatctatta 120
 atttaccat gagttacctt gtaaatagaga agtcatgata gcactgaatt ttaactagtt 180
 ttgacttcta agtttggt 198

<210> 59
 <211> 330
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 59

acaacaaatg ggttgtagg aagtcttata agcaaaactg gtgatggcta ctgaaaagat	60
ccattgaaaa ttatcattaa tgattttaaa tgacaagtta tcaaaaactc actcaatttt	120
cacctgtgct agcttgctaa aatgggagtt aactctagag caaatatagt atcttctgaa	180
tacagtcaat aaatgacaaa gccagggcct acagggtggt tccagacttt ccagaccag	240
cagaaggaaat ctattttata acatggatct ccgtctgtgc tcaaaatacc taatgatatt	300
tttcgtcttt attggacttc tttgaagagt	330

<210> 60

<211> 175

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 60

accgtgggtg ccttctacat tcctgacggc tccttcacca acatctggtt ctacttcggc	60
gtcgtgggct ccttctctct catcctcctc cagctgggtg tgctcatcga ctttgcgac	120
tcctggaacc agcgggtggc gggcaaggcc gaggagtgcg attcccgtgc ctggt	175

<210> 61

<211> 154

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 61

acccacttt tcctcctgtg agcagtctgg acttctcact gctacatgat gagggtagt	60
ggttgttgct cttcaacagt atcctcccct ttccggatct gctgagccgg acagcagtgc	120
tggactgcac agccccggg ctccacattg ctgt	154

<210> 62

<211> 30

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 62

cgctcgagcc ctatagttag tcgtattaga	30
----------------------------------	----

<210> 63

<211> 89

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 63

acaagtcatt tcagcaccct ttgtcttca aaactgacca tcttttatat ttaatgcttc	60
ctgtatgaat aaaaatggtt atgtcaagt	89

<210> 64

<211> 97

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 64

accggagtaa ctgagtcggg acgctgaatc tgaatccacc aataaataaa gggtctgcag	60
aatcagtgc tccaggattg gtccttgat ctgggg	97

<210> 65
 <211> 377
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(377)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 65
 acaacaanaa ntcccttctt taggccactg atggaaacct ggaaccccct tttgatggca 60
 gcatggcgtc ctaggccttg acacagcggc tgggggtttg gctntcccaa accgcacacc 120
 ccaaccctgg tctaccacaca nttctggcta tgggctgtct ctgccactga acatcagggt 180
 tcggtcataa natgaaatcc caanggggac agaggtcagt agaggaaagct caatgagaaa 240
 ggtgctgttt gctcagccag aaaacagctg cctggcattc gccgctgaac tatgaacccg 300
 tgggggtgaa ctaccccccag gaggaatcat gcctgggcga tgcaanggtg ccaacaggag 360
 gggcgggagg agcatgt 377

<210> 66
 <211> 305
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 66
 acgcctttcc ctcagaattc agggaagaga ctgtcgctg ccttcctccg ttgttgctg 60
 agaaccctgt tgccccttcc caccatatcc accctcgctc catctttgaa ctcaaacacg 120
 aggaactaac tgcaccctgg tcctctcccc agtccccagt tcaccctcca tccctcacct 180
 tcctccactc taagggatat caacactgcc cagcacaggg gccctgaatt tatgtggttt 240
 ttatatattt ttttaataaga tgcactttat gtcatttttt aataaaagtct gaagaattac 300
 tgttt 305

<210> 67
 <211> 385
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 67
 actacacaca ctccacttgc ccttgtgaga cactttgtcc cagcacttta ggaatgctga 60
 ggtcggacca gccacatctc atgtgcaaga ttgcccagca gacatcaggt ctgagagttc 120
 cccttttaaa aaaggggact tgcttaaaaa agaagtctag ccacgattgt gtagagcagc 180
 tgtgtgtgtc tggagattca cttttgagag agttctcctc tgagacctga tctttagagg 240
 ctgggcagtc ttgcacatga gatggggctg gtctgatctc agcactcctt agtctgcttg 300
 cctctcccag ggccccagcc tggccacacc tgcttacagg gcactctcag atgcccatac 360
 catagtttct gtgctagtgg accgt 385

<210> 68
 <211> 73
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 68
 acttaaccag atatatattt accccagatg gggatattct ttgtaaaaaa tgaaaataaa 60
 gtttttttaa tgg 73

<210> 69
 <211> 536
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(536)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 69
 actagtccag tgtggtggaa ttccattgtg ttggggggctc tcaccctcct ctccctgcagc 60
 tccagctttg tgctctgcct ctgaggagac catggcccag catctgagta ccctgctgct 120
 cctgctggcc accctagctg tggccctggc ctggagcccc aaggaggagg ataggataat 180
 cccgggtggc atctataacg cagacctcaa tgatgagtgg gtacagcgtg ccccttcactt 240
 cgccatcagc gagtataaca aggccaccaa agatgactac tacagacgtc cgctgcgggt 300
 actaagagcc aggaacaga ccgttggggg ggtgaattac ttcttcgacg tagaggtggg 360
 ccgaaccata tgtaccaagt ccagcccaa cttggacacc tgtgccttcc atgaacagcc 420
 agaactgcag aagaaacagt tgtgctcttt cgagatctac gaagttccct ggggagaaca 480
 gaangtcctt gggtgaaatc caggtgtcaa gaaatcctan ggatctgttg ccaggc 536

<210> 70
 <211> 477
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien
 <400> 70

atgaccctta acagggggccc tctcagccct cctaattgacc tccggcctag ccatgtgatt 60
 tcacttccac tccataacgc tcctcatact aggcctacta accaacacac taaccatata 120
 ccaatgatgg cgcgatgtaa cacgagaaag cacataccaa ggccaccaca caccacctgt 180
 ccaaaaaggc cttcgatacg ggataatcct atttattacc tcagaagttt ttttcttcgc 240
 agggattttt ctgagccttt taccactcca gcctagcccc tacccccacaa ctaggagggc 300
 actggccccc aacaggcatc accccgctaa atcccctaga agtcccactc ctaaacacat 360
 ccgtattact cgcatacagga gtatcaatca cctgagctca ccatagtcta atagaaaaca 420
 accgaaacca aattattcaa agcactgctt attacaattt tactgggtct ctatttt 477

<210> 71
 <211> 533
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(533)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 71
 agagctatag gtacagtgtg atctcagctt tgcaaàcaca ttttctacat agatagtact 60
 aggtattaat agatatgtaa agaaagaaat cacaccatta ataatggtaa gattgggtta 120
 tgtgatttta gtggattttt tggcaccctt atatatgttt tccaaacttt cagcagtgat 180
 attatttcca taacttaaaa agtgagtttg aaaaagaaaa tctccagcaa gcatctcatt 240
 taaataaagg tttgtcatct ttaaaaatac agcaatatgt gactttttta aaaagctgtc 300
 aaatagggtg gaccctacta ataattatta gaaatacatt taaaaacatc gagtacctca 360
 agtcagtttg ccttgaaaaa tatcaaatat aactcttaga gaaatgtaca taaaagaatg 420
 cttcgttaatt ttggagtang aggttccctc ctcaattttg tatttttaaa aagtacatgg 480
 taaaaaaaaa aattcacacac agtatataag gctgtaaaaat gaagaattct gcc 533

<210> 72
 <211> 511
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(511)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 72
 tattacggaa aaacacacca cataattcaa ctancaaaga anactgcttc agggcgtgta 60
 aaatgaaagg cttccaggca gttatctgat taaagaacac taaaagaggg acaaggctaa 120
 aagccgcagg atgtctacac tatancaggc gctatattggg ttggctggag gagctgtgga 180
 aaacatggan agattggtgc tgganatcgc cgtggctatt cctcattgtt attacanagt 240
 gaggttctct gtgtgcccac tggtttgaaa accgttctnc aataatgata gaatagtaca 300
 cacatgagaa ctgaaatggc ccaaaccag aaagaaagcc caactagatc ctcagaanac 360
 gcttctaggg acaataaccg atgaagaaaa gatggcctcc ttgtgcccc gtctgttatg 420
 atttctctcc attgcagcna naaaccggtt cttctaagca aacncagggt atgatggcna 480
 aaatacaccc cctcttgaag naccnggagg a 511

<210> 73
 <211> 499
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(499)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 73
 cagtgccagc actggtgcca gtaccagtag caataacagt gccagtgcc gtgccagcac 60
 cagtggaggc ttcagtgtg gtgccagcct gaccgccact ctcacatttg ggctcttcgc 120
 tggccttggt ggagctggtg ccagcaccag tggcagctct ggtgcctgtg gtttctccta 180
 caagtgagat tttagatatt gttaatcctg ccaagtctttc tcttcaagcc aggggtgcac 240
 ctcagaaacc tactcaacac agcactctag gcagccacta tcaatcaatt gaagttgaca 300
 ctctgcatta aatctatttg ccatttctga aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaggg cggccgctcg 360
 antctagagg gcccgtttaa acccgctgat cagcctcgac tgtgccttct anttgccagc 420
 catctgttgt ttgccctcc cccgntgcct tccttgacct tggaaagtgc cactcccact 480
 gtcctttcct aantaaaat 499

<210> 74
 <211> 537
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(537)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 74
 tttcatagga gaacacactg aggagatact tgaagaattt ggattcagcc gcgaagagat 60

ttatcagctt	aactcagata	aatcattga	aagtaataag	gtaaaagcta	gtctctaact	120
tccaggccca	cggctcaagt	gaatttgaat	actgcattta	cagtgtagag	taacacataa	180
cattgtatgc	atggaaacat	ggaggaacag	tattacagtg	tcctaccact	ctaatacaaga	240
aaagaattac	agactctgat	tctacagtga	tgattgaatt	ctaaaaatgg	taatcattag	300
ggcttttgat	ttataaanact	ttgggtactt	atactaaatt	atggtagtta	tactgccttc	360
cagtttgctt	gatataattg	ttgatattaa	gattcttgac	ttatatattt	aatgggttct	420
actgaaaaan	gaatgatata	ttcttgaaga	catcgatata	catttattta	cactcttgat	480
tctacaatgt	agaaaatgaa	ggaaatgccc	caaattgtat	ggtgataaaa	gtcccg	537

<210> 75

<211> 467

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(467)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 75

caaanacaat	tgttcaaaag	atgcaaatga	tacactactg	ctgcagctca	caaacacctc	60
tgcatattac	acgtacctcc	tcctgtctct	caagtagtgt	ggtctatttt	gccatcatca	120
cctgtgtct	gcttagaaga	acggctttct	gctgcaangg	agagaaatca	taacagacgg	180
tggcacaagg	aggccatctt	ttcctcatcg	gttattgtcc	ctagaagcgt	cttctgagga	240
tctagttggg	ctttctttct	gggtttgggc	catttcantt	ctcatgtgtg	tactattcta	300
tcattattgt	ataacgggtt	tcaaaccngt	gggcacncag	agaacctcac	tctgtaataa	360
caatgaggaa	tagccacggg	gatctccagc	accaaatact	tccatgttnt	tccagagctc	420
ctccagccaa	cccaaatagc	cgctgctatn	gtgtagaaca	tccttgn		467

<210> 76

<211> 400

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(400)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 76

aagctgacag	cattcggggc	gagatgtctc	gctccgtggc	cttagctgtg	ctcgcgctac	60
tctctctttc	tggcctggag	gctatccagc	gtactccaaa	gattcaggtt	tactcacgtc	120
atccagcaga	gaatggaaag	tcaaatttcc	tgaattgcta	tgtgtctggg	tttcatccat	180
ccgacattga	agttgactta	ctgaagaatg	gagagagaat	tgaaaaagtg	gagcattcag	240
acttgtcttt	cagcaaggac	tggtctttct	atctcttgta	ctacactgaa	ttcaccacca	300
ctgaaaaaga	tgagtatgcc	tgccgtgtga	accatgtgac	tttgtcacag	cccaagatng	360
ttnagtggga	tcganacatg	taagcagcan	catgggaggt			400

<210> 77

<211> 248

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 77

ctggagtgcc	ttggtgtttc	aagcccctgc	aggaagcaga	atgcaccttc	tgaggcacct	60
------------	------------	------------	------------	------------	------------	----

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ccagctgccc cggcggggga tgcgaggctc ggagcaccct tgcccggctg tgattgctgc   120
caggcactgt tcatctcagc ttttctgtcc ctttgcctcc ggcaagcgct tctgctgaaa   180
gttcataatct ggagcctgat gtcttaacga ataaagggtcc catgctccac ccgaaaaaaaa   240
aaaaaaaaa                                     248

```

```

<210> 78
<211> 201
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 78
actagtccag tgtggtggaa ttccattgtg ttgggcccac cacaatggct acctttaaca   60
tcacccagac cccgccctgc ccgtgcccac cgctgctgct aacgacagta tgatgcttac   120
tctgctactc ggaaactatt tttatgtaat taatgtatgc tttcttgttt ataaatgcct   180
gatttaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa a                                     201

```

```

<210> 79
<211> 552
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (552)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 79
tccttttgtt aggtttttga gacaacccta gacctaaact gtgtcacaga cttctgaatg   60
tttaggcagt gctagtaatt tcctcgtaat gattctgtta ttactttcct attctttatt   120
cctcttttct ctgaagatta atgaagttag aaattgaggt ggataaatac aaaaaggtag   180
tgtgatagta taagtatcta agtgcagatg aaagtgtgtt atatatatcc attcaaaatt   240
atgcaagtta gtaattactc aggggttaact aaattacttt aatatgctgt tgaacctact   300
ctgttccttg gctagaaaaa attataaaca ggactttgtt agtttgggaa gccaaattga   360
taatattcta tgttctaaaa gttgggctat acataaanta tnaagaaata tggaatttta   420
ttcccaggaa tatgggggtc atttatgaat antaccggg anagaagttt tgantnaaac   480
cngttttggt taatacgta atatgtcctn aatnaacaag gcntgactta tttccaaaaa   540
aaaaaaaaa aa                                     552

```

```

<210> 80
<211> 476
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (476)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 80
acagggattt gagatgctaa ggccccagag atcgtttgat ccaaccctct tattttcaga   60
ggggaaaatg gggcctagaa gttacagagc atctagctgg tgcgctggca cccctggcct   120
cacacagact cccgagtagc tgggactaca ggcacacagt cactgaagca ggccctgttt   180
gcaattcacg ttgccacctc caacttaaac attcttcata tgtgatgtcc ttagtcacta   240
aggttaaact ttcccacca gaaaaggcaa cttagataaa atcttagagt actttcatac   300
tcttctaagt cctcttccag cctcactttg agtctcctt ggggggttgat aggaantntc   360

```


tcttggtttt	ctcaataaaa	tctctatcca	tctcatgttt	aatttggtac	gcntaaaaat	420
gctgaaaaaa	ttaaaatggt	ctggtttcnc	tttaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	aaaaaa	476

<210> 81
 <211> 232
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(232)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 81						
tttttttttg	tatgccttcn	ctgtggngtt	attgttgctg	ccaccctgga	ggagcccagt	60
ttcttctgta	tctttctttt	ctgggggatc	ttcctggctc	tgccctcca	ttcccagcct	120
ctcatcccca	tcttgacttt	ttgctagggt	tggaggcgct	ttcctggtag	cccctcagag	180
actcagtcag	cggaataaag	tcctaggggt	ggggggtgtg	gcaagccggc	ct	232

<210> 82
 <211> 383
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(383)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 82						
aggcgggagc	agaagctaaa	gccaaagccc	aagaagagtg	gcagtgccag	cactggtgcc	60
agtaccagta	ccaataacat	gccagtgcc	gtgccagcac	cagtgggtggc	ttcagtgtg	120
gtgccagcct	gaccgccact	ctcacatttg	ggctcttcgc	tggccttggg	ggagctgggtg	180
ccagcaccag	tggcagctct	ggtgcctgtg	gtttctccta	caagtgagat	tttagatatt	240
gttaatcctg	ccagtctttc	tcttcaagcc	aggggtgcac	ctcagaaacc	tactcaacac	300
agcactctng	gcagccacta	tcaatcaatt	gaagttgaca	ctctgcatta	aatctatttg	360
ccattttcaa	aaaaaaaaaa	aaa				383

<210> 83
 <211> 494
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(494)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 83						
accgaattgg	gaccgctggc	ttataagcga	tcatgtcctc	cagtattacc	tcaacgagca	60
gggagatcga	gtctatacgc	tgaagaaatt	tgacccgatg	ggacaacaga	cctgctcagc	120
ccatcctgct	cggttctccc	cagatgacaa	atactctcga	caccgaatca	ccatcaagaa	180
acgcttcaag	gtgctcatga	cccagcaacc	gcgcctgtc	ctctgagggt	ccttaaactg	240
atgtcttttc	tgccacctgt	taccctctcg	agactccgta	accaaactct	tcggactgtg	300
agccctgatg	cctttttgcc	agccatactc	tttgcntcc	agtctctcgt	ggcgattgat	360

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tatgcttgtg tgaggcaatc atggtggcat cacccatnaa gggaacacat ttganttttt 420
tttcncatat tttaaattac naccagaata nttcagaata aatgaattga aaaactctta 480
aaaaaaaaaa aaaa 494
```

```
<210> 84
<211> 380
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(380)
<223> n = A,T,C or G
```

```
<400> 84
gctggtagcc tatggcgtgg ccacggangg gtcctgagg cacgggacag tgacttccca 60
agtatcctgc gccgcgtctt ctaccgtccc tacctgcaga tcttcgggca gattccccag 120
gaggacatgg acgtggccct catggagcac agcaactgct cgtcggagcc cggcttcttg 180
gcacaccctc ctggggccca ggcgggcacc tgcgtctccc agtatgccaa ctggctggtg 240
gtgctgctcc tcgtcatctt cctgctcgtg gccaacatcc tgctggtcac ttgctcattg 300
ccatgttcag ttacacattc ggcaaagtac agggcaacag cnatctctac tgggaaggcc 360
agcgttnccg cctcatccgg 480
```

```
<210> 85
<211> 481
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(481)
<223> n = A,T,C or G
```

```
<400> 85
gagtttagctc ctccacaacc ttgatgaggt cgtctgcagt ggcctctcgc ttcataccgc 60
tnccatcgtc atactgtagg ttgtgccacca ctcctgcat cttggggcgg ctaatatcca 120
ggaaactctc aatcaagtca ccgctcnatna aacctgtggc tggttctgtc ttccgctcgg 180
tgtgaaagga tctccagaag gagtgctcga tcttccccac acttttgatg actttattga 240
gtcgattctg catgtccagc aggaggttgt accagctctc tgacagtgag gtcaccagcc 300
ctatcatgcc nttgaacgtg ccgaagaaca ccgagccttg tgtggggggg gnagtctcac 360
ccagattctg cattaccaga nagccgtggc aaaaganatt gacaactcgc ccaggngaa 420
aaagaacacc tcctggaagt gctngccgct cctcgtcctt tggtggnngc gcntnccttt 480
t 481
```

```
<210> 86
<211> 472
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(472)
<223> n = A,T,C or G
```

```
<400> 86
```

```

aacatcttcc tgtataatgc tgtgtaatat cgatccgatn ttgtctgctg agaattcatt      60
acttggaaaa gcaacttnaa gcctggacac tggattataa attcacaata tgcaacactt      120
taaacagtgt gtcaatctgc tcccttactt tgtcatcacc agtctgggaa taagggtatg      180
ccctattcac acctgttaaa agggcgctaa gcatttttga ttcaacatct ttttttttga      240
cacaagtccg aaaaaagcaa aagtaaacag ttnttaattt gttagccaat tcactttctt      300
catgggacag agccatttga tttaaaaagc aaattgcata atattgagct ttggggagctg      360
atatntgagc ggaagantag cctttctact tcaccagaca caactccttt catattggga      420
tgtnacnaa agttatgtct cttacagatg ggatgctttt gtggcaattc tg              472

```

<210> 87

<211> 413

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (413)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 87

```

agaaaccagt atctctnaaa acaacctctc ataccttgtg gacctaatTT tgtgtgctg      60
tgtgtgtgcg cgcatattat atagacaggc acatcttttt tacttttTga aaagcttatg      120
cctctttTgt atctatatct gtgaaagttt taatgatctg ccataatgtc ttggggacct      180
ttgtcttctg tgtaaatggt actagagaaa acacctatnt tatgagtcaa tctagtTngt      240
tttattcgac atgaaggaaa tttccagatn acaacactna caaactctcc cttgactagg      300
ggggacaaaag aaaagcnaaa ctgaacatna gaaacaattn cctggtgaga aattncataa      360
acagaaattg ggtngtatat tgaaanang catcattnaa acgttttttt ttt              413

```

<210> 88

<211> 448

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (448)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 88

```

cgcagcgggt cctctctatc tagctccagc ctctcgctg ccccaactccc cgcgtcccgc      60
gtcctagccn accatggccg ggccccctgcg cgccccgctg ctctgctgg ccatcctggc      120
cgtggccctg gccgtgagcc ccgcggcccg ctccagtcce ggcaagccgc cgcgcctggt      180
gggaggccca tggaccccg cgtggaagaag aagggtgtgcg gcgtgcactg gactttgccc      240
tcggcnanta caacaaaccc gcaacnactt ttaccnagcn cgcgctgcag gttgtgccgc      300
cccaancaaa ttgttactng gggtaaantaa ttcttggaag ttgaacctgg gccaaacnng      360
tttaccagaa ccnagccaat tngaacaatt nccccccat aacagccccct tttaaaaagg      420
gaancantcc tgntcttttc caaatTTt              448

```

<210> 89

<211> 463

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(463)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 89

gaattttgtg cactggccac tgtgatggaa ccattgggcc aggatgcttt gagtttatca	60
gtagtgattc tgccaaagtt ggtgttgtaa catgagtatg taaaatgtca aaaaatttagc	120
agaggtctag gtctgcatat cagcagacag tttgtccgtg tattttgtag ccttgaagtt	180
ctcagtgaca agttntttct gatgcgaagt tctnattcca gtgttttagt cctttgcac	240
tttnatgttn agacttgcct ctntnaaatt gcttttgtnt tctgcaggta ctatctgtgg	300
tttaacaaaa tagaannact tctctgcttn gaanatttga atatcttaca tctnaaaatn	360
aattctctcc ccatannaaa acccangccc ttggganaat ttgaaaaang gntccttcnn	420
aattcnnana anttcagntn tcatacaaca naacngganc ccc	463

<210> 90

<211> 400

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(400)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 90

agggattgaa ggtctnttnt actgtcggac tgttcancca ccaactctac aagttgctgt	60
cttcactca ctgtctgtaa gcntnttaac ccagactgta tcttcataaa tagaacaaat	120
tcttcaccag tcacatcttc taggaccttt ttggattcag ttagtataag ctcttcact	180
tcctttgtta agacttcac tcggtaaagtc ttaagttttg tagaaaggaa ttaattgct	240
cgttcttaa caatgtcctc tccttgaagt atttggctga acaaccacc tnaagtcct	300
ttgtgcatcc attttaaata tacttaatag ggcattggtn cactaggtta aattctgcaa	360
gagtcactctg tctgcaaaag ttgcgttagt atatctgcca	400

<210> 91

<211> 480

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(480)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 91

gagctcggat ccaataatct ttgtctgagg gcagcacaca tatncagtgc catggnaact	60
ggtctacccc acatgggagc agcatgccgt agntatataa ggtcattccc tgagtcagac	120
atgcctcttt gactaccgtg tgccagtgtc ggtgattctc acacacctcc nncgcctctt	180
tgtggaaaaa ctggcacttg nctggaacta gcaagacatc acttaciaaat tcacccacga	240
gacacttgaa aggtgtaaca aagcgactct tgcattgctt tttgtccctc cggcaccagt	300
tgtcaatact aaccgcgtgg tttgcctcca tcacatttgt gatctgtagc tctggataca	360
tctctgaca gtactgaaga acttcttctt ttgtttcaaa agcaactctt ggtgcctgtt	420
ngatcagggt cccatttccc agtccgaatg ttcacatggc atatnttact tccccaaaa	480

<210> 92

<211> 477

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(477)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 92

atacagccca	natccccacca	cgaagatgcg	cttggttgact	gagaacctga	tgcggtcact	60
gggtcccgtg	tagccccagc	gactctccac	ctgctggaag	cggttgatgc	tgcactcctt	120
cccacgcagg	cagcagcggg	gccggtcaat	gaactccact	cgtggcttgg	ggttgacggt	180
taantgcagg	aagaggctga	ccacctcgcg	gtccaccagg	atgcccgact	gtgcgggacc	240
tgcagcgaaa	ctcctcgatg	gtcatgagcg	ggaagcgaat	gangcccagg	gccttgccca	300
gaaccttccg	cctgttctct	ggcgtcacct	gcagctgctg	ccgctnacac	tcggcctcgg	360
accagcggac	aaacggcggt	gaacagccgc	acctcacgga	tgcccantgt	gtcgcgctcc	420
aggaacggcn	ccagcgtgtc	caggtcaatg	tcggtgaanc	ctccgcgggt	aatggcg	477

<210> 93

<211> 377

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(377)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 93

gaacggctgg	acctgcctc	gcattgtgct	gctggcagga	ataccttggc	aagcagctcc	60
agtccgagca	gccccagacc	gctgccgccc	gaagctaagc	ctgcctcttg	ccttccccctc	120
cgcctcaatg	cagaaccant	agtgggagca	ctgtgttttag	agttaagagt	gaacactgtn	180
tgattttact	tgggaatttc	ctctgttata	tagcttttcc	caatgctaata	ttccaaacaa	240
caacaacaaa	ataacatggt	tgctgtttna	gttggtataaa	agtangtgat	tctgtatnta	300
aagaaaatat	tactgttaca	tatactgctt	gcaanttctg	tattttattgg	tnctctggaa	360
ataaatatat	tattaaa					377

<210> 94

<211> 495

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(495)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 94

ccctttgagg	ggttagggtc	cagttcccag	tggaaagaaac	aggccaggag	aantgcgtgc	60
cgagctgang	cagatttccc	acagtgacct	cagagccctg	ggctatagtc	tctgacctct	120
ccaaggaaaag	accaccttct	ggggacatgg	gctggagggc	aggacctaga	ggcaccaagg	180
gaaggcccca	ttccggggct	gttccccgag	gaggaagggg	aggggctctg	tgtgcccccc	240
acgaggaana	ggccctgant	cctgggatca	nacacctctt	cacgtgtatc	cccacacaaa	300
tgcaagctca	ccaaggtccc	ctctcagtc	cttccctaca	ccctgaacgg	ncactggccc	360
acacccaccc	agancancca	cccgccatgg	ggaatgtntc	caaggaatcg	cngggcaacg	420
tggactctng	tcccnnaagg	gggcagaatc	tccaatagan	gganngaacc	cttgctnana	480

aaaaaaaaana aaaaa

495

<210> 95

<211> 472

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(472)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 95

ggttacttgg	tttcattgcc	accacttagt	ggatgtcatt	tagaaccatt	ttgtctgctc	60
cctctggaag	ccttgcgag	agcggacttt	gtaattgttg	gagaataact	gctgaatttt	120
tagctgtttt	gagttgattc	gcaccactgc	accacaactc	aatatgaaaa	ctatttnact	180
tatttattat	cttgtgaaaa	gtatacaatg	aaaattttgt	tcatactgta	tttatcaagt	240
atgatgaaaa	gcaatagata	tatattcttt	tattatgttn	aattatgatt	gccattatta	300
atcggcacaaa	tgtggagtgt	atgttctttt	cacagtaata	tatgcctttt	gtaacttcac	360
ttggttattt	tattgtaa	gaattacaaa	attcttaatt	taagaaaatg	gtangttata	420
tttanttcan	taatttcttt	ccttgtttac	gttaattttg	aaaagaatgc	at	472

<210> 96

<211> 476

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(476)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 96

ctgaagcatt	tcttcaaact	tntctacttt	tgtcattgat	acctgtagta	agttgacaat	60
gtggtgaaat	ttcaaaatta	tatgtaactt	ctactagttt	tactttctcc	cccaagtctt	120
ttttaactca	tgatttttac	acacacaatc	cagaacttat	tatatagcct	ctaagtcttt	180
attcttcaca	gtagatgatg	aaagagtcc	ccagtgtctt	gngcanaatg	ttctagntat	240
agctggatac	atacngtggg	agttctataa	actcatacct	cagtgggact	naaccaaaat	300
tgtgttagtc	tcaattccta	ccacactgag	ggagcctccc	aaatcactat	attcttatct	360
gcaggtagtc	ctccagaaaa	acngacaggg	caggcttgca	tgaaaaagtn	acatctgcgt	420
tacaaagtct	atcttctctca	nangtctgtn	aaggaacaat	ttaatcttct	agcttt	476

<210> 97

<211> 479

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(479)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 97

actcttttcta	atgctgat	gatcttgagt	ataagaatgc	atatgtcact	agaatggata	60
aaataatgct	gcaaaacttaa	tgcttctatg	caaaatggaa	cgctaata	acacagctta	120

caatcgcaaa	tcaaaactca	caagtgctca	tctgtttag	atttagtgta	ataagactta	180
gattgtgctc	cttcggatat	gattgtttct	canatcttgg	gcaatnttcc	ttagtcaaat	240
caggctacta	gaattctgtt	attggatatn	tgagagcatg	aaatttttaa	naatacactt	300
gtgattatna	aattaatcac	aaatttcaact	tatacctgct	atcagcagct	agaaaaacat	360
ntnnttttta	natcaaagta	ttttgtgttt	ggaantgttn	aaatgaaatc	tgaatgtggg	420
ttcnatctta	ttttttcccn	gacnactant	tnctttttta	gggnctattc	tganccatc	479

<210> 98

<211> 461

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 98

agtgacttgt	cctccaacaa	aacccttga	tcaagtttgt	ggcactgaca	atcagaccta	60
tgctagtcc	tgcatctat	tcgctactaa	atgcagactg	gaggggacca	aaaaggggca	120
tcaactccag	ctggattatt	ttggagcctg	caaactctatt	cctacttgta	cggactttga	180
agtgattcag	tttctctac	ggatgagaga	ctggctcaag	aatacctca	tgacagcttta	240
tgaagccact	ctgaacacgc	ttggttatcta	gatgagaaca	gagaaataaa	gtcagaaaaat	300
ttacctggag	aaaagaggct	ttggctgggg	accatcccat	tgaaccttct	cttaaggact	360
ttaagaaaaa	ctaccacatg	ttgtgtatcc	tggtgccggc	cgtttatgaa	ctgaccaccc	420
tttggataaa	tcttgacgct	cctgaacttg	ctcctctgcg	a		461

<210> 99

<211> 171

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 99

gtggccgcg	gcaggtgttt	cctcgtagcg	cagggccccc	tccttcccc	aggcgtccct	60
cgggcctct	gcgggcccg	ggaggagcgg	ctggcgggtg	gggggagtgt	gacccaccc	120
cggtagaaaa	agccttctct	agcgatctga	gaggcgtgcc	ttgggggtac	c	171

<210> 100

<211> 269

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 100

cggccgcaag	tgcaactcca	gctggggccg	tgccgacgaa	gattctgcca	gcagttggtc	60
cgactgagac	gacggcggcg	gcgacagtcg	caggtgcagc	gcgggcgcct	ggggtcttgc	120
aaggctgagc	tgacgccgca	gaggtcgtgt	cacgtcccac	gaccttgacg	ccgtcgggga	180
cagccggaac	agagcccggg	gaagcgggag	gcctcgggga	gccccctcggg	aagggcggcc	240
cgagagatac	gcaggtgcag	gtggccgcc				269

<210> 101

<211> 405

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 101

tttttttttt	ttttggaatc	tactgcgagc	acagcaggtc	agcaacaagt	ttattttgca	60
gctagcaagg	taacagggtg	gggcatgggt	acatgttcag	gtcaacttcc	tttgtcgtgg	120
ttgattgggt	tgtctttatg	ggggcggggt	ggggtagggg	aaacgaagca	aataacatgg	180
agtgggtgca	ccctccctgt	agaacctggg	tacaaagctt	ggggcagttc	acctggtctg	240
tgaccgtcat	tttcttgaca	tcaatgttat	tagaagtcag	gatatttttt	agagagtcca	300

ctgttctgga gggagattag ggtttcttgc caaatccaac aaaatccact gaaaaagtgt 360
gatgatcagt acgaataccg aggcataatc tcatatcggt ggcca 405

<210> 102

<211> 470

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 102

tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt 60
ggcacttaat ccattttttat ttcaaaatgt ctacaaattt aatcccatta tacgggtattt 120
tcaaaatcta aattattcaa attagccaaa tccttaccac ataataccca aaaatcaaaa 180
atatacttct ttcagcaaac ttgttacata aattaaaaaa atatatacgg ctgggtgtttt 240
caaagtacaa ttatcttaac actgcaaac ttttaaggaa ctaaaaataa aaaaaacact 300
ccgcaaagggt taaagggaac aacaaattct ttacaacac cattataaaa atcatatctc 360
aaatcttagg ggaatatata cttcacacgg gatcttaact ttactcact ttgtttattt 420
ttttaaacca ttgtttgggc ccaacacaat ggaatcccc ctggactagt 470

<210> 103

<211> 581

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 103

tttttttttt ttttttttga ccccccctct ataaaaaaca agttaccatt ttattttact 60
tacacatatt tattttataa ttggtattag atattcaaaa ggcagctttt aaaatcaaac 120
taaagtgaag ctgccttaga tacataattc ttaggaatta gcttaaaatc tgcctaaagt 180
gaaaatcttc tctagctctt ttgactgtaa atttttgact cttgtaaaac atccaaattc 240
atttttcttg tctttaaaat tatctaattc ttccattttt tccctattcc aagtcaattt 300
gcttctctag cctcatttcc tagctcttat ctactattag taagtggctt ttttcctaaa 360
agggaaaaca ggaagagaaa tggcacacaa aacaaacatt ttatattcat atttctacct 420
acgttaataa aatagcattt tgtgaagcca gctcaaaaga aggccttagat ccttttatgt 480
ccatttttagt cactaaacga tatcaaagtg ccagaatgca aaagggttgt gaacatttat 540
tcaaaagcta atataagata ttccacatac tcatctttct g 581

<210> 104

<211> 578

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 104

tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttctctt cttttttttt gaaatgagga tgcagttttt 60
cactctctag atagggcatg aagaaaactc atctttccag ctttaaaata acaatcaaat 120
ctcttatgct atatcatatt ttaagttaaa ctaatgagtc actggcttat cttctcctga 180
aggaaatctg ttcattcttc tcattcatat agttatatca agtactacct tgcattatga 240
gagggttttt ttctctattt acacatatat ttccatgtga atttgtatca aacctttatt 300
ttcatgcaaa ctagaaaata atgtttcttt tgcataagag aagagaacaa tatagcatta 360
caaaactgct caaattgttt gttaagttat ccattataat tagttggcag gagctaatac 420
aaatcacatt tacgacagca ataataaaac tgaagtacca gttaaatatc caaaataatt 480
aaaggaacat ttttagcctg ggtataatta gctaattcac tttaacaagca tttattagaa 540
tgaattcaca tgttattatt cctagcccaa cacaatgg 578

<210> 105

<211> 538

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 105

tttttttttt	tttttcagta	ataatcagaa	caatatttat	ttttatattt	aaaattcata	60
gaaaagtgcc	ttacatttaa	taaaagtttg	tttctcaaag	tgatcagagg	aattagatat	120
gtcttgaaca	ccaatattaa	tttgaggaaa	atacaccaaa	atacattaag	taaattattt	180
aagatcatag	agcttgtaag	tgaaaagata	aaatttgacc	tcagaaactc	tgagcattaa	240
aaatccacta	ttagcaataa	aattactatg	gacttcttgc	tttaattttg	tgatgaatat	300
ggggtgtcac	tggtaaacca	acacattctg	aaggatacat	tacttagtga	tagattctta	360
tgtactttgc	taatacgtgg	atatgagttg	acaagtttct	ctttcttcaa	tcctttaagg	420
ggcgagaaat	gaggaagaaa	agaaaaggat	tacgcatact	gttcttttcta	tgggaaggatt	480
agatatgttt	cctttgcaa	tattaaaaaa	ataataatgt	ttactactag	tgaaaccc	538

<210> 106

<211> 473

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 106

tttttttttt	ttttttagtc	aagtttctat	ttttattata	attaaagtct	tggtcatttc	60
atttatttagc	tctgcaactt	acataatttaa	attaaagaaa	cgtttttagac	aactgtacaa	120
tttataaatg	taaggtgcca	ttattgagta	atatatttct	ccaagagtgg	atgtgtccct	180
tctcccacca	actaatgaac	agcaacatta	gtttaatttt	attagtagat	atacactgct	240
gcaaacgcta	attctcttct	ccatcccat	gtgatattgt	gtatatgtgt	gagttggtag	300
aatgcatcac	aatctacaat	caacagcaag	atgaagctag	gctgggcttt	cggtgaaaat	360
agactgtgtc	tgtctgaatc	aatgatctg	acctatcctc	ggtggcaaga	actcttcgaa	420
ccgcttcctc	aaaggcgctg	ccacatttgt	ggctctttgc	acttgtttca	aaa	473

<210> 107

<211> 1621

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 107

cgccatggca	ctgcagggca	tctcggtcac	ggagctgtcc	ggcctggccc	cgggcccgctc	60
ctgtgctatg	gtcctggctg	acttcggggc	gcgtgtggtg	cgcgtggacc	ggcccggtc	120
ccgctacgac	gtgagccgct	tgggcccggg	caagcgtctg	ctagtgtctg	acctgaagca	180
gccgcgggga	gccgcggtgc	tgcggcgtct	gtgcaagcgg	tcggatgtgc	tgctggagcc	240
cttccgcgcg	ggtgtcatgg	agaaaactcca	gctgggccc	gagattctgc	agcgggaaaa	300
tccaaggctt	atttatgcca	ggctgagtgg	atttggccag	tcaggaagct	tctgccggtt	360
agctggccac	gatatcaact	atttggcttt	gtcaggtgtt	ctctcaaaaa	ttggcagaag	420
tggtgagaat	ccgtatgccc	cgctgaatct	cctggctgac	tttgcctggtg	gtggccttat	480
gtgtgcactg	ggcattataa	tggctctttt	tgaccgcaca	cgcactgaca	agggtcaggt	540
cattgatgca	aatatggtgg	aaggaaacagc	atatttaagt	tcttttctgt	ggaaaactca	600
gaaatcgagt	ctgtgggaag	cacctcgagg	acagaacatg	ttggatggtg	gagcaccttt	660
ctatacgact	tacaggacag	cagatgggga	attcatggct	gttgagcaa	tagaacccca	720
gttctacgag	ctgctgatca	aaggacttgg	actaaagtct	gatgaacttc	ccaatcagat	780
gagcatggat	gattggccag	aaatgaagaa	gaagtttgca	gatgtatttg	caaagaagac	840
gaaggcagag	tgggtgcaaa	tctttgacgg	cacagatgcc	tgtgtgactc	cggttctgac	900
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ggagcaggac	gtgagcccc	gccctgcacc	tctgctgtta	aacaccccag	ccatcccttc	1020
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cagccgcgaa	gagatttata	agcttaactc	agataaaatc	attgaaagta	ataaggtaaa	1140
agctagtctc	taacttccag	gcccacggct	caagtgaatt	tgaatactgc	atttacagtg	1200
tagagtaaca	cataacattg	tatgcatgga	aacatggagg	aacagtatta	cagtgtccta	1260

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ccactctaatt caagaaaaga attacagact ctgattctac agtgatgatt gaattctaaa 1320
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atttacctc ttgattctac aatgtagaaa atgaggaaat gccacaaatt gtatggtgat 1560
aaaagtcacg tgaacaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa 1620
a 1621

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<210> 108
 <211> 382
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 108

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Met Ala Leu Gln Gly Ile Ser Val Met Glu Leu Ser Gly Leu Ala Pro
1      5      10      15
Gly Pro Phe Cys Ala Met Val Leu Ala Asp Phe Gly Ala Arg Val Val
20      25      30
Arg Val Asp Arg Pro Gly Ser Arg Tyr Asp Val Ser Arg Leu Gly Arg
35      40      45
Gly Lys Arg Ser Leu Val Leu Asp Leu Lys Gln Pro Arg Gly Ala Ala
50      55      60
Val Leu Arg Arg Leu Cys Lys Arg Ser Asp Val Leu Leu Glu Pro Phe
65      70      75      80
Arg Arg Gly Val Met Glu Lys Leu Gln Leu Gly Pro Glu Ile Leu Gln
85      90      95
Arg Glu Asn Pro Arg Leu Ile Tyr Ala Arg Leu Ser Gly Phe Gly Gln
100     105     110
Ser Gly Ser Phe Cys Arg Leu Ala Gly His Asp Ile Asn Tyr Leu Ala
115     120     125
Leu Ser Gly Val Leu Ser Lys Ile Gly Arg Ser Gly Glu Asn Pro Tyr
130     135     140
Ala Pro Leu Asn Leu Leu Ala Asp Phe Ala Gly Gly Gly Leu Met Cys
145     150     155     160
Ala Leu Gly Ile Ile Met Ala Leu Phe Asp Arg Thr Arg Thr Asp Lys
165     170     175
Gly Gln Val Ile Asp Ala Asn Met Val Glu Gly Thr Ala Tyr Leu Ser
180     185     190
Ser Phe Leu Trp Lys Thr Gln Lys Ser Ser Leu Trp Glu Ala Pro Arg
195     200     205
Gly Gln Asn Met Leu Asp Gly Gly Ala Pro Phe Tyr Thr Thr Tyr Arg
210     215     220
Thr Ala Asp Gly Glu Phe Met Ala Val Gly Ala Ile Glu Pro Gln Phe
225     230     235     240
Tyr Glu Leu Leu Ile Lys Gly Leu Gly Leu Lys Ser Asp Glu Leu Pro
245     250     255
Asn Gln Met Ser Met Asp Asp Trp Pro Glu Met Lys Lys Lys Phe Ala
260     265     270
Asp Val Phe Ala Lys Lys Thr Lys Ala Glu Trp Cys Gln Ile Phe Asp
275     280     285
Gly Thr Asp Ala Cys Val Thr Pro Val Leu Thr Phe Glu Glu Val Val
290     295     300
His His Asp His Asn Lys Glu Arg Gly Ser Phe Ile Thr Ser Glu Glu
305     310     315     320
Gln Asp Val Ser Pro Arg Pro Ala Pro Leu Leu Leu Asn Thr Pro Ala

```

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<210> 109
<211> 1524
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien
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```
<210> 110
<211> 3410
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien
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<400> 110						
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aagctggacc	ggcaccaaag	ggctggcaga	aatgggcgcc	tggctgattc	ctaggcagtt	180
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gagtgcctga	acggccccct	gagccctacc	cgcctggccc	actatggtcc	agagctctgtg	300
ggtgagccgc	ctgctgcggc	accggaagc	ccagctcttg	ctggtcaacc	tgctaacctt	360
tggcctggag	gtgtgttttg	ccgcaggcat	cacctatgtg	ccgcctctgc	tgctggaagt	420
gggggtagag	gagaagttca	tgaccatggt	gctgggcatt	ggtccagtc	tgggcctqqt	480

ctgtgtcccg	ctcctaggct	cagccagtga	ccactggcgt	ggacgctatg	gccgccgcg	540
gcccttcac	tgggcactgt	ccttgggcat	cctgctgagc	ctctttctca	tcccaagggc	600
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cctgggcgtg	gggctgctgg	acttctgtgg	ccagggtgtg	ttcactccac	tggaggccct	720
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gaccttcacg	ctgttttaca	cggatttcgt	gggcgagggg	ctgtaccagg	gcgtgccag	1200
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<210> 111

<211> 1289

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 111

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agccaggcgt ccctctgcct gccactcag tggcaacacc cgggagctgt tttgtccttt      60
gtggagcctc agcagttccc tctttcagaa ctactgcca agagccctga acaggagcca      120
ccatgcagtg cttcagcttc attaagacca tgatgatcct cttcaatttg ctcactcttc      180
tgtgtggtgc agccctggtg gcagtgggca tctgggtgtc aatcgatggg gcaccccttc      240
tgaagatctt cgggccactg tcgtccagtg ccatgcagtt tgtcaacgtg ggctacttcc      300
tcatcgcagc cggcgttgtg gtctttgctc ttggtttcct gggctgctat ggtgctaaga      360
ctgagagcaa gtgtgccctc gtgacgttct tcttcaccc cctcctcatc ttcattgctg      420
aggttgagc tgctgtggtc gccttgggtg acaccacaat ggctgagcac ttcctgacgt      480
tgctggtagt gcctgccatc aagaaagatt atggttccca ggaagacttc actcaagtgt      540
ggaacaccac catgaaaggg ctcaagtgtc gtggcttcac caactatacg gattttgagg      600
actcacccta cttcaaagag aacagtgcct tccccccatt ctgttgcaat gacaacgtca      660
ccaacacagc caatgaaacc tgcaccaagc aaaaaggctc cgacaaaaa gtagagggtt      720
gcttcaatca gcttttgtat gacatccgaa ctaatgcagt caccgtgggt ggtgtggcag      780
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gaatggacat gccctttctg ctccagactt ggggctagat agggaccact ccttttagcg     1020
atgctgactt ttccttccat tgggtgggtg atgggtgggg ggcatccag agcctctaag     1080
gtagccagtt ctgttgccca tccccccagt ctattaaacc cttgatatgc cccctaggcc     1140
tagtggatgat cccagtgtc tactggggga tgagagaaag gcattttata gcctgggcat     1200
aagtgaatc agcagagcct ctgggtggat gtgtagaagg cacttcaaaa tgcataaacc     1260
tggtacaatg ttaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa                                     1289

```

<210> 112

<211> 315

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 112

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Met Val Phe Thr Val Arg Leu Leu His Ile Phe Thr Val Asn Lys Gln
 1          5          10          15
Leu Gly Pro Lys Ile Val Ile Val Ser Lys Met Met Lys Asp Val Phe
          20          25          30
Phe Phe Leu Phe Phe Leu Gly Val Trp Leu Val Ala Tyr Gly Val Ala
          35          40          45
Thr Glu Gly Leu Leu Arg Pro Arg Asp Ser Asp Phe Pro Ser Ile Leu
          50          55          60
Arg Arg Val Phe Tyr Arg Pro Tyr Leu Gln Ile Phe Gly Gln Ile Pro
          65          70          75          80
Gln Glu Asp Met Asp Val Ala Leu Met Glu His Ser Asn Cys Ser Ser
          85          90          95
Glu Pro Gly Phe Trp Ala His Pro Pro Gly Ala Gln Ala Gly Thr Cys
          100          105          110
Val Ser Gln Tyr Ala Asn Trp Leu Val Val Leu Leu Leu Val Ile Phe
          115          120          125
Leu Leu Val Ala Asn Ile Leu Leu Val Asn Leu Leu Ile Ala Met Phe
          130          135          140
Ser Tyr Thr Phe Gly Lys Val Gln Gly Asn Ser Asp Leu Tyr Trp Lys
          145          150          155          160
Ala Gln Arg Tyr Arg Leu Ile Arg Glu Phe His Ser Arg Pro Ala Leu
          165          170          175
Ala Pro Pro Phe Ile Val Ile Ser His Leu Arg Leu Leu Leu Arg Gln
          180          185          190
Leu Cys Arg Arg Pro Arg Ser Pro Gln Pro Ser Ser Pro Ala Leu Glu

```

```

      195              200              205
His Phe Arg Val Tyr Leu Ser Lys Glu Ala Glu Arg Lys Leu Leu Thr
  210              215              220
Trp Glu Ser Val His Lys Glu Asn Phe Leu Leu Ala Arg Ala Arg Asp
  225              230              235              240
Lys Arg Glu Ser Asp Ser Glu Arg Leu Lys Arg Thr Ser Gln Lys Val
      245              250              255
Asp Leu Ala Leu Lys Gln Leu Gly His Ile Arg Glu Tyr Glu Gln Arg
      260              265              270
Leu Lys Val Leu Glu Arg Glu Val Gln Gln Cys Ser Arg Val Leu Gly
      275              280              285
Trp Val Ala Glu Ala Leu Ser Arg Ser Ala Leu Leu Pro Pro Gly Gly
      290              295              300
Pro Pro Pro Pro Asp Leu Pro Gly Ser Lys Asp
  305              310              315

```

<210> 113

<211> 553

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 113

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Met Val Gln Arg Leu Trp Val Ser Arg Leu Leu Arg His Arg Lys Ala
  1              5              10              15
Gln Leu Leu Leu Val Asn Leu Leu Thr Phe Gly Leu Glu Val Cys Leu
      20              25              30
Ala Ala Gly Ile Thr Tyr Val Pro Pro Leu Leu Leu Glu Val Gly Val
      35              40              45
Glu Glu Lys Phe Met Thr Met Val Leu Gly Ile Gly Pro Val Leu Gly
      50              55              60
Leu Val Cys Val Pro Leu Leu Gly Ser Ala Ser Asp His Trp Arg Gly
      65              70              75              80
Arg Tyr Gly Arg Arg Arg Pro Phe Ile Trp Ala Leu Ser Leu Gly Ile
      85              90              95
Leu Leu Ser Leu Phe Leu Ile Pro Arg Ala Gly Trp Leu Ala Gly Leu
      100              105              110
Leu Cys Pro Asp Pro Arg Pro Leu Glu Leu Ala Leu Leu Ile Leu Gly
      115              120              125
Val Gly Leu Leu Asp Phe Cys Gly Gln Val Cys Phe Thr Pro Leu Glu
      130              135              140
Ala Leu Leu Ser Asp Leu Phe Arg Asp Pro Asp His Cys Arg Gln Ala
      145              150              155              160
Tyr Ser Val Tyr Ala Phe Met Ile Ser Leu Gly Gly Cys Leu Gly Tyr
      165              170              175
Leu Leu Pro Ala Ile Asp Trp Asp Thr Ser Ala Leu Ala Pro Tyr Leu
      180              185              190
Gly Thr Gln Glu Glu Cys Leu Phe Gly Leu Leu Thr Leu Ile Phe Leu
      195              200              205
Thr Cys Val Ala Ala Thr Leu Leu Val Ala Glu Glu Ala Ala Leu Gly
      210              215              220
Pro Thr Glu Pro Ala Glu Gly Leu Ser Ala Pro Ser Leu Ser Pro His
      225              230              235              240
Cys Cys Pro Cys Arg Ala Arg Leu Ala Phe Arg Asn Leu Gly Ala Leu
      245              250              255
Leu Pro Arg Leu His Gln Leu Cys Cys Arg Met Pro Arg Thr Leu Arg

```

260 265 270
 Arg Leu Phe Val Ala Glu Leu Cys Ser Trp Met Ala Leu Met Thr Phe
 275 280 285
 Thr Leu Phe Tyr Thr Asp Phe Val Gly Glu Gly Leu Tyr Gln Gly Val
 290 295 300
 Pro Arg Ala Glu Pro Gly Thr Glu Ala Arg Arg His Tyr Asp Glu Gly
 305 310 315 320
 Val Arg Met Gly Ser Leu Gly Leu Phe Leu Gln Cys Ala Ile Ser Leu
 325 330 335
 Val Phe Ser Leu Val Met Asp Arg Leu Val Gln Arg Phe Gly Thr Arg
 340 345 350
 Ala Val Tyr Leu Ala Ser Val Ala Ala Phe Pro Val Ala Ala Gly Ala
 355 360 365
 Thr Cys Leu Ser His Ser Val Ala Val Val Thr Ala Ser Ala Ala Leu
 370 375 380
 Thr Gly Phe Thr Phe Ser Ala Leu Gln Ile Leu Pro Tyr Thr Leu Ala
 385 390 395 400
 Ser Leu Tyr His Arg Glu Lys Gln Val Phe Leu Pro Lys Tyr Arg Gly
 405 410 415
 Asp Thr Gly Gly Ala Ser Ser Glu Asp Ser Leu Met Thr Ser Phe Leu
 420 425 430
 Pro Gly Pro Lys Pro Gly Ala Pro Phe Pro Asn Gly His Val Gly Ala
 435 440 445
 Gly Gly Ser Gly Leu Leu Pro Pro Pro Pro Ala Leu Cys Gly Ala Ser
 450 455 460
 Ala Cys Asp Val Ser Val Arg Val Val Val Gly Glu Pro Thr Glu Ala
 465 470 475 480
 Arg Val Val Pro Gly Arg Gly Ile Cys Leu Asp Leu Ala Ile Leu Asp
 485 490 495
 Ser Ala Phe Leu Ser Gln Val Ala Pro Ser Leu Phe Met Gly Ser
 500 505 510
 Ile Val Gln Leu Ser Gln Ser Val Thr Ala Tyr Met Val Ser Ala Ala
 515 520 525
 Gly Leu Gly Leu Val Ala Ile Tyr Phe Ala Thr Gln Val Val Phe Asp
 530 535 540
 Lys Ser Asp Leu Ala Lys Tyr Ser Ala
 545 550

<210> 114

<211> 241

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 114

Met Gln Cys Phe Ser Phe Ile Lys Thr Met Met Ile Leu Phe Asn Leu
 1 5 10 15
 Leu Ile Phe Leu Cys Gly Ala Ala Leu Leu Ala Val Gly Ile Trp Val
 20 25 30
 Ser Ile Asp Gly Ala Ser Phe Leu Lys Ile Phe Gly Pro Leu Ser Ser
 35 40 45
 Ser Ala Met Gln Phe Val Asn Val Gly Tyr Phe Leu Ile Ala Ala Gly
 50 55 60
 Val Val Val Phe Ala Leu Gly Phe Leu Gly Cys Tyr Gly Ala Lys Thr
 65 70 75 80
 Glu Ser Lys Cys Ala Leu Val Thr Phe Phe Phe Ile Leu Leu Leu Ile

```

      85              90              95
Phe Ile Ala Glu Val Ala Ala Ala Val Val Ala Leu Val Tyr Thr Thr
      100              105              110
Met Ala Glu His Phe Leu Thr Leu Leu Val Val Pro Ala Ile Lys Lys
      115              120              125
Asp Tyr Gly Ser Gln Glu Asp Phe Thr Gln Val Trp Asn Thr Thr Met
      130              135              140
Lys Gly Leu Lys Cys Cys Gly Phe Thr Asn Tyr Thr Asp Phe Glu Asp
      145              150              155              160
Ser Pro Tyr Phe Lys Glu Asn Ser Ala Phe Pro Pro Phe Cys Cys Asn
      165              170              175
Asp Asn Val Thr Asn Thr Ala Asn Glu Thr Cys Thr Lys Gln Lys Ala
      180              185              190
His Asp Gln Lys Val Glu Gly Cys Phe Asn Gln Leu Leu Tyr Asp Ile
      195              200              205
Arg Thr Asn Ala Val Thr Val Gly Gly Val Ala Ala Gly Ile Gly Gly
      210              215              220
Leu Glu Leu Ala Ala Met Ile Val Ser Met Tyr Leu Tyr Cys Asn Leu
      225              230              235              240
Gln

```

```

<210> 115
<211> 366
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

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<400> 115
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catttcactg tgatgtatat tgtgttgcaa aaaaaaaaaa gtgtctttgt ttaaaattac      120
ttggtttgtg aatccatctt gctttttccc cattggaact agtcattaac ccatctctga      180
actggttagaa aaacatctga agagctagtc tatcagcatc tgacagggtga attggatggg      240
tctcagaacc atttcaccca gacagcctgt ttctatcctg tttataaat tagtttgggt      300
tctctacatg cataacaaac cctgctccaa tctgtcacat aaaagtctgt gacttgaagt      360
ttagtc                                         366

```

```

<210> 116
<211> 282
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

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<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (282)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 116
acaaagatga accatttcct atattatagc aaaattaaaa tctacccgta ttctaattatt      60
gagaaatgag atnaaacaca atnttataaa gtctacttag agaagatcaa gtgacctcaa      120
agactttact attttcatat tttaagacac atgatttatc ctatttttagt aacctggttc      180
atacgttaaa caaaggataa tgtgaacagc agagaggatt tgttggcaga aaatctatgt      240
tcaatctnga actatctana tcacagacat ttctattcct tt                                         282

```

```

<210> 117
<211> 305

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<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(305)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 117

acacatgtcg cttcactgcc ttcttagatg cttctgggtca acatanagga acagggacca	60
tattttatcct ccctcctgaa acaattgcaa aataanacaa aatatatgaa acaattgcaa	120
aataaggcaa aatatatgaa acaacaggtc tcgagatatt ggaaatcagt caatgaagga	180
tactgatccc tgatcactgt cctaattgcag gatgtgggaa acagatgagg tcacctctgt	240
gactgccccca gcttactgcc tgtagagagt ttctangctg cagttcagac agggagaaat	300
tgggt	305

<210> 118

<211> 71

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(71)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 118

accaaggtgt ntgaatctct gacgtgggga tctctgattc ccgcacaatc tgagtggaaa	60
aantcctggg t	71

<210> 119

<211> 212

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(212)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 119

actccggttg gtgtcagcag cacgtggcat tgaacatngc aatgtggagc ccaaaccaca	60
gaaaatgggg tgaaattggc caactttcta tnaacttatg ttggcaantt tgccaccaac	120
agtaagctgg cccttctaataaaaagaaaat tgaaagggtt ctcactaanc ggaattaant	180
aatggantca aganactccc aggccctcagc gt	212

<210> 120

<211> 90

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(90)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 120
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 ctccgccggc gcagaacatg ctgggggtggt 90

<210> 121
 <211> 218
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(218)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 121
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 gaataagatt tgctaaaaga tttggggcta aaacatgggt attgggagac atttctgaag 120
 atatncangt aaattangga atgaattcat ggttcttttg ggaattcctt tacgatngcc 180
 agcatanact tcatgtgggg atancagcta cccttgta 218

<210> 122
 <211> 171
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 122
 taggggtgta tgcaactgta aggacaaaaa ttgagactca actggcttaa ccaataaagg 60
 catttgtag ctcatggaac aggaagtcgg atgggtggggc atcttcagtg ctgcatgagt 120
 caccaccccg gcggggtcat ctgtgccaca ggtccctgtt gacagtgcgg t 171

<210> 123
 <211> 76
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(76)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 123
 tgtagcgtga agacnacaga atgggtgtgtg ctgtgctatc caggaacaca tttattatca 60
 ttatcaanta ttgtgt 76

<210> 124
 <211> 131
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 124
 acctttcccc aaggccaatg tcctgtgtgc taactggccg gctgcaggac agctgcaatt 60
 caatgtgctg ggtcatatgg aggggaggag actctaaaat agccaatttt attctcttgg 120
 ttaagatttg t 131

<210> 125
 <211> 432
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 125
 actttatcta ctggctatga aatagatggt ggaaaattgc gttaccaact ataccactgg 60
 cttgaaaaag aggtgatagc tcttcagagg acttgtgact tttgctcaga tgctgaagaa 120
 ctacagtctg catttggcag aaatgaagat gaatttggat taaatgagga tgctgaagat 180
 ttgcctcacc aaacaaaagt gaaacaactg agagaaaatt ttcaggaaaa aagacagtgg 240
 ctcttgaagt atcagtcact tttgagaatg tttcttagtt actgcatact tcatggatcc 300
 catggtgggg gtcttgcacg tgtaagaatg gaattgattt tgcttttgca agaattctcag 360
 caggaaacat cagaaccact attttctagc cctctgtcag agcaaaccctc agtgcctctc 420
 ctctttgctt gt 432

<210> 126
 <211> 112
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 126
 acacaacttg aatagtaaaa tagaaactga gctgaaattt ctaattcact ttctaaccat 60
 agtaagaatg atatttcccc ccagggatca ccaaataattt ataaaaattt gt 112

<210> 127
 <211> 54
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 127
 accacgaaac cacaaacaag atggaagcat caatccactt gccaaagcaca gcag 54

<210> 128
 <211> 323
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 128
 acctcattag taattgtttt gttgtttcat ttttttctaa tgtctcccct ctaccagctc 60
 acctgagata acagaatgaa aatggaagga cagccagatt tctcctttgc tctctgtcga 120
 ttctctctga agtctagggt acccattttg gggacccatt ataggcaata aacacagtgc 180
 ccaaagcatt tggacagtgt ctgtttgtgt tttagaatgg ttttcctttt tcttagcctt 240
 ttcttgcaaa aggctcactc agtcccttgc ttgctcagtg gactgggctc cccagggcct 300
 aggctgcctt cttttccatg tcc 323

<210> 129
 <211> 192
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1) ... (192)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 129
acatacatgt gtgtatatatt ttaaatatca cttttgtatc actctgactt tttagcatac 60
tgaaaacaca ctaacataat ttntgtgaac catgatcaga tacaacccaa atcattcatc 120
tagcacattc atctgtgata naaagatagg tgagtttcat ttccttcacg ttggccaatg 180
gataaacaaa gt 192

<210> 130

<211> 362

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(362)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 130
ccctttttta tggaatgagt agactgtatg tttgaanatt tanccacaac ctctttgaca 60
tataatgacg caacaaaaag gtgctgttta gtcctatggt tcagtttatg cccctgacaa 120
gtttccattg tgttttgccg atcttctggc taatcgtggt atcctccatg ttattagtaa 180
ttctgtattc cattttgcta acgcctggta gatgtaacct gctangaggc taactttata 240
cttatttaaa agctcttatt ttgtgggtcat taaaatggca atttatgtgc agcactttat 300
tgcagcagga agcacgtgtg gggtgggtgt aaagctcttt gctaattctta aaaagtaatg 360
gg 362

<210> 131

<211> 332

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(332)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 131
ctttttgaaa gatcgtgtcc actcctgtgg acatcttgtt ttaatggagt ttcccatgca 60
gtangactgg tatggttgca gctgtccaga taaaaacatt tgaagagctc caaaatgaga 120
gttctcccag gttcgccctg ctgctccaag tctcagcagc agcctctttt aggaggcatc 180
ttctgaacta gattaaggca gcttgtaa atctgatgtgat ttgggtttatt atccaactaa 240
cttccatctg ttatcactgg agaaagccca gactccccan gacnggtacg gattgtgggc 300
atanaaggat tgggtgaagc tggcgttgtg gt 332

<210> 132

<211> 322

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(322)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 132
acttttgcca ttttgtatat ataaacaatc ttgggacatt ctctgaaaa ctaggtgtcc 60

```

agtggctaag agaactcgat ttcaagcaat tctgaaagga aaaccagcat gacacagaat   120
ctcaaattcc caaacagggg ctctgtggga aaaatgaggg aggacctttg tatctcgggt   180
tttagcaagt taaaatgaan atgacaggaa aggccttattt atcaacaaag agaagagttg   240
ggatgcttct aaaaaaaact ttggtagaga aaataggaat gctnaatcct agggaagcct   300
gtaacaatct acaattggtc ca                                           322

```

<210> 133

<211> 278

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(278)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 133

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acaagccttc acaagtttaa ctaaattggg attaatcttt ctgtanttat ctgcataatt   60
cttgtttttc tttccatctg gctcctgggt tgacaatttg tggaaacaac tctattgcta   120
ctatttaaaa aaaatcacia atctttccct ttaagctatg ttnaattcaa actattcctg   180
ctattcctgt ttgtcaaag aaattatatt tttcaaaata tgtntatttg tttgatgggt   240
cccacgaaac actaataaaa accacagaga ccagcctg                               278

```

<210> 134

<211> 121

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(121)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 134

```

gtttanaaaa cttgttttagc tccatagagg aaagaatggt aaactttgta ttttaaaaca   60
tgattctctg aggttaaact tggttttcaa atgttatatt tacttgtatt ttgcttttgg   120
t                                           121

```

<210> 135

<211> 350

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(350)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 135

```

acttanaacc atgacctagca catcagaatc cctcaaagaa catcagtata atcctataacc   60
atancaagtg gtgactgggt aagcgtgcga caaaggctcag ctggcacatt acttgtgtgc   120
aaacttgata cttttgttct aagtaggaac tagtatacag tncctaggan tggtagtcca   180
gggtgcccc caactcctgc agccgctcct ctgtgccagn ccctgnaagg aactttcgct   240
ccacctcaat caagccctgg gccatgctac ctgcaatttg ctgaacaaac gtttgctgag   300
ttcccaagga tgcaaagcct ggtgctcaac tcctggggcg tcaactcagt               350

```

<210> 136
<211> 399
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(399)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 136
tgtaccgtga agacgacaga agttgcatgg cagggacagg gcagggccga ggccagggtt 60
gctgtgattg tatccgaata ntccctcgtga gaaaagataa tgagatgacg tgagcagcct 120
gcagacttgt gtctgccttc aanaagccag acaggaaggc cctgcctgcc ttggctctga 180
cctggcggcc agccagccag ccacagggtg gcttcttctt tttgtggtga caacnccaag 240
aaaactgcag agggccagggtg tcagggtgna gtgggtangt gaccataaaa caccagggtgc 300
tcccaggaac ccggggcaaag gccatcccca cctacagcca gcatgcccac tggcgtgatg 360
ggtgcagang gatgaagcag ccagntgttc tgctgtggt 399

<210> 137
<211> 165
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(165)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 137
actggtgtgg tnggggggtga tgctgggtgtg anaagttgan gtgacttcan gatggtgtgt 60
ggaggaagtg tgtgaacgta gggatgtaga ngttttggcc gtgctaaatg agcttcggga 120
ttggctggtc ccaactggtg tcaactgtcat tgggtggggtt cctgt 165

<210> 138
<211> 338
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(338)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 138
actcactgga atgccacatt cacaacagaa tcagagggtct gtgaaaacat taatggctcc 60
ttaacttctc cagtaagaat cagggacttg aaatggaaac gttaacagcc acatgcccac 120
tgctgggcag tctcccatgc cttccacagt gaaagggctt gagaaaaatc acatccaatg 180
tcatgtgttt ccagccacac caaaagggtg ttgggggtgga gggctggggg catananggt 240
cangectcag gaagcctcaa gtccattca gctttgccac tgtacattcc ccatntttaa 300
aaaaactgat gccttttttt tttttttttg taaaattc 338

<210> 139
<211> 382

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 139

gggaatcttg gtttttggca tctggtttgc ctatagccga ggccactttg acagaacaaa	60
gaaagggact tcgagtaaga aggtgattta cagccagcct agtgcccga gtgaaggaga	120
attcaaacag acctcgatcat tcctgggtgtg agcctggctg gctcaccgcc tatcatctgc	180
atttgcctta ctcaggtgct accggactct ggcccctgat gtctgtagtt tcacaggatg	240
ccttattttgt cttctacacc ccacagggcc cctacttct tcggatgtgt ttttaataat	300
gtcagctatg tgcccatcc tccttcatgc cctccctccc tttcctacca ctgctgagtg	360
gcctggaact tgtttaaagt gt	382

<210> 140

<211> 200

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(200)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 140

accaaanctt ctttctgttg tgttngattt tactataggg gtttngcttn ttctaaanat	60
acttttcatt taacancttt tgtaagtgt caggctgcac tttgctccat anaattattg	120
ttttcacatt tcaacttgta tgtgtttgtc tcttanagca ttggtgaaat cacatatttt	180
atattcagca taaaggagaa	200

<210> 141

<211> 335

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(335)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 141

actttatttt caaaacactc atatgttgca aaaaacacat agaaaaataa agtttggtgg	60
gggtgctgac taaacttcaa gtcacagact tttatgtgac agattggagc agggtttgtt	120
atgcatgtag agaaccctaaa ctaatttatt aaacaggata gaaacaggct gtctgggtga	180
aatggttctg agaaccatcc aattcacctg tcagatgctg atanactagc tcttcagatg	240
tttttctacc agttcagaga tnggttaatg actantcca atggggaaaa agcaagatgg	300
attcacaac caagtaattt taaacaaaga cactt	335

<210> 142

<211> 459

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(459)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 142

accagggttaa tattgccaca tatatccttt ccaattgcgg gctaaacaga cgtgtattta	60
gggtgttta aagacaaccc agcttaatat caagagaaat tgtgacctt catggagtat	120
ctgatggaga aaacactgag ttttgacaaa tcttatttta ttcagatagc agtctgatca	180
cacatggtcc aacaacactc aaataataaa tcaaataatna tcagatgta aagattgggc	240
ttcaaacatc atagccaatg atgccccgct tgctataat ctctccgaca taaaaccaca	300
tcaacacctc agtggccacc aaaccattca gcacagcttc cttaactgtg agctgtttga	360
agctaccagt ctgagcacta ttgactatnt ttttcangct ctgaatagct ctagggatct	420
cagcanggggt gggaggaacc agtcaacct tggcgtant	459

<210> 143

<211> 140

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 143

acatttcctt ccaccaagtc aggactcctg gcttctgtgg gagttcttat cacctgaggg	60
aatccaaac agtctctcct agaaaggaat agtgtcacca accccacca tctccctgag	120
accatccgac ttcctgtgt	140

<210> 144

<211> 164

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (164)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 144

acttcagtaa caacatacaa taacaacatt aagtgtatat tgccatcttt gtcattttct	60
atctatacca ctctcccttc tgaaaacaan aatcactanc caatcactta tacaaatttg	120
aggcaattaa tccatatttg ttttcaataa ggaaaaaag atgt	164

<210> 145

<211> 303

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (303)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 145

acgtagacca tccaactttg tatttgtaat ggcaaacatc cagnagcaat tcctaaacaa	60
actggagggt atttatacc c aattatccca ttcattaaca tgccctcctc ctcaggctat	120
gcaggacagc tatcataagt cggcccaggc atccagatac taccatttgg ataaacttca	180
gtaggggagt ccattccaagt gacaggctta atcaaaggag gaaatggaac ataagcccag	240
tagtaaaatn ttgcttagct gaaacagcca caaaaagactt accgccgtgg tgattaccat	300
caa	303

<210> 146

<211> 327
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(327)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 146
 actgcagctc aattagaagt ggtctctgac tttcatcanc ttctccctgg gctccatgac 60
 actggcctgg agtgactcat tgctctgggtt ggttgagaga gctcctttgc caacaggcct 120
 ccaagtcagg gctgggattt gtttcctttc cacattctag caacaatatg ctggccactt 180
 cctgaacagg gaggggtggga ggagccagca tggacaagc tgccactttc taaagtagcc 240
 agacttgccc ctgggcctgt cacacctact gatgacctc tgtgcctgca ggatggaatg 300
 taggggtgag ctgtgtgact ctatggt 327

<210> 147
 <211> 173
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(173)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 147
 acattgtttt tttgagataa agcattgana gagctctcct taacgtgaca caatggaagg 60
 actggaacac ataccacat ctttgttctg agggataatt ttctgataaa gtcttgctgt 120
 atattcaagc acatatgtta tatattattc agttccatgt ttatagccta gtt 173

<210> 148
 <211> 477
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(477)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 148
 acaaccactt tatctcatcg aatttttaac ccaaactcac tcactgtgcc tttctatcct 60
 atgggatata ttatttgatg ctccatttca tcacacatat atgaataata cactcatact 120
 gccctactac ctgctgcaat aatcacattc ccttcctgtc ctgaccctga agccattggg 180
 gtggtcctag tggccatcag tccangcctg caccttgagc ccttgagctc cattgctcac 240
 nccanccac ctcaccgacc ccatectctt acacagctac ctccctgtc tctaacccca 300
 tagattatnt ccaaattcag tcaattaagt tactattaac actctacccg acatgtccag 360
 caccactggt aagccttctc cagccaacac acacacacac acacncacac acacacatat 420
 ccaggcacag gctacctcat cttcacaatc acccctttaa ttaccatgct atggtgg 477

<210> 149
 <211> 207
 <212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 149

acagttgtat tataatatca agaaataaac ttgcaatgag agcatttaag agggaagaac	60
taacgtatatt tagagagcca aggaagggtt ctgtggggag tgggatgtaa ggtggggcct	120
gatgataaat aagagtcagc caggtaagtg ggtggtgtgg tatgggcaca gtgaagaaca	180
tttcaggcag agggaacagc agtgaaa	207

<210> 150

<211> 111

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(111)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 150

accttgattt cattgctgct ctgatggaaa cccaactatc taatttagct aaaacatggg	60
cacttaaatg tggtcagtgt ttggacttgt taactantgg catctttggg t	111

<210> 151

<211> 196

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 151

agcgcggcag gtcattatga acattccaga tacctatcat tactcgatgc tgttgataac	60
agcaagatgg ctttgaactc agggtcacca ccagctattg gaccttacta tgaaaaccat	120
ggataccaac cggaaaaccc ctatcccgca cagcccactg tggccccac tgtctacgag	180
gtgcatccgg ctgagt	196

<210> 152

<211> 132

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 152

acagcacttt cacatgtaag aaggagagaaa ttcctaaatg taggagaaaag ataacagaac	60
cttccccctt tcatctagtg gtggaaacct gatgctttat gttgacagga atagaaccag	120
gagggagttt gt	132

<210> 153

<211> 285

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(285)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 153

acaanaccca nganaggcca ctggccgtgg tgatcatggcc tccaaacatg aaagtgtcag	60
--	----

cttctgctct	tatgtcctca	tctgacaact	ctttaccatt	tttatcctcg	ctcagcagga	120
gcacatcaat	aaagtccaaa	gtcttggaact	tggccttggc	ttggagggaag	tcatacaacac	180
cctggctagt	gagggtgcgg	cgccgctcct	ggatgacggc	atctgtgaag	tcgtgcacca	240
gtctgcaggc	cctgtggaag	cgccgtccac	acggagtnag	gaatt		285

<210> 154

<211> 333

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 154

accacagtcc	tgttggggcca	gggcttcatg	accctttctg	tgaaaagcca	tattatcacc	60
accccaaat	tttccttaaa	tatctttaac	tgaaggggtc	agcctcttga	ctgcaaagac	120
cctaagccgg	ttacacagct	aactcccact	ggccctgatt	tgtgaaattg	ctgctgcctg	180
attggcacag	gagtcgaagg	tgttcagctc	ccctcctccg	tggaaacgaga	ctctgatttg	240
agtttcacaa	attctcgggc	cacctcgtea	ttgtcctctt	gaaataaaat	ccggagaatg	300
gtcaggcctg	tctcatccat	atggatcttc	cgg			333

<210> 155

<211> 308

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (308)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 155

actggaaata	ataaaaccca	catcacagtg	ttgtgtcaaa	gatcatcagg	gcatggatgg	60
gaaagtgcct	tgggaactgt	aaagtgccta	acacatgata	gatgattttt	gttataatat	120
ttgaatcacg	gtgcatacaa	actctcctgc	ctgctcctcc	tgggccccag	ccccagcccc	180
atcacagctc	actgctctgt	tcatccaggc	ccagcatgta	gtggctgatt	cttcttggct	240
gcttttagcc	tccanaagtt	tctctgaagc	caaccaaacc	tctangtgta	aggcatgctg	300
gccctggg						308

<210> 156

<211> 295

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 156

accttgctcg	gtgcttggaa	catattagga	actcaaaata	tgagatgata	acagtgccta	60
ttattgatta	ctgagagaac	tgtagacat	ttagttgaag	attttctaca	caggaaactga	120
gaataggaga	ttatgtttgg	ccctcatatt	ctctcctatc	ctccttgect	cattctatgt	180
ctaatatatt	ctcaatcaaa	taaggtttagc	ataatcagga	aatcgaccaa	ataccaatat	240
aaaaccagat	gtctatcctt	aagattttca	aatagaaaac	aaattaacag	actat	295

<210> 157

<211> 126

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 157

acaagtttaa	atagtgtgt	cactgtgcat	gtgctgaaat	gtgaaatcca	ccacatttct	60
------------	-----------	------------	------------	------------	------------	----

gaagagcaaa acaaattctg tcatgtaatc tctatcttgg gtcgtgggta tatctgtccc 120
cttagt 126

<210> 158
<211> 442
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(442)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 158
accactggt cttggaaaca cccatcctta atacgatgat ttttctgtcg tgtgaaaatg 60
aanccagcag gctgccccta gtcagtcctt ccttccagag aaaaagagat ttgagaaagt 120
gcctgggtaa ttcaccatta atttcctccc ccaaactctc tgagtcttcc cttaatatatt 180
ctggtgggttc tgaccaaagc aggtcatggt ttgttgagca tttgggatcc cagtgaagta 240
natgtttgta gccttgcata cttagccctt cccacgcaca aacggagtgg cagagtgggtg 300
ccaaccctgt tttccagtc cacgtagaca gattcacagt gcggaattct ggaagctgga 360
nacagacggg ctctttgcag agccgggact ctgagangga catgagggcc tctgcctctg 420
tgttcattct ctgatgtcct gt 442

<210> 159
<211> 498
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(498)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 159
acttccaggt aacgttggtt tttccgttga gcctgaactg atgggtgacg ttgtagggttc 60
tccaacaaga actgagggtt cagagcgggt aggggaagagt gctgttccag ttgcacctgg 120
gctgctgtgg actgttggtt attcctcact acggcccaag gttgtggaac tggcanaaaag 180
gtgtgttgtt gganttgagc tcgggcgggt gtggtagggt gtgggctctt caacaggggc 240
tgctgtgggt ccgggangtg aangtggtgt gtcacttgag cttggccagc tctggaaagt 300
antanattct tcctgaaggc cagcgcttgt ggagctggca ngggtcantg ttgtgtgtaa 360
cgaaccagtg ctgctgtggg tgggtgtana tcctccacaa agcctgaagt tatggtgtcn 420
tcaggtaana atgtgggttc agtgtccctg ggcngctgtg gaaggttgta nattgtcacc 480
aagggaataa gctgtggt 498

<210> 160
<211> 380
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(380)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 160

```

acctgcatcc agcttccctg ccaaactcac aaggagacat caacctctag acagggaaac      60
agcttcagga tacttccagg agacagagcc accagcagca aaacaaatat tcccatgcct      120
ggagcatggc atagaggaag ctganaaatg tgggggtctga ggaagccatt tgagtctggc      180
cactagacat ctcacagcc acttggtgta agagatgccc catgaccca gatgcctctc      240
ccacccttac ctccatctca cacacttgag ctttccactc tgtataattc taacatcctg      300
gagaaaaatg gcagtttgac cgaacctgtt cacaacggta gaggctgatt tctaacgaaa      360
cttgtagaat gaagcctgga                                     380

```

```

<210> 161
<211> 114
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 161
actccacatc ccctctgagc aggcgggtgt cgttcaaggt gtatttggcc ttgcctgtca      60
cactgtccac tggcccctta tccacttggt gcttaatccc tcgaaagagc atgt          114

```

```

<210> 162
<211> 177
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 162
actttctgaa tcgaatcaaa tgatacttag tgtagtttta atatcctcat atatatcaaa      60
gttttactac tctgataatt ttgtaaacca ggtaaccaga acatccagtc atacagcttt      120
tggtgatata taacttgga ataaccagc ctggtgatac ataaaactac tcaactgt          177

```

```

<210> 163
<211> 137
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(137)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 163
catttataca gacaggcgtg aagacattca cgacaaaaac gcgaaattct atcccgtgac      60
canagaaggc agctacggct actcctacat cctggcgtgg gtggccttcg cctgcacctt      120
catcagcggc atgatgt                                     137

```

```

<210> 164
<211> 469
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(469)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 164
cttatcacia tgaatgttct cctgggcagc gttgtgatct ttgccacctt cgtgacttta      60
tgcaatgcat catgctatct catacctaag gagggagttc caggagattc aaccaggaaa      120

```

```

tgcattggatc tcaaaggaaa caaacaccca ataaactcgg agtggcagac tgacaactgt    180
gagacatgca cttgctacga aacagaaatt tcatgttgca cccttgtttc tacacctgtg    240
ggttatgaca aagacaactg ccaaagaatc ttcaagaagg aggactgcaa gtatatcgtg    300
gtggagaaga aggacccaaa aaagacctgt tctgtcagtg aatggataat ctaatgtgct    360
tctagtaggc acagggctcc caggccaggc ctcattctcc tctggcctct aatagtcaat    420
gattgtgtag ccatgcctat cagtaaaaag atntttgagc aaacacttt    469

```

<210> 165

<211> 195

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(195)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 165

```

acagtttttt atanatatcg acattgccgg cacttggtgt cagtttcata aagctgggtg    60
atccgctgtc atccactatt ccttggttag agtaaaaatt attcttatag cccatgtccc    120
tgcaggccgc ccgcccgtag ttctcggtcc agtcgtcttg gcacacaggg tgccaggact    180
tcctctgaga tgagt    195

```

<210> 166

<211> 383

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(383)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 166

```

acatcttagt agtgtggcac atcagggggc catcagggtc acagtcactc atagcctcgc    60
cgaggtcgga gtccacacca ccggtgtagg tgtgtcaat cttgggcttg gcgcccacct    120
ttggagaagg gatatgtgc acacacatgt ccacaaagcc tgtgaactcg ccaaagaatt    180
tttgagacc agcctgagca aggggcggat gttcagcttc agtcctcct tcgtcaggtg    240
gatgccaaac tcgtctangg tccgtgggaa gctgggtgcc acntcaccta caacctgggc    300
gangatctta taaagaggct ccnagataaa ctccacgaaa cttctctggg agctgctagt    360
nggggccttt ttggtgaact ttc    383

```

<210> 167

<211> 247

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(247)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 167

```

acagagccag accttggcca taaatgaanc agagattaag actaaacccc aagtcganat    60
tggagcagaa actggagcaa gaagtgggcc tggggctgaa gtagagacca aggccactgc    120

```

tatanccata cacagagcca actctcaggc caaggcnatg gttggggcag anccagagac	180
tcaatctgan tccaaagtgg tggttggaac actggtcatg acanaggcag tgactctgac	240
tgangtc	247

<210> 168

<211> 273

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(273)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 168

acttctaagt tttctagaag tggaaggatt gtantcatcc tgaaaatggg tttacttcaa	60
aatccctcan ccttggttctt cactactgtc tatactgana gtgtcatggt tccacaaagg	120
gctgacacct gagcctgnat tttcactcat ccctgagaag ccctttccag taggggtgggc	180
aattcccaac ttccttgcca caagcttccc aggttttctc ccctggaaaa ctccagcttg	240
agtcccagat acactcatgg gctgccttgg gca	273

<210> 169

<211> 431

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(431)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 169

acagccttgg cttccccaaa ctccacagtc tcagtgcaga aagatcatct tccagcagtc	60
agctcagacc aggggtcaaag gatgtgacat caacagtttc tggtttcaga acagggttcta	120
ctactgtcaa atgaccccc atacttctc aaaggctgtg gtaagttttg cacagggtgag	180
ggcagcagaa aggggggtant tactgatgga caccatcttc tctgtatact ccacactgac	240
cttgccatgg gcaaaggccc ctaccacaaa aacaatagga tctactgctgg gcaccagctc	300
acgcacatca ctgacaaccg ggatggaaaa agaantgcc aactttcatat atccaactgg	360
aaagtgatct gatactggat tcttaattac cttcaaaagc ttctgggggc catcagctgc	420
tcgaacactg a	431

<210> 170

<211> 266

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(266)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 170

acctgtgggc tgggctgtta tgcctgtgcc ggctgctgaa agggagttca gaggtggagc	60
tcaaggagct ctgcaggcat tttgccaanc ctctccanag canagggagc aacctacact	120
ccccgctaga aagacaccag attggagtcc tgggaggggg agttgggggtg ggcatttgat	180

gtatacttgt cacctgaatg aangagccag agaggaanga gacgaanatg anattggcct 240
tcaaagctag gggctctggca ggtgga 266

<210> 171
<211> 1248
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(1248)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 171
ggcagccaaa tcataaacgg cgaggactgc agcccgcaact cgcagccctg gcaggcggca 60
ctgggtcatgg aaaacgaatt gttctgctcg ggcgtccctgg tgcattccgca gtgggtgctg 120
tcagccgcac actgtttcca gaagtgaagt cagagctcct acaccatcgg gctgggcctg 180
cacagtcttg aggccgacca agagccaggg agccagatgg tggaggccag cctctccgta 240
cggcaccag agtacaacag acccttgctc gctaacgacc tcatgctcat caagttggac 300
gaatccgtgt ccgagctga caccatccgg agcatcagca ttgcttcgca gtgccctacc 360
gcggggaact cttgcctcgt ttctggctgg ggtctgctgg cgaacggcag aatgcctacc 420
gtgctgcagt gcgtgaacgt gtcggtggtg tctgaggagg tctgcagtaa gctctatgac 480
ccgctgtacc accccagcat gttctgcgcc ggcggaggggc aagaccagaa ggactcctgc 540
aacggtgact ctggggggcc cctgatctgc aacgggtact tgcagggcct tgtgtctttc 600
ggaaaagccc cgtgtggcca agttggcgtg ccagggtgtct acaccaacct ctgcaaattc 660
actgagtggg tagagaaaac cgtccaggcc agttaactct ggggactggg aacccatgaa 720
attgaccccc aaatacatcc tgcggaagga attcaggaat atctgttccc agcccctcct 780
ccctcaggcc caggagtcca ggccccccagc cctcctccc tcaaaccaag ggtacagatc 840
cccagcccct cctccctcag acccaggagt ccagaccccc cagccccctcc tccctcagac 900
ccaggagtcc agccccctct ccctcagacc caggagtcca gacccccag cccctcctcc 960
ctcagaccca ggggtccagg cccccaaccc ctccctcctc agactcagag gtccaagccc 1020
ccaaccntc attccccaga cccagaggtc cagggtccag cccctontcc ctcagaccca 1080
gcgggtccaat gccacctaga ctntccctgt acacagtgcc cccttggtggc acgttgaccc 1140
aaccttacca gttggttttt catttttngt ccctttcccc tagatccaga aataaagttt 1200
aagagaagng caaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaa 1248

<210> 172
<211> 159
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (1)...(159)
<223> Xaa = Any Amino Acid

<400> 172
Met Val Glu Ala Ser Leu Ser Val Arg His Pro Glu Tyr Asn Arg Pro
1 5 10 15
Leu Leu Ala Asn Asp Leu Met Leu Ile Lys Leu Asp Glu Ser Val Ser
20 25 30
Glu Ser Asp Thr Ile Arg Ser Ile Ser Ile Ala Ser Gln Cys Pro Thr
35 40 45
Ala Gly Asn Ser Cys Leu Val Ser Gly Trp Gly Leu Leu Ala Asn Gly
50 55 60

Arg Met Pro Thr Val Leu Gln Cys Val Asn Val Ser Val Val Ser Glu
 65 70 75 80
 Glu Val Cys Ser Lys Leu Tyr Asp Pro Leu Tyr His Pro Ser Met Phe
 85 90 95
 Cys Ala Gly Gly Gln Xaa Gln Xaa Asp Ser Cys Asn Gly Asp Ser
 100 105 110
 Gly Gly Pro Leu Ile Cys Asn Gly Tyr Leu Gln Gly Leu Val Ser Phe
 115 120 125
 Gly Lys Ala Pro Cys Gly Gln Val Gly Val Pro Gly Val Tyr Thr Asn
 130 135 140
 Leu Cys Lys Phe Thr Glu Trp Ile Glu Lys Thr Val Gln Ala Ser
 145 150 155

<210> 173
 <211> 1265
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(1265)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 173
 ggcagcccg actgcagcc ctggcaggcg gcactgggtca tggaaaacga attgttctgc 60
 tcgggcgctc tgggtgcatcc gcagtgggtg ctgtcagccg cacactgttt ccagaactcc 120
 tacaccatcg ggctgggctt gcacagtctt gaggccgacc aagagccagg gagccagatg 180
 gtggaggcca gcctctccgt acggcaccca gactacaaca gaccttgcgt cgctaaccgac 240
 tccatgctca tcaagttgga cgaatccgtg tccgagtcgt acaccatccg gagcatcagc 300
 attgcttcgc agtgccctac cgcggggaac tcttgccctg tttctggctg gggctctgctg 360
 gcgaacgggt agctcacggg tgtgtgtctg ccctcttcaa ggaggtcctc tgcccagtcg 420
 cgggggctga cccagagctc tgcgtcccag gcagaatgcc taccgtgctg cagtgcgtga 480
 acgtgtcggg ggtgtctgag gaggtctgca gtaagctcta tgacccgctg taccaccca 540
 gcatgttctg cgccggcgga gggcaagacc agaaggactc ctgcaacggg gactctgggg 600
 ggcccctgat ctgcaacggg tacttgacgg gccttgtgtc tttcggaata gcccctgtg 660
 gccaaagtgg cgtgccaggt gtctacacca acctctgcaa attcactgag tggatagaga 720
 aaaccgtcca ggccagttaa ctctggggac tgggaaccca tgaaattgac ccccaaatac 780
 atcctgcgga aggaattcag gaatatctgt tcccagcccc tcctccctca ggcccaggag 840
 tccaggcccc cagcccctcc tccctcaaac caagggtaca gatccccagc ccctcctccc 900
 tcagaccag gagtccagac cccccagccc ctccctccctc agaccagga gtccagcccc 960
 tcctccntca gaccagagg tccagacccc ccagccccctc ctccctcaga cccaggggtt 1020
 gagggcccca acccctcctc ctccagagtc agagggtccaa gcccacaacc cctcgttccc 1080
 cagaccacaga ggttnnaggtc ccagccccctc ttccntcaga ccagnggtc caatgccacc 1140
 tagattttcc ctgnacacag tgcccccttg tggngangttg acccaacctt accagttggg 1200
 ttttcatttt tngtcccttt cccctagatc cagaaataaa gttaagaga nngcaaaaa 1260
 aaaaa 1265

<210> 174
 <211> 1459
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(1459)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 174

```

ggtcagccgc acactgtttc cagaagtgag tgcagagctc ctacaccatc gggctggggc 60
tgcacagtct tgaggccgac caagagccag ggagccagat ggtggaggcc agcctctccg 120
tacggcaccc agagtacaac agacccttgc tgcctaacga cctcatgctc atcaagttgg 180
acgaatccgt gtccgagtct gacaccatcc ggagcatcag cattgcttcg cagtgcccta 240
ccgcggggaa ctcttgctc gtttctggct ggggtctgct ggcgaacggt gagctcacgg 300
gtgtgtgtct gccctcttca aggaggtcct ctgcccagtc gcgggggctg acccagagct 360
ctgcgtccca ggcagaatgc ctaccgtgct gcagtgcgtg aacgtgtcgg tgggtgtctga 420
ngaggtctgc antaagctct atgaccgct gtaccacccc ancatgttct gcgccggcgg 480
agggcaagac cagaaggact cctgcaacgt gagagagggg aaaggggagg gcaggcgact 540
cagggaaagg tggagaaggg ggagacagag acacacaggg ccgcatggcg agatgcagag 600
atggagagac acacagggag acagtgacaa cttagagagag aaactgagag aaacagagaa 660
ataaacacag gaataaagag aagcaaagga agagagaaac agaaacagac atggggaggc 720
agaaacacac acacatagaa atgcagttga ccttccaaca gcatggggcc tgagggcggt 780
gacctccacc caatagaaaa tctcttata acttttgact ccccaaaaac ctgactagaa 840
atagcctact gttgacgggg agccttacca ataacataaa tagtcgattt atgcatacgt 900
tttatgcatt catgatatac ctttgttga atttttggat atttctaagc tacacagttc 960
gtctgtgaat ttttttaaat tgttgcaact ctccataaat ttttctgatg tgtttattga 1020
aaaaatccaa gtataagtgg acttgtgcat tcaaaccagg gttgttcaag ggtcaactgt 1080
gtaccagag ggaacagtg acacagattc atagaggtga aacacgaaga gaaacaggaa 1140
aaatcaagac tctacaaaga ggctgggcag ggtggctcat gcctgtaatc ccagcacttt 1200
gggaggcgag gcaggcagat cacttgaggt aaggagtca agaccagcct ggccaaaatg 1260
gtgaaatcct gtctgtacta aaaatacaaa agttagctgg atatggtggc aggcgcctgt 1320
aatcccagct acttgggagg ctgaggcagg agaattgctt gaatatggga ggcagaggtt 1380
gaagtgagtt gagatcacac cactatactc cagctggggc aacagagtaa gactctgtct 1440
caaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa
1459

```

<210> 175

<211> 1167

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(1167)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 175

```

gcgcagccct ggcaggcggc actggtcatg gaaaacgaat tgttctgctc gggcgctcctg 60
gtgcatccgc agtgggtgct gtcagccgca cactgtttcc agaactccta caccatcggg 120
ctgggcctgc acagtcttga ggccgaccaa gagccaggga gccagatggt ggaggccagc 180
ctctccgtac ggcacccaga gtacaacaga ctcttgctcg ctaacgacct catgctcatc 240
aagttggacg aatccgtgtc cgagtctgac accatccgga gcatcagcat tgcttcgcag 300
tgccctaccg cggggaactc ttgcctcgtn tctggctggg gtctgctggc gaacggcaga 360
atgcctaccg tgctgcaact cgtgaacgtg tcggtggtgt ctgaggangt ctgcagtaag 420
ctctatgacc cgctgtacca ccccagcatg ttctgcgccg gcggagggca agaccagaag 480
gactcctgca acggtgactc tggggggccc ctgatctgca acgggtactt gcagggcctt 540
gtgtctttcg gaaaagcccc gtgtggccaa cttggcggtg caggtgtcta caccaacctc 600
tgcaaattca ctgagtggat agagaaaacc gtccagncca gtttaactctg gggactggga 660
acccatgaaa ttgaccccca aatacatcct gcggaangaa ttcaggaata tctgttccca 720
gcccctcctc cctcaggccc aggagtccag gcccagcc cctcctccct caaaccaagg 780
gtacagatcc ccagcccctc ctccctcaga cccaggagtc cagacccccc agcccctcnt 840
ccntcagacc caggagtcca gcccctcctc cntcagacgc aggagtccag acccccagc 900

```

```

ccntcntccg tcagaccagc ggggtgcaggc ccccaacccc tcntccntca gagtcagagg      960
tccaagcccc caaccctcgc ttccccagac ccagagggtnc aggtcccagc cctcctctcc      1020
tcagaccagc cgggtccaatg ccacctagan tntccctgta cacagtgcc ccttggtggca      1080
ngttgaccca accttaccag ttggtttttc attttttgtc cctttcccct agatccagaa      1140
ataaagtnta agagaagcgc aaaaaaa                                1167

```

<210> 176

<211> 205

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (1)...(205)

<223> Xaa = Any Amino Acid

<400> 176

```

Met Glu Asn Glu Leu Phe Cys Ser Gly Val Leu Val His Pro Gln Trp
 1          5          10          15
Val Leu Ser Ala Ala His Cys Phe Gln Asn Ser Tyr Thr Ile Gly Leu
 20          25          30
Gly Leu His Ser Leu Glu Ala Asp Gln Glu Pro Gly Ser Gln Met Val
 35          40          45
Glu Ala Ser Leu Ser Val Arg His Pro Glu Tyr Asn Arg Leu Leu Leu
 50          55          60
Ala Asn Asp Leu Met Leu Ile Lys Leu Asp Glu Ser Val Ser Glu Ser
 65          70          75          80
Asp Thr Ile Arg Ser Ile Ser Ile Ala Ser Gln Cys Pro Thr Ala Gly
 85          90          95
Asn Ser Cys Leu Val Ser Gly Trp Gly Leu Leu Ala Asn Gly Arg Met
100          105          110
Pro Thr Val Leu His Cys Val Asn Val Ser Val Val Ser Glu Xaa Val
115          120          125
Cys Ser Lys Leu Tyr Asp Pro Leu Tyr His Pro Ser Met Phe Cys Ala
130          135          140
Gly Gly Gly Gln Asp Gln Lys Asp Ser Cys Asn Gly Asp Ser Gly Gly
145          150          155          160
Pro Leu Ile Cys Asn Gly Tyr Leu Gln Gly Leu Val Ser Phe Gly Lys
165          170          175
Ala Pro Cys Gly Gln Leu Gly Val Pro Gly Val Tyr Thr Asn Leu Cys
180          185          190
Lys Phe Thr Glu Trp Ile Glu Lys Thr Val Gln Xaa Ser
195          200          205

```

<210> 177

<211> 1119

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 177

```

gcgcactcgc agccctggca ggcggcactg gtcattggaaa acgaattggt ctgctcgggc      60
gtcctgggtgc atccgcagtg ggtgctgtca gccgcacact gttccagaa ctcctacacc      120
atcgggctgg gcctgcacag tcttgaggcc gaccaagagc cagggagcca gatggtggag      180
gccagcctct ccgtacggca cccagagtac aacagaccct tgctcgctaa cgacctcatg      240
ctcatcaagt tggacgaatc cgtgtccgag tctgacacca tccggagcat cagcattgct      300

```

```

tcgcagtgcc ctaccgcggg gaactcttgc ctcgtttctg gctgggggtct gctgggcgaac 360
gatgctgtga ttgccatcca gtcccagact gtgggagggt gggagtgtga gaagctttcc 420
caaccctggc aggggtgtac catttcggca acttccagtg caaggacgtc ctgctgcatc 480
ctcactgggt gctcactact gctcactgca tcaccocggaa cactgtgatc aactagccag 540
caccatagtt ctccgaagtc agactatcat gattactgtg ttgactgtgc tgtctattgt 600
actaaccatg ccgatgttta ggtgaaatta gcgtcacttg gcctcaacca tcttggtatc 660
cagttatcct cactgaattg agatttcctg cttcagtgtc agccattccc acataatttc 720
tgacctacag aggtgagggg tcatatagct cctcaaggat gctggtactc ccctcacaaa 780
ttcattttctc ctggtgtagt gaaagggtgcg ccctctggag cctcccaggg tgggtgtgca 840
ggtcacaatg atgaatgtat gatcgtgttc ccattaccca aagcctttta atccctcatg 900
ctcagtacac cagggcaggt ctagcatttc ttcatttagt gtatgctgtc cattcatgca 960
accacctcag gactcctgga ttctctgcct agttgagctc ctgcatgctg cctccttggg 1020
gaggtgaggg agagggccca tggttcaatg ggatctgtgc agttgtaaca cattaggtgc 1080
ttaataaaca gaagctgtga tgttaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa 1119

```

<210> 178

<211> 164

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (1) ... (164)

<223> Xaa = Any Amino Acid

<400> 178

```

Met Glu Asn Glu Leu Phe Cys Ser Gly Val Leu Val His Pro Gln Trp
 1          5          10          15
Val Leu Ser Ala His Cys Phe Gln Asn Ser Tyr Thr Ile Gly Leu
      20          25          30
Gly Leu His Ser Leu Glu Ala Asp Gln Glu Pro Gly Ser Gln Met Val
      35          40          45
Glu Ala Ser Leu Ser Val Arg His Pro Glu Tyr Asn Arg Pro Leu Leu
      50          55          60
Ala Asn Asp Leu Met Leu Ile Lys Leu Asp Glu Ser Val Ser Glu Ser
      65          70          75          80
Asp Thr Ile Arg Ser Ile Ser Ile Ala Ser Gln Cys Pro Thr Ala Gly
      85          90          95
Asn Ser Cys Leu Val Ser Gly Trp Gly Leu Leu Ala Asn Asp Ala Val
      100          105          110
Ile Ala Ile Gln Ser Xaa Thr Val Gly Gly Trp Glu Cys Glu Lys Leu
      115          120          125
Ser Gln Pro Trp Gln Gly Cys Thr Ile Ser Ala Thr Ser Ser Ala Arg
      130          135          140
Thr Ser Cys Cys Ile Leu Thr Gly Cys Ser Leu Leu Leu Thr Ala Ser
      145          150          155          160
Pro Gly Thr Leu

```

<210> 179

<211> 250

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 179

ctggagtgcc ttggtgtttc aagccccctgc aggaagcaga atgcaccttc tgaggcacct	60
ccagctgccc cgggccgggg gatgcgaggc tcggagcacc cttgcccggc tgtgattgct	120
gccaggcact gttcatctca gcttttctgt ccctttgctc ccggcaagcg cttctgctga	180
aagttcatat ctggagcctg atgtcttaac gaataaaggt cccatgctcc acccgaaaaa	240
aaaaaaaaaa	250

<210> 180

<211> 202

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 180

actagtccag tgtggtggaa ttccattgtg ttggggcccaa cacaatggct acctttaaca	60
tcaccagac ccgcccctg ccggtgcccc acgctgctgc taacgacagt atgatgctta	120
ctctgctact cggaaactat ttttatgtaa ttaatgtatg ctttcttgtt tataaatgcc	180
tgatttaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aa	202

<210> 181

<211> 558

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(558)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 181

tccytttgkt naggtttkkg agacamccck agacctwaan ctgtgtcaca gacttcyngg	60
aatgttttagg cagtgtctagt aatttcytcg taatgattct gttattactt tcctnattct	120
ttattcctct ttcttctgaa gattaatgaa gttgaaaatt gaggtggata aatacaaaaa	180
ggtagtgtga tagtataagt atctaagtgc agatgaaagt gtgttatata tatccattca	240
aaattatgca agttagtaat tactcagggt taactaaatt actttaatat gctgttgaac	300
ctactctgtt ccttggctag aaaaaattat aaacaggact ttgttagttt gggaagccaa	360
attgataata ttctatgttc taaaagttgg gctatacata aattattaag aaatatggaw	420
ttttattccc aggaatatgg kgttcatttt atgaatatta cscrggatag awgtwtgagt	480
aaaaycagtt ttggtwaata ygtwaatatg tcmtaataaa acaakgcttt gacttatttc	540
caaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaa	558

<210> 182

<211> 479

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(479)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 182

acagggwttk grggatgcta agsccccrga rwtggtttga tccaaccctg gcttwttttc	60
agaggggaaa atggggccta gaagttacag mscatytagy tgggtcgmtg gcaccctcg	120
cstcacacag astcccagat agctgggact acaggcacac agtcaactgaa gcaggccctg	180
ttwgcaattc acgttgccac ctccaactta aacattcttc atatgtgatg tccttagtca	240
ctaagggttaa actttccac ccagaaaagg caacttagat aaaatcttag agtactttca	300

tactmttcta agtcctcttc cagcctcact kkgagtcctm cytggggggtt gataggaant	360
ntctcttggc tttctcaata aartctctat ycatctcatg ttttaatttg tacgcatara	420
awtgstgara aaattaaaaat gttctgggty mactttaaaa araaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa	479

<210> 183
 <211> 384
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 183	
aggcgggagc agaagctaaa gccaaagccc aagaagagtgc gcagtgccag cactggtgcc	60
agtaccagta ccaataacag tgccagtgcc agtgccagca ccagtgggtg cttcagtgc	120
ggtgccagcc tgaccgccac tctcacattt gggctcttcg ctggccttgg tggagctggt	180
gccagcacca gtggcagctc tgggtgctgt ggtttctcct acaagtgaga ttttagatat	240
tgtaatcct gccagtcttt ctcttcaagc cagggtgcat cctcagaaac ctactcaaca	300
cagcactcta ggcagccact atcaatcaat tgaagttgac actctgcatt aratctattt	360
gccatttcaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaa	384

<210> 184
 <211> 496
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(496)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 184	
accgaattgg gaccgctggc ttataagcga tcatgtyynt ccrgtatkac ctcaacgagc	60
aggagatcg agtctatacg ctgaagaaat ttgaccgat gggacaacag acctgctcag	120
ccatcctgc tcggttctcc ccagatgaca aatactctsg acaccgaatc accatcaaga	180
aacgcttcaa ggtgctcatg acccagcaac cgcgccctgt cctctgaggg tcccttaa	240
tgatgtcttt tctgccacct gttaccctc ggagactccg taaccaaact cttcggactg	300
tgagccctga tgcccttttg ccagccatac tctttggcat ccagtctctc gtggcgattg	360
attatgcttg tgtgaggcaa tcatgggtggc atcaccata aagggaacac atttgacttt	420
tttttctcat attttaaatt actacmagaw tattwmagaw waaatgawtt gaaaaactst	480
taaaaaaaaa aaaaaa	496

<210> 185
 <211> 384
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 185	
gctggtagcc tatggcgkgg cccacggagg ggctcctgag gccacggrac agtgacttcc	60
caagtatcyt gcgcsgcgtc ttctaccgtc cctacctgca gatctcggg cagattcccc	120
aggaggacat ggacgtggcc ctcatggagc acagcaactg ytcgtcggag cccggcttct	180
gggcacaccc tcctggggcc caggcgggca cctgcgtctc ccagtatgcc aactggctgg	240
tgggtgctgct cctcgtcctc ttctgctcg tggccaacat cctgctggtc aactgctca	300
ttgccatgtt cagttacaca ttcggcaaag tacagggcaa cagcgatctc tactgggaag	360
gcgcagcgtt accgcctcat ccgg	384

<210> 186
 <211> 577

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(577)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 186

gagttagctc	ctccacaacc	ttgatgaggt	cgtctgcagt	ggcctctcgc	ttcataccgc	60
tnccatcgtc	atactgtagg	tttgccacca	cytcctggca	tcttggggcg	gcntaatatt	120
ccaggaaact	ctcaatcaag	tcaccgctga	tgaaacctgt	gggctggttc	tgtcttccgc	180
tcggtgtgaa	aggatctccc	agaaggagtg	ctcgatcttc	cccacacttt	tgatgacttt	240
attgagtcga	ttctgcatgt	ccagcaggag	gttgtaccag	ctctctgaca	gtgaggtcac	300
cagccctatc	atgccgttga	mcgtgccgaa	garcaccgag	ccttgtgtgg	gggkkgaagt	360
ctcaccacaga	ttctgcatta	ccagagagcc	gtggcaaaag	acattgacaa	actcgcccag	420
gtggaaaaag	amcamctcct	ggargtgctn	gccgctcctc	gtcmgttggt	ggcagcgctw	480
tccttttgac	acacaaacaa	gttaaaggca	ttttcagccc	ccagaaantt	gtcatcatcc	540
aagatntcgc	acagcactna	tccagttggg	attaaat			577

<210> 187

<211> 534

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(534)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 187

aacatcttcc	tgtataatgc	tgtgtaatat	cgatccgatn	ttgtctgstg	agaatycatw	60
actkggaaaa	gmaacattaa	agcctggaca	ctggtattaa	aattcacaat	atgcaacact	120
ttaaacagtg	tgtcaatctg	ctcccyynac	tttgtcatca	ccagtctggg	aakaagggtta	180
tgccctattc	acacctgtta	aaagggcgct	aagcatTTTT	gattcaacat	cttttttttt	240
gacacaagtc	cgaaaaaagc	aaaagtaaac	agttatyaat	ttgttagcca	attcactttc	300
ttcatgggac	agagccatyt	gatttaaaaa	gcaaattgca	taatattgag	cttygggagc	360
tgatatttga	gcggaagagt	agcctttcta	cttcaccaga	cacaactccc	tttcatattg	420
ggatgttnac	naaagtwatg	tctctwacag	atgggatgct	tttgtggcaa	ttctgttctg	480
aggatctccc	agtttattta	ccacttgcac	aagaaggcgt	tttcttctc	aggc	534

<210> 188

<211> 761

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(761)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 188

agaaaccagt	atctctnaaa	acaacctctc	ataccttggtg	gacctaatTT	tgtgtgcgtg	60
tgtgtgtgcg	cgcataattat	atagacaggc	acatcttttt	tactttttgta	aaagcttatg	120
cctctttggg	atctatatct	gtgaaagttt	taatgatctg	ccataatgtc	ttggggacct	180

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ttgtcttctg tgtaaattggt actagagaaa acacctatnt tatgagtcaa tctagttngt      240
tttattcgac atgaaggaaa tttccagatn acaacactna caaactctcc ctkgackarg      300
ggggacaaaag aaaagcaaaa ctgamcataa raaacaatwa cctggtgaga arttgcataa      360
acagaaatwr ggtagtatat tgaarnacag catcattaaa rmgttwtktt wttctccctt      420
gcaaaaaaaca tgtacngact tcccgttgag taatgccaaag ttgttttttt tatnataaaa      480
cttgcccttc attacatggt tnaaagtggg gtgggtggggc aaaatattga aatgatggaa      540
ctgactgata aagctgtaca aataagcagt gtgcctaaca agcaacacag taatgttgac      600
atgcttaatt cacaaatgct aatttcatta taaatgtttg ctaaaataca ctttgaacta      660
tttttctgtn ttcccagagc tgagatntta gattttatgt agtatnaagt gaaaaantac      720
gaaaataata acattgaaga aaaananaaa aaanaaaaaa a                                761

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<210> 189

<211> 482

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (482)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 189

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tttttttttt tttgccgatn ctactatntt attgcaggan gtgggggtgt atgcaccgca      60
caccggggct atnagaagca agaaggaagg agggagggca cagccccttg ctgagcaaca      120
aagccgcctg ctgccttctc tgtctgtctc ctgggtgcagg cacatgggga gaccttcccc      180
aaggcagggg ccaccagtcc aggggtggga atacaggggg tgggagtgt gcataagaag      240
tgataggcac aggccaccgg gtacagacct ctgggtcctt gacaggtnga tttcgaccag      300
gtcattgtgc cctgccaggg cacagcgtn atctggaaaa gacagaatgc tttccttttc      360
aaatttggct ngtcattgaa ngggcanttt tccaantng gctnggtctt ggtacncttg      420
gttcggccca gtcctncgtc caaaaantat tcaccnctt ccnaattgct tgcngncccc      480
cc

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<210> 190

<211> 471

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (471)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 190

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tttttttttt ttttaaaaca gtttttcaca aaaaaattta ttagaagaat agtgggttttg      60
aaaactctcg catccagtga gaactaccat acaccacatt acagctngga atgtntctca      120
aatgtctggg caaatgatac aatggaacca ttcaatctta cacatgcacg aaagaacaag      180
cgcttttgac atacaatgca caaaaaaaaa aggggggggg gaccacatgg attaaaattt      240
taagtactca tcacatacat taagacacag ttctagtcca gtcnaaaatc agaactgcnt      300
tgaaaaattt catgtatgca atccaaccaa agaacttnat tggatgatcat gantnctcta      360
ctacatcnac cttgatcatt gccaggaacn aaaagttnaa ancacncngt acaaaaanaa      420
tctgtaattn anttcaacct ccgtacngaa aaatntntnt tataactcc c                                471

```

<210> 191

<211> 402

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(402)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 191

gagggattga aggtctgttc tastgtcggm ctgttcagcc accaactcta acaagttgct	60
gtcttccact cactgtctgt aagcttttta acccagacwg tatcttcata aatagaacaa	120
attcttcacc agtcacatct tctaggacct ttttggttc agttagtata agctcttcca	180
cttcctttgt taagacttca tctggtaaag tcttaagttt tgtagaaagg aattyaattg	240
ctcgttctct aacaatgtcc tctccttgaa gtatttggct gaacaacca cctaaagtcc	300
ctttgtgcat ccattttaaa tatacttaat agggcattgk tncactaggt taaattctgc	360
aagagtcacg tgtctgcaaa agttgcgtta gtatatctgc ca	402

<210> 192

<211> 601

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(601)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 192

gagctcggat ccaataatct ttgtctgagg gcagcacaca tatncagtgc catggnaact	60
ggtctacccc acatgggagc agcatgccgt agntatataa ggtcattccc tgagtcagac	120
atgcytyttt gaytaccgtg tgccaagtgc tgggtgattct yaacacacyt ccattcccgt	180
cttttgtgga aaaactggca cttktctgga actagcarga catcacttac aaattcaccc	240
acgagacact tgaaggtgt aacaaagcga ytcttgcat gcttttgtc cctccggcac	300
cagttgtcaa tactaaccgg ctggtttgccc tccatcacat ttgtgatctg tagctctgga	360
tacatctcct gacagtactg aagaacttct tcttttgttt caaaagcarg tcttgggtgcc	420
tggtggatca gggtcccatt tcccagtcyg aatgttcaca tggcatattt wacttcccac	480
aaaacattgc gatattgaggc tcagcaacag caaatcctgt tccggcattg gctgcaagag	540
cctcgatgta gccggccagc gccaaaggcag gcgccgtgag ccccaccagc agcagaagca	600
g	601

<210> 193

<211> 608

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(608)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 193

atacagccca natcccacca cgaagatgcg cttgttgact gagaacctga tgcggtcact	60
ggtcccgtg tagccccagc gactctccac ctgctggaag cggttgatgc tgcactcytt	120
cccaacgcag gcagmagcgg gscgggtcaa tgaactccay tcgtggcttg gggtkgacgg	180
tkaagtgcag gaagaggctg accacctcgc ggtccaccag gatgcccagc tgtgcccggac	240
ctgcagcgaa actcctcgat ggatcatgagc ggggaagcgaa tgaggcccag ggccttgccc	300

agaaccttcc gcctgttctc tggcgtcacc tgcagctgct gccgctgaca ctccggcctcg 360
gaccagcgga caaacggcrt tgaacagccg cacctcacgg atgcccagtg tgcgcgctc 420
caggammgsc accagcgtgt ccaggtcaat gtcgggtgaag ccctccgcgg gtrattggcgt 480
ctgcagtggt tttgtcgatg ttctccaggc acaggctggc cagctgcggg tcatcgaaga 540
gtcgcgcctg cgtgagcagc atgaaggcgt tgcgggctcg cagttcttct tcaggaaactc 600
cacgcaat 608

<210> 194

<211> 392

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(392)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 194

gaacggctgg accttgccctc gcattgtgct tgctggcagg gaataccttg gcaagcagyt 60
ccagtcgag cagccccaga ccgctgccgc ccgaagctaa gcctgcctct ggcttcccc 120
tccgcctcaa tgcagaacca gtagtgggag cactgtgttt agagttaaga gtgaacactg 180
tttgatttta cttgggaatt tcctctgtta tatagctttt cccaatgcta atttccaaac 240
aacaacaaca aaataacatg tttgcctgtt aagttgtata aaagtaggtg attctgtatt 300
taaagaaaat attactgtta catatactgc ttgcaatttc tgtatttatt gktnctstgg 360
aaataaatat agttattaaa gggtgtcant cc 392

<210> 195

<211> 502

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(502)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 195

ccsttkgagg ggtkaggkyc cagttyccga gtggaagaaa caggccagga gaagtgcgtg 60
ccgagctgag gcagatgttc ccacagtgc cccagagcc stgggstata gtytctgacc 120
cctcncaagg aaagaccacs ttctggggac atgggctgga gggcaggacc tagaggcacc 180
aaggaaggc ccattccgg ggstgttccc cgaggaggaa gggaagggc tctgtgtgcc 240
cccasgagg aagaggccct gagtcctggg atcagacacc ccttcacgtg tatccccaca 300
caaagtcaag ctaccaagg tccccctca gtccccctcc stacaccctg amcggccact 360
gscscacacc caccagagc acgccacccg ccatggggar tgtgctcaag gartcgcnng 420
gcargtgga catctngtcc cagaaggggg cagaatctcc aatagangga ctgarcmstt 480
gctnanaaaa aaaaanaaaa aa 502

<210> 196

<211> 665

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(665)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 196

ggttacttgg	tttcattgcc	accacttagt	ggatgtcatt	tagaaccatt	ttgtctgctc	60
cctctggaag	ccttgccgag	agcggacttt	gtaattgttg	gagaataact	gctgaatttt	120
wagctgtttk	gagttgatts	gcaccactgc	acccacaact	tcaatatgaa	aacyawttga	180
actwatttat	tatcttgatg	aaagtataac	aatgaaaatt	ttgttcatac	tgtattkac	240
aagtatgatg	aaaagcaawa	gatataat	cttttattat	gttaaattat	gattgccatt	300
attaatcggc	aaaatgtgga	gtgtatgttc	ttttcacagt	aatatatgcc	ttttgtaact	360
tcacttggtt	attttattgt	aaatgartta	caaaattcct	aatttaagar	aatggatgt	420
watatttatt	tcattaattt	ctttcctkgt	ttacgtwaat	tttgaaga	wtgcatgatt	480
tcttgacaga	aatcgatcct	gatgctgtgg	aagtagtttg	acccacatcc	ctatgagttt	540
ttcttagaat	gtataaagg	tgtagcccat	cnaacttcaa	agaaaaaat	gaccacatac	600
tttgcaatca	ggctgaaatg	tggcatgctn	ttctaattcc	aactttataa	actagcaaan	660
aagtg						665

<210> 197

<211> 492

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(492)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 197

ttttnttttt	ttttttttgc	aggaaggatt	ccattttattg	tggatgcatt	ttcacaatat	60
atgttttattg	gagcgatcca	ttatcagtga	aaagtatcaa	gtgtttataa	natttttagg	120
aaggcagatt	cacagaacat	gctngtcngc	ttgcagtttt	acctcgtana	gatnacagag	180
aattatagtc	naaccagtaa	acnaggaatt	tacttttcaa	aagattaaat	ccaaactgaa	240
caaaattcta	ccctgaaact	tactccatcc	aaatattgga	ataanagtca	gcagtgtac	300
attctcttct	gaactttaga	ttttctagaa	aaatatgtaa	tagtgatcag	gaagagctct	360
tgttcaaaag	tacaacnaag	caatgttccc	ttaccatagg	ccttaattca	aactttgatc	420
catttcactc	ccatcacggg	agtcaatgct	acctggggaca	cttgtatttt	gttcatnctg	480
ancntggctt	aa					492

<210> 198

<211> 478

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(478)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 198

ttntttttgn	atttcantct	gtannaanta	ttttcattat	gtttattana	aaaatatnaa	60
tgtntccacn	acaaatcatn	ttacntnagt	aagaggccan	ctacattgta	caacatacac	120
tgagtatat	ttgaaaagga	caagttttaa	gtanacncat	attgccganc	atancacatt	180
tatacatggc	ttgattgata	tttagcacag	canaaaactga	gtgagttacc	agaaaanaa	240
nataatgtc	aatcngattt	aagatacaaa	acagatccta	tggtacatan	catcntgtag	300
gagttgtggc	tttatgttta	ctgaaagtca	atgcagttcc	tgtacaaaga	gatggccgta	360
agcattctag	tacctctact	ccatgggttaa	gaatcgtaca	cttatgttta	catatgtnc	420

gggtaagaat tgtgttaagt naanttatgg agaggtccan gagaaaaatt tgatncaa 478

<210> 199

<211> 482

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(482)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 199

agtgacttgt cctccaacaa aacccttga tcaagtttgt ggcactgaca atcagaccta	60
tgctagtcc tgcctctat tcgctactaa atgcagactg gaggggacca aaaaggggca	120
tcaactccag ctggattatt ttggagcctg caaatctatt cctacttgta cggactttga	180
agtgattcag ttctctctac ggatgagaga ctgggtcaag aatatactca tgcagcttta	240
tgaagccnac tctgaacacg ctggttatct nagatgagaa ncagagaaat aaagtcnaga	300
aaatttacct ggangaagaa aggccttngg ctggggacca tccatttgaa ccttctctta	360
anggacttta agaanaaaact accacatgtn tgtngtatcc tgggtgccngg ccgtttantg	420
aacntngacn ncacccttnt ggaatanant cttgacngcn tccatgaactt gctcctctgc	480
ga	482

<210> 200

<211> 270

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(270)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 200

cggccgcaag tgcaactcca gctggggccg tgcggacgaa gattctgcca gcagttgggc	60
cgactgagac gacggcggcg gcgacagtcg caggtgcagc gcgggcgccct ggggtcttgc	120
aaggctgagc tgacgccgca gaggtcgtgt cacgtcccac gacctgacg ccgtcgggga	180
cagccggaac agagcccggg gaangcggga ggcctcgggg agcccctcgg gaagggcggc	240
ccgagagata cgcaggtgca ggtggccgcc	270

<210> 201

<211> 419

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(419)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 201

tttttttttt ttttgaatc tactgagagc acagcaggtc agcaacaagt ttattttgca	60
gctagcaagg taacagggtg gggcatggtt acatgttcag gtcaacttcc ttgtcgtgg	120
ttgattgggt tgtctttatg ggggcggggg ggggtagggg aaancgaagc anaantaaca	180
tggagtgggt gcaccctccc tgtagaacct gggtacnaaa gcttggggca gttcacctgg	240

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tctgtgaccg tcattttctt gacatcaatg ttattagaag tcaggatatac ttttagagag 300
tccactgtnt ctggaggag attagggttt cttgccanaa tccaancaa atccacntga 360
aaaagttgga tgatncangt acngaatacc ganggcatan ttctcatant cggaggcca 419
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<210> 202

<211> 509

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(509)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 202

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ttnttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt 60
tggcacttaa tccattttta tttcaaaatg tctacaaant ttnaatncnc cattatacng 120
gtntttttnc aaaatctaaa nnttattcaa atntnagcca aantccttac ncaaattnaa 180
tacnncnaaa aatcaaaaaa atacntntct ttcagcaaac ttngttacat aaattaaaaa 240
aatatatacg gctgggtgtt tcaaagtaca attatcttaa cactgcaaac atnttttnaa 300
ggaactaaaa taataaaaaa cactnccgca aagggttaaag ggaacaacaa attcntttta 360
caacancnnc nattataaaa atcatatctc aaatcttagg ggaatatata cttcacacng 420
ggatcttaac ttttactnca ctttgtttat ttttttanaa ccattgtntt gggcccaaca 480
caatggnaat nccnccnncn tggactagt 509
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<210> 203

<211> 583

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(583)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 203

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tacacatatt tattttataa ttggtattag atattcaaaa ggcagctttt aaaatcaaac 120
taaatggaaa ctgccttaga tacataattc ttaggaatta gcttaaaatc tgcctaaagt 180
gaaaatcttc tctagctctt ttgactgtaa atttttgact cttgtaaaac atccaaattc 240
atttttcttg tctttaaaat tatctaattc ttccattttt tccctattcc aagtcaattt 300
gcttctctag cctcatttcc tagctcttat ctactattag taagtggctt ttttcctaaa 360
agggaaca ggaagagana atggcacaca aaacaaacat tttatattca tatttctacc 420
tacgttaata aaatagcatt ttgtgaagcc agctcaaaag aaggcttaga tccttttatg 480
tccattttag tcaactaaacg atatcnaaag tgccagaatg caaaagggtt gtgaacattt 540
attcaaaagc taatataaga tatttcacat actcatcttt ctg 583
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<210> 204

<211> 589

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(589)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 204

ttttttttnt	tttttttttt	tttttttctc	ttcttttttt	ttganaatga	ggatcgagtt	60
tttctactctc	tagatagggc	atgaagaaaa	ctcatctttc	cagctttaaa	ataacaatca	120
aatctcttat	gctatatcat	attttaagtt	aaactaatga	gtcactggct	tatctttctcc	180
tgaaggaaat	ctgttcattc	ttctcattca	tatagttata	tcaagtacta	ccttgcatat	240
tgagaggttt	ttcttctcta	tttacacata	tatttccatg	tgaatttgta	tcaaacccttt	300
attttcatgc	aaactagaaa	ataatgtntt	cttttgcata	agagaagaga	acaatatnag	360
cattacaaaa	ctgctcaaat	tgtttgttaa	gnttatccat	tataattagt	tnggcaggag	420
ctaatacaaa	tcacatttac	ngacnagcaa	taataaaact	gaagtaccag	ttaaatatcc	480
aaaataatta	aaggaacatt	tttagcctgg	gtataattag	ctaattcact	ttacaagcat	540
ttattnagaa	tgaattcaca	tgttattatt	ccntagccca	acacaatgg		589

<210> 205

<211> 545

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(545)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 205

tttttttttt	tttttttcagt	aataatcaga	acaatattta	tttttatatt	taaaattcat	60
agaaaagtgc	cttacattta	ataaaagttt	gtttctcaaa	gtgatcagag	gaattagata	120
tngtcttgaa	caccaatatt	aatttgagga	aaatacacca	aaatacatta	agtaaattat	180
ttaagatcat	agagcttgta	agtgaagaa	taaaatttga	cctcagaaac	tctgagcatt	240
aaaaatccac	tattagcaaa	taaattacta	tggacttctt	gctttaattt	tgtgatgaat	300
atgggggtg	actggtaaac	caacacattc	tgaaggatac	attacttagt	gatagattct	360
tatgtacttt	gctanatnac	gtggatatga	gttgacaagt	ttctctttct	tcaatctttt	420
aaggggcnga	ngaaatgagg	aagaaaagaa	aaggattacg	catactgttc	tttctatngg	480
aaggattaga	tatgtttcct	ttgccaatat	taaaaaaata	ataatgttta	ctactagtga	540
aacc						545

<210> 206

<211> 487

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(487)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 206

tttttttttt	tttttttagtc	aagtttctna	tttttattat	aattaaagtc	ttggtcattt	60
catttattag	ctctgcaact	tacatattta	aattaaagaa	acgttnttag	acaactgtna	120
caatttataa	atgtaagggtg	ccattattga	gtanatatat	tcctccaaga	gtggatgtgt	180
cccttctccc	accaactaat	gaancagcaa	cattagttta	attttattag	tagatnatac	240
actgctgcaa	acgctaattc	tcttctccat	ccccatgng	atattgtgta	tatgtgtgag	300
ttggtnagaa	tgcatcanca	atctnacaat	caacagcaag	atgaagctag	gcntgggctt	360
tcggtgaaaa	tagactgtgt	ctgtctgaat	caaatgatct	gacctatcct	cggtggcaag	420
aactcttcga	accgcttcct	caaaggcngc	tgccacattt	gtggcntctn	ttgcacttgt	480

ttcaaaa

487

<210> 207

<211> 332

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(332)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 207

tgaattggct	aaaagactgc	atTTTTanaa	ctagcaactc	ttatttcttt	cctttaaaaa	60
tacatagcat	taaatcccaa	atcctattta	aagacctgac	agcttgagaa	ggtcactact	120
gcatttatag	gaccttctgg	tggttctgct	gttacntttg	aantctgaca	atccttgana	180
atctttgcat	gcagaggagg	taaaaggtat	tggattttca	cagaggaana	acacagcgca	240
gaaatgaagg	ggccaggctt	actgagcttg	tccactggag	ggctcatggg	tgggacatgg	300
aaaagaaggc	agcctaggcc	ctggggagcc	ca			332

<210> 208

<211> 524

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(524)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 208

agggcgtggt	gcgaggggcg	ttactgtttt	gtctcagtaa	caataaatac	aaaaagactg	60
gttgtgttcc	ggccccatcc	aaccacgaag	ttgatttctc	ttgtgtgcag	agtgactgat	120
tttaaaggac	atggagcttg	tcacaatgtc	acaatgtcac	agtgtgaagg	gcacactcac	180
tcccgcgtga	ttcacattta	gcaaccaaca	atagctcatg	agtccatact	tgtaaatact	240
tttggcagaa	tacttnttga	aacttgcaag	tgataactaa	gatccaagat	atttcccaaa	300
gtaaatagaa	gtgggtcata	atattaatta	cctgttcaca	tcagcttcca	tttacaagtc	360
atgagcccag	acactgacat	caaactaagc	ccacttagac	tcctcaccac	cagtctgtcc	420
tgatcatcaga	caggaggctg	tcaccttgac	caaattctca	ccagtcaatc	atctatccaa	480
aaaccattac	ctgatccact	tccggtaatg	caccaccttg	gtga		524

<210> 209

<211> 159

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 209

gggtgaggaa	atccagagtt	gccatggaga	aaattccagt	gtcagcattc	ttgctccttg	60
tggccctctc	ctacactctg	gccagagata	ccacagtcaa	acctggagcc	aaaaaggaca	120
caaaggactc	tcgacccaaa	ctgccccaga	ccctctcca			159

<210> 210

<211> 256

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1) ... (256)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 210
 actccctggc agacaaaggc agaggagaga gctctgttag ttctgtgttg ttgaactgcc 60
 actgaatttc tttccacttg gactattaca tgccanttga gggactaatg gaaaaacgta 120
 tggggagatt ttanccaatt tangtntgta aatggggaga ctggggcagg cgggagagat 180
 ttgcagggtg naaatgggan ggctggtttg ttanatgaac agggacatag gaggtaggca 240
 ccaggatgct aaatca 256

<210> 211
 <211> 264
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1) ... (264)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 211
 acattgtttt tttgagataa agcattgaga gagctctcct taacgtgaca caatggaagg 60
 actggaacac ataccacat ctttgttctg agggataatt ttctgataaa gtcttgctgt 120
 atattcaagc acatatgtta tatattattc agttccatgt ttatagccta gttaaggaga 180
 ggggagatac attcngaaag aggactgaaa gaaatactca agtnggaaaa cagaaaaaga 240
 aaaaaaggag caaatgagaa gcct 264

<210> 212
 <211> 328
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1) ... (328)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 212
 acccaaaaat ccaatgctga atatttggtc tcattattcc canattcttt gattgtcaaa 60
 ggatttaatg ttgtctcagc ttgggcactt cagttaggac ctaaggatgc cagccggcag 120
 gtttatatat gcagcaacaa tattcaagcg cgacaacagg ttattgaact tgcccgccag 180
 ttnaatttca ttccattga cttgggatcc ttatcatcag ccagagagat tgaaaattta 240
 cccctacnac tctttactct ctgganaggg ccagtgggtg tagctataag cttggccaca 300
 ttttttttct ctttattcct ttgtcaga 328

<210> 213
 <211> 250
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (250)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 213

acttatgagc agagcgacat atccnagtgt agactgaata aaactgaatt ctctccagtt	60
taaagcattg ctactgaag ggatagaagt gactgccagg agggaaagta agccaaggct	120
cattatgcca aagganatat acatttcaat tctccaaact tcttcctcat tccaagagtt	180
ttcaatattt gcatgaacct gctgataanc catgttaana aacaaatata tctctnacct	240
tctcatcggt	250

<210> 214

<211> 444

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (444)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 214

accagaatc caatgctgaa tatttggtt cattattccc agattctttg attgtcaaag	60
gatttaatgt tgtctcagct tgggcacttc agttaggacc taaggatgcc agccggcagg	120
tttatatatg cagcaacaat attcaagcgc gacaacaggt tattgaactt gcccgccagt	180
tgaatttcat tccattgac ttgggatcct tatcatcagc canagagatt gaaaatttac	240
ccctacgact ctttactctc tggagagggc cagtgggtgt agctataagc ttggccacat	300
ttttttttcc tttattcctt tgtcagagat gcgattcatc catatgctan aaaccaacag	360
agtgaacttt acaaaattcc tataganatt gtgaataaaa ccttacctat agttgccatt	420
actttgctct ccctaataata cctc	444

<210> 215

<211> 366

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (366)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 215

acttatgagc agagcgacat atccaagtgt anactgaata aaactgaatt ctctccagtt	60
taaagcattg ctactgaag ggatagaagt gactgccagg agggaaagta agccaaggct	120
cattatgcca aagganatat acatttcaat tctccaaact tcttcctcat tccaagagtt	180
ttcaatattt gcatgaacct gctgataagc catgttgaga aacaaatata tctctgacct	240
tctcatcggt aagcagagggc ttaggcaac atggaccata gcgaanaaaa aacttagtaa	300
tccaagctgt tttctacact gtaaccaggt ttccaaccaa ggtggaaatc tcctatactt	360
ggtgcc	366

<210> 216

<211> 260

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(260)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 216
ctgtataaac agaactccac tgcangaggg agggccgggc caggagaatc tccgcttgtc 60
caagacaggg gcctaaggag ggtctccaca ctgctnntaa gggctntnc atttttttat 120
taataaaaag tnnaaaaggc ctcttctcaa cttttttccc ttnggctgga aaatttaaaa 180
atcaaaaatt tcctnaagtt ntcaagctat catatatact ntatcctgaa aaagcaacat 240
aattcttctt tccctccttt 260

<210> 217
<211> 262
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(262)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 217
acctacgtgg gtaagtttan aaatgttata atttcaggaa naggaacgca tataattgta 60
tcttgccat aattttctat ttaataagg aaatagcaaa ttgggggtggg gggaatgtag 120
ggcattctac agtttgagca aaatgcaatt aaatgtggaa ggacagcact gaaaaatttt 180
atgaataatc tgtatgatta tatgtctcta gagtagattt ataattagcc acttaccta 240
atatccttca tgcttgtaaa gt 262

<210> 218
<211> 205
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(205)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 218
accaaggtgg tgcattaccg gaantggatc aangacacca tcgtggccaa cccctgagca 60
cccctatcaa ctcccctttg tagtaaaactt ggaaccttgg aaatgaccag gccaaagactc 120
aggcctcccc agttctactg acctttgtcc ttangtntna ngccagggt tgctaggaaa 180
anaaatcagc agacacaggt gtaaa 205

<210> 219
<211> 114
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 219
tactgttttg tctcagtaac aataaatata aaaagactgg ttgtgttccg gccccatcca 60
accacgaagt tgatttctct tgtgtgcaga gtgactgatt ttaaaggaca tgga 114

<210> 220
<211> 93

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 220

actagccagc acaaaaaggca gggtagcctg aattgctttc tgctctttac atttctttta	60
aaataagcat ttagtgctca gtcctactg agt	93

<210> 221

<211> 167

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(167)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 221

actangtgca ggtgcgcaca aatatttgtc gatattccct tcatcttgga ttccatgagg	60
tcttttgccc agcctgtggc tctactgtag taagtttctg ctgatgagga gccagnatgc	120
ccccactac ctccctgac gctccccana aatcacccaa cctctgt	167

<210> 222

<211> 351

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 222

agggcggtgt gcggaaggcg gtactgacct cattagtagg aggatgcatt ctggcacccc	60
gttcttcacc tgtcccccaa tccttaaaag gccatactgc ataaagtcaa caacagataa	120
atgtttgctg aattaaagga tggatgaaaa aaattaataa tgaatttttg cataatccaa	180
ttttctcttt tatatttcta gaagaagttt ctttgagcct attagatccc gggaatcttt	240
taggtgagca tgattagaga gctttaggtg tgcttttaca tatatctggc atatttgagt	300
ctcgtatcaa aacaatagat tggtaaaggt ggtattattg tattgataag t	351

<210> 223

<211> 383

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(383)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 223

aaaacaaaca aacaaaaaaa acaattcttc attcagaaaa attatcttag ggactgatat	60
tggttaattat ggtcaattta atwrtttkt ggggcatttc cttacattgt cttgacaaga	120
ttaaaatgtc tgtgccaaaa ttttgtaatt tatttgagga cttcttatca aaagtaatgc	180
tgccaaagga agtctaagga attagtagtg ttcccmteac ttgtttggag tgtgctattc	240
taaaagattt tgatttcctg gaatgacaat tatattttta ctttggtggg ggaaanagtt	300
ataggaccac agtcttcact tctgatactt gtaaattaat cttttattgc acttgttttg	360
accattaagc tatatgttta aaa	383

<210> 224

<211> 320
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 224
cccctgaagg cttcttggtta gaaaatagta cagttacaac caataggaac aacaaaaaga 60
aaaagtttgt gacattgtag tagggagtg gtaccctta ctcccatca aaaaaaaat 120
ggatacatgg ttaaaggata raagggaat attttatcat atgttctaaa agagaaggaa 180
gagaaaatac tactttctcr aaatggaagc ccttaaaggt gctttgatac tgaaggacac 240
aaatgtggcc gtccatcctc ctttaragtt gcatgacttg gacacggtaa ctgttgagc 300
tttaractcm gcattgtgac 320

<210> 225
<211> 1214
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 225
gaggactgca gcccgcactc gcagccctgg caggcgccac tggtcatgga aaacgaattg 60
ttctgctcgg gcgtcctggg gcataccgag tgggtgctgt cagccgcaca ctgtttccag 120
aactcctaca ccatcgggct gggcctgcac agtcttgagg ccgaccaaga gccagggagc 180
cagatgggtgg aggccagcct ctccgtacgg caccagagt acaacagacc cttgctcgct 240
aacgacctca tgctcatcaa gttggacgaa tccgtgtccg agtctgacac catccggagc 300
atcagcattg cttcgagtg ccctaccgcg gggaaactct gcctcgtttc tggctggggg 360
ctgctggcga acggcagaat gcctaccgtg ctgacgtgcg tgaacgtgtc ggtgggtgtc 420
gaggaggtct gcagtaagct ctatgacccg ctgtaccacc ccagcatgtt ctgcgcggc 480
ggagggcaag accagaagga ctctgcaac ggtgactctg gggggccctt gatctgcaac 540
gggtacttgc agggccttgt gtctttcgga aaagcccgt gtggccaagt tggcgtgcca 600
ggtgtctaca ccaacctctg caaattcact gacctccaaa tacatcctgc ggaaggaatt 660
taactctggg gactgggaac ccatgaaatt gacccccaaa tacatcctgc ggaaggaatt 720
caggaatatc tgttcccagc ccctcctccc tcaggcccag gagtccaggc cccagccccc 780
tcctcctca aaccaaggt acagatcccc agccctcct ccctcagacc caggagtcca 840
gacccccag ccctcctccc ctccagacca ggagtccagc ccctcctccc tcagaccag 900
gagtccagac cccccagccc ctctccctc agaccagggt gtccaggccc ccaaccctc 960
ctccctcaga ctccagaggt caagccccc acccctcct cccagacccc agaggtccag 1020
gtcccagccc ctctcctccc agaccagcg gtccaatgcc acctagactc tccctgtaca 1080
cagtgcctcc ttgtggcacg ttgacccaac cttaccagtt gggttttcat tttttgtccc 1140
tttcccttag atccagaaat aaagtctaag agaagcgcaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa 1200
aaaaaaaaaa aaaa 1214

<210> 226
<211> 119
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 226
accagtatg tgcagggaga cggaacccca tgtgacagcc cactccacca gggttcccaa 60
agaacctggc ccagtcataa tcattcatcc tgacagtggc aataatcacg ataaccagt 119

<210> 227
<211> 818
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 227

acaattcata	gggacgacca	atgaggacag	ggaatgaacc	cggctctccc	ccagccctga	60
tttttgctac	atatggggtc	ccttttcatt	ctttgcaaaa	acactgggtt	ttctgagaac	120
acggacggtt	cttagcacia	tttgtgaaat	ctgtgtaraa	ccgggctttg	caggggagat	180
aattttcctc	ctctggagga	aaggtggtga	ttgacaggca	gggagacagt	gacaaggcta	240
gagaaagcca	cgctcggcct	tctctgaacc	aggatggaac	ggcagacccc	tgaaaacgaa	300
gcttgtcccc	ttccaatcag	ccacttctga	gaacccccat	ctaacttcct	actggaaaag	360
agggcctcct	caggagcagt	ccaagagttt	tcaaagataa	cgtgacaact	accatctaga	420
ggaaagggtg	caccctcagc	agagaagccg	agagcttaac	tctggtcgtt	tccagagaca	480
acctgctggc	tgtcttgga	tgcgcccagc	ctttgagagg	ccactacccc	atgaacttct	540
gccatccact	ggacatgaag	ctgaggacac	tgggcttcaa	cactgagttg	tcatgagagg	600
gacaggctct	gccctcaagc	cggctgaggg	cagcaaccac	tctcctcccc	tttctcacgc	660
aaagccattc	ccacaaatcc	agaccatacc	atgaagcaac	gagacccaaa	cagtttggtt	720
caagaggata	tgaggactgt	ctcagcctgg	ctttgggctg	acaccatgca	cacacacaag	780
gtccacttct	aggttttcag	cctagatggg	agtcgtgt			818

<210> 228

<211> 744

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 228

actggagaca	ctgttgaact	tgatcaagac	ccagaccacc	ccaggtctcc	ttcgtgggat	60
gtcatgacgt	ttgacatacc	tttggaaacga	gcctcctcct	tggagatgg	aagaccgtgt	120
tcgtggccga	cctggcctct	cctggcctgt	ttcttaagat	gcggagtcac	atttcaatgg	180
taggaaaagt	ggcttcgtaa	aatagaagag	cagtcactgt	ggaactacca	aatggcgaga	240
tgctcgggtc	acattggggg	gctttgggat	aaaagattta	tgagccaact	attctctggc	300
accagattct	aggccagttt	gttccactga	agcttttccc	acagcagtcc	acctctgcag	360
gctggcagct	gaatggcctg	ccggtggctc	tgtggcaaga	tcacactgag	atcgatgggt	420
gagaaggcta	ggatgcttgt	ctagtgttct	tagctgtcac	gttggctcct	tccaggttgg	480
ccagacgggtg	ttggccactc	ccttctaaaa	cacaggcgcc	ctcctgggtga	cagtgacccg	540
ccgtggtatg	ccttggccca	ttccagcagt	cccagttatg	catttcaagt	ttgggggttg	600
ttcttttctg	taatgttctt	ctgtgttgtc	agctgtcttc	atttcctggg	ctaagcagca	660
ttgggagatg	tggaccagag	atccactcct	taagaaccag	tggcgaaaga	cacttttctt	720
cttactctg	aagtagctgg	tggt				744

<210> 229

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 229

cgagtctggg	ttttgtctat	aaagtttgat	ccctcctttt	ctcatccaaa	tcatgtgaac	60
cattacacat	cgaaataaaa	gaaagggtgg	agacttgccc	aacgccaggc	tgacatgtgc	120
tgcagggttg	ttgtttttta	attattattg	ttagaaacgt	caccacacgt	ccctgttaat	180
ttgtatgtga	cagccaactc	tgagaagggtc	ctatttttcc	acctgcagag	gatccagtct	240
cactaggctc	ctccttgccc	tcacactgga	gtctccgccca	gtgtgggtgc	ccactgacat	300

<210> 230

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 230

cagcagaaca	aatacaata	tgaagagtgc	aaagatctca	taaaatctat	gctgaggaat	60
gagcgacagt	tcaaggagga	gaagcttgca	gagcagctca	agcaagctga	ggagctcagg	120

caatataaag	tcttggttca	cactcaggaa	cgagagctga	cccagttaag	ggagaagttg	180
cggggaagga	gagatgcctc	cctctcattg	aatgagcatc	tccaggccct	cctcactccg	240
gatgaaccgg	acaagtccca	ggggcaggac	ctccaagaaa	cagacctcgg	ccgcgaccac	300
g						301

<210> 231

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 231

gcaagcacgc	tggcaaactc	ctgtcagggtc	agctccagag	aagccattag	tcatttttagc	60
caggaactcc	aagtccacat	ccttggcaac	tggggacttg	cgcagggttag	ccttgaggat	120
ggcaacacgg	gactttctcat	caggaagtgg	gatgtagatg	agctgatcaa	gacggccagg	180
tctgaggatg	gcaggatcaa	tgatgtcagg	ccggttggtg	ccgccaatga	tgaacacatt	240
tttttttgtg	gacatgccat	ccattttctgt	caggatctgg	ttgatgactc	ggtcagcagc	300
c						301

<210> 232

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 232

agtaggtatt	tcgtgagaag	ttcaacacca	aaactggaac	atagttctcc	ttcaagtgtt	60
ggcgacacgc	gggcttcctg	attctggaat	ataactttgt	gtaaattaac	agccacctat	120
agaagagtcc	atctgctgtg	aaggagagac	agagaactct	gggttccgtc	gtcctgtcca	180
cgtgctgtac	caagtgtctg	tgccagcctg	ttacctgttc	rcactgaaaa	tctggctaata	240
gctcttgtgt	atcacttctg	attctgacaa	tcaatcaatc	aatggcctag	agcactgact	300
g						301

<210> 233

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 233

atgactgact	ttccagtaag	gctctctaa	gggtaagtag	gaggatccac	aggatttgag	60
atgctaaggc	cccagagatc	gtttgatcca	accctcttat	tttcagaggg	gaaaatgggg	120
cctagaagtt	acagagcatc	tagctgggtc	gctggcacc	ctggcctcac	acagactccc	180
gagtagctgg	gactacaggc	acacagtcac	tgaagcaggc	cctgtttagca	attctatgcg	240
tacaaattaa	catgagatga	gtagagactt	tattgagaaa	gcaagagaaa	atcctatcaa	300
c						301

<210> 234

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 234

aggtcctaca	catcgagact	catccatgat	tgatatgaat	ttaaaaatta	caagcaaaga	60
catttttattc	atcatgatgc	tttcttttct	ttcttctttt	cgttttcttc	tttttctttt	120
tcaatttcag	caacatactt	ctcaaattct	tcaggattta	aaatcttgag	ggattgatct	180
cgctcatga	cagcaagttc	aatgtttttg	ccacctgact	gaaccacttc	caggagtgcc	240
ttgatcacca	gcttaatggg	cagatcatct	gcttcaatgg	cttcgtcagt	atagttcttc	300

t

301

<210> 235
 <211> 283
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 235

tggggctgtg catcaggcgg gtttgagaaa tattcaattc tcagcagaag ccagaatttg	60
aattccctca tcttttaggg aatcatttac caggtttgga gaggattcag acagctcagg	120
tgctttcact aatgtctctg aacttctgtc cctctttgtt catggatagt ccaataaata	180
atgttatctt tgaactgatg ctcataggag agaataaag aactctgagt gatatcaaca	240
ttagggattc aaagaaatat tagattttaag ctcacactgg tca	283

<210> 236
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 236

aggtcctcca ccaactgcct gaagcacggg taaaattggg aagaagtata gtgcagcata	60
aatactttta aatcgatcag atttccctaa cccacatgca atcttcttca ccagaagagg	120
tcggagcagc atcattaata ccaagcagaa tgcgtaatag ataaatacaa tggatatag	180
tgggtagacg gcttcatgag tacagtgtac tgtgggtatcg taatctggac ttgggttgta	240
aagcatcgtg taccagtcag aaagcatcaa tactcgacat gaacgaatat aaagaacacc	300
a	301

<210> 237
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 237

cagtggtagt ggtgggtggac gtggcggttg tcgtgggtgcc ttttttggtg cccgtcacaa	60
actcaatttt tggtcgctcc tttttggcct tttccaattt gtccatctca attttctggg	120
ccttggctaa tgcctcatag taggagtcct cagaccagcc atggggatca aacatattct	180
ttgggtagtt ggtgccaaagc tcgtcaatgg cacagaatgg atcagcttct cgtaaattcta	240
gggttccgaa attctttctt cctttggata atgtagttca tatccattcc ctcttttatt	300
t	301

<210> 238
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 238

gggcaggttt tttttttttt ttttttgatg gtgcagaccc ttgctttatt tgtctgactt	60
gttcacagtt cagccccctg ctcaagaaac caacgggcca gctaaggaga ggaggaggca	120
ccttgagact tccggagtcg aggtcttcca gggttcccca gcccatcaat cattttctgc	180
acccccctgcc tgggaagcag ctccctgggg ggtgggaatg ggtgactaga agggatttca	240
gtgtgggacc cagggtctgt tcttcacagt aggaggtgga agggatgact aattttctta	300
t	301

<210> 239
 <211> 239

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 239

ataagcagct aggggaattct ttatttagta atgtcctaac ataaaagtgc acataactgc	60
ttctgtcaaa ccatgatact gagctttgtg acaaccaga aataactaag agaaggcaaa	120
cataatacct tagagatcaa gaaacattta cacagttcaa ctgtttaaaa atagctcaac	180
attcagccag tgagtagagt gtgaatgccg gcatacacag tatacaggtc cttcaggga	239

<210> 240

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 240

ggtcctaatag aagcagcagc ttccacattt taacgcaggt ttacgggtgat actgtccttt	60
gggatctgcc ctccagtggg acctttttaag gaagaagtgg gcccaagcta agttccacat	120
gctgggtgag ccagatgact tctgttcctt ggctactttc ttcaatgggg cgaatggggg	180
ctgccagggt tttaaaatca tgcttcatct tgaagcacac ggctacttca cctcctcac	240
gctgtgggtg tactttgatg aaaatacca cttgtttggc ctttctgaag ctataatgtc	300

<210> 241

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 241

gaggtctggt gctgaggtct ctgggctagg aagaggagtt ctgtggagct ggaagccaga	60
cctcttttga ggaaactcca gcagctatgt tgggtgtctct gagggaatgc aacaaggctg	120
ctcctccatg tattggaaaa ctgcaaactg gactcaactg gaaggaagtg ctgctgccag	180
tgtgaagaac cagcctgagg tgacagaaac ggaagcaaac aggaacagcc agtcttttct	240
tcctcctcct gtcatacggg ctctctcaag catcctttgt tgtcaggggc ctaaaaggga	300
g	301

<210> 242

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 242

ccgaggtcct gggatgcaac caatcactct gtttcacgtg acttttatca ccatacaatt	60
tgtggcattt cctcattttc tacattgtag aatcaagagt gtaataaat gtatatcgat	120
gtcttcaaga atatatcatt cctttttcac tagaaccat tcaaatata agtcaagaat	180
cttaatatca acaatatat caagcaaact ggaaggcaga ataactacca taatttagta	240
taagtacca aagttttata aatcaaaagc cctaagtata accattttta gaattcaatc	300
a	301

<210> 243

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 243

aggtaagtcc cagtttgaag ctcaaaagat ctggatgag cataggctca tcgacgacat	60
ggtggcccaa gctatgaaat cagagggagg cttcatctgg gcctgtaaaa actatgatgg	120

tgacgtgcag tcggactctg tggcccaagg gtatggctct ctccggcatga tgaccagcgt 180
 gctggtttgt ccagatggca agacagtaga agcagaggct gccacaggga ctgtaacccg 240
 tcactaccgc atgttccaga aaggacagga gacgtccacc aatcccattg cttccatttt 300
 t 301

<210> 244
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 244
 gctggtttgc aagaatgaaa tgaatgattc tacagctagg acttaacctt gaaatggaaa 60
 gtcattgcaat cccatttgca ggatctgtct gtgcacatgc ctctgtagag agcagcattc 120
 ccagggaacct tggaaacagt tgacactgta aggtgcttgc tccccaaagac acatccctaaa 180
 aggtgttgta atgggtgaaaa cgtcttcctt ctttattgcc ctttcttatt tatgtgaaca 240
 actgtttgtc ttttgtgtat cttttttaa ctgtaaagtt caattgtgaa aatgaatc 300

<210> 245
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 245
 gtctgagtat ttaaaatggt attgaaatta tccccaaacca atgtagaaa agaaagaggt 60
 tatatactta gataaaaaat gaggtgaatt actatccatt gaaatcatgc tcttagaatt 120
 aaggccagga gatattgtca ttaatgtara cttcaggaca ctagagtata gcagccctat 180
 gttttcaaag agcagagatg caattaaata ttgttttagca tcaaaaaggc cactcaatac 240
 agctaataaa atgaaagacc taatttctaa agcaattcct tataatttac aaagttttaa 300
 g 301

<210> 246
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 246
 ggtctgtcct acaatgcctg cttcttgaaa gaagtcggca ctttctagaa tagctaaata 60
 acctgggctt attttaaaga actatttgta gctcagattg gttttcctat ggctaaaata 120
 agtgcttctt gtgaaaatta aataaaacag ttaattcaaa gccttgatat atgttaccac 180
 taacaatcat actaaatata ttttgaagta caaagtttga catgctctaa agtgacaacc 240
 caaatgtgtc ttacaaaaca cgctcctaac aagggtatgct ttacactacc aatgcagaaa 300
 c 301

<210> 247
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 247
 aggtcctttg gcagggtc tggatcagag ctcaaactgg agggaaaggc atttcgggta 60
 gcctaagagg gcgactggcg gcagcacaac caaggaaggc aagggtgttt cccccacgct 120
 gtgtcctgtg ttcagggtcg acacacaatc ctcatgggaa caggatcacc catgctgtgc 180
 ccttgatgat caaggttggg gcttaagtgg attaagggag gcaagttctg ggttccttgc 240
 cttttcaaac catgaagtca ggctctgtat ccctcctttt cctaactgat attctaacta 300
 a 301

<210> 248
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 248
aggctccttgg agatgccatt tcagccgaag gactcttctw ttcggaagta caccctcact 60
attaggaaga ttcttagggg taatttttct gaggaaggag aactagccaa cttaagaatt 120
acaggaagaa agtgggttgg aagacagcca aagaaataaa agcagattaa attgtatcag 180
gtacattcca gcctgttggc aactccataa aaacatttca gattttaatc ccgaatttag 240
ctaattgagac tggatttttg ttttttatgt tgtgtgtcgc agagctaaaa actcagttcc 300
c 301

<210> 249
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 249
gtccagagga agcacctggg gctgaactag gcttgccctg ctgtgaactt gcacttggag 60
ccctgacgct gctgttctcc ccgaaaaacc cgaccgacct ccgcgatctc cgtcccgcgc 120
ccagggagac acagcagtga ctcagagctg gtgcgacact gtgcctccct cctcaccgcc 180
catcgtaatg aattattttg aaaattaatt ccaccatcct ttcagattct ggatggaaag 240
actgaatctt tgactcagaa ttgtttgctg aaaagaatga tgtgactttc ttagtcattt 300
a 301

<210> 250
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 250
ggctctgtgac aaggacttgc aggctgtggg aggcaagtga cccttaacac tacatttctc 60
cttatcttta ttggcttgat aaacataatt atttctaaca ctagcttatt tccagttgcc 120
cataagcaca tcagtacttt tctctggctg gaatagtaaa cttaaagtatg gtacatctac 180
ctaaaagact actatgtgga ataatacata ctaatgaagt attacatgat ttaaagacta 240
caataaaacc aaacatgctt ataacattaa gaaaaacaat aaagatacat gattgaaacc 300
a 301

<210> 251
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 251
gccgagggtcc tacatttggc ccagtttccc cctgcacacct ctccagggcc cctgcctcat 60
agacaacctc atagagcata ggagaactgg ttgccctggg gccaggggga ctgtctggat 120
ggcaggggtc ctcaaaaatg ccactgtcac tgccaggaaa tgcttctgag cagtacacct 180
cattgggatc aatgaaaagc ttcaagaaat cttcaggctc actctcttga aggcccgga 240
cctctggagg ggggcagtgg aatcccagct ccaggacgga tcctgtcgaa aagatatcct 300
c 301

<210> 252
<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 252

gcaaccaatc actctgtttc acgtgacttt tatcaccata caatttgtgg catttcctca	60
ttttctacat tgtagaatca agagtgtaaa taaatgtata tcgatgtctt caagaatata	120
tcatttccttt ttactagga acccattcaa aatataagtc aagaatctta atatcaacaa	180
atatatcaag caaactggaa ggcagaataa ctaccataat ttagtataag taccctaaagt	240
tttataaatc aaaagcccta atgataacca tttttagaat tcaatcatca ctgtagaatc	300
a	301

<210> 253

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 253

ttccctaaga agatgttatt ttgttgggtt ttgttccccc tccatctcga ttctcgtacc	60
caactaaaaa aaaaaataa agaaaaaatg tgctgcgttc tgaaaaataa ctcttagct	120
tggtctgatt gttttcagac cttaaaatat aaacttggtt cacaagcttt aatccatgtg	180
gatttttttt cttagagaac cacaaaacat aaaaggagca agtcggactg aatacctgtt	240
tccatagtgc ccacagggtt ttcctcacat tttctccata ggaaaatgct tttcccaag	300
g	301

<210> 254

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 254

cgctgcgcct ttcccttggg ggaggggcaa ggccagaggg ggtccaagtg cagcacgagg	60
aacttgacca attcccttga agcgggtggg ttaaaccctg taaatgggaa caaaatcccc	120
ccaaatctct tcatcttacc ctggtggact cctgactgta gaattttttg gttgaaacaa	180
gaaaaaataa aagcttttga cttttcaagg ttgcttaaca ggtactgaaa gactggcctc	240
acttaaaactg agccaggaaa agctgcagat ttattaatgg gtgtgttagt gtgcagtgcc	300
t	301

<210> 255

<211> 302

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 255

agcttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt ttcattaaaa aatagtgtctc tttattataa	60
attactgaaa tgtttctttt ctgaatataa atataaatat gtgcaaagtt tgacttggat	120
tgggattttg ttgagttctt caagcatctc ctaataccct caagggcctg agtagggggg	180
aggaaaaagg actggagggtg gaatctttat aaaaaacaag agtgattgag gcagattgta	240
aacattatta aaaaaaaga aacaaacaaa aaaaatagaga aaaaaaccac cccaacacac	300
aa	302

<210> 256

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 256
gttccagaaa acattgaagg tggcttccca aagtctaact agggatcccc cctctagcct 60
aggaccctcc tccccacacc tcaatccacc aaaccatcca taatgcaccc agataggccc 120
acccccaaaa gcctggacac cttgagcaca cagttatgac caggacagac tcatctctat 180
aggcaaatag ctgctggcaa actggcatta cctggtttgt ggggatgggg gggcaagtgt 240
gtggcctctc ggcctgggta gcaagaacat tcagggtagg cctaagttan tcgtgttagt 300
t 301

<210> 257
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 257
gttgtggagg aactctggct tgctcattaa gtcctactga ttttcactat cccctgaatt 60
tccccactta tttttgtctt tcaactatcg aggccttaga agaggtctac ctgcctccag 120
tcttacctag tccagtctac cccctggagt tagaatggcc atcctgaagt gaaaagtaat 180
gtcacattac tcccttcagt gatttcttgt agaagtgcc atccctgaat gccaccaaga 240
tcttaatctt cacatcttta atcttatctc tttgactcct ctttacaccg gagaaggctc 300
c 301

<210> 258
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 258
cagcagtagt agatgccgta tgccagcacg cccagcactc ccaggatcag caccagcacc 60
aggggcccag ccaccaggcg cagaagcaag ataaacagta ggctcaagac cagagccacc 120
cccagggcaa caagaatcca ataccaggac tgggcaaaat cttcaaagat cttaacactg 180
atgtctcggg cattgaggct gtcaataana cgctgatccc ctgctgtatg gtgggtgtcat 240
tgggtgatccc tgggagcgcc ggtggagtaa cgttgggtcca tggaaagcag cgcccacaac 300
t 301

<210> 259
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 259

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tcatatatgc aaacaaatgc agactangcc tcaggcagag actaaaggac atctcttggg      60
gtgtcctgaa gtgatttgga cccctgaggg cagacaccta agtaggaate ccagtgggaa      120
gcaaagccat aaggaagccc aggattcctt gtgatcagga agtggggccag gaaggtctgt      180
tccagctcac atctcatctg catgcagcac ggaccggatg cgcccactgg gtcttggctt      240
ccctcccatc ttctcaagca gtgtccttgt tgagccattt gcatecttgg ctccaggtgg      300
c

```

```

<210> 260
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

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```

<400> 260
tttttttctt ccctaaggaa aaagaaggaa caagtctcat aaaaccaaat aagcaatggt      60
aaggtgtctt aacttgaaaa agattaggag tcaactggtt acaagttata attgaatgaa      120
agaactgtaa cagccacagt tggccatttc atgccaatgg cagcaaacia caggattaac      180
tagggcaaaa taaataagtg tgtggaagcc ctgataagtg cttaataaac agactgattc      240
actgagacat cagtacctgc ccgggcggcc gctcgagccg aattctgcag atatccatca      300
c

```

```

<210> 261
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

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```

<400> 261
aaatattcga gcaaatectg taactaatgt gtctccataa aaggctttga actcagtgaa      60
tctgcttcca tccacgattc tagcaatgac ctctcggaca tcaaagctcc tcttaagggtt      120
agcaccaact attccataca attcatcagc aggaaataaa ggctcttcag aaggttcaat      180
ggtagacatc aatttcttct gataatttag attcctcaca accttcttag ttaagtgaag      240
ggcatgatga tcatccaaag ccagtggtc acttactcca gactttctgc aatgaagatc      300
a

```

```

<210> 262
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 262
gaggagagcc tgttacagca tttgtaagca cagaatactc caggagtatt tgtaattgtc      60
tgtgagcttc ttgccgcaag tctctcagaa atttaaaaag atgcaaatec ctgagtcacc      120
cctagacttc ctaaaccaga tctctggggg ctggaacctg gcaactctga tttgtaatga      180
gggctttctg gtgcacacct aattttgtgc atctttgccc taaatectgg attagtgccc      240
catcattacc cccacattat aatgggatag attcagagca gatactctcc agcaaagaat      300
c

```

```

<210> 263
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

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<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

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<400> 263

tttagcttgt	ggtaaatgac	tcacaaaact	gatttttaaaa	tcaagttaat	gtgaattttg	60
aaaattacta	cttaatccta	attcacaata	acaatggcat	taaggtttga	cttgagttgg	120
ttcttagtat	tatttatggg	aaataggctc	ttaccacttg	caaataactg	gccacatcat	180
taatgactga	cttcccagta	aggctctcta	aggggtaagt	angaggatcc	acaggatttg	240
agatgctaag	gccccagaga	tcgtttgatc	caaccctctt	attttcagag	gggaaaatgg	300
g						301

<210> 264

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 264

aaagacgtta	aaccactcta	ctaccacttg	tggaactctc	aaagggtaaa	tgacaaascc	60
aatgaatgac	tctaaaaaca	atattttacat	ttaatggttt	gtagacaata	aaaaaacaag	120
gtggatagat	ctagaattgt	aacatttttaa	gaaaaccata	scatttgaca	gatgagaaag	180
ctcaattata	gatgcaaagt	tataactaaa	ctactatagt	agtaaagaaa	tacatttcac	240
acccttcata	taaattcact	atcttggcct	gaggcactcc	ataaaatgta	tcacgtgcat	300
a						301

<210> 265

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 265

tgcccaagtt	atgtgtaagt	gtatccgcac	ccagaggtaa	aactacactg	tcattctttgt	60
cttcttgtga	cgcagtattt	cttctctggg	gagaagccgg	gaagtcttct	ctgggtctta	120
catattcttg	gaagtctcta	atcaactttt	gttccatttg	tttcatttct	tcaggagggga	180
ttttcagttt	gtcaacatgt	tctctaacaa	cacttgccca	tttctgtaaa	gaatccaaag	240
cagtccaagg	ctttgacatg	tcaacaacca	gcataactag	agtatccttc	agagatacgg	300
c						301

<210> 266

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 266

taccgtctgc	ccttctctcc	atccaggcca	tctgcgaatc	tacatgggtc	ctcttattcg	60
acaccagatc	actctttcct	ctaccacacag	gcttgctatg	agcaagagac	acaacctcct	120
ctcttctgtg	ttccagcttc	ttttctgtgt	cttcccaccc	cttaagttct	attcctgggg	180
atagagacac	caatacccat	aacctctctc	ctaagcctcc	ttataacca	gggtgcacag	240
cacagactcc	tgacaactgg	taaggccaat	gaactgggag	ctcacagctg	gctgtgcctg	300
a						301

<210> 267

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 267

aaagagcaca	ggccagctca	gcctgccctg	gccatctaga	ctcagcctgg	ctccatgggg	60
------------	------------	------------	------------	------------	------------	----

gttctcagtg ctgagtcacat ccaggaaaag ctcacctaga ccttctgagg ctgaatcttc 120
atcctcacag gcagcttctg agagcctgat attcctagcc ttgatggtct ggagtaaagc 180
ctcattctga ttctctcctt tcttttcttt caagttggct ttcttcacat ccctctgttc 240
aattcgcttc agcttggtctg ctttagccct catttccaga agcttcttct ctttggcatc 300
t 301

<210> 268

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 268

aatgtctcac tcaactactt cccagcctac cgtggcctaa ttctgggagt tttcttctta 60
gatcttggga gagctgggtc ttctaaggag aaggaggaag gacagatgta accttggatc 120
tcgaagagga agtctaattg aagtaattag tcaacgggtc ttgttttagac tcttgggaata 180
tgctgggtgg ctgagtgagc ccttttggag aaagcaagta ttattcttaa ggagtaacca 240
cttcccattg ttctactttc taccatcatc aattgtatat tatgtattct ttggagaact 300
a 301

<210> 269

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 269

taacaatata cactagctat ctttttaact gtccatcatt agcaccaatg aagattcaat 60
aaaattacct ttattcacac atctcaaaac aattctgcaa attcttagtg aagttaaact 120
atagtcacag accttaataa ttcacattgt tttctatgtc tactgaaaat aagttcacta 180
cttttctgga tattctttac aaaatcttat taaaattcct ggtattatca cccccaatta 240
tacagtagca caaccacctt atgtagtttt tacatgatag ctctgtagaa gtttcacatc 300
t 301

<210> 270

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 270

cattgaagag cttttgcgaa acatcagaac acaagtgcct ataaaattaa ttaagcctta 60
cacaagaata catattcctt ttatttctaa ggagttaaac atagatgtag ctgatgtgga 120
gagcttgctg gtgcagtgca tattggataa cactattcat ggccgaattg atcaagtcaa 180
ccaactcctt gaactggatc atcagaagaa ggggtggtgca cgatatactg cactagataa 240
tggaccaacc aactaaattc tctcaccagg ctgtatcagt aaactggctt aacagaaaac 300
a 301

<210> 271

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(301)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 271

aaaaggttct cataagatta acaattttaa taaatatttg atagaacatt ctttctcatt	60
tttatagctc atcttttagg ttgatattca gtccatgctt cccttgctgt tcttgatcca	120
gaattgcaat cacttcatca gcctgtattc gctccaattc tctataaagt gggccaagg	180
tgaaccacag agccacagca cacctctttc ccttggtgac tgccttcacc ccatganggt	240
tctctcctcc agatganaac tgatcatgcg cccacatttt gggttttata gaagcagtca	300
c	301

<210> 272

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 272

taaattgcta agccacagat aacaccaatc aaatggaaca aatcactgtc ttcaaagtgc	60
ttatcagaaa accaaatgag cctggaatct tcataatacc taaacatgcc gtatttagga	120
tccaataatt ccctcatgat gagcaagaaa aattctttgc gcacccctcc tgcattccaca	180
gcattcttct caacaaatat aaccttgagt ggcttcttgt aatctatgtt ctttggtttc	240
ctaaggactt ccattgcac tcctacaata ttttctctac gcaccactag aattaagcag	300
g	301

<210> 273

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (301)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 273

acatgtgtgt atgtgtatct ttgggaaan aanaagacat cttgtttayt atttttttgg	60
agagangctg ggacatggat aatcacwtaa ttgtctayta tyactttaat ctgactygaa	120
gaaccgtcta aaaataaaat ttaccatgtc dtatatctct tatagtatgc ttatttcacc	180
ttytttctgt ccagagagag tatcagtgac ananatttma ggggtgaamac atgmattggt	240
gggacttnty tttaacngagm accctgccc ggcgcctcg makengantt ccgcsananc	300
t	301

<210> 274

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (301)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 274

cttatatact ctttctcaga ggcaaaagag gagatgggta atgtagacaa ttctttgagg	60
aacagtaaat gattattaga gagaangaat ggaccaagga gacagaaatt aacttgtaaa	120
tgattctctt tggaatctga atgagatcaa gaggccagct ttagcttggt gaaaagtcca	180
tctaggtag gttgcattct cgtcttctt tctgcagtag ataatgaggt aaccgaaggc	240
aattgtgctt cttttgataa gaagctttct tggatcatatc aggaaattcc aganaaaagtc	300

c

301

<210> 275
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 275
tcggtgtcag cagcacgtgg cattgaacat tgcaatgtgg agcccaaacc acagaaaatg 60
gggtgaaatt ggccaacttt ctattaactt atgttggcaa ttttgccacc aacagtaagc 120
tggcccttct aataaaagaa aattgaaagg tttctcacta aacggaatta agtagtggag 180
tcaagagact cccaggcctc agcgtacctg cccgggcggc cgctcgaagc cgaattctgc 240
agatatccat cacactggcg gncgctcgan catgcatcta gaaggnccaa ttcgcctat 300
a 301

<210> 276
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 276
tgtacacata ctcaataaat aaatgactgc attgtggtat tattactata ctgattatat 60
ttatcatgtg acttctaatt agaaaatgta tccaaaagca aaacagcaga tatacaaaat 120
taaagagaca gaagatagac attaacagat aaggcaactt atacattgag aatccaaatc 180
caatacathtt aaacatttgg gaaatgaggg ggacaaatgg aagccagatc aaatttgtgt 240
aaaactattc agtatgtttc ctttgcttca tgtctgagaa ggctctcctt caatggggat 300
g 301

<210> 277
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 277
tttgttgatg tcagtatttt attacttgcg ttatgagtgc tcacctggga aattctaaag 60
atacagagga cttggaggaa gcagagcaac tgaatttaat taaaagaag gaaaacattg 120
gaatcatggc actcctgata ctttcccaaa tcaacactct caatgccccca cctcgtcct 180
caccatagtg gggagactaa agtggccacg gatttgcctt angtgtgcag tgcgttctga 240
gttcnctgtc gattacatct gaccagtctc ctttttccga agtcnctccg ttcaatcttg 300
c 301

<210> 278
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(301)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 278
 taccactaca ctccagcctg ggcaacagag caagacctgt ctcaaagcat aaaatggaat 60
 aacatatcaa atgaaacagg gaaaatgaag ctgacaattt atggaagcca gggcttgtca 120
 cagtctctac tgttattatg cattacctgg gaatttatat aagcccttaa taataatgcc 180
 aatgaacatc tcatgtgtgc tcacaatgtt ctggcactat tataagtgtc tcacagggtt 240
 atgtgtttct tcgtaacttt atggantagg tactcggccg cgaacacgct aagccgaatt 300
 c 301

<210> 279
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(301)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 279
 aaagcaggaa tgacaaagct tgcttttctg gtatgttcta ggtgtattgt gacttttact 60
 gttatattaa ttgccaatat aagtaaatat agattatata tgtatagtgt ttcacaaagc 120
 ttagaccttt accttccagc caccacacag tgcttgatat ttcagagtca gtcattgggt 180
 atacatgtgt agttccaaag cacataagct agaanaanaa atatttctag ggagcactac 240
 catctgtttt cacatgaaat gccacacaca tagaactcca acatcaattt cattgcacag 300
 a 301

<210> 280
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 280
 ggtactggag ttttcctccc ctgtgaaaac gtaactactg ttgggagtga attgaggatg 60
 tagaaagggt gtggaaccaa attgtggtca atggaaatag gagaatatgg ttctcactct 120
 tgagaaaaaa acctaagatt agcccaggta gttgcctgta acttcagttt ttctgcctgg 180
 gtttgatata gtttaggggt ggggttagat taagatctaa attacatcag gacaaagaga 240
 cagactatta actccacagt taattaagga ggtatgttcc atgtttattt gttaaagcag 300
 t 301

<210> 281
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 281
 aggtacaaga aggggaatgg gaaagagctg ctgctgtggc attgttcaac ttggatatcc 60
 gccgagcaat ccaaattcctg aatgaagggg catcttctga aaaaggagat ctgaatctca 120
 atgtggtagc aatggcttta tcgggttata cggatgagaa gaactccctt tggagagaaa 180
 tgtgtagcac actgcgatta cagctaaata acccgatatt gtgtgtcatg tttgcatttc 240

tgacaagtga aacaggatct tacgatggag ttttgtatga aaacaaagtt gcagtacctc 300
g 301

<210> 282
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 282
caggtactac agaattaaaa tactgacaag caagtagttt cttggcgtgc acgaattgca 60
tccagaaccc aaaaattaag aaattcaaaa agacattttg tgggcacctg ttagcacaga 120
agcgcagaag caaagcccag gcagaacctat gctaaccctta cagctcagcc tgcacagaag 180
cgcagaagca aagcccaggc agaaccatgc taacctttaca gctcagcctg cacagaagcg 240
cagaagcaaa gccccaggcag aacatgctaa ccttacagct cagcctgcac agaagcacag 300
a 301

<210> 283
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 283
atctgtatag ggcagacaaa ctttatarag tgtagagagg tgagcgaaag gatgcaaaag 60
cactttgagg gctttataat aatattgctgc ttgaaaaaaa aaatgtgtag ttgataactca 120
gtgcatctcc agacatagta aggggttgct ctgaccaatc aggtgatcat tttttctatc 180
acttcccagg ttttatgcaa aaattttgtt aaattctata atggtgatat gcattcttta 240
ggaaacatat acatttttaa aaatctatct tatgtaagaa ctgacagacg aatttgcttt 300
g 301

<210> 284
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 284
caggtacaaa acgctattaa gtggcttaga atttgaacat ttgtggtctt tatttacttt 60
gcttcgtgtg tgggcaaagc aacatcttcc ctaaatatat attaccaaga aaagcaagaa 120
gcagattagg tttttgacaa aacaaacagg ccaaaaagggg gctgacctgg agcagagcat 180
ggtgagaggc aaggcatgag agggcaagtt tggtgtggac agatctgtgc ctactttatt 240
actggagtaa aagaaaacaa agttcattga tgtcgaagga tatatacagt gttagaaatt 300
a 301

<210> 285
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 285
acatcaccat gatcgatcc cccacccatt atacgttgta tgtttacata aatactcttc 60
aatgatcatt agtgttttaa aaaaaatact gaaaactcct tctgcaccc aatctctaac 120

caggaaagca aatgctatctt acagacctgc aagccctccc tcaaacnaaa ctatttctgg 180
attaaatattg tctgacttct tttgaggta cagactagg caaatgctat ttacgatctg 240
caaaagctgt ttgaagagtc aaagcccca tgtgaacacg atttctggac cctgtaacag 300
t 301

<210> 286
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 286
taccactgca ttccagcctg ggtgacagag tgagactccg tctccaaaaa aaactttgct 60
tgtatattat tttgcctta cagtggatca ttctagtagg aaaggacagt aagatttttt 120
atcaaaatgt gtcatgccag taagagatgt tatattcttt tctcatttct tccccacca 180
aaaataagct accatatagc ttataagtct caaatttttg ccttttacta aaatgtgatt 240
gtttctgttc attgtgtatg cttcatcacc tatattaggc aaattccatt ttttccttg 300
t 301

<210> 287
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 287
tacagatctg ggaactaaat attaaaaatg agtgtggctg gatatatgga gaatgttggg 60
cccagaagga acgtagagat cagatattac aacagctttg ttttgagggt tagaaatag 120
aaatgatttg gttatgaacg cacagttag gcagcagggc cagaatcctg accctctgcc 180
ccgtgggtat ctctcccca gcttggctgc ctcatgttat cacagtattc cattttgttt 240
gttgcatgtc ttgtgaagcc atcaagattt tctcgtctgt tttcctctca ttggaatgc 300
t 301

<210> 288
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 288
gtacaccta ctgcaaggac agctgaggaa tgtaatgggc agccgctttt aaagaagtag 60
agtcaatagg aagacaaatt ccagttccag ctcatctgg gtatctgcaa agctgcaaaa 120
gatcttttaa gacaatttca agagaatatt tccttaaagt tggcaatttg gagatcatac 180
aaaagcatct gcttttgtga ttttaatttag ctcatctggc cactggaaga atccaaacag 240
tctgccttaa ttttggatga atgcatgatg gaaattcaat aatttagaaa gttaaaaaaa 300
a 301

<210> 289
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 289

```

ggtagactgt ttccatgtta tgtttctaca cattgctacc tcagtgtccc tggaaactta      60
gcttttgatg tctccaagta gtccaccttc atttaactct ttgaaactgt atcatctttg      120
ccaagtaaga gtggtggcct atttcagctg ctttgacaaa atgactggct cctgacttaa      180
cgttctataa atgaatgtgc tgaagcaaag tgcccatggg ggccggcgaan aagagaaaga      240
tgtgttttgt tttggactct ctgtgggtccc ttccaatgct gtgggtttcc aaccagnnga      300
a

```

<210> 290

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(301)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 290

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acactgagct cttcttgata aatatacaga atgcttggca tatacaagat tctatactac      60
tgactgatct gttcatttct ctcacagctc ttacccccc aaagcttttcc accctaagtg      120
ttctgacctc cttttctaata cacagtaggg atagaggcag anccacctac aatgaacatg      180
gagttctatc aagaggcaga aacagcacag aatcccagtt ttaccattcg ctagcagtgc      240
tgccctgaac aaaaacattt ctccatgtct ctttttcttc atgcctcaag taacagtgcg      300
a

```

<210> 291

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 291

```

caggtacca tttcttctat cctagaaaca tttcatttta tgttggtgaa acataacaac      60
tatatcagct agattttttt tctatgcttc acctgctatg gaaaatttga cacattctgc      120
tttactcttt tgtttatagg tgaatcacaa aatgtatttt tatgtattct gtagttcaat      180
agccatggct gtttacttca ttttaatttt ttagcataaa gacattatga aaaggcctaa      240
acatgagctt cacttcccca ctaactaatt agcatctggt atttcttaac cgtaatgcct      300
a

```

<210> 292

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(301)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 292

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accttttagt agtaatgtct aataataaat aagaaatcaa ttttataagg tccatatagc      60
tgtattaaat aatttttaag tttaaaagat aaaataccat catttttaaat gttggtattc      120
aaaaccaaag natataaccg aaaggaaaaa cagatgagac ataaaatgat ttgcnagatg      180
ggaaatatag tastyatga atgttnatta aattccagtt ataatagtgg ctacacactc      240
tcactacaca cacagacccc acagtcctat atgccacaaa cacatttcca taacttgaaa      300
a

```

<210> 293
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 293
 ggtaccaagt gctggtgccg gcctgttacc tgttctcact gaaaagtctg gctaagtctc 60
 ttgtgtagtc acttctgatt ctgacaatca atcaatcaat ggcctagagc actgactgtt 120
 aacacaaaacg tcactagcaa agtagcaaca gctttaagtc taaatacaaa gctgttctgt 180
 gtgagaattt tttaaaaggc tacttgtata ataacccttg tcatttttaa tgtacctcgg 240
 ccgcgaccac gctaagccga attctgcaga tatccatcac actggcggcc gctcgagcat 300
 g 301

<210> 294
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(301)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 294
 tgacccataa caatatacac tagctatctt ttttaactgtc catcattagc accaatgaag 60
 attcaataaa attaccttta ttcacacatc tcaaaaacaat tctgcaaatt cttagtgaag 120
 ttttaactata gtcacaganc ttaaattatc acattgtttt ctatgtctac tgaaaaataag 180
 ttcactactt ttctgggata ttctttacaa aatcttatta aaattcctgg tattatcacc 240
 cccaattata cagtagcaca accaccttat gtagttttta catgatagct ctgtagaggt 300
 t 301

<210> 295
 <211> 305
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 295
 gtactctttc tctccctcc tctgaattta attctttcaa cttgcaattt gcaaggatta 60
 cacatttcac tgtgatgtat attgtgttgc aaaaaaaaaa gtgtctttgt ttaaaattac 120
 ttgggtttgtg aatccatctt gctttttccc cattggaact agtcattaac ccattctctga 180
 actggtagaa aaacrtctga agagctagtc tatcagcatc tgacagggtga attggatggt 240
 tctcagaacc atttcaccca gacagcctgt ttctatcctg ttaataaaat tagtttgggt 300
 tctct 305

<210> 296
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 296
 aggtactatg ggaagctgct aaaataatat ttgatagtaa aagtatgtaa tgtgctatct 60
 cacctagtag taaactaaaa ataaactgaa actttatgga atctgaagtt attttccttg 120
 attaaataga attaataaac caatatgagg aaacatgaaa ccatgcaatc tactatcaac 180
 tttgaaaaag tgattgaacg aaccacttag ctttcagatg atgaacactg ataagtcatt 240

tgtcattact ataaatttta aaatctgtta ataagatggc ctatagggag gaaaaagggg 300
c 301

<210> 297

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(300)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 297

actgagtttt aactggacgc caagcaggca aggctggaag gttttgctct ctttgtgcta 60
aagggttttg aaaccttgaa ggagaatcat ttgacaaga agtacttaag agtctagaga 120
acaaagangt gaaccagctg aaagctctcg ggggaanctt acatgtgttg ttaggcctgt 180
tccatcattg ggagtgcact ggccatccct caaaatttgt ctgggctggc ctgagtggtc 240
accgcacctc ggccgcgacc acgctaagcc gaattctgca gatatccatc acactggcgg 300

<210> 298

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(301)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 298

tatggggttt gtcacccaaa agctgatgct gagaaaggcc tccctggggc ccctcccgcg 60
ggcatctgag agacctggtg ttccagtgtt tctggaaatg ggtcccagtg ccgccggctg 120
tgaagctctc agatcaatca cgggaaggcg ctggcggttg tggccacctg gaaccaccct 180
gtcctgtctg ttacatttc actaycaggt tttctctggg cattacnatt tgttccccta 240
caacagtgac ctgtgcattc tgctgtggcc tgctgtgtct gcagggtggct ctcagcgagg 300
t 301

<210> 299

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 299

gttttgagac ggagtttcac tcttgttgcc cagactggac tgcaatggca gggctctctgc 60
tcaactgcacc ctctgcctcc caggttcgag caattctcct gcctcagcct ccaggttagc 120
tgggattgca ggctcacgcc accataccca gctaattttt ttgtattttt agtagagacg 180
gagtttcgcc atgttggcca gctgggtctca aactcctgac ctcaagcgac ctgcctgcct 240
cggcctccca aagtgtctga attataggca tgagtcaaca cgcccagcct aaagatattt 300
t 301

<210> 300

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 300

attcagtttt	atttgctgcc	ccagtatctg	taaccaggag	tgccacaaaa	tcttgccaga	60
tatgtccac	accactggg	aaaggctccc	acctggctac	tccctctatc	agctgggtca	120
gctgcattcc	acaaggttct	cagcctaata	agtttacta	cctgccagtc	tcaaaactta	180
gtaaagcaag	accatgacat	tccccacgg	aaatcagagt	ttgcccacc	gtcttggtac	240
tataaagcct	gcctctaaca	gtccttgctt	cttcacacca	atcccagagc	catcccccat	300
g						301

<210> 301

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 301

ttaaattttt	gagaggataa	aaaggacaaa	taatctagaa	atgtgtcttc	ttcagtctgc	60
agaggacccc	aggtctccaa	gcaaccacat	ggtcaagggc	atgaataatt	aaaagtgggt	120
gggaactcac	aaagaccctc	agagctgaga	caccacaaac	agtgggagct	cacaaagacc	180
ctcagagctg	agacacccac	aacagtggga	gtcacaaaag	accctcagag	ctgagacacc	240
cacaacagca	cctcgttcag	ctgccacatg	tgtgaataag	gatgcaatgt	ccagaagtgt	300
t						301

<210> 302

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 302

aggtacacat	ttagcttggt	gtaaatgact	cacaaaactg	attttaaaat	caagttaatg	60
tgaattttga	aaattactac	ttaatcctaa	ttcacaataa	caatggcatt	aaggtttgac	120
ttgagttggg	tcttagtatt	atztatggta	aataggctct	taccacttgc	aaataactgg	180
ccacatcatt	aatgactgac	ttcccagtaa	ggctctctaa	ggggtaagta	ggaggatcca	240
caggatttga	gatgctaagg	ccccagagat	cgtttgatcc	aaccctctta	ttttcagagg	300
g						301

<210> 303

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 303

aggtaccaac	tgtggaaata	ggtagaggat	cattttttct	ttccatatca	actaagttgt	60
atattgtttt	ttgacagttt	aacacatctt	cttctgtcag	agattctttc	acaatagcac	120
tggctaattg	aactaccgct	tgcagttaa	aaatgggtgg	ttgtgaaatg	atcataggcc	180
agtaacgggt	atgtttttct	aactgatctt	ttgctcgttc	caaagggacc	tcaagacttc	240
catcgatttt	atatctgggg	tctagaaaag	gagttaatct	gttttccctc	ataaattcac	300
c						301

<210> 304

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 304

acatggatgt	tattttgcag	actgtcaacc	tgaatttgta	tttgcttgac	attgcctaatt	60
------------	------------	------------	------------	------------	-------------	----


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tattagtttc agtttcagct taccactttt ttgtctgcaa catgcaraas agacagtgcc 120
cttttttagtg tatcatatca ggaatcatct cacattgggt tgtgccatta ctgggtgcagt 180
gactttcagc cacttgggta aggtggagtt ggccatatgt ctccactgca aaattactga 240
ttttcctttt gtaattaata agtgtgtgtg tgaagattct ttgagatgag gtatatatct 300
c 301

```

```

<210> 305
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 305
gangtacagc gtggtcaagg taacaagaag aaaaaaatgt gagtggcatc ctgggatgag 60
caggggggaca gacctggaca gacacgttgt catttgctgc tgtgggtagg aaaatgggag 120
taaaggagga gaaacagata caaatctcc aactcagtat taaggatttc tcatgcctag 180
aatattggta gaaacaagaa tacattcata tggcaaataa ctaaccatgg tggaaacaaaa 240
ttctgggatt taagttggat accaangaaa ttgtattaaa agagctgttc atggaataag 300
a 301

```

```

<210> 306
<211> 8
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 306
Val Leu Gly Trp Val Ala Glu Leu
1 5

```

```

<210> 307
<211> 637
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 307
acaggggratg aagggaaagg gagaggatga ggaagccccc ctggggattt ggtttggtcc 60
ttgtgatcag gtggtctatg gggcttatcc ctacaaagaa gaatccagaa ataggggcac 120
attgaggaat gatacttgag cccaaagagc attcaatcat tgttttattt gccttmtttt 180
cacaccattg gtgagggagg gattaccacc ctggggttat gaagatgggt gaacacccca 240
cacatagcac cggagatatg agatcaacag tttcttagcc atagagattc acagcccaga 300
gcaggaggac gcttgcacac catgcaggat gacatggggg atgcgctcgg gattggtgtg 360
aagaagcaag gactgttaga ggcaggcttt atagtaacaa gacggtgggg caaactctga 420
ttcccgtagg ggaatgtcat ggtcttgctt tactaagttt tgagactggc aggtagtga 480
actcattagg ctgagaacct tgtggaatgc acttgaccca sctgatagag gaagtagcca 540
ggtgggagcc tttcccagtg ggtgtgggac atatctggca agattttgtg gcactcctgg 600
ttacagatac tggggcagca aataaaaactg aatcttg 637

```

```

<210> 308
<211> 647
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(647)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 308
acgattttca ttatcatgta aatcgggtca ctcaaggggc caaccacagc tgggagccac 60
tgctcagggg aaggttcata tgggactttc tactgcccaa gggtctatac aggatataaa 120
ggngcctcac agtatagatc tggtagcaaa gaagaagaaa caaacactga tctctttctg 180
ccaccctctt gacccttttg aactcctctg accctttaga acaagcctac ctaatatctg 240
ctagagaaaa gaccaacaac ggctctcaag gatctcttac catgaaggtc tcagctaatt 300
cttggctaag atgtgggttc cacattaggc tctgaatatg gggggaagg tcaatttgct 360
cattttgtgt gtggataaag tcaggatgcc caggggccag agcagggggc tgcttgcttt 420
gggaacaatg gctgagcata taaccatagg ttatggggaa caaaacaaca tcaaagtcac 480
tgtatcaatt gccatgaaga cttgagggac ctgaatctac cgattcatct taaggcagca 540
ggaccagttt gagtggcaac aatgcagcag cagaatcaat ggaaacaaca gaatgattgc 600
aatgtccttt tttttctcct gcttctgact tgataaaagg ggaccgt 647

<210> 309
<211> 460
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 309
actttatagt ttaggctgga cattggaaaa aaaaaaagc cagaacaaca tgtgatagat 60
aatatgattg gctgcacact tccagactga tgaatgatga acgtgatgga ctattgtatg 120
gagcacatct tcagcaagag ggggaaatac tcatcatttt tggccagcag ttgtttgatc 180
accaaacatc atgccagaat actcagcaaa ccttcttagc tcttgagaag tcaaagtccg 240
ggggaattta ttcttgcaa ttttaattgg actccttatg tgagagcagc ggctaccag 300
ctgggggtgt ggagcgaacc cgtcactagt ggacatgcag tggcagagct cctggtaacc 360
acctagagga atacacaggc acatgtgtga tgccaagcgt gacacctgta gcactcaaat 420
ttgtcttggt tttgtctttc ggtgtgtaag attcttaagt 460

<210> 310
<211> 539
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 310
acgggactta tcaaataaag ataggaaaag aagaaaactc aaatattata ggcagaaatg 60
ctaaaggttt taaaatatgt caggattgga agaaggcatg gataaagaac aaagttcagt 120
taggaaagag aaacacagaa ggaagagaca caataaaagt cattatgtat tctgtgagaa 180
gtcagacagt aagatttggt ggaaatgggt tggtttgttg tatggtatgt attttagcaa 240
taatctttat ggcagagaaa gctaaaatcc tttagcttgc gtgaatgatc acttgctgaa 300
ttcctcaagg taggcatgat gaaggagggt ttagaggaga cacagacaca atgaactgac 360
ctagatagaa agccttagta tactcagcta ggaatagtga ttctgagggc aactgtgac 420
atgattatgt cattacatgt atggtagtga tggggatgat aggaagggaag aacttatggc 480
atattttcac ccccaaaaa gtcagttaaa tattgggaca ctaaccatcc aggtcaaga 539

<210> 311
<211> 526
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(526)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 311

caaatttgag ccaatgacat agaattttac aaatcaagaa gcttattctg gggccatttc	60
ttttgacgtt ttctctaaac tactaaagag gcattaatga tccataaatt atattatcta	120
catttacagc atttaaaatg tggtcagcat gaaatattag ctacagggga agctaaataa	180
attaacatg gaataaagat ttgtccttaa atataatcta caagaagact ttgatatttg	240
tttttcacaa gtgaagcatt cttataaagt gtcataacct ttttggggaa actatgggaa	300
aaaatgggga aactctgaag gggttttaagt atcttacctg aagctacaga ctccataacc	360
tctctttaca gggagctcct gcagccccta cagaaatgag tggctgagat tcttgattgc	420
acagcaagag cttctcatct aaaccctttc ccttttttagt atctgtgtat caagtataaa	480
agttctataa actgtagtnt acttatttta atccccaaag cacagt	526

<210> 312

<211> 500

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(500)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 312

cctctctctc cccaccccct gactctagag aactgggttt tctcccagta ctccagcaat	60
tcattttctga aagcagttga gccactttat tccaaagtac actgcagatg ttcaaactct	120
ccattttctct ttcccttcca cctgccagtt ttgctgactc tcaacttgtc atgagtgtaa	180
gcattaagga cattatgctt cttcgattct gaagacaggg cctgctcatg gatgactctg	240
gcttcttagg aaaatatttt tcttccaaaa tcagtaggaa atctaaactt atcccctctt	300
tgcagatgtc tagcagcttc agacatttgg ttaagaacct atgggaaaaa aaaaaatcct	360
tgctaattgt gtttcctttg taaaccanga ttcttatttg nctggtatag aatatcagct	420
ctgaacgtgt ggtaaagatt tttgtgtttg aatataggag aaatcagttt gctgaaaagt	480
tagtcttaat tatctattgg	500

<210> 313

<211> 718

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(718)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 313

ggagatttgt gtggtttgca gccgagggag accaggaaga tctgcatggt gggaaggacc	60
tgatgatata gaggtgagaa ataagaaagg ctgctgactt taccatctga ggccacacat	120
ctgctgaaat ggagataatt aacatcacta gaaacagcaa gatgacaata taatgtctaa	180
gtagtgcacat gtttttgcac atttccagcc cttttaaata tccacacaca caggaagcac	240
aaaaggaagc acagagatcc ctgggagaaa tgcccggccg ccattctggg tcatcgatga	300
gcctcgccct gtgcctgntc ccgcttgtga gggaaggaca ttagaaaaatg aattgatgtg	360
ttccttaaag gatggcagga aaacagatcc tgttgtggat atttatttga acgggattac	420

agatttgaaa tgaagtcaca aagtgagcat taccaatgag aggaaaacag acgagaaaat	480
cttgatgggt cacaagacat gcaacaaaca aaatggaata ctgtgatgac acgagcagcc	540
aactggggag gagataccac ggggcagagg tcaggattct ggccctgctg cctaactgtg	600
cgttatacca atcatttcta tttctaccct caaacaagct gtngaataac tgacttacgg	660
ttcttntggc ccacattttc atnatccacc cntcntttt aannttantic caaantgt	718

<210> 314

<211> 358

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 314

gtttatttac attacagaaa aaacatcaag acaatgtata ctatttcaaa tatatccata	60
cataatcaaa tatagctgta gtacatgttt tcattgggtg agattaccac aaatgcaagg	120
caacatgtgt agatctcttg tcttattctt ttgtctataa tactgtattg tgtagtccaa	180
gctctcggta gtccagccac tgtgaaacat gtcctcttta gattaacctc gtggacgctc	240
ttgttgatt gctgaactgt agtgccctgt attttgcttc tgtctgtgaa ttctgttgct	300
tctggggcat ttccttgatg tgcagaggac caccacacag atgacagcaa tctgaatt	358

<210> 315

<211> 341

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 315

taccacctcc ccgctggcac tgatgagccg catcaccatg gtcaccagca ccatgaaggc	60
ataggtgatg atgaggacat ggaatgggccc cccaaggatg gtctgtccaa agaagcgagt	120
gacccccatt ctgaagatgt ctggaacctc taccagcagg atgatgatag ccccaatgac	180
agtcaccagc tccccgacca gccggatata gtccttaggg gtcatttagg cttcctgaag	240
tagcttctgc tgtaagaggg tgttgctccc ggggctcgtg cggttattgg tctgggctt	300
gagggggcgg tagatgcagc acatggtgaa gcagatgatg t	341

<210> 316

<211> 151

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 316

agactgggca agactcttac gccccacact gcaatttggt cttggtgccc tatccattta	60
tgtgggcctt tctcgagttt ctgattataa acaccactgg agcgatgtgt tgactggact	120
cattcagggg gctctgggtg caatattagt t	151

<210> 317

<211> 151

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 317

agaactagtg gatcctaag aaataacctga aacatatatt ggcattttatc aatgggtcaa	60
atcttcattt atctctggcc ttaacctgg ctcctgaggc tgcggccagc agatcccagg	120
ccagggtctt gttcttgcca cactgcttg a	151

<210> 318

<211> 151

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 318

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actggtggga ggcgctgttt agttggctgt tttcagaggg gtctttcgga gggacctcct    60
gctgcaggct ggagtgtctt tattcctggc gggagaccgc acattccact gctgaggctg    120
tgggggcggt ttatcaggca gtgataaaca t                                     151
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<210> 319

<211> 151

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 319

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aactagtggga tccagagcta taggtacagt gtgatctcag ctttgcaaac acattttcta    60
catagatagt actaggtatt aatagatatg taaagaaaga aatcacacca ttaataatgg    120
taagattggg tttatgtgat tttagtgggt a                                     151
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<210> 320

<211> 150

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 320

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aactagtggga tccactagtc cagtgtgggt gaattccatt gtgttggggt tctagatcgc    60
gagcggctgc cctttttttt tttttttttg ggggggaatt tttttttttt aatagttatt    120
gagtgttcta cagcttacag taaataccat                                     150
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<210> 321

<211> 151

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 321

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agcaactttg tttttcatcc aggttatttt aggcttagga tttcctctca cactgcagtt    60
taggggtggca ttgtaaccag ctatggcata ggtgttaacc aaaggctgag taaacatggg    120
tgctcttgag aaatcaaagt cttcatacac t                                     151
```

<210> 322

<211> 151

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(151)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 322

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atccagcatc ttctcctgtt tcttgcttcc ctttttcttc ttcttasatt ctgcttgagg    60
tttgggcttg gtcagtttgc cacagggtt ggagatgggt acagtcttct ggcattcggc    120
attgtgcagg gctcgcttca nacttccagt t                                     151
```

<210> 323

<211> 151

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(151)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 323

tgaggacttg	tkttcttttt	ctttattttt	aatcctctta	ckttgtaa	atattgccta	60
nagactcant	tactaccag	tttgtggtt	twtgaggaa	atgtaactg	acagttagct	120
gttcaatyaa	aaagacactt	ancccatgtg	g			151

<210> 324

<211> 461

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(461)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 324

acctgtgtgg	aatttcagct	ttcctcatgc	aaaaggattt	tgtatccccg	gcctacttga	60
agaagtggc	agctaaagga	atccagggtg	ttgggtggac	tgtaataacc	tttgatgaaa	120
agagttacta	cgaatcccat	cttggttcca	gctatatcac	tgacagcatg	gtagaagact	180
gcgaacctca	cttctagact	ttcacgggtg	gacgaaacgg	gttcagaaac	tgccaggggc	240
ctcatacagg	gatataaaaa	taccctttgt	gctaccagg	ccctggggaa	tcaggtgact	300
cacacaaatg	caatagtgtg	tactgcatt	tttacctgaa	ccaaagctaa	acccgggtgt	360
gccaccatgc	accatggcat	gccagagttc	aacactgttg	ctcttgaaaa	ttgggtctga	420
aaaaacgcac	aagagcccct	gccctgccct	agctgangca	c		461

<210> 325

<211> 400

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 325

acactgtttc	catgttatgt	ttctacacat	tgctacctca	gtgctcctgg	aaacttagct	60
tttgatgtct	ccaagtagtc	caccttcatt	taactctttg	aaactgtatc	atctttgcc	120
agtaagagtg	gtggcctatt	tcagctgctt	tgacaaaatg	actggctcct	gacttaacgt	180
tctataaatg	aatgtgctga	agcaaagtgc	ccatgggtggc	ggcgaagaag	agaaagatgt	240
gttttgtttt	ggactctctg	tggtcccttc	caatgctgtg	ggtttccaac	caggggaagg	300
gtcccttttg	cattgccaag	tgccataacc	atgagcacta	cgctaccatg	gttctgcctc	360
ctggccaagc	aggctgggtt	gcaagaatga	aatgaatgat			400

<210> 326

<211> 1215

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 326

ggaggactgc	agcccgact	cgcagccctg	gcaggcggca	ctggctcatg	aaaacgaatt	60
gttctgctcg	ggcgtcctgg	tgcatccgca	gtgggtgctg	tcagccgcac	actgtttcca	120
gaactcctac	accatcgggc	tgggcctgca	cagtcttgag	gccgaccaag	agccaggag	180

```

ccagatggtg gaggccagcc tctccgtacg gcacccagag tacaacagac ccttgctcgc 240
taacgacctc atgctcatca agttggacga atccgtgtcc gagtctgaca ccatccggag 300
catcagcatt gcttcgcagt gccctaccgc ggggaactct tgccctcgtt ctggctgggg 360
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tgaggaggtc tgcagtaagc tctatgaccg gctgtaccac cccagcatgt tctgcgccgg 480
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acagtgcccc cttgtggcac gttgaccaa cttaccagt tggtttttca tttttgtcc 1140
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aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaa 1215

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<210> 327

<211> 220

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 327

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Glu Asp Cys Ser Pro His Ser Gln Pro Trp Gln Ala Ala Leu Val Met
1          5          10          15
Glu Asn Glu Leu Phe Cys Ser Gly Val Leu Val His Pro Gln Trp Val
20          25          30
Leu Ser Ala Ala His Cys Phe Gln Asn Ser Tyr Thr Ile Gly Leu Gly
35          40          45
Leu His Ser Leu Glu Ala Asp Gln Glu Pro Gly Ser Gln Met Val Glu
50          55          60
Ala Ser Leu Ser Val Arg His Pro Glu Tyr Asn Arg Pro Leu Leu Ala
65          70          75          80
Asn Asp Leu Met Leu Ile Lys Leu Asp Glu Ser Val Ser Glu Ser Asp
85          90          95
Thr Ile Arg Ser Ile Ser Ile Ala Ser Gln Cys Pro Thr Ala Gly Asn
100         105         110
Ser Cys Leu Val Ser Gly Trp Gly Leu Leu Ala Asn Gly Arg Met Pro
115         120         125
Thr Val Leu Gln Cys Val Asn Val Ser Val Val Ser Glu Glu Val Cys
130         135         140
Ser Lys Leu Tyr Asp Pro Leu Tyr His Pro Ser Met Phe Cys Ala Gly
145         150         155         160
Gly Gly Gln Asp Gln Lys Asp Ser Cys Asn Gly Asp Ser Gly Gly Pro
165         170         175
Leu Ile Cys Asn Gly Tyr Leu Gln Gly Leu Val Ser Phe Gly Lys Ala
180         185         190
Pro Cys Gly Gln Val Gly Val Pro Gly Val Tyr Thr Asn Leu Cys Lys
195         200         205
Phe Thr Glu Trp Ile Glu Lys Thr Val Gln Ala Ser
210         215         220

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<210> 328

<211> 234
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 328
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 agccctggca ggcggcactg gtcattgaaa acgaattgtt ctgctcgggc gtcctggtgc 120
 atccgcagtg ggtgctgtca gccacacact gtttccagaa ctcctacacc atcgggctgg 180
 gcctgcacag tcttgaggcc gaccaagagc caggaggacca gatggtggag gccca 234

<210> 329
 <211> 77
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 329
 Leu Val Ser Gly Ser Cys Ser Gln Ile Ile Asn Gly Glu Asp Cys Ser
 1 5 10 15
 Pro His Ser Gln Pro Trp Gln Ala Ala Leu Val Met Glu Asn Glu Leu
 20 25 30
 Phe Cys Ser Gly Val Leu Val His Pro Gln Trp Val Leu Ser Ala Thr
 35 40 45
 His Cys Phe Gln Asn Ser Tyr Thr Ile Gly Leu Gly Leu His Ser Leu
 50 55 60
 Glu Ala Asp Gln Glu Pro Gly Ser Gln Met Val Glu Ala
 65 70 75

<210> 330
 <211> 70
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 330
 cccaacacaa tggcccgatc ccattccctga ctccgccctc aggatcgctc gtctctggta 60
 gctgcagcca 70

<210> 331
 <211> 22
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 331
 Gln His Asn Gly Pro Ile Pro Ser Leu Thr Pro Pro Ser Gly Ser Leu
 1 5 10 15
 Val Ser Gly Ser Cys Ser
 20

<210> 332
 <211> 2507
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 332
 tgggtgccgct gcagccggca gagatgggtg agctcatgtt cccgctgttg ctctccttc 60
 tgcccttctct tctgtatatg gctgcgcccc aaatcaggaa aatgctgtcc agtgggggtg 120

gtacatcaac	tggttcagctt	cctgggaaag	tagttgtggt	cacaggagct	aatacaggta	180
tcgggaagga	gacagccaaa	gagctggctc	agagaggagc	tcgagtatat	ttagcttgcc	240
gggatgtgga	aaagggggaa	ttggtggcca	aagagatcca	gaccacgaca	gggaaccagc	300
aggtgttggt	gcggaaaactg	gacctgtctg	atactaagtc	tattcgagct	tttgctaagg	360
gcttcttagc	tgaggaaaag	cacctccacg	ttttgatcaa	caatgcagga	gtgatgatgt	420
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<211> 3030

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 333

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<210> 334

<211> 2417

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 334

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<211> 2984

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 335

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<210> 336

<211> 147

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 336

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 100 105 110
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 His Ile Gly Val Asn His Leu Gly His Phe Leu Leu Thr His Leu Leu

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 Ile Lys Thr Pro Gln Gln Gly Ala Gln Thr Ser Leu His Cys Ala Leu
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 Thr Glu Gly Leu Glu Ile Leu Ser Gly Asn His Phe Ser Asp Cys His
 275 280 285
 Val Ala Trp Val Ser Ala Gln Ala Arg Asn Glu Thr Ile Ala Arg Arg
 290 295 300
 Leu Trp Asp Val Ser Cys Asp Leu Leu Gly Leu Pro Ile Asp
 305 310 315

<210> 340

<211> 483

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 340

gccgagggtct gccttcacac ggaggacacg agactgcttc ctcaagggtc cctgcctgcc 60
 tggacactgg tgggaggcgc tgtttagttg gctgttttca gaggggtctt tcggagggac 120
 ctcttgctgc aggctggagt gtctttattc ctggcgggag accgcacatt cactgctga 180
 gggtgtgggg gcggtttatc aggcagtgat aaacataaga tgctatttcc ttgactccgg 240
 ccttcaattt tctctttggc tgacgacgga gtccgtggtg tcccgatgta actgaccctt 300
 gctccaaacg tgacatcact gatgctcttc tcgggggtgc tgatggcccg cttgggtcacg 360
 tgctcaatct cgccattcga ctcttgctcc aaactgtatg aagacacctg actgcacgtt 420
 ttttctgggc ttccagaatt taaagtgaag ggcagcactc ctaagctccg actccgatgc 480
 ctg 483

<210> 341

<211> 344

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 341

ctgctgctga gtcacagatt tcattataaa tagcctccct aaggaaaata cactgaatgc 60
 tatttttact aaccattcta tttttataga aatagctgag agtttctaaa ccaactctct 120
 gctgccttac aagtattaaa tattttactt ctttccataa agagtagctc aaaatagca 180
 attaatTTaa taatttctga tgatggtttt atctgcagta atatgtatat catctattag 240
 aatttactta atgaaaaact gaagagaaca aaatttgtaa ccactagcac ttaagtactc 300
 ctgattctta acattgtctt taatgaccac aagacaacca acag 344

<210> 342

<211> 592

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 342

acagcaaaaa	agaaactgag	aagcccaaty	tgctttcttg	ttaacatcca	cttatccaac	60
caatgtggaa	acttcttata	cttggttcca	ttatgaagtt	ggacaattgc	tgctatcaca	120
cctggcaggt	aaaccaatgc	caagagagtg	atggaaacca	ttggcaagac	tttgttgatg	180
accaggattg	gaattttata	aaaatattgt	tgatgggaag	ttgctaaagg	gtgaattact	240
tccctcagaa	gagtgtaaag	aaaagtcaga	gatgctataa	tagcagctat	tttaattggc	300
aagtgccact	gtggaaagag	ttcctgtgtg	tgctgaagtt	ctgaagggca	gtcaaattca	360
tcagcatggg	ctgtttggtg	caaatgcaaa	agcacaggtc	tttttagcat	gctggtctct	420
cccgtgtcct	tatgcaaata	atcgtcttct	tctaaatttc	tcctaggctt	cattttccaa	480
agttcttctt	ggtttgtgat	gtcttttctg	ctttccatta	attctataaa	atagtatggc	540
ttcagccacc	cactcttcgc	cttagcttga	ccgtgagtc	cggctgccgc	tg	592

<210> 343

<211> 382

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 343

ttcttgacct	cctctcctt	caagctcaaa	caccacctcc	cttattcagg	accggcactt	60
cttaattggt	gtggctttct	ctccagcctc	tcttaggagg	ggtaatggtg	gagttggcat	120
cttgtaactc	tcctttctcc	tttcttcccc	ttctctgccc	cgcttttccc	atcctgctgt	180
agacttcttg	attgtcagtc	tgtgtcacat	ccagtgattg	ctttgggttc	tgttcccttt	240
ctgactgccc	aaggggctca	gaaccccagc	aatcccttcc	tttcaactacc	ttcttttttg	300
ggggtagttg	gaagggactg	aaattgtggg	gggaaggtag	gaggcacatc	aataaagagg	360
aaaccaccaa	gctgaaaaaa	aa				382

<210> 344

<211> 536

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 344

ctgggcctga	agctgtaggg	taaatcagag	gcaggcttct	gagtgatgag	agtcctgaga	60
caataggcca	cataaacttg	gctggatgga	acctcacaat	aagggtggtca	cctcttggtt	120
gtttaggggg	atgccaagga	taaggccagc	tcagttatat	gaagagaagc	agaacaaaca	180
agtctttcag	agaaatggat	gcaatcagag	tgggatcccc	gtcacatcaa	ggtcacactc	240
caccttcattg	tgctgaatg	gttgccagg	cagaaaaatc	caccccttac	gagtgcggct	300
tcgaccttat	atcccccgcc	cgcgtccctt	tctccataaa	attcttctta	gtagctatta	360
ccttcttatt	atttgatcta	gaaattgccc	tccttttacc	cctaccatga	gccctacaaa	420
caactaacct	gccactaata	gttatgtcat	ccctcttatt	aatcatcatc	ctagccctaa	480
gtctggccta	tgagtgacta	caaaaaggat	tagactgagc	cgaataacaa	aaaaaa	536

<210> 345

<211> 251

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 345

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tgaatgaagc	ccccatcttt	gtgcctcctg	aaaagagagt	ggaagtgtcc	gaggactttg	120
gcgtggggcca	ggaatcaca	tcctacactg	cccaggagcc	agacacattt	atggaacaga	180
aaataacata	tcggatttgg	agagacactg	ccaactggct	ggagattaat	ccggacactg	240
gtgccatttc	c					251

<210> 346
 <211> 282
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(282)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 346
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 ctaagtcttg ttaccaaaaa aaggaaaaag aaaagatctt ctcagttaca aattctggga 120
 agggagacta tacctggctc ttgccctaag tgagaggtct tccctcccgc accaaaaaat 180
 agaaaggctt tctatttcac tggcccaggt agggggaagg agagtaactt tgagtctgtg 240
 ggtctcattt cccaaggtgc cttcaatgct catnaaaacc aa 282

<210> 347
 <211> 201
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(201)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 347
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 taaatataac ttttaaaana ntactancag cttttaccta ngctcctaaa tgcttgtaaa 120
 tctgagactg actggaccca cccagaccca gggcaaagat acatgttacc atatcatctt 180
 tataaagaat ttttttttgt c 201

<210> 348
 <211> 251
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 348
 ctgttaatca caacatttgt gcatcacttg tgccaagtga gaaaatgttc taaaatcaca 60
 agagagaaca gtgccagaat gaaactgacc ctaagtccca ggtgcccctg ggcaggcaga 120
 aggagacact cccagcatgg aggagggttt atcttttcat cctaggtcag gtctacaatg 180
 ggggaagggt ttattataga actccaaca gccacctca ctctgccac ccacccgatg 240
 gccctgcctc c 251

<210> 349
 <211> 251
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 349
 taaaaatcaa gccatttaat tgtatctttg aaggtaaaca atatatggga gctggatcac 60
 aacccttgag gatgccagag ctatgggtcc agaacatggg gtggattat caacagagtt 120
 cagaagggtc tgaactctac gtgttaccag agaacataat gcaattcatg cattccactt 180
 agcaattttg taaaatacca gaaacagacc ccaagagtct ttcaagatga ggaaaattca 240

actcctggtt t

251

<210> 350

<211> 908

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 350

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agcccgcgcc	gtgaagctcg	ctgctttccc	tacctcctta	agtgactgcc	aaacgcccac	120
cggctggaat	tgctctggtt	atgatgacag	agaaaatgat	ctcttcctct	gtgacaccaa	180
cacctgtaaa	tttgcctggg	aatgtttaag	aattggagac	actgtgactt	gcgtctgtca	240
gttcaagtgc	aacaatgact	atgtgcctgt	gtgtggctcc	aatggggaga	gctaccagaa	300
tgagtgttac	ctgcgacagg	ctgcatgcaa	acagcagagt	gagatacttg	tggtgtcaga	360
aggatcatgt	gccacagtcc	atgaaggctc	tggagaaact	agtcaaaagg	agacatccac	420
ctgtgatatt	tgccagtttg	gtgcagaatg	tgacgaagat	gccgaggatg	tctgggtgtg	480
gtgtaatatt	gactgttttc	aaaccaactt	caatccccct	tgcgcttctg	atgggaaatc	540
ttatgataat	gcatgccaaa	tcaaagaagc	atcgtgtcag	aaacaggaga	aaattgaagt	600
catgtctttg	ggtcgatgtc	aagataacac	aactacaact	actaagtctg	aagatgggca	660
ttatgcaaga	acagattatg	cagagaatgc	taacaaatta	gaagaaagtg	ccagagaaca	720
ccacatacct	tgtccggaac	attacaatgg	cttctgcatg	catgggaagt	gtgagcattc	780
tatcaatatg	caggagccat	cttgcaggtg	tgatgctggg	tatactggac	aacactgtga	840
aaaaaaggac	tacagtgttc	tatacgttgt	tcccggctct	gtacgatttc	agtatgtctt	900
aatcgcag						908

<210> 351

<211> 472

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 351

ccagttattt	gcaagtggta	agagcctatt	taccataaat	aatactaaga	accaactcaa	60
gtcaaaccct	aatgccattg	ttattgtgaa	ttaggattaa	gtagtaattt	tcaaaattca	120
cattaacttg	attttaaaat	cagwtttgyg	agtcattttac	cacaagctaa	atgtgtacac	180
tatgataaaa	acaaccattg	tattcctgtt	tttctaaaca	gtcctaattt	ctaactgt	240
atatatcctt	cgacatcaat	gaactttgtt	ttcttttact	ccagtaataa	agtaggcaca	300
gatctgtcca	caacaaactt	gccctctcat	gccttgcttc	tcaccatgct	ctgctccagg	360
tcagccccct	tttggcctgt	ttgttttgtc	aaaaaccta	tctgcttctt	gcttttcttg	420
gtaatatata	tttaggggaag	atgttgcttt	gccacacac	gaagcaaagt	aa	472

<210> 352

<211> 251

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 352

ctcaaagcta	atctctcggg	aatcaaacca	gaaaagggca	aggatcttag	gcatgggtgga	60
tgtggataag	gccagggtcaa	tggctgcaag	catgcagaga	aagaggtaca	tccgagcgtg	120
caggctgcgt	tccgtcctta	cgatgaagac	cacgatgcag	tttccaaaca	ttgccactac	180
atacatggaa	aggaggggga	agccaaccca	gaaatgggct	ttctctaata	ctgggatacc	240
aataagcaca	a					251

<210> 353

<211> 436

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 353

tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttaca	caatgcagtc	atatttttat	tgagtatgtg	60
cacattatgg	tattattact	atactgatta	tatttatcat	gtgacttcta	attaraaaaat	120
gtatccaaaa	gcaaaacagc	agatatataa	aattaaagag	acagaagata	gacattaaca	180
gataaggcaa	cttatacatt	gacaatccaa	atccaatata	tttaaacatt	tgggaaatga	240
gggggacaaa	tggaagccar	atcaaatttg	tgtaaaacta	ttcagtatgt	ttcccttgct	300
tcatgtctga	raaggctctc	ccttcaatgg	ggatgacaaa	ctccaaatgc	cacacaaatg	360
ttaacagaat	actagattca	cactggaacg	ggggtaaaga	agaaattatt	ttctataaaa	420
gggctcctaa	tgtagt					436

<210> 354

<211> 854

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 354

ccttttctag	ttcaccagtt	ttctgcaagg	atgctgggta	gggagtgtct	gcaggaggag	60
caagtctgaa	accaaactta	ggaaacatag	gaaacgagcc	aggcacaggg	ctgggtgggcc	120
atcaggggacc	accctttggg	ttgatatttt	gcttaatctg	catcttttga	gtaagatcat	180
ctggcagtag	aagctgttct	ccagggtacat	ttctctagct	catgtacaaa	aacatcctga	240
aggactttgt	cagggtgcctt	gctaaaagcc	agatgcgttc	ggcacttcct	tgggtctgagg	300
ttaattgcac	acctacaggc	actgggctca	tgctttcaag	tattttgtcc	tcacttttagg	360
gtgagtgaaa	gatccccatt	ataggagcac	ttgggagaga	tcataataaa	gctgactcctt	420
gagtacatgc	agtaatgggg	tagatgtgtg	tgggtgtgtct	tcattcctgc	aagggtgctt	480
gttagggagt	gtttccagga	ggaacaagtc	tgaaaccaat	catgaaataa	atggtaggtg	540
tgaactggaa	aactaattca	aaagagagat	cgtgatataa	gtgtgggtga	tacaccttgg	600
caatatggaa	ggctctaatt	tgcccatatt	tgaataataa	attcagcttt	ttgtaataca	660
aaataacaaa	ggattgagaa	tcattgtgtc	taatgtataa	aagacccagg	aaacataaat	720
atatcaactg	cataaatgta	aaatgcatgt	gacccaagaa	ggcccccagg	tggcagacaa	780
cattgtaccc	attttccctt	ccaaaatgtg	agcggcgggc	ctgctgcttt	caaggctgtc	840
acacgggatg	tcag					854

<210> 355

<211> 676

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 355

gaaattaagt	atgagctaaa	ttccctgtta	aaacctctag	gggtgacaga	tctcttcaac	60
cagggtcaaag	ctgatctttc	tggaaatgtca	ccaaccaagg	gcctatatatt	atcaaaaagcc	120
atccacaagt	catacctgga	tgtcagcgaa	gagggcacgg	aggcagcagc	agccactggg	180
gacagcatcg	ctgtaaaaag	cctaccaatg	agagctcagt	tcaaggcgaa	ccaccccttc	240
ctgttcttta	taaggcacac	tcataccaac	acgatcctat	tctgtggcaa	gcttgccctct	300
ccctaactcag	atgggggtga	gtaaggctca	gagttgcaga	tgagggtgcag	agacaatcct	360
gtgactttcc	cacggccaaa	aagctgttca	cacctcacgc	acctctgtgc	ctcagtttgc	420
tcactctgcaa	aataggtcta	ggatttcttc	caaccatttc	atgagttgtg	aagctaaggc	480
tttgtaatc	atggaaaaag	gtagacttat	gcagaaaagcc	tttctggctt	tcttatctgt	540
gggtgtctcat	ttgagtgtcg	tccagtgaca	tgatcaagtc	aatgagtaaa	attttaaggg	600
attagatttt	cttgacttgt	atgtatctgt	gagatcttga	ataagtgacc	tgacatctct	660
gcttaaagaa	aaccag					676

<210> 356

<211> 574

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 356

tttttttttt	tttttcagga	aaacattctc	ttactttatt	tgcattctcag	caaaggttct	60
catgtggcac	ctgactggca	tcaaaccaaa	gttcgtaggc	caacaaagat	gggccactca	120
caagcttccc	atttgtagat	ctcagtgctt	atgagtatct	gacacctgtt	cctctcttca	180
gtctcttagg	gaggcttaaa	tctgtctcag	gtgtgctaag	agtgccagcc	caaggkgtc	240
aaaagtccac	aaaactgcag	tctttgctgg	gatagtaagc	caagcagtgc	ctggacagca	300
gagttctttt	cttgggcaac	agataaccag	acaggactct	aatcgtgctc	ttattcaaca	360
ttcttctgtc	tctgcctaga	ctggaataaa	aagccaatct	ctctcgtggc	acaggggaag	420
agatacaagc	tcgtttacat	gtgatagatc	taacaaaggc	atctaccgaa	gtctggtctg	480
gatagacggc	acagggagct	cttaggtcag	cgctgctggg	tggaggacat	tcctgagtcc	540
agctttgcag	cctttgtgca	acagtacttt	ccca			574

<210> 357

<211> 393

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 357

tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tacagaatat	aratgcttta	tactgkact	60
taatatggkg	kcttggtcac	tatacttaaa	aatgcaccac	tcataaatat	ttaattcagc	120
aagccacaac	caaracttga	ttttatcaac	aaaaaccctt	aatataaac	ggsaaaaaag	180
atagatataa	ttattccagt	tttttataaa	cttaaaarat	attccattgc	cgaattaara	240
araarataag	tggttatatg	aaagaagggc	attcaagcac	actaaaraaa	cctgaggkaa	300
gcataatctg	tacaaaatta	aactgtcctt	tttggcattt	taacaaattt	gcaacgktct	360
tttttttctt	tttctgtttt	tttttttttt	tac			393

<210> 358

<211> 630

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 358

acagggtaaa	caggaggatc	cttgctctca	cggagcttac	attctagcag	gaggacaata	60
ttaatgttta	taggaaaatg	atgagtttat	gacaaaaggaa	gtagatagtg	ttttacaaga	120
gcatagagta	gggaagctaa	tccagcacag	ggaggtcaca	gagacatccc	taaggaagtg	180
gagtttaaac	tgagagaagc	aagtgtctaa	actgaaggat	gtgttgaaga	agaagggaga	240
gtagaacaat	ttgggcagag	ggaaccttat	agaccctaag	gtgggaagggt	tcaaagaact	300
gaaagagagc	tagaacagct	ggagccgttc	tccggtgtaa	agaggagtca	aagagataag	360
attaaagatg	tgaagattaa	gatcttggtg	gcattcaggg	attggcactt	ctacaagaaa	420
tactgaagg	gagtaatgtg	acattacttt	tcacttcagg	atggccattc	taactccagg	480
gggtagactg	gactaggtaa	gactggaggc	aggtagacct	cttctaaggc	ctgcgatagt	540
gaaagacaaa	aataagtggg	gaaattcagg	ggatagttaa	aatcagtagg	acttaatgag	600
caagccagag	gttcctccac	aacaaccagt				630

<210> 359

<211> 620

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 359

acagcattcc	aaaatatata	tctagagact	aarrgtaaat	gctctatagt	gaagaagtaa	60
taattaaaaa	atgctactaa	tatagaaaat	ttataatcag	aaaaataaat	attcaggggag	120

ctcaccagaa	gaataaagt	ctctgccagt	tattaaagga	ttactgctgg	tgaattaaat	180
atggcattcc	ccaagggaaa	tagagagatt	cttctggatt	atgttcaata	tttatttcac	240
aggattaact	gttttaggaa	cagatataaa	gcttcgccac	ggaagagatg	gacaaagcac	300
aaagacaaca	tgataacctta	ggaagcaaca	ctaccctttc	aggcataaaa	tttgagaaaa	360
tgcaacatta	tgcttcatga	ataatatgta	gaaagaaggt	ctgatgaaaa	tgacatcctt	420
aatgtaagat	aactttataa	gaattctggg	tcaataaaaa	ttctttgaag	aaaacatcca	480
aatgtcattg	acttatcaaa	tactatcttg	gcatataacc	tatgaaggca	aaactaaaca	540
aacaaaaagc	tcacaccaaa	caaaaccatc	aacttatttt	gtattctata	acatacgaga	600
ctgtaaagat	gtgacagtgt					620

<210> 360

<211> 431

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 360

aaaaaaaaaa	agccagaaca	acatgtgata	gataatatga	ttggctgcac	acttccagac	60
tgatgaatga	tgaacgtgat	ggactattgt	atggagcaca	tcttcagcaa	gagggggaaa	120
tactcatcat	ttttggccag	cagttgtttg	atcaccaaac	atcatgccag	aatactcagc	180
aaaccttctt	agctcttgag	aagtcaaagt	ccgggggaat	ttattcctgg	caattttaat	240
tggactcctt	atgtgagagc	agcggctacc	cagctggggg	ggtggagcga	acccgtcact	300
agtggacatg	cagtggcaga	gtccttggtg	accacctaga	ggaatacaca	ggcacatgtg	360
tgatgccaa	gctgacacct	gtagcactca	aatttgtctt	gtttttgtct	ttcgggtgtg	420
agattccttag	t					431

<210> 361

<211> 351

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 361

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ttgggtcctc	tggtctcttg	ccaagtttcc	cagccactcg	agggagaaat	atcgggaggt	180
ttgacttctt	ccggggcttt	cccaggggct	tcaccgtgag	ccctgcggcc	ctcagggctg	240
caatcctgga	ttcaatgtct	gaaacctcgc	tctctgcctg	ctggacttct	gaggccgtca	300
ctgccactct	gtcctccagc	tctgacagct	cctcatctgt	ggctctgttg	t	351

<210> 362

<211> 463

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 362

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tgtagatgag	ccggctgaag	atcttgcgca	tgcgcggtt	cagggcgaag	ttcttggcgc	120
ccccggtcac	agaaatgacc	aggttgggtg	ttttcagggtg	ccagtgtctg	gtcagcagct	180
cgtaaaggat	ttccgcgtcc	gtgtcgcagg	acagacgtat	atacttccct	ttcttcccca	240
gtgtctcaaa	ctgaatatcc	ccaaaggcgt	cggtaggaaa	ttccttggtg	tgtttcttgt	300
agttccattt	ctcacttttg	ttgatctggg	tgcttccat	gtgctggctc	tgggcatagc	360
cacacttgca	cacattctcc	ctgataagca	cgatgggtgtg	gacaggaagg	aaggatttca	420
ttgagcctgc	ttatggaaac	tggtattgtt	agcttaaata	gac		463

<210> 363

<211> 653

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(653)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 363

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ctcttgngga ttctgggtga catcttcatg aatggcaacc gtgccagwga ggctgtcctc	120
tgggaggcac tacgcaagat gggactgcgt cctgggggtga gacatcctct ccttggagat	180
ctaacgaaac ttctcaccta tgagttgtaa agcagaaata cctgnactac agacgagtgc	240
ccaacagcaa cccccggaa gtatgagttc ctctrgggcc tccgttccta ccatgagasc	300
tagcaagatg naagtgttga gantcattgc agaggttcag aaaagagacc cntcgtgact	360
ggtctgcaca gttcatggag gctgcagatg aggccttggg tgctctggat gctgctgcag	420
ctgagggcga agcccgggct gaagcaagaa cccgcatggg aattggagat gaggctgtgt	480
ntgggcccctg gagctgggat gacattgagt ttgagctgct gacctgggat gaggaaggag	540
attttgagga tccntgggtcc agaattccat ttaccttctg ggccagatac caccagaatg	600
cccgtccag attccctcag acctttgccg gtcccattat tggctstggt ggt	653

<210> 364

<211> 401

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 364

actagaggaa agacgttaaa ccaactctact accactttgtg gaactctcaa agggtaaagt	60
acaaagccaa tgaatgactc taaaaacaat atttacattt aatggtttgt agacaataaa	120
aaaacaaggt ggatagatct agaattgtaa cattttaaga aaaccatagc atttgacaga	180
tgagaaaagct caattataga tgcaaagtta taactaaact actatagtag taaagaaata	240
catttcacac ccttcatata aattcactat cttggcttga ggcactccat aaaatgtatc	300
acgtgcatag taaatcttta tatttgctat ggcgttgac tagaggactt ggactgcaac	360
aagtggatgc gcggaaaatg aaatcttctt caatagccca g	401

<210> 365

<211> 356

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 365

ccagtgtcat atttgggctt aaaatttcaa gaagggcact tcaaattggct ttgcatttgc	60
atgtttcagt gctagagcgt aggaatagac cctggcgctc actgtgagat gttcttcagc	120
taccagagca tcaagtctct gcagcaggctc attcttgggt aaagaaatga cttccacaaa	180
ctctccatcc cctggctttg gcttcggcct tgcgttttcg gcatcatctc cgttaatggt	240
gactgtcacg atgtgtatag tacagtttga caagcctggg tccatacaga ccgctggaga	300
acattcggca atgtcccctt tgtagccagt ttcttcttcg agtccccgga gagcag	356

<210> 366

<211> 1851

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 366

tcacacccat tgccagcagc ggcaccgtta gtcaggtttt ctgggaatcc cacatgagta	60
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tcacttcctt	taagcctttg	tgactcttcc	tctgatgtca	gctttaagtc	ttgttctgga	180
ttgctgtttt	cagaagagat	ttttaacatc	tgtttttctt	tgtagtcaga	aagtaactgg	240
caaattacat	gatgatgact	agaaacagca	tactctctgg	ccgtctttcc	agatcttgag	300
aagatacatc	aacattttgc	tcaagtagag	ggctgactat	acttgctgat	ccacaacata	360
cagcaagtat	gagagcagtt	cttccatata	tatccagcgc	atttaaattc	gcttttttct	420
tgattaaaaa	tttcaccact	tgctgttttt	gctcatgtat	accaagtagc	agtgggtgtga	480
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ttggatcagt	gccatgttcc	agcaacatta	acgcacattc	atcttctctg	cattgtacgg	660
cctttgtcag	agctgtcctc	tttttgttgt	caaggacatt	aagttgacat	cgtctgtcca	720
gcacgagttt	tactacttct	gaattcccat	tggcagaggc	cagatgtaga	gcagtcctct	780
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tttgacaaaa	tccagcatcc	ttgtatttat	tggtgcagtt	ctcagaggaa	atgcttctaa	1740
cttttcccca	tttagtatta	tggtggctgt	gggctgtgca	taggtgggtt	ttattacttt	1800
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<210> 367

<211> 668

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 367

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accrtataag	agcagtgctt	tggccattaa	tttatctttc	attttagaca	gcrtagtgya	180
gagtggtatt	tccataactca	tctggaatat	ttggatcagt	gccatgttcc	agcaacatta	240
acgcacattc	atcttctctg	cattgtacgg	cctgtcagta	ttagacccaa	aaacaaatta	300
catatcttag	gaattcaaaa	taacattcca	cagctttcac	caactagtta	tatttaaagg	360
agaaaactca	tttttatgcc	atgtattgaa	atcaaaccce	cctcatgctg	atatagttag	420
ctactgcata	cctttatcag	agctgtcctc	tttttgttgt	caaggacatt	aagttgacat	480
cgtctgtcca	gcaggagttt	tactacttct	gaattcccat	tggcagaggc	cagatgtaga	540
gcagtcctat	gagagtgaga	agacttttta	ggaaattgta	gtgcactagc	tacagccata	600
gcaatgattc	atgtaactgc	aaacactgaa	tagcctgcta	ttactctgcc	ttcaaaaaaa	660
aaaaaaaa						668

<210> 368

<211> 1512

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 368

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tgggtgggc	trgaatcccc	tgctggggtt	ggcaggtttt	ggctgggatt	gacttttytc	120
ttcaaacaga	ttggaaaccc	ggagttacct	gctagtgggt	gaaactgggt	ggtagacgcg	180
atctgttggc	tactactggc	ttctcctggc	tgtaaaaagc	agatgggtgg	tgaggttgat	240
tccatgccgg	ctgctttctt	tgtgaagaag	ccatttgggt	tcaggagcaa	gatgggcaag	300
tggtgctgcc	gttgctttcc	ctgctgcagg	gagagcggca	agagcaacgt	gggcacttct	360
ggagaccacg	acgactctgc	tatgaagaca	ctcaggagca	agatgggcaa	gtggtgccgc	420
cactgcttcc	cctgctgcag	ggggagtggc	aagagcaacg	tgggcgcttc	tggagaccac	480
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aacaagaagg	acaagcaaaa	gaggactgct	ctacatctgg	cctctgccaa	tgggaattca	780
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gaacatggca	ctgatccaaa	tattccagat	gagtatggaa	ataccactct	rcactaygct	960
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actccaagaa	aagttaaaca	tgtttcagtg	aatagagatc	ctgctccttt	ggcaagttcc	1440
taaaaaacag	taatagatac	gagggtgatgc	gcctgtcagt	ggcaagggtt	aagatatttc	1500
tgatctcgtg	cc					1512

<210> 369

<211> 1853

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 369

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tgggtgggc	trgaatcccc	tgctggggtt	ggcaggtttt	ggctgggatt	gacttttytc	120
ttcaaacaga	ttggaaaccc	ggagttacct	gctagtgggt	gaaactgggt	ggtagacgcg	180
atctgttggc	tactactggc	ttctcctggc	tgtaaaaagc	agatgggtgg	tgaggttgat	240
tccatgccgg	ctgctttctt	tgtgaagaag	ccatttgggt	tcaggagcaa	gatgggcaag	300
tggtgctgcc	gttgctttcc	ctgctgcagg	gagagcggca	agagcaacgt	gggcacttct	360
ggagaccacg	acgactctgc	tatgaagaca	ctcaggagca	agatgggcaa	gtggtgccgc	420
cactgcttcc	cctgctgcag	ggggagtggc	aagagcaacg	tgggcgcttc	tggagaccac	480
gacgaytctg	ctatgaagac	actcaggaac	aagatgggca	agtgggtgctg	ccactgcttc	540
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gaacatggca	ctgatccaaa	tattccagat	gagtatggaa	ataccactct	rcactaygct	960
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tcaaaaaaca	agcatggcct	cacaccactg	ytacttggtr	tacatgagca	aaaacagcaa	1080
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gcaaaatrtt	gatgtatctt	ctcaagatct	ggaaagacgg	ccagagagta	tgctgtttct	1260

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ggagaatggc	atgaacccgg	gaggtggagg	ttgcagttag	ccgagatccg	ccactacact	1800
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<210> 370

<211> 2184

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 370

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aaaaccacct	atgacaagcc	cacagccaac	ataataactaa	atggggaaaa	gttagaagca	120
tttcctctga	gaactgcaac	aataaatata	aggatgctgg	attttgtcaa	atgccttttc	180
tgtgtctgtt	gagatgctta	tgtgactttg	cttttaattc	tgtttatgtg	attatcacat	240
ttattgactt	gcctgtgtta	gaccggaaga	gctgggggtg	ttctcaggag	ccaccgtgtg	300
ctgcggcagc	ttcgggataa	cttgaggctg	catcactggg	gaagaaacac	aytccgtgcc	360
gtggcgctga	tggctgagga	cagagcttca	gtgtggcttc	tctgcgactg	gcttcttcgg	420
ggagtctctc	cttcatagtt	catccatag	gtccagagg	aaaattatat	tattttgtta	480
tggatgaaga	gtattacgtt	gtgcagatat	actgcagtgt	cttcactctc	tgatgtgtga	540
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gctttctcca	ccttgctgga	agtgacctgc	tgtccagaag	tttgatggct	gaggagtata	720
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ggcaagagca	acgtgggcac	ttctggagac	cacaacgact	cctctgtgaa	gacgcttggg	840
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gatcagcaag	tatagtcagc	cctctacttg	agcaaaatgt	tgatgtatct	tctcaagatc	1560
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<210> 371
 <211> 1855
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(1855)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 371

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cacgcgcacg	ttgcacgcgc	ggcagcggtt	tggctggctt	gtaacggctt	gcacgcgcac	120
gccgcccccg	cataaccgtc	agactggcct	gtaacggctt	gcaggcgcac	gccgcacgcg	180
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tcttggattg	acgttctctc	cttggatkgc	cgtttctctc	ttggatkgac	gtttctytyt	360
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attaatggcc	aaagcactgc	tcttatacgg	tgctgatatc	gaatcaaaaa	acaaggtata	1380
gatctactaa	ttttatcttc	aaaatactga	aatgcattca	ttttaacatt	gacgtgtgta	1440
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cagttttttt	tttttaaatg	cacttctggt	aaatactttt	gttgaaaaca	ctgaatttgt	1620
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acatgtttca	gtgaatagag	atcctgctcc	tttggcaagt	tcctaaaaaa	cagtaataga	1800
tacgaggtga	tgcgcctgtc	agtggcaagg	tttaagatat	ttctgatctc	gtgcc	1855

<210> 372
 <211> 1059
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 372

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gggtgcaagt	gtgctgcccc	ctgcttcccc	tgctgcaggg	gagcgggcaag	agcaacgtgg	120
gcgcttgrgg	agactmcgat	gacagygcct	tcatggagcc	cagggtaccac	gtccgtggag	180
aagatctgga	caagctccac	agagctgccc	tgggtgggta	aagtccccag	aaaggatctc	240
atcgtcatgc	tcaggggacac	tgaygtgaac	aagarggaca	agcaaaagag	gactgctcta	300
catctggcct	ctgccaatgg	gaattcagaa	gtagtaaaac	tcstgctgga	cagacgatgt	360

caacttaatg	tccttgacaa	caaaaagagg	acagctctga	yaaaggccgt	acaatgccag	420
gaagatgaat	gtgctgtaat	gttgctggaa	catggcactg	atccaaatat	tccagatgag	480
tatggaaata	ccactctrca	ctaygctrct	tayaatgaag	ataaattaat	ggccaaagca	540
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<210> 373

<211> 1155

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 373

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<210> 374

<211> 2000

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 374

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<210> 375

<211> 2040

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 375

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<210> 376

<211> 329

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 376

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Glu Tyr Thr Ile Val His Ala Ser Phe Ile Ser Cys Ile Ser Ser Ser
35     40     45
Leu Asp Gly Gln Gly Glu Arg Gln Glu Gln Arg Gly His Phe Trp Arg
50     55     60
Pro Gln Arg Leu Leu Cys Glu Asp Ala Trp Glu Gln Glu Val Gln Val
65     70     75     80
Val Leu Pro Leu Leu Pro Leu Leu Gln Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val
85     90     95
Val Ala Trp Gly Asp Tyr Asp Asp Ser Ala Phe Met Asp Pro Arg Tyr
100    105    110
His Val His Gly Glu Asp Leu Asp Lys Leu His Arg Ala Ala Trp Trp
115    120    125
Gly Lys Val Pro Arg Lys Asp Leu Ile Val Met Leu Arg Asp Thr Asp
130    135    140
Val Asn Lys Arg Asp Lys Gln Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu His Leu Ala Ser
145    150    155    160
Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu Val Val Lys Leu Val Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys
165    170    175
Gln Leu Asn Val Leu Asp Asn Lys Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu Thr Lys Ala
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Val Gln Cys Gln Glu Asp Glu Cys Ala Leu Met Leu Leu Glu His Gly
195    200    205
Thr Asp Pro Asn Ile Pro Asp Glu Tyr Gly Asn Thr Thr Leu His Tyr
210    215    220
Ala Val Tyr Asn Glu Asp Lys Leu Met Ala Lys Ala Leu Leu Leu Tyr
225    230    235    240
Gly Ala Asp Ile Glu Ser Lys Asn Lys His Gly Leu Thr Pro Leu Leu
245    250    255
Leu Gly Ile His Glu Gln Lys Gln Gln Val Val Lys Phe Leu Ile Lys
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Lys Lys Ala Asn Leu Asn Ala Leu Asp Arg Tyr Gly Arg Thr Ala Leu
275    280    285
Ile Leu Ala Val Cys Cys Gly Ser Ala Ser Ile Val Ser Pro Leu Leu

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<210> 377
 <211> 148
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
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 Gln Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu His Leu Ala Ser Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu
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 Val Val Lys Leu Xaa Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys Gln Leu Asn Val Leu Asp
 65 70 75 80
 Asn Lys Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu Xaa Lys Ala Val Gln Cys Gln Glu Asp
 85 90 95
 Glu Cys Ala Leu Met Leu Leu Glu His Gly Thr Asp Pro Asn Ile Pro
 100 105 110
 Asp Glu Tyr Gly Asn Thr Thr Leu His Tyr Ala Xaa Tyr Asn Glu Asp
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 Lys Asn Lys Val
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<210> 378
 <211> 1719
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 378
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 35 40 45
 His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp
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 Cys Arg His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val
 65 70 75 80
 Gly Ala Ser Gly Asp His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Asn

Asp Lys Leu His Arg Ala Ala Trp Trp Gly Lys Val Pro Arg Lys Asp
 530 535 540
 Leu Ile Val Met Leu Arg Asp Thr Asp Val Asn Lys Lys Asp Lys Gln
 545 550 555 560
 Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu His Leu Ala Ser Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu Val
 565 570 575
 Val Lys Leu Leu Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys Gln Leu Asn Val Leu Asp Asn
 580 585 590
 Lys Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu Ile Lys Ala Val Gln Cys Gln Glu Asp Glu
 595 600 605
 Cys Ala Leu Met Leu Leu Glu His Gly Thr Asp Pro Asn Ile Pro Asp
 610 615 620
 Glu Tyr Gly Asn Thr Thr Leu His Tyr Ala Ile Tyr Asn Glu Asp Lys
 625 630 635 640
 Leu Met Ala Lys Ala Leu Leu Leu Tyr Gly Ala Asp Ile Glu Ser Lys
 645 650 655
 Asn Lys His Gly Leu Thr Pro Leu Leu Leu Gly Val His Glu Gln Lys
 660 665 670
 Gln Gln Val Val Lys Phe Leu Ile Lys Lys Lys Ala Asn Leu Asn Ala
 675 680 685
 Leu Asp Arg Tyr Gly Arg Thr Ala Leu Ile Leu Ala Val Cys Cys Gly
 690 695 700
 Ser Ala Ser Ile Val Ser Leu Leu Leu Glu Gln Asn Ile Asp Val Ser
 705 710 715 720
 Ser Gln Asp Leu Ser Gly Gln Thr Ala Arg Glu Tyr Ala Val Ser Ser
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 His His His Val Ile Cys Gln Leu Leu Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu Lys Gln
 740 745 750
 Met Leu Lys Ile Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu Gln Asp Leu Lys
 755 760 765
 Leu Thr Ser Glu Glu Glu Ser Gln Arg Phe Lys Gly Ser Glu Asn Ser
 770 775 780
 Gln Pro Glu Lys Met Ser Gln Glu Pro Glu Ile Asn Lys Asp Gly Asp
 785 790 795 800
 Arg Glu Val Glu Glu Glu Met Lys Lys His Glu Ser Asn Asn Val Gly
 805 810 815
 Leu Leu Glu Asn Leu Thr Asn Gly Val Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asn
 820 825 830
 Gly Leu Ile Pro Gln Arg Lys Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Asn Gln Gln Phe
 835 840 845
 Pro Asp Asn Glu Ser Glu Glu Tyr His Arg Ile Cys Glu Leu Val Ser
 850 855 860
 Asp Tyr Lys Glu Lys Gln Met Pro Lys Tyr Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn
 865 870 875 880
 Pro Glu Gln Asp Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu Glu Glu Ser Gln Arg Leu
 885 890 895
 Glu Gly Ser Glu Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Leu Glu Asn Phe Met Ala Ile
 900 905 910
 Glu Glu Met Lys Lys His Gly Ser Thr His Val Gly Phe Pro Glu Asn
 915 920 925
 Leu Thr Asn Gly Ala Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asp Gly Leu Ile Pro
 930 935 940
 Pro Arg Lys Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Ser Gln Gln Phe Pro Asp Thr Glu
 945 950 955 960
 Asn Glu Glu Tyr His Ser Asp Glu Gln Asn Asp Thr Gln Lys Gln Phe

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Glu	Glu	Lys	Gln	Ile	Glu	Val	Val	Glu	Lys	Met	Asn	Ser	Glu	Leu	Ser
		995					1000					1005			
Leu	Ser	Cys	Lys	Lys	Glu	Lys	Asp	Ile	Leu	His	Glu	Asn	Ser	Thr	Leu
	1010				1015						1020				
Arg	Glu	Glu	Ile	Ala	Met	Leu	Arg	Leu	Glu	Leu	Asp	Thr	Met	Lys	His
1025					1030					1035					104
Gln	Ser	Gln	Leu	Pro	Arg	Thr	His	Met	Val	Val	Glu	Val	Asp	Ser	Met
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Pro	Ala	Ala	Ser	Ser	Val	Lys	Lys	Pro	Phe	Gly	Leu	Arg	Ser	Lys	Met
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Arg	Gly	Ser	Gly	Lys	Ser	Asn	Val	Gly	Ala	Ser	Gly	Asp	His	Asp	Asp
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Gly	Asp	Tyr	Asp	Asp	Ser	Ala	Phe	Met	Glu	Pro	Arg	Tyr	His	Val	Arg
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Pro	Arg	Lys	Asp	Leu	Ile	Val	Met	Leu	Arg	Asp	Thr	Asp	Val	Asn	Lys
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1265					1270					1275					128
Asn	Ile	Pro	Asp	Glu	Tyr	Gly	Asn	Thr	Thr	Leu	His	Tyr	Ala	Ile	Tyr
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Asn	Glu	Asp	Lys	Leu	Met	Ala	Lys	Ala	Leu	Leu	Leu	Tyr	Gly	Ala	Asp
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Ile	Glu														

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 Gln Asp Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu Glu Glu Ser Gln Arg Phe Lys Gly
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 Ser Glu Asn Ser Gln Pro Glu Lys Met Ser Ser Gln Glu Pro Glu Ile Asn
 1445 1450 1455
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 1460 1465 1470
 Asn Asn Val Gly Leu Leu Glu Asn Leu Thr Asn Gly Val Thr Ala Gly
 1475 1480 1485
 Asn Gly Asp Asn Gly Leu Ile Pro Gln Arg Lys Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu
 1490 1495 1500
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 1505 1510 1515 152
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 1540 1545 1550
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 1555 1560 1565
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 1650 1655 1660
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 1665 1670 1675 168
 Glu Leu Ser Leu Ser Cys Lys Lys Glu Lys Asp Ile Leu His Glu Asn
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 Met Lys His Gln Ser Gln Leu
 1715

<210> 379

<211> 656

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 379

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 35 40 45
 His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp
 50 55 60

Cys Arg His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val
 65 70 75 80
 Gly Ala Ser Gly Asp His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Asn
 85 90 95
 Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser
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 Gly Lys Ser Lys Val Gly Ala Trp Gly Asp Tyr Asp Asp Ser Ala Phe
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 Met Glu Pro Arg Tyr His Val Arg Gly Glu Asp Leu Asp Lys Leu His
 130 135 140
 Arg Ala Ala Trp Trp Gly Lys Val Pro Arg Lys Asp Leu Ile Val Met
 145 150 155 160
 Leu Arg Asp Thr Asp Val Asn Lys Lys Asp Lys Gln Lys Arg Thr Ala
 165 170 175
 Leu His Leu Ala Ser Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu Val Val Lys Leu Leu
 180 185 190
 Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys Gln Leu Asn Val Leu Asp Asn Lys Lys Arg Thr
 195 200 205
 Ala Leu Ile Lys Ala Val Gln Cys Gln Glu Asp Glu Cys Ala Leu Met
 210 215 220
 Leu Leu Glu His Gly Thr Asp Pro Asn Ile Pro Asp Glu Tyr Gly Asn
 225 230 235 240
 Thr Thr Leu His Tyr Ala Ile Tyr Asn Glu Asp Lys Leu Met Ala Lys
 245 250 255
 Ala Leu Leu Leu Tyr Gly Ala Asp Ile Glu Ser Lys Asn Lys His Gly
 260 265 270
 Leu Thr Pro Leu Leu Leu Gly Val His Glu Gln Lys Gln Gln Val Val
 275 280 285
 Lys Phe Leu Ile Lys Lys Lys Ala Asn Leu Asn Ala Leu Asp Arg Tyr
 290 295 300
 Gly Arg Thr Ala Leu Ile Leu Ala Val Cys Cys Gly Ser Ala Ser Ile
 305 310 315 320
 Val Ser Leu Leu Leu Glu Gln Asn Ile Asp Val Ser Ser Gln Asp Leu
 325 330 335
 Ser Gly Gln Thr Ala Arg Glu Tyr Ala Val Ser Ser His His His Val
 340 345 350
 Ile Cys Gln Leu Leu Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu Lys Gln Met Leu Lys Ile
 355 360 365
 Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu Gln Asp Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu
 370 375 380
 Glu Glu Ser Gln Arg Phe Lys Gly Ser Glu Asn Ser Gln Pro Glu Lys
 385 390 395 400
 Met Ser Gln Glu Pro Glu Ile Asn Lys Asp Gly Asp Arg Glu Val Glu
 405 410 415
 Glu Glu Met Lys Lys His Glu Ser Asn Asn Val Gly Leu Leu Glu Asn
 420 425 430
 Leu Thr Asn Gly Val Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asn Gly Leu Ile Pro
 435 440 445
 Gln Arg Lys Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Asn Gln Gln Phe Pro Asp Asn Glu
 450 455 460
 Ser Glu Glu Tyr His Arg Ile Cys Glu Leu Val Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu
 465 470 475 480
 Lys Gln Met Pro Lys Tyr Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu Gln Asp
 485 490 495
 Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu Glu Glu Ser Gln Arg Leu Glu Gly Ser Glu

500 505 510
 Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Leu Glu Asn Phe Met Ala Ile Glu Glu Met Lys
 515 520 525
 Lys His Gly Ser Thr His Val Gly Phe Pro Glu Asn Leu Thr Asn Gly
 530 535 540
 Ala Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asp Gly Leu Ile Pro Pro Arg Lys Ser
 545 550 555 560
 Arg Thr Pro Glu Ser Gln Gln Phe Pro Asp Thr Glu Asn Glu Glu Tyr
 565 570 575
 His Ser Asp Glu Gln Asn Asp Thr Gln Lys Gln Phe Cys Glu Glu Gln
 580 585 590
 Asn Thr Gly Ile Leu His Asp Glu Ile Leu Ile His Glu Glu Lys Gln
 595 600 605
 Ile Glu Val Val Glu Lys Met Asn Ser Glu Leu Ser Leu Ser Cys Lys
 610 615 620
 Lys Glu Lys Asp Ile Leu His Glu Asn Ser Thr Leu Arg Glu Glu Ile
 625 630 635 640
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 645 650 655

<210> 380

<211> 671

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 380

Met Val Val Glu Val Asp Ser Met Pro Ala Ala Ser Ser Val Lys Lys
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 20 25 30
 Pro Cys Cys Arg Glu Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val Gly Thr Ser Gly Asp
 35 40 45
 His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp
 50 55 60
 Cys Arg His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val
 65 70 75 80
 Gly Ala Ser Gly Asp His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Asn
 85 90 95
 Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser
 100 105 110
 Gly Lys Ser Lys Val Gly Ala Trp Gly Asp Tyr Asp Asp Ser Ala Phe
 115 120 125
 Met Glu Pro Arg Tyr His Val Arg Gly Glu Asp Leu Asp Lys Leu His
 130 135 140
 Arg Ala Ala Trp Trp Gly Lys Val Pro Arg Lys Asp Leu Ile Val Met
 145 150 155 160
 Leu Arg Asp Thr Asp Val Asn Lys Lys Asp Lys Gln Lys Arg Thr Ala
 165 170 175
 Leu His Leu Ala Ser Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu Val Val Lys Leu Leu
 180 185 190
 Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys Gln Leu Asn Val Leu Asp Asn Lys Lys Arg Thr
 195 200 205
 Ala Leu Ile Lys Ala Val Gln Cys Gln Glu Asp Glu Cys Ala Leu Met
 210 215 220
 Leu Leu Glu His Gly Thr Asp Pro Asn Ile Pro Asp Glu Tyr Gly Asn

<210> 381
 <211> 251
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 381
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 ggtaacatgc ttcccctaag ggtatcccaa ccagggggcc tcaccatgac ctctgagggg 120
 ccaatatccc aggagaagca ttggggagtt gggggcaggt gaaggacca ggactcacac 180
 atcctggggc tccaaggcag aggagaggggt cctcaagaag gtcaggagga aaatccgtaa 240
 caagcagtca g 251

<210> 382
 <211> 3279
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 382
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 aagaaggaca gggcctggct cagggtgtcca gaggtgtcg ctggcttccc ttgggatca 480
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cccagctgat agaggaagta gccaggtggg agcctttccc agtgggtgtg ggacatatct 3180
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<210> 383

<211> 155

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 383

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Gly Lys Arg Gly Pro Leu Leu Gln Gly Leu Thr Trp Ala Thr Gly Gly
      20              25              30

His Cys Phe Ser Ser Glu Glu Ser Gly Ala Val Asp Gly Ala Gly Gln
      35              40              45

Lys Lys Asp Arg Ala Trp Leu Arg Cys Pro Glu Ala Val Ala Gly Phe
      50              55              60

Pro Leu Gly Ser Asp Cys Arg Glu Gly Gly Arg Gln Gly Cys Gly Gly
      65              70              75              80

Ser Asp Asp Glu Asp Asp Leu Gly Val Ala Pro Gly Leu Ala Pro Ala
      85              90              95

Trp Ala Leu Thr Gln Pro Pro Ser Gln Ser Pro Gly Pro Gln Ser Leu
      100             105             110

Pro Ser Thr Pro Ser Ser Ile Trp Pro Gln Trp Val Ile Leu Ile Thr
      115             120             125

Glu Leu Thr Ile Pro Ser Pro Ala His Gly Pro Pro Trp Leu Pro Asn
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Ala Leu Glu Arg Gly His Leu Val Arg Glu
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<210> 384
<211> 557
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

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ggggaagggt cccttttgca ttgccaagt ccataacat gagcactact ctaccatggt 180
tctgcctcct ggccaagcag gctggtttgc aagaatgaaa tgaatgattc tacagctagg 240
acttaacctt gaaatggaaa gtcttgcaat cccatttgca ggatccgtct gtgcacatgc 300
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tccccaaagac acatcctaaa aggtgttgta atgggtgaaaa cgtcttcctt ctttattgcc 420
ccttcttatt tatgtgaaca actgtttgc tttttttgta tcttttttaa actgtaaaagt 480
tcaattgtga aaatgaatat catgcaaata aattatgcga ttttttttcc aaagtaaaaa 540
aaaaaaaaa aaaaaaa 557

<210> 385
<211> 337
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 385
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tctcaaagcc atctgctgtc ttcgagtacg gacacatcat cactcctgca ttgttgatca 180
aaacgtggag gtgcttttcc tcagctaaga agcccttagc aaaagctcga atagacttag 240
tatcagacag gtccagtttc cgcaccaaca cctgctgggt ccctgtcgtg gtctggatct 300
ctttggccac caattcccc ttttccacat cccggca 337

<210> 386
<211> 300
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 386
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gccgctcgg ccagagggt gggcgcgggg ctgcctctac cggctggcgg ctgtaactca 120
gcgaccttg cccgaaggct ctagcaagga cccaccgacc ccagccgagg cggcggcggc 180
gcggactttg cccggtgtgt ggggaggagc ggactgctg tccgcggacg ggcagcgaag 240
atgttagcct tcgctgccag gaccgtggac cgatcccagg gctgtggtgt aacctcagcc 300

<210> 387
<211> 537
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 387
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ccccctctg tgccatcatg atcagcacct atgagttcgg caaaagcttc ttccagaggc 120
tgaaccagga ccggcttctg ggcggctgaa aggggcaagg aggcaaggac cccgtctctc 180
ccacggatgg ggagagggca gaggaagacc cagccaagtg ccttttctc agcactgagg 240
gagggggcct gtttcccttc cctcccggcg acaagctcca gggcagggct gtccctctgg 300

gcggcccagc acttcctcag acacaacttc ttctgtctgc tccagtcgtg gggatcatca 360
cttaccacc cccaagttc aagaccaa atctccagctg ccccttcgt gttccctgt 420
gtttgctgta gctgggcatg tctccaggaa ccaagaagcc ctccagcctgg ttagtctcc 480
ctgacccttg ttaattcctt aagtctaaag atgatgaact tcaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaa 537

<210> 388

<211> 520

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 388

aggataattt ttaaaccaat caaatgaaaa aaacaaacaa acaaaaaagg aaatgtcatg 60
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gtttgaagat tgccctctct acagcttctg agaattgtgt tatttcactt gccaaagtga 180
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ccaggaaact gctacttggt gacctcacca gagaccagga gggtttggt agctcacagg 300
acttccccca cccagaaga ttagcatccc atactagact catactcaac tcaactaggc 360
tcatactcaa ttgatgggta ttagacaatt ccatttcttt ctgggttatra taaacagaaa 420
atctttctct ttctcattac cagtaaaggc tcttggtatc ttctgtttgg aatgatttct 480
atgaacttgt cttattttaa tgggtgggtt ttttctggt 520

<210> 389

<211> 365

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 389

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gagttaaggc tggatttcag atctgcctgg ttccagccgc agtgtgccct ctgtccccc 120
aacgactttc caaataatct caccagcgcc ttccagctca ggcgtcctag aagcgtcttg 180
aagcctatgg ccagctgtct ttgtgttccc tctcaccgc ctgtcctcac agctgagact 240
cccaggaaac cttcagacta ccttcctctg ccttcagcaa ggggcgttgc ccacattctc 300
tgagggtcag tggaagaacc tagactccca ttgctagagg tagaaagggg aagggtgctg 360
gggag 365

<210> 390

<211> 221

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (221)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 390

tgctctcca tcttgcccc gacttctctg tcaggaaagt ggggatggac cccatctgca 60
tacacggnnt ctcatgggtg tggaacatct ctgcttgagg ttccaggaag gcctctggct 120
gctctangag tctgancnga ntcgttgccc cantntgaca naaggaaagg cggagcttat 180
tcaaagtcta gagggagtgg aggagttaag gctggatttc a 221

<210> 391

<211> 325

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(325)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 391
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tagccagggc actgctgcca acagccagtc cnnataccat catgtnaccc ggtgngctct 180
naanttngat ntccanagcc ctacccatcn tagttctgct ctcccaccgg ntaccagccc 240
cactgcccag gaatcctaca gccagtaccc tgtcccgacg tctctaccta ccagtacgat 300
gagacctccg gctactacta tgacc 325

<210> 392
<211> 277
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(277)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 392
atattgttta actccttcct ttatatcttt taacattttc atggngaaa gttcacatct 60
agtctcactt nggnagnn ctctacttg agtctcttcc ccggcctggn ccagtngnaa 120
antaccanga accgncatgn cttaanaacn ncctggtttn tgggttnntc aatgactgca 180
tgcagtgcac caccctgtcc actacgtgat gctgtaggat taaagtctca cagtgggcgg 240
ctgaggatac agcgccgcgt cctgtgttgc tggggaa 277

<210> 393
<211> 566
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 393
actagtccag tgtggtggaa ttcgcgccg cgctcgacgga caggtcagct gtctggctca 60
gtgatctaca ttctgaagtt gtctgaaaat gtcttcatga tttaaattcag cctaaacgtt 120
ttgccgggaa cactgcagag acaatgctgt gagtttccaa ccttagccca tctgcccga 180
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ttctgcctca atgtttactg tgcctttgtt tttgctagtt tgtgtgttg aaaaaaaaaa 480
cattctctgc ctgagtttta atttttgtcc aaagttattt taatctatac aattaaaagc 540
ttttgcctat caaaaaaaaa aaaaaa 566

<210> 394
<211> 384
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(384)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 394

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gaacatccag ttctctgata aggacgatgg gaaccagccc caggacccaa ttaccatcac 300
aggggtacgaa aagaacacag aagctgccag ggatgctata ctgagaattg tgggtgaact 360
tgagcagatg gtttctgagg acgt                                     384

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<210> 395

<211> 399

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 395

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tatcagaggt ttcattcatt cggaattgtt ggagtctaag gaaatcatgg cctctgaagt 180
attcacgtct ttccagtacc ctgagttctc tatagagttg cctaacacag gcagaattgg 240
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caagttctct ttggaaagcc tgggcatctc ctactacag acctctgacc atgggacggg 360
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<210> 396

<211> 403

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(403)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 396

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actaaaaaaaa gtggatgaat aatctggata tttttcctaa aaagattcct tgaaacacat 240
taggaaaaatg gagggcctta tgatcagaat gctagaatta gtccattgtg ctgaagcagg 300
gttttagggga gggagtgagg gataaaaagaa ggaaaaaaag aagagtgaga aaacctattt 360
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<210> 397

<211> 100

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(100)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 397

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<210> 398

<211> 278

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(278)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 398

gcggccgcgt cgacagcagt tccgccagcg ctgcgccctg ggtggggatg tgctgcacgc 60
ccacctggac atctggaagt cagcggcctg gatgaaagag cggacttcac ctggggcgat 120
tcactactgt gcctcgacca gtgaggagag ctggaccgac agcgaggtgg actcatcatg 180
ctccgggcag cccatccacc tgtggcagtt cctcaaggag ttgctactca agccccacag 240
ctatggccgc ttcattangt ggctcaacaa ggagaagg 278

<210> 399

<211> 298

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(298)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 399

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ggggtgccng catggagcgc atgggcgcgg gcctgggcca cggcatggat cgcgtgggct 120
ccgagatcga gcgcatgggc ctggatcatg accgcatggg ctccgtggag cgcgtgggct 180
ccggcattga gcgcatgggc ccgctgggcc tcgaccacat ggctccanc attgancgca 240
tgggccagac catggagcgc attggctctg gcgtggagcn catgggtgcc ggcattggg 298

<210> 400

<211> 548

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 400

acatcaacta cttcctcatt ttaaggtatg gcagttccct tcatccccctt ttctgcctt 60
gtacatgtac atgtatgaaa tttccttctc ttaccgaact ctctccacac atcacaagg 120
caaagaacca cagccttaga agggtaagag ggcaccctat gaaatgaaat ggtgatttct 180
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agcagggtt 548

<210> 401
<211> 355
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(355)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 401
actgtttcca tgttatgttt ctacacattg ctacctcagt gctcctggaa acttagcttt 60
tgatgtctcc aagtagtcca ctttcattta actctttgaa actgtatcat ctttgccaag 120
taagagtggg ggcctatttc agctgctttg acaaaatgac tggctcctga cttaacgttc 180
tataaatgaa tgtgctgaag caaagtgcc atgggtggcg cgaagaagan aaagatgtgt 240
tttgttttgg actctctgtg gtcccttcca atgctgnggg tttccaacca ggggaagggt 300
cccttttgca ttgccaaagt ccataaccat gagcactact ctaccatggn tctgc 355

<210> 402
<211> 407
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(407)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 402
atggggcaag ctggataaag aaccaagacc cactggagta tgctgtcttc aagaaaccca 60
tctcacatgc ggtggcatat ataggctcaa aataaaggaa tggagaaaaa tatttcaagc 120
aaatggaaaa cagaaaaaag caggtgttgc actcctactt tctgacaaaa cagactatgc 180
gaataaagat aaaaaagaga aggacattac aaagggtggtc ctgacctttg ataaatctca 240
ttgcttgata ccaacctggg ctgttttaat tgcccaaacc aaaaggataa tttgctgagg 300
ttgtggagct tctcccctgc agagagtcct tgatctccca aaatttggtt gagatgtaag 360
gntgattttg ctgacaactc cttttctgaa gttttactca tttccaa 407

<210> 403
<211> 303
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(303)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 403
cagtatttat agcnaactg aaaagctagt agcaggcaag tctcaaattc aggcacccaa 60
tcctaagcaa gagccatggc atgggtgaaa tgcaaaagga gagtctggcc aatctacaaa 120
tagagaacaa gacctactca gtcataaaca aaaaggcaga caccaacatg gatctcatgg 180
gggattggat attgtaatta tagagcagga agatgacagt gatcgtcatt tggcacaaca 240
tcttaacaac gaccgaaacc cattatttac ataaacctcc attcggtaac catgttgaaa 300
gga 303

<210> 404
<211> 225
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 404
aagtgttaact tttaaaaatt tagtggattt tgaaaattct tagaggaaag taaaggaaaa 60
attgttaatg cactcattta cctttacatg gtgaaagttc tctcttgatc ctacaaacag 120
acattttcca ctctgttttc catagtgtgt aagtgtatca gatgtgttgg gcatgtgaat 180
ctccaagtgc ctgtgtaata aataaagtat ctttatttca ttcatt 225

<210> 405
<211> 334
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (334)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 405
gagctgttat actgtgagtt ctactaggaa atcatcaaatt ctgagggttg tctggaggac 60
ttcaatacac ctcccccat agtgaatcag cttccagggg gtccagtcct tctccttact 120
tcatccccat cccatgccaa aggaagaccc tccctccttg gctcacagcc ttctctaggg 180
ttcccagtgct ctccaggaca gagtgggtta tgttttcagc tccatccttg ctgtgagtg 240
ctggtgcggt tgtgcctcca gcttctgctc agtgcttcat ggacagtgtc cagcccatgt 300
cactctccac tctctcannn tggatccccac ccct 334

<210> 406
<211> 216
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (216)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 406
tttcatacct aatgagggag ttganatnac atnnaaccag gaaatgcatg gatctcaang 60
gaaacaaaca cccaataaac tcggagtggc agactgacaa ctgtgagaca tgcacttgct 120
acnaaacaca aattttnatgt tgcacccttg tttctacacc tgtgggttat gacaaagaca 180
actgccaaag aatnttcaag aaggaggact gccant 216

<210> 407
<211> 413
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 407
gctgacttgc tagtatcatc tgcattcatt gaagcacaag aacttcatgc cttgactcat 60
gtaaatgcaa taggattaaa aaataaattt gatatcacat ggaaacagac aaaaaatatt 120
gtacaacatt gcaccagtg tcagattcta cacctggcca ctgaggaagc aagagttaat 180
cccagaggtc tatgtcctaa tgtgttatgg caaatggatg tcatgcacgt accttcattt 240

ggaaaattgt catttgtcca tgtgacagtt gatacttatt cacatttcat atgggcaacc 300
tgccagacag gagaaagtct tcccatgtta aaagacattt attatcttgt ttctctgtca 360
tgggagttcc agaaaaagtt aaaacagaca atggggcagg ttctgtagta aag 413

<210> 408

<211> 183

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(183)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 408

ggagctngcc ctcaattcct ccatntctat gttancatat ttaatgtctt ttgnnattaa 60
tncttaacta gttaatcctt aaagggctan ntaatcctta actagtcctt ccattgtgag 120
cattatcctt ccagtattcn ccttctnttt tatttactcc ttcttggtta cccatgtact 180
ntt 183

<210> 409

<211> 250

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(250)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 409

cccacgcatg ataagctctt tatttctgta agtcctgcta ggaaatcatc aaatctgacg 60
gtgggttggg ggacctgaac aaacctcctg taattaatca gctttcagtt tctcccccta 120
gtccctcctt caacaacata ggaggatcct ccccttcttt ctgctcacgg ccttatctag 180
gcttccagtg gccccagga cagcgtgggc tatgtttaca ggccttcctt gctggggggg 240
ggcctatgc 250

<210> 410

<211> 306

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(306)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 410

ggctgggttg caagaatgaa atgaatgatt ctacagctag gacttaacct tgaaatggaa 60
agtcttgcaa tccatttgc aggatccgtc tgtgcacatg cctctgtaga gaggcagcatt 120
cccagggaacc ttggaaacag ttggcactgt aagggtgctt ctccccaaga cacatcctaa 180
aagggtgttg aatgggtgaaa accgcttcct tctttattgc cccttcttat ttatgtgaac 240
nactgggttg ctttttttgn atctttttta aactggaaag ttcaattgng aaaatgaata 300
tcntgc 306

<210> 411
<211> 261
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(261)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 411
agagatattn cttaggtnaa agttcataga gttcccatga actatatgac tggccacaca 60
ggatcttttg tatttaagga ttctgagatt ttgcttgagc aggattagat aaggctgttc 120
tttaaatgtc tgaaatggaa cagatttcaa aaaaaaaccc cacaatctag ggtgggaaca 180
aggaaggaaa gatgtgaata ggctgatggg caaaaaacca atttaccat cagttccagc 240
cttctctcaa ggngaggcaa a 261

<210> 412
<211> 241
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(241)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 412
gttcaatggt acctgacatt tctacaacac ccactcacc gatgtattcg ttgccagtg 60
ggaacatacc agcctgaatt tggaaaaaat aattgtgttt cttgccagg aaatactacg 120
actgaacttg atggctccac aaacataacc cagtgtaaaa acagaagatg tggaggggag 180
ctgggagatt tctctgggta cattgaattc ccaaactacc cangcaatta cccagccaac 240
a 241

<210> 413
<211> 231
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(231)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 413
aactcttaca atccaagtga ctcatctgtg tgcttgaatc cttccactg tctcatctcc 60
ctcatccaag tttctagtag cttctctttg ttgtgaagga taatcaaact gaacaacaaa 120
aagtttactc tcctcatttg gaacctaaaa actctcttct tcctgggtct gagggctcca 180
agaatccttg aatcanttct cagatcattg gggacaccan atcaggaacc t 231

<210> 414
<211> 234
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 414

```
actgtccatg aagcactgag cagaagctgg aggcacaacg caccagacac tcacagcaag 60
gatggagctg aaaacataac ccactctgtc ctggaggcac tgggaagcct agagaaggct 120
gtgagccaag gagggagggt cttcctttgg catgggatgg ggatgaagta aggagaggga 180
ctggaccccc tggaagctga ttcactatgg ggggagggtg attgaagtcc tcca      234
```

<210> 415

<211> 217

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(217)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 415

```
gcataggatt aagactgagt atcttttcta cattctttta acttttctaag gggcacttct 60
caaaacacag accaggtagc aaatctccac tgctctaagg ntctcaccac cacttttctca 120
cacctagcaa tagtagaatt cagtcctact tctgaggcca gaagaatggg tcagaaaaat 180
antggattat aaaaaataac aattaagaaa aataatc      217
```

<210> 416

<211> 213

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(213)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 416

```
atgcatatnt aaagganact gcctcgcttt tagaagacat ctggngctgct ctctgcatga 60
ggcacagcag taaagctctt tgattcccag aatcaagaac tctccccttc agactattac 120
cgaatgcaag gtggttaatt gaaggccact aattgatgct caaatagaag gatattgact 180
atattggaac agatggagtc tctactacaa aag      213
```

<210> 417

<211> 303

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(303)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 417

```
nagtcttcag gcccatcagg gaagttcaca ctggagagaa gtcatacata tgtactgtat 60
gtgggaaagg ctttactctg agttcaaatc ttcaagccca tcagagagtc cacactggag 120
agaagccata caaatgcaat gagtgtggga agagcttcag gagggattcc cattatcaag 180
ttcatctagt ggtccacaca ggagagaaac cctataaatg tgagatatgt gggaagggct 240
tcantcaaag ttcgtatctt caaatccatc ngaaggncca cagtatanan aaacctttta 300
agt      303
```


<210> 418
<211> 328
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(328)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 418
tttttggcgg tgggtggggca gggacgggac angagtctca ctctgttgcc caggctggag 60
tgcacaggca tgatctcggc tcactacaac ccctgcctcc catgtccaag cgattcttgt 120
gcctcagcct tccctgtagc tagaattaca ggcacatgcc accacacca gctagttttt 180
gtatttttag tagagacagg gtttcaccat gttggccagg ctgggtctcaa actcctnacc 240
tcagnggtca ggctggtctc aaactcctga cctcaagtga tctgcccacc tcagcctccc 300
aaagtgctan gattacaggc cgtgagcc 328

<210> 419
<211> 389
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(389)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 419
cctcctcaag acggcctgtg gtccgcctcc cggcaaccaa gaagcctgca gtgccatag 60
acccttgagc catggactgg agcctgaaag gcagcgtaca ccctgctcct gatcttgctg 120
cttgtttcct ctctgtggct ccattcatag cacagtgtgt gcaactgaggc ttgtgcaggc 180
cgagcaaggc caagctggct caaagagcaa ccagtcaact ctgccacggt gtgccaggca 240
ccggttctcc agccaccaac ctactcgtc cccgcaaagt gcacatcagt tcttctaccc 300
taaaggtagg accaaagggc atctgctttt ctgaagtcct ctgctctatc agccatcacg 360
tggcagccac tcnggctgtg tcgacgcgg 389

<210> 420
<211> 408
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 420
gttcctccta actcctgcc aaaaacagctc tcttcaacat gagagctgca cccctcctcc 60
tggccagggc agcaagcctt agccttggct tcttgtttct gctttttttc tggctagacc 120
gaagtgtact agccaaggag ttgaagtgtg tgacttttgt gtttcggcat ggagaccgaa 180
gtcccattga cacctttccc actgacccca taaaggaatc ctcatggcca caaggatttg 240
gccaaactcac ccagctgggc atggagcagc attatgaact tggagagtat ataagaaaga 300
gatatagaaa attcttgaat gagtcctata aacatgaaca ggtttatatt cgaagcacag 360
acgttgaccg gactttgatg aagtgtctatg acaaacctgg caagcccg 408

<210> 421
<211> 352
<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(352)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 421

```
gctcaaaaat ctttttactg atnggcatgg ctacacaatc attgactatt acggaggcca 60
gaggagaatg aggcctggcc tgggagccct gtgcctacta naagcacatt agattatcca 120
ttcactgaca gaacaggtct tttttgggtc cttcttctcc accacnatac atttgagtc 180
ctccttcttg aagattcttt ggcagttgtc tttgtcataa cccacaggtg tagaaacaag 240
ggtgcaacat gaaatttctg ttcgtagca agtgcattgc tcacaagttg gcangtctgc 300
cactccgagt ttattgggtg tttgtttcct ttgagatcca tgcatttctt gg 352
```

<210> 422

<211> 337

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 422

```
atgccaccat gctggcaatg cagcgggagg tccaaggcct gcatatccag cccaagctgg 60
cgatgatcga cggcaaccgt tgcccgaagt tgccgatgcc agccgaagcg gtgggtcaagg 120
gcatagacaa ggtgccggcg atcgcgggcg cgtcaatcct ggccaaggct agccgtgatc 180
gtgaaatggc agctgtcgaa ttgatctacc cgggttatgg catcggcggg cataagggtc 240
atccgacacc ggtgcacctg gaagccttgc agcggctggg gccgacgccg attcaccgac 300
gcttcttccg ccggtacggc tggcctatga aaatttat 337
```

<210> 423

<211> 310

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(310)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 423

```
gctcaaaaat ctttttactg atatggcatg gctacacaat cattgactat tagaggccag 60
aggagaatga ggcctggcct gggagccctg tgccctacta aagcncatta gattatccat 120
tcactgacag aacaggtctt ttttgggtcc ttcttctcca ccacgatata cttgcagtc 180
tccttcttga agattctttg gcagttgtct ttgtcataac ccacaggtgt anaaacaagg 240
gtgcaacatg aaatttctgt ttcgtagcaa gtgcatgtct cacagttgtc aagtctgccc 300
tccgagttta 310
```

<210> 424

<211> 370

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(370)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 424

```

gctcaaaaat ctttttactg ataggcatgg ctacacaatc attgactatt agaggccaga 60
ggagaatgag gcctggcctg ggagccctgt gcctactaga agcacattag attatccatt 120
cactgacaga acaggctctt tttgggtcct tcttctccac cacgatatac ttgcagtcct 180
ccttcttgaa gattcttttg cagttgtctt tgtcataacc cacaggtgta gaaacatcct 240
ggttgaatct cctggaactc cctcattagg tatgaaatag catgatgcat tgcataaagt 300
cacgaagggt gcaaagatca caacgctgcc cagganaaca ttcattgtga taagcaggac 360
tccgtcgacg                                     370

```

<210> 425

<211> 216

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(216)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 425

```

aattgctatn ntatttttg ccaactcaaaa taattaccaa aaaaaaaaaa tnttaaataga 60
taacaacnca acatcaaggn aaananaaca ggaatggntg acntngcata aatnggccga 120
anattatcca ttatnttaag gggtgacttc aggntacagc acacagacaa acatgcccag 180
gaggntntca ggaccgctcg atgtnttntg aggagg                                     216

```

<210> 426

<211> 596

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 426

```

cttccagtga ggataaccct gttgccccgg gccgagggtc tccattaggc tctgattgat 60
tggcagtcag tgatggaagg gtgttctgat cattccgact gccccagggt tcgctggcca 120
gctctctgtt ttgctgagtt ggcagtagga cctaatttgt taattaagag tagatgggtga 180
gctgtccttg tattttgatt aacctaattg ccttcccagc acgactcgga ttcagctgga 240
gacatcacgg caacttttaa tgaaatgatt tgaagggcca ttaagaggca cttcccgtta 300
ttaggcagtt catctgcact gataacttct tggcagctga gctggtcgga gctgtggccc 360
aaacgcacac ttggcttttg gttttgagat acaactctta atcttttagt catgcttgag 420
gggtgatggc cttttcagct ttaacccaat ttgcaactgc ttggaagtgt agccaggaga 480
atacactcat atactcgtgg gcttagaggc cacagcagat gtcattgggt tactgcctga 540
gtcccgtctg tcccatccca ggaccttcca tcggcgagta cctgggagcc cgtgct      596

```

<210> 427

<211> 107

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(107)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 427

```

gaagaattca agtttaggttt attcaaaggg cttacngaga atcctanacc caggncccag 60

```

cccgaggagca gccttanaga gctcctgttt gactgcccgg ctcagng

107

<210> 428

<211> 38

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(38)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 428

gaacttcna anaangactt tattcactat tttacatt

38

<210> 429

<211> 544

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 429

ctttgctgga cggaataaaa gtggacgcaa gcatgacctc ctgatgaggg cgctgcattt 60
attgaagagc ggctgcagcc ctgcggttca gattaaaatc cgagaattgt atagacgccg 120
atatccacga actcttgaag gactttctga tttatccaca atcaaatacat cggttttcag 180
tttggtggtt ggctcatcac ctgtagaacc tgacttggcc gtggctggaa tccactcggt 240
gccttccact tcagttacac ctcactcacc atcctctcct gttgggtctg tgctgcttca 300
agatactaag cccacatttg agatgcagca gccatctccc ccaattcctc ctgtccatcc 360
tgatgtgcag ttaaaaaatc tgccctttta tgatgtcctt gatgttctca tcaagccac 420
gagtttagtt caaagcagta ttcagcgatt tcaagagaag ttttttattt ttgctttgac 480
acctcaacaa gttagagaga tatgcatatc cagggatttt ttgccagggt gtaggagaga 540
ttat 544

<210> 430

<211> 507

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(507)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 430

cttatcncaa tggggctccc aaacttggtt gtgcagtgga aactccgggg gaattttgaa 60
gaacactgac acccatcttc caccgccaca ctctgattta attgggctgc agtgagaaca 120
gagcatcaat ttaaaaagct gccagaatg ttntcctggg cagcgttgtg atctttgccn 180
ccttcgtgac tttatgcaat gcatcatgct atttcatacc taatgaggga gttccaggag 240
attcaaccag gatgtttcta cncctgtggg ttatgacaaa gacaactgcc aaagaatntt 300
caagaaggag gactgcaagt atatcgtggt ggagaagaag gacccaaaaa agacctgttc 360
tgtcagtga tggataatct aatgtgcttc tagtaggcac agggctccca ggccaggcct 420
cattctcctc tggcctctaa tagtcaatga ttgtgtagcc atgcctatca gtaaaaagat 480
ttttgagcaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaa 507

<210> 431

<211> 392

<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(392)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 431
gaaaattcag aatggataaa aacaaatgaa gtacaaaata tttcagattt acatagcgat 60
aaacaagaaa gcacttatca ggaggactta caaatggaag tacactctan aaccatcatc 120
tatcatggct aaatgtgaga ttagcacagc tgtattattt gtacattgca aacacctaga 180
aagagatggg aaacaaaatc ccaggagttt tgtgtgtgga gtcctgggtt ttccaacaga 240
catcattcca gcattctgag attagggnga ttggggatca ttctggagtt ggaatgttca 300
acaaaagtga tgttgttagg taaaatgtac aacttctgga tctatgcaga cattgaaggt 360
gcaatgagtc tggcttttac tctgctgttt ct 392

<210> 432
<211> 387
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(387)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 432
ggatccnta cataatcaaa tatagctgta gtacatgttt tcattggngt agattaccac 60
aaatgcaagg caacatgtgt agatctcttg tcttattctt ttgtctataa tactgtattg 120
ngtagtccaa gctctcggna gtccagccac tngaaacat gctcccttta gattaacctc 180
gtggacnctn ttgttgnatt gtctgaactg tagngccctg tatTTtgctt ctgtctgnga 240
attctgttgc ttctggggca tttccttgng atgcagagga ccaccacaca gatgacagca 300
atctgaattg ntccaatcac agctgcgatt aagacatact gaaatcgta aggaccggga 360
acaacgtata gaacactgga gtccttt 387

<210> 433
<211> 281
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(281)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 433
ttcaactagc anagaanact gcttcagggn gtgtaaaatg aaaggcttcc acgcagttat 60
ctgattaaag aacactaaga gagggacaag gctagaagcc gcaggatgtc tacactatag 120
caggcnctat ttgggttggc tggaggagct gtggaaaaca tggagagatt ggcgctggag 180
atcgccgtgg ctattcctcn ttgntattac accagngagg ntctctgtnt gccactgggt 240
tnnaaaaccg ntatacaata atgatagaat aggacacaca t 281

<210> 434
<211> 484

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 434

```
ttttaaaata agcatttagt gctcagtcctt tactgagtag tctttctctc ccttcctctg 60
aatttaattc tttcaacttg caatttgcaa ggattacaca tttcactgtg atgtatattg 120
tggtgcacaaa aaaaaaaagt gtctttgttt aaaattactt ggtttgtaga tccatcttgc 180
tttttcccca ttggaactag tcattaaccc atctctgaac tggtagaaaa acatctgaag 240
agctagtcta tcagcatctg acaggtgaat tggatgggtc tcagaacccat ttcacccaga 300
cagcctgttt ctatctgtt taataaatta gtttgggttc tctacatgca taacaaaccc 360
tgctccaatc tgtcacataa aagtctgtga cttgaagttt agtcagcacc cccaccaaac 420
tttatttttc tatgtgtttt ttgcaacata tgagtgtttt gaaaataaag tacccatgtc 480
ttaa
```

484

<210> 435

<211> 424

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 435

```
gcgcccgtca gagcaggtca ctttctgcct tccacgtcct ctttcaagga agccccatgt 60
gggtagcttt caatatcgca ggttcttact cctctgcctc tataagctca aaccacacaa 120
cgatcgggca agtaaacccc ctccctcgcc gacttcggaa ctggcgagag ttcagcgcag 180
atgggcctgt ggggaggggg caagatagat gagggggagc ggcattggtc ggggtgaccc 240
cttggagaga ggaaaaaggc cacaagaggg gctgccaccg ccactaacgg agatggccct 300
ggtagagacc tttgggggtc tggaacctct ggactcccca tgctctaact cccacactct 360
gctatcagaa acttaaaactt gaggattttc tctgtttttc actcgcaata aattcagagc 420
aaac
```

424

<210> 436

<211> 667

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(667)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 436

```
accttgggaa nactctcaca atataaaggg tcgtagactt tactccaaat tccaaaaagg 60
tcctggccat gtaatcctga aagttttccc aaggtagcta taaaatcctt ataaggggtg 120
agcctcttct ggaattcttc tgatttcaaa gtctcactct caagttcttg aaaacgaggg 180
cagttcctga aaggcaggta tagcaactga tcttcagaaa gaggaactgt gtgcaccggg 240
atgggctgcc agagtaggat aggattccag atgctgacac cttctggggg aaacagggct 300
gccaggtttg tcatagcact catcaaagtc cgggtcaacgt ctgtgcttcg aatataaacc 360
tgttcatgtt tataggactc attcaagaat tttctatatc tctttcttat atactctcca 420
agttcataat gctgctccat gccagctggg gtgagttggc caaatccttg tggccatgag 480
gattccttta tggggtcagt gggaaagggt tcaatgggac ttcgggtctc atgccgaaac 540
accaaagtca caaacttcaa ctcttggtc agtacacttc ggtctagcca gaaaaaaagc 600
agaaacaaga agccaaggct aaggcttgct gccctgccag gaggaggggt gcagctctca 660
tgttgag
```

667

<210> 437

<211> 693

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 437

```
ctacgtctca accctcattt ttaggtaagg aatcttaagt ccaaagatat taagtgactc 60
acacagccag gtaaggaaag ctggattggc acactaggac tctaccatac cgggttttgt 120
taaaagctcag gttaggaggc tgataagctt ggaaggaaact tcagacagct ttttcagatc 180
ataaaaagata attcttagcc catgttcttc tccagagcag acctgaaatg acagcacagc 240
aggtactcct ctattttcac cctcttgct tctactctct ggcagtcaga cctgtgggag 300
gccatgggag aaagcagctc tctggatgtt tgtacagatc atggactatt ctctgtggac 360
catttctcca ggttacccta ggtgtcacta ttggggggac agccagcatc tttagctttc 420
atttgagttt ctgtctgtct tcagtagagg aaacttttgc tcttcacact tcacatctga 480
acacctaaact gctgttgctc ctgaggtggg gaaagacaga tatagagctt acagtattta 540
tcctattttc aggcactgag ggctgtgggg taccttgtgg tgccaaaaca gatcctgttt 600
taaggacatg ttgcttcaga gatgtctgta actatctggg ggctctgttg gctctttacc 660
ctgcatcatg tgctctcttg gctgaaaatg acc                                     693
```

<210> 438

<211> 360

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 438

```
ctgcttatca caatgaatgt tctcctgggc agcgttgtga tctttgccac ctctcgtgact 60
ttatgcaatg catcatgcta ttccatacct aatgagggag ttccaggaga ttcaaccagg 120
atgtttctac acctgtgggt tatgacaaaag acaactgcc aagaatcttc aagaaggagg 180
actgcaagta tatctgggtg agaagaagga cccaaaaaag acctgttctg tcagtgaatg 240
gataatctaa tgtgcttcta gtaggcacag ggctcccag ccaggcctca ttctcctctg 300
gcctctaata gtcaataatt gtgtagccat gcctatcagt aaaaagattt ttgagcaaac 360
```

<210> 439

<211> 431

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(431)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 439

```
gttcctnnta actcctgcc a gaaacagctc tctcaacat gagagctgca cccctcctcc 60
tggccagggc agcaagcctt agccttggct tcttgtttct gctttttttc tggctagacc 120
gaagtgtact agccaaggag ttgaagtttg tgactttggg gtttcggcat ggagaccgaa 180
gtccccattga cacctttccc actgacccca taaaggaatc ctcatggcca caaggatttg 240
gccaactcac ccagctgggc atggagcagc attatgaact tggagagtat ataagaaaga 300
gatatagaaa attcttgaat gagtccata aacatgaaca ggtttatatt cgaagcacag 360
acgttgaccg gactttgatg agtgctatga caaacctggc agcccgtcga cgcggccgcg 420
aatttagtag t                                     431
```

<210> 440

<211> 523

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 440

```
agagataaag cttagggtcaa agttcataga gttcccatga actatatgac tggccacaca 60
ggatcttttg tatttaagga ttctgagatt ttgcttgagc aggattagat aaggctgttc 120
tttaaagtgc tgaaatggaa cagatttcaa aaaaaaaccc cacaatctag ggtgggaaca 180
aggaaggaaa gatgtgaata ggctgatggg caaaaaacca atttacccat cagttccagc 240
cttctctcaa ggagaggcaa agaaaggaga tacagtggag acatctggaa agttttctcc 300
actggaaaac tgctactatc tgtttttata tttctgttaa aatatatgag gctacagaac 360
taaaaaattaa aacctctttg tgtcccttgg tcctggaaaca tttatgttcc ttttaaagaa 420
acaaaaatca aactttacag aaagatttga tgtatgtaat acatatagca gctcttgaag 480
tatatatatc atagcaaata agtcatctga tgagaacaag cta 523
```

<210> 441

<211> 430

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 441

```
gttcctccta actcctgcc aaaacagctc tcctcaacat gagagctgca cccctcctcc 60
tggccagggc agcaagcctt agccttggct tcttgtttct gcttttttcc tggctagacc 120
gaagtgtact agccaaggag ttgaagtgtg tgacttgggt gtttcggcat ggagaccgaa 180
gtcccatatga cacctttccc actgacccca taaaggaaac ctcattggca caaggatttg 240
gccaactcac ccagctgggc atggagcagc attatgaact tggagagtat ataagaaaga 300
gatatagaaa attcttgaat gagtccata aacatgaaca ggtttatatt cgaagcacag 360
acgttgaccg gactttgatg agtgctatga caaacctggc agcccgtcga cgcgcccgcg 420
aathtagtag 430
```

<210> 442

<211> 362

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 442

```
ctaaggaatt agtagtggtc ccatcacttg tttggagtgt gctattctaa aagattttga 60
tttcttgga tgacaattat attttaactt tgggtgggga aagagttata ggaccacagt 120
cttcacttct gatacttgta aattaatctt ttattgcact tgttttgacc attagctat 180
atgttttagaa atgggtcattt tacggaaaaa ttgaaaaaat tctgataata gtgcagaata 240
aatgaattaa tgttttactt aattttatatt gaactgtcaa tgacaaataa aaattctttt 300
tgattatttt ttgttttcat ttaccagaat aaaaactaag aattaaaagt ttgattacag 360
tc 362
```

<210> 443

<211> 624

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(624)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 443

```
ttttttttt gcaacacaat atacatcaca gtgaaatgtg taatccttgc aaattgcaag 60
ttgaaagaa taaattcaga ggagggggaga gaaagagtac tcagtaggga ctgagcacta 120
aatgcttatt ttaaaagaaa tgtaaagagc agaaagcaat tcaggctacc ctgccttttg 180
tgctggctag tactccggtc ggtgtcagca gcacgtggca ttgaacattg caatgtggag 240
```


cccaaaccac agaaaatggg gtgaaattgg ccaactttct attaacttgg cttcctgttt 300
tataaaatat tgtgaataat atcacctact tcaaagggca gttatgaggc ttaaataaac 360
taacgcctac aaaacactta aacatagata acatagggtgc aagtactatg tatctggtac 420
atggtaaaca tccttattat taaagtcaac gctaaaatga atgtgtgtgc atatgctaata 480
agtacagaga gagggcactt aaaccaacta agggcctgga ggggaaggttt cctggaaaaga 540
ngatgcttgt gctgggtcca aatcttgggc tactatgacc ttggccaaat tatttaaact 600
ttgtccctat ctgctaaaca gatc 624

<210> 444

<211> 425

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(425)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 444

gcacatcatt nntcttgcatt tctttgagaa taagaagatc agtaaatagt tcagaagtgg 60
gaagctttgt ccaggcctgt gtgtgaaccc aatgttttgc ttagaaatag aacaagtaag 120
ttcattgcta tagcataaca caaaatttgc ataagtggtg gtcagcaaat ccttgaatgc 180
tgcttaatgt gagaggttgg taaaatcctt tgtgcaacac tctaactccc tgaatgtttt 240
gctgtgctgg gacctgtgca tgccagacaa ggccaagctg gctgaaagag caaccagcca 300
cctctgcaat ctgccacctc ctgctggcag gatttgtttt tgcacctgt gaagagccaa 360
ggaggcacca gggcataagt gagtagactt atggtcgcag cggccgcgaa tttagtagta 420
gtaga 425

<210> 445

<211> 414

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(414)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 445

catgtttatg ntthttggatt actttgggca cctagtgttt ctaaaatcgtc tatcattctt 60
ttctgttttt caaaagcaga gatggccaga gtctcaacaa actgtatctt caagtctttg 120
tgaaattctt tgcattgtggc agattattgg atgtagtctt ctttaactag catataaatc 180
tggtgtgttt cagataaatg aacagcaaaa tgtgggtggaa ttaccatttg gaacattgtg 240
aatgaaaaat tgtgtctcta gattatgtaa caaataacta tttcctaacc attgatcttt 300
ggatttttat aatcctactc acaaataact aggtctctcc tcttgtattt tgaagcagtg 360
tgggtgctgg attgataaaa aaaaaaaaaa tgcagcgcgc gcgaattta gtag 414

<210> 446

<211> 631

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(631)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 446

```
acaaattaga anaaagtgcc agagaacacc acataccttg tccggaacat tacaatggct 60
tctgcatgca tgggaagtgt gagcattcta tcaatatgca ggagccatct tgcagggtgtg 120
atgctgggta tactggacaa cactgtgaaa aaaaggacta cagtgttcta tacgtttgttc 180
ccggtcctgt acgatttcag tatgtcttaa tcgcagctgt gattggaaca attcagattg 240
ctgtcatctg tgtggtgggc ctctgcatca caagggccaa actttaggta atagcattgg 300
actgagattt gtaaaactttc caaccttcca ggaaatgccc cagaagcaac agaattcaca 360
gacagaagca aaatacaggg cactacagtt cagacaatac aacaagagcg tccacgaggt 420
taatctaaag ggagcatgtt tcacagtggc tggactaccg agagcttggg ctacacaata 480
cagtattata gacaaaagaa taagacaaga gatctacaca tgttgccctg cattttgtgg 540
aatctacacc aatgaaaaca tgtactacag ctatatattga ttatgtatgg atatatttga 600
aatagtatac attgtcttga tgttttttct g                                     631
```

<210> 447

<211> 585

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(585)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 447

```
ccttgaggaaa antntcacia tataaagggt cgtagacttt actccaaatt ccaaaaaggt 60
cctggccatg taatcctgaa agttttccca aggtagctat aaaatcctta taaggggtgca 120
gcctcttctg gaattcctct gatttcaaag tctcactctc aagttcttga aaacgagggc 180
agttcctgaa aggaggtat agcaactgat cttcagaaag aggaactgtg tgcaccggga 240
tgggctgcca gagtaggata ggattccaga tgctgacacc ttctggggga aacagggctg 300
ccaggtttgt catagcactc atcaaagtcc ggtcaacgtc tgtgcttcga atataaacct 360
gttcatgttt ataggactca ttcaagaatt ttctatatct ctttcttata tactctccaa 420
gttcataatg ctgctccatg cccagctggg tgagttggcc aaatccttgt ggccatgagg 480
attcctttat ggggtcagtg ggaaagggtg caatgggact tcggtctcca tgccgaaaca 540
ccaaagtcac aaacttcaac tccttggcta gtacacttcg gtcta                                     585
```

<210> 448

<211> 93

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(93)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 448

```
tgctcgtggg tcattctgan nnccgaactg accntgccag ccctgccgan gggccnccat 60
ggctccctag tgccctggag agganggggc tag                                     93
```

<210> 449

<211> 706

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(706)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 449
 ccaagttcat gctntgtgct ggacgctgga cagggggcaa aagcnnttgc tcgtgggtca 60
 ttctgancac cgaactgacc atgccagccc tgccgatggt cctccatggc tccctagtgc 120
 cctggagagg aggtgtctag tcagagagta gtcctggaag gtggcctctg ngaggagcca 180
 cggggacagc atcctgcaga tggtcgggag cgcccattc gccattcagg ctgcgcaact 240
 gttgggaagg gcgatcgggt cgggcctctt cgctattacg ccagctggcg aaagggggat 300
 gtgctgcaag gcgattaagt tgggtaacgc cagggttttc ccagtcncga cgttgtaaaa 360
 cgacggccag tgaattgaat ttaggtgacn ctatagaaga gctatgacgt cgcattgcacg 420
 cgtacgtaag cttggatcct ctagagcggc cgctactac tactaaattc gcggccgctg 480
 cgacgtggga tccncaactga gagagtggag agtgacatgt gctggacnct gtccatgaag 540
 cactgagcag aagctggagg cacaacgcnc cagacactca cagctactca ggaggctgag 600
 aacagggtga acctgggagg tggagggtgc aatgagctga gatcaggccn ctgcncacca 660
 gcatggatga cagagtgaag ctccatctta aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaa 706

<210> 450
 <211> 493
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 450
 gagacggagt gtcactctgt tgcccaggct ggagtgcagc aagacactgt ctaagaaaaa 60
 acagttttta aaggtaaaac aacataaaaa gaaatatcct atagtggaaa taagagagtc 120
 aaatgaggct gagaacttta caaagggatc ttacagacat gtcgccaata tcaactgcatg 180
 agcctaagta taagaacaac ctttggggag aaaccatcat ttgacagtga ggtacaattc 240
 caagtcagggt agtgaaatgg gtggaattaa actcaaatta atcctgccag ctgaaacgca 300
 agagacactg tcagagagtt aaaaagttag ttctatccat gaggtgattc cacagtcttc 360
 tcaagtcaac acatctgtga actcacagac caagttctta aaccactgtt caaactctgc 420
 tacacatcag aatcacctgg agagctttac aaactcccat tgccgagggg cgacgcgggc 480
 gcgaatttag tag 493

<210> 451
 <211> 501
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(501)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 451
 gggcgcgtcc cattcgccat tcaggctgag caactgttgg gaagggcgat cgggtcgggc 60
 ctcttcgcta ttacgccagc tggcgaaagg gggatgtgct gcaaggcgat taagttgggt 120
 aacgccaggg ttttcccagt cncgacgttg taaaacgacg gccagtgaat tgaatttagg 180
 tgacnctata gaagagctat gacgtcgcat gcacgcgtac gtaagcttgg atcctctaga 240
 gcggccgcct actactacta aattcgcggc cgcgctgacg tgggatccnc actgagagag 300
 tggagagtga catgtgctgg acnctgtcca tgaagcactg agcagaagct ggaggcacia 360
 cgcncagac actcacagct actcaggagg ctgagaacag gttgaacctg ggagggtggag 420
 gttgcaatga gctgagatca ggccnctgcn ccccgagcat gatgacagag tgaaactcca 480

tctttaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa a

501

<210> 452

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(51)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 452

agacggtttc accnttaca cnccttttag gatgggnntt ggggagcaag c

51

<210> 453

<211> 317

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(317)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 453

tacatcttgc tttttcccca ttggaactag tcattaaccc atctctgaac tggtagaaaa 60
acatctgaag agctagtcta tcagcatctg gcaagtgaat tggatgggtc tcagaaccat 120
ttcaccana cagcctgttt ctatcctgtt taataaatta gtttgggttc tctacatgca 180
taacaaaccc tgctccaatc tgtcacataa aagtctgtga cttgaagttt antcagcacc 240
cccacaaac tttatttttc tatgtgtttt ttgcaacata tgagtgtttt gaaaataagg 300
taccatgtc tttatta 317

<210> 454

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 454

ttcgaggtag aatcaactct cagagtgtag tttccttcta tagatgagtc agcatataa 60
taagccacgc cagctcttg aaggagtctt gaattctcct ctgtcactc agtagaacca 120
agaagaccaa attcttctgc atcccagctt gcaaacaaaa ttgttcttct aggtctccac 180
ccttctttt tcagtgttcc aaagctctc acaatttcat gaacaacagc t 231

<210> 455

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 455

taccaaagag ggcataataa tcagtctcac agtaggggtc accatcctcc aagtgaaaaa 60
cattgttccg aatgggcttt ccacaggcta cacacacaaa acaggaaaca tgccaagttt 120
gtttcaacgc attgatgact tctccaagga tcttctttg gcatcgacca cattcagggg 180
caaagaattt ctcatagcac agctcacaat acagggtctc tttctctct a 231

<210> 456
<211> 231
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 456
ttggcaggta cccttacaaa gaagacacca taccttatgc gttattaggt ggaataatca 60
ttccattcag tattatcggt attattcttg gagaaaccct gtctgtttac tgtaaccttt 120
tgcactcaaa ttcctttatc aggaataact acatagccac tatttacaaa gccattggaa 180
cctttttatt tgggtgcagct gctagtcagt ccctgactga cattgccaag t 231

<210> 457
<211> 231
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(231)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 457
cgaggtagcc aggggtctga aaatctctnn tttantagtc gatagcaaaa ttgttcatca 60
gcattcctta atatgatctt gctataatta gatttttctc cattagagtt catcacgttt 120
tatttgattt tattagcaat ctctttcaga agacccttga gatcattaag ctttgtatcc 180
agttgtctaa atcgatgcct catttcctct gaggtgtcgc tggcttttgc g 231

<210> 458
<211> 231
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 458
aggtctggtt cccccactt ccactccct ctactctctc taggactggg ctgggccaag 60
agaagagggg tggtaggga agccgttgag acctgaagcc ccaccctcta ccttccttca 120
acaccctaac cttgggtaac agcatttga attatcattt gggatgagta gaatttccaa 180
ggtcctgggt taggcatttt ggggggccag accccaggag aagaagattc t 231

<210> 459
<211> 231
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 459
ggtaccgagg ctcgctgaca cagagaaacc ccaacgcgag gaaaggaatg gccagccaca 60
ccttcgcaaa acctgtggtg gccaccagt cctaacggga caggacagag agacagagca 120
gcctgcact gttttccctc caccacagcc atcctgtccc tcattggctc tgtgctttcc 180
actatacaca gtcaccgtcc caatgagaaa caagaaggag caccctccac a 231

<210> 460
<211> 231
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 460

```
gcagggtataa catgctgcaa caacagatgt gactaggaac ggccggtgac atggggaggg 60
cctatcaccc tattcttggg ggctgcttct tcacagtgat catgaagcct agcagcaa 120
cccacctccc cacacgcaca cggccagcct ggagcccaca gaagggtcct cctgcagcca 180
gtggagcttg gtccagcctc cagtccaccc ctaccaggct taaggataga a 231
```

<210> 461

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 461

```
cgagggtttga gaagctctaa tgtgcagggg agccgagaag caggcggcct agggaggggc 60
gcgtgtgctc cagaagagtg tgtgcatgcc agaggggaaa caggcgctg tgtgtcctgg 120
gtgggggttca gtgaggagtg ggaaattggg tcagcagaac caagccgtg ggtgaataag 180
aggggggattc catggcactg atagagccct atagtttcag agctgggaat t 231
```

<210> 462

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 462

```
aggtaccctc attgtagcca tgggaaaatt gatgttcagt ggggatcagt gaattaaatg 60
gggtcatgca agtataaaaa ttaaaaaaaa aagacttcat gcccaatctc atatgatgtg 120
gaagaactgt tagagagacc aacagggtag tgggttagag atttcagag tcttacattt 180
tctagaggag gtatttaatt tcttctcact catccagtgt tgtatttagg a 231
```

<210> 463

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 463

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INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

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(21) International Application Number: PCT/US99/15838 (22) International Filing Date: 14 July 1999 (14.07.99) (30) Priority Data: <table border="0"> <tr> <td>09/115,453</td> <td>14 July 1998 (14.07.98)</td> <td>US</td> </tr> <tr> <td>09/116,134</td> <td>14 July 1998 (14.07.98)</td> <td>US</td> </tr> <tr> <td>09/159,822</td> <td>23 September 1998 (23.09.98)</td> <td>US</td> </tr> <tr> <td>09/159,812</td> <td>23 September 1998 (23.09.98)</td> <td>US</td> </tr> <tr> <td>09/232,880</td> <td>15 January 1999 (15.01.99)</td> <td>US</td> </tr> <tr> <td>09/232,149</td> <td>15 January 1999 (15.01.99)</td> <td>US</td> </tr> <tr> <td>09/288,946</td> <td>9 April 1999 (09.04.99)</td> <td>US</td> </tr> </table> (71) Applicant: CORIXA CORPORATION [US/US]; Suite 200, 1124 Columbia Street, Seattle, WA 98104 (US). (72) Inventors: DILLON, Davin, Clifford; 21607 N.E. 24th Street, Redmond, WA 98053 (US). HARLOCKER, Susan, Louise; 6203 20th Avenue N.W., Seattle, WA 98107 (US). YUQIU, Jiang; 5001 South 232nd Street, Kent, WA 98032 (US). XU, Jiangchun; 15805 S.E. 43rd Place, Bellevue, WA 98006 (US). MITCHAM, Jennifer, Lynn; 16677 Northeast 88th Street, Redmond, WA 98052 (US).		09/115,453	14 July 1998 (14.07.98)	US	09/116,134	14 July 1998 (14.07.98)	US	09/159,822	23 September 1998 (23.09.98)	US	09/159,812	23 September 1998 (23.09.98)	US	09/232,880	15 January 1999 (15.01.99)	US	09/232,149	15 January 1999 (15.01.99)	US	09/288,946	9 April 1999 (09.04.99)	US	(74) Agents: MAKI, David, J. et al.; Seed and Berry LLP, 6300 Columbia, 701 Fifth Avenue, Seattle, WA 98104-7092 (US). (81) Designated States: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG). Published <i>With international search report.</i> (88) Date of publication of the international search report: 20 July 2000 (20.07.00)
09/115,453	14 July 1998 (14.07.98)	US																					
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09/288,946	9 April 1999 (09.04.99)	US																					
(54) Title: COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS FOR THERAPY AND DIAGNOSIS OF PROSTATE CANCER (57) Abstract <p>Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of cancer, such as prostate cancer, are disclosed. Compositions may comprise one or more prostate tumor proteins, immunogenic portions thereof, or polynucleotides that encode such portions. Alternatively, a therapeutic composition may comprise an antigen presenting cell that expresses a prostate tumor protein, or a T cell that is specific for cells expressing such a protein. Such compositions may be used, for example, for the prevention and treatment of diseases such as prostate cancer. Diagnostic methods based on detecting a prostate tumor protein, or mRNA encoding such a protein, in a sample are also provided.</p>																							

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BY	Belarus	IS	Iceland	MX	Mexico	US	United States of America
CA	Canada	IT	Italy	NE	Niger	UZ	Uzbekistan
CF	Central African Republic	JP	Japan	NL	Netherlands	VN	Viet Nam
CG	Congo	KE	Kenya	NO	Norway	YU	Yugoslavia
CH	Switzerland	KG	Kyrgyzstan	NZ	New Zealand	ZW	Zimbabwe
CI	Côte d'Ivoire	KP	Democratic People's Republic of Korea	PL	Poland		
CM	Cameroon	KR	Republic of Korea	PT	Portugal		
CN	China	KZ	Kazakstan	RO	Romania		
CU	Cuba	LC	Saint Lucia	RU	Russian Federation		
CZ	Czech Republic	LI	Liechtenstein	SD	Sudan		
DE	Germany	LK	Sri Lanka	SE	Sweden		
DK	Denmark	LR	Liberia	SG	Singapore		
EE	Estonia						

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No

PCT/US 99/15838

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC 7 C12N15/12 C07K14/47 C12Q1/68 A61K39/395 G01N33/68
 G01N33/574 C07K16/30 C12N15/62 C12N5/02
 //A61P35/00

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC 7 C12N C07K

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	WO 97 33909 A (CORIXA CORP) 18 September 1997 (1997-09-18) the whole document ---	1-22, 29-31, 35-49, 53-79
A	SJOGREN H O: "Therapeutic immunization against cancer antigens using genetically engineered cells" IMMUNOTECHNOLOGY, vol. 3, no. 3, 1 October 1997 (1997-10-01), pages 161-172, XP004097000 ISSN: 1380-2933 the whole document --- -/-	23-28, 32-34, 53-57



Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.



Patent family members are listed in annex.

* Special categories of cited documents :

- *A* document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance
- *E* earlier document but published on or after the international filing date
- *L* document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)
- *O* document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means
- *P* document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed

T later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention

X document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone

Y document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art.

& document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search

31 January 2000

Date of mailing of the international search report

04.05.00

Name and mailing address of the ISA

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ANDRES S.M.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No

PCT, JS 99/15838

C.(Continuation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	<p>CHU R S ET AL: "CPG OLIGODEOXYNUCLEOTIDES ACT AS ADJUVANTS THAT SWITCH ON T HELPER 1 (TH1) IMMUNITY" JOURNAL OF EXPERIMENTAL MEDICINE, vol. 186, no. 10, 1 November 1997 (1997-11-01), pages 1623-1631, XP002910130 ISSN: 0022-1007 the whole document</p> <p>---</p>	14-20, 25-27, 41-47
A	<p>EP 0 317 141 A (BECTON DICKINSON CO) 24 May 1989 (1989-05-24) the whole document</p> <p>---</p>	50-52
A	<p>ZITVOGEL L ET AL: "Eradication of established murine tumors using a novel cell-free vaccine: dendritic cell-derived exosomes" NATURE MEDICINE, vol. 4, no. 5, 1 May 1998 (1998-05-01), pages 594-600, XP002085387 ISSN: 1078-8956 cited in the application</p> <p>---</p>	
P,X	<p>WO 98 37093 A (CORIXA CORP) 27 August 1998 (1998-08-27)</p> <p>---</p> <p>page 3, line 20 -page 22, line 2 page 35, line 9 - last line page 76, line 34 -page 78, line 22 claims</p> <p>---</p>	1-15, 17-19, 21,22, 29-31, 34,35, 39-42, 44-46, 48,49, 58-79
P,X	<p>WO 98 37418 A (CORIXA CORP) 27 August 1998 (1998-08-27)</p> <p>---</p> <p>page 2 -page 24 example 2 page 35, line 15 -page 36, line 11 page 81, line 14 -page 83, line 11 claims</p> <p>-----</p>	1-15, 17-19, 21,22, 29-31, 34,35, 39-42, 44-46, 48,49, 58-79

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/US 99/ 15838

Box I Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of item 1 of first sheet)

This International Search Report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:

1. ☒ Claims Nos.:
because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:
Remark: Although claims 29-34, 48-49, 52, 55-57
are directed to a method of treatment of the human/animal
body, the search has been carried out and based on the alleged
effects of the compound/composition.
2. ☐ Claims Nos.:
because they relate to parts of the International Application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such
an extent that no meaningful International Search can be carried out, specifically:
3. ☐ Claims Nos.:
because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).

Box II Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)

This International Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:

see additional sheet

1. ☐ As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers all
searchable claims.
2. ☐ As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment
of any additional fee.
3. ☐ As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report
covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:
4. ☒ No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this International Search Report is
restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:

1-79 all partially

Remark on Protest

- ☐ The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest.
- ☐ No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.

FURTHER INFORMATION CONTINUED FROM PCT/ISA/ 210

.....
Invention 1. Claims: 1-79 (all partially)

A polypeptide comprising at least an immunogenic portion of a prostate tumor protein defined as SEQ ID 108 and which is encoded by the related SEQ IDs 2,3,107 (according to the Description of the Sequence Identifiers), fragments and variants thereof, fusion proteins comprising it, polynucleotides or oligonucleotides derived therefrom, antibodies or fragments thereof binding to the polypeptide, pharmaceutical compositions or vaccines comprising these products and their use in methods for inhibiting, monitoring or diagnosing the development of a prostate cancer, for removing tumor cells from a sample or for expanding and/or stimulating T-cells.

Inventions 2. to 439. Claims: 1-79 (all partially and as far as applicable)

As for subject 1. but concerning respectively SEQ IDs 1,4-106,109-111,115-171,173-175,177,179-305,307-315,326,328, 330,332-335,340-375,381,382 and 384-472.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

International Application No

PCT/JS 99/15838

Patent document cited in search report	Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
WO 9733909 A	18-09-1997	AU 2329597 A BR 9708082 A CA 2249742 A EP 0914335 A NO 984229 A US 6034218 A	01-10-1997 27-07-1999 18-09-1997 12-05-1999 13-11-1998 07-03-2000
EP 0317141 A	24-05-1989	US 5041289 A AT 108659 T DE 3850745 D DE 3850745 T ES 2059537 T JP 2002345 A	20-08-1991 15-08-1994 25-08-1994 24-11-1994 16-11-1994 08-01-1990
WO 9837093 A	27-08-1998	AU 6181898 A NO 994069 A ZA 9801585 A	09-09-1998 22-10-1999 04-09-1998
WO 9837418 A	27-08-1998	AU 6536898 A EP 0972201 A ZA 9801536 A	09-09-1998 19-01-2000 08-01-1999